"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Partly cloudy today and Wednesday; rising temperature; moderate westerly winds.
☞ For weather report see next to last page.

VOL. LXIX...No. 22,781 NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 8, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 300 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

NEW LIFE IN THE WOOD BOOM AND MORE TALK OF HUGHES; NEW YORK SPLITS ON BUTLER; SPROUL HOLDS PENNSYLVANIA; JOHNSON STILL TALKS FIGHT AT BIG CONVENTION EVE RALLY

DRY LAWS UPHELD IN UNANIMOUS VIEW OF SUPREME COURT

Justices Sweep Aside Every Attack on 18th Amendment and Volstead Law.

STATE ACTIONS DISMISSED

Four Members, While Sustaining Acts, Disagree on Some Interpretations.

WETS ASK FOR REHEARING

False Report on Decision Starts Short-Lived Festivities In Cafes Here.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Every contention raised against the constitutionality of the Volstead Prohibition Enforcement act and the validity of the national prohibition amendment to the Federal Constitution was swept aside today by the United States Supreme Court in a decision which held constitutional and regular all phases of the existing law and amendment.

On the main issues involved the court's opinion was unanimous. The opinion of the court was read by Justice Willis Van Devanter. While Chief Justice White and Justices McReynolds, McKenna and Clarke dissented in certain particulars, in no place did they question the constitutionality of the acts.

However, referring to the "concurrent power of enforcement" phase in the constitutional amendment, Justice McKenna, Chief Justice White, Justice McReynolds and Justice Clarke dissented from the majority views. In an exhaustive opinion Justice McKenna insisted that the phrase was an expressed and implied grant to the States of a right in the enforcement of the amendment, a right denied to them through the Volstead act.

Immediately after the opinion and the views of various members of the court had been read Levi Cook, one of the attorneys for the "wets" in several of the pending cases, obtained permission from the court to present a petition for a rehearing, which must be filed within sixty days. Briefs will be presented at once in support of the appeal for a rehearing.

The effect of the decision is to put into Congress and undoubtedly into politics for some years to come a fight for the repeal or liberalization of the Volstead act.

Main Questions Decided.

The opinion which decided the cases was brief. In effect it held as follows:

First—The constitutional amendment was legally adopted and in every respect is effective.

Second—The prohibition applies as well to the distribution and sales of liquors produced prior to the adoption of the amendment as to the consumption and production of liquors at present—in other words, the distribution or sale of liquors now held in bond is prohibited.

Third—That the phrase "concurrent power" in the amendment did not reserve to the States any express right, equal to that of the national Government, in the enforcement of the constitutional amendment.

Fourth—The decision that the States have no equal right with the Government in the matter invalidates the various State statutes granting the right to produce and consume light wines and beers or liquors of not more than a certain alcoholic content.

Fifth—Congress has the authority to declare what is and what is not an intoxicating liquor.

McKenna Upholds State Rights.

Justice McKenna in his opinion was as emphatic in his support of the doctrine of States' rights on the subject as was the court in its decision for the constitutionality of the Volstead law and the regularity of the constitutional amendment. He contended that the States should have uniform jurisdiction with the Federal Government to make the enforcement of the law effective.

Justice McReynolds announced his desire to express his views on the question later.

Justice Clarke dissented in certain particulars, but had no prepared opinion.

The opinion of the court was concise. Its brevity was complained of by the Chief Justice and was made a subject of attack by Justice McKenna, who contended that the parties interested should have an opportunity to know the reasons for the court's action.

The opinion for the Court did not disclose in detail the legal views held on either question and was silent as to law and argument. Its conclusions were summarized in a tersely pointed manner.

The courtroom was crowded when the Justices took their seats. Several minor decisions were read before Justice Van

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Best Seats $2. Wed. Mat. "Florodora," Century Theat., Biggest Musical Hit in Town.—Advt.

To Take Up Question Of Barring Japanese

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Investigation of the Japanese immigration question will be made on the Pacific Coast during the Summer by members of the House Immigration Committee.

Representative Johnson of Washington, Chairman of the committee, announced late today that at least five members of the committee would conduct the inquiry, which will cover all Pacific Coast States and concentrate in California.

The decision was reached at a conference today between Chairman Johnson and Senator Phelan, Democrat, California. The latter asked that the committee investigate the situation, with a view to renewing efforts to pass pending legislation which would bar all Japanese immigrants from the Pacific Coast and also prohibit Japanese children born in this country from acquiring citizenship.

PERSHING TO QUIT MILITARY SERVICE

In Letter to Secretary Baker Requests He Be Placed on Inactive List.

WILL BE AT NATION'S CALL

Talk in Washington of Presidential Aspirations—Rumor of Friction with March Denied.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—General John J. Pershing, late Commander of the American Expeditionary Forces, has asked Secretary of War Baker to put him on the inactive list. This became known when a letter from the General to the Secretary was made public this afternoon. The letter, which is dated June 7, follows:

Dear Mr. Secretary:

Referring to our conversation of a few days ago, I wish to say it has long been my desire to return to civil life. Throughout my military career, I have been very much occupied, and the assignments that have fallen to my lot during recent years have been more or less important.

It now appears that my duties are not likely to be of a character that will require more than a portion of my time. Under the circumstances, I feel that after the completion of work contemplated by the Army Reorganization act, I could relinquish military duties without detriment to the service, and thus be free to engage in something more active. Therefore, unless a situation should develop to justify my remaining, I contemplate taking the step indicated within the next few months.

Should the necessity arise in the time of crisis or otherwise I assure you, Mr. Secretary, that I shall stand ready to serve my country in the future as I have in the past.

With great respect and high esteem I remain,

Very sincerely,
JOHN J. PERSHING.

It should be made plain that General Pershing has not submitted his resignation from the army, but has expressed a desire to be placed on the inactive list, in other words, to be retired from active duty, subject to call to military duty in the cases of an emergency or otherwise.

As soon as it became known that the ranking General of the army had asked to be relieved from duty speculation arose as to whether he intended to put himself forward as a dark horse before the Republican convention at Chicago.

One story had it that his trunks were ready and he intended to leave for Chicago tonight. This was flatly denied by a member of his personal staff, who said:

"The General has no intention of going to Chicago. It has not entered his head. He is certainly not going anywhere tonight. He has several definite engagements for tomorrow."

It was supposed that the rumor concerning a trip to Chicago developed from the fact that General Pershing arrived in Washington this morning from a three-day trip to Maine and that his baggage was at his office.

While the rumor of the bussing of the Presidential bee steadily persisted, one theory that was largely accepted here was that after the army had been reconstructed along the lines of the new army reorganization bill, General Pershing would have little if anything to do compared with the great tasks of recent stirring years and merely wished to retire.

The War Department unqualifiedly denied that friction between General Peyton C. March, Chief of Staff of the army, had led to General Pershing's request. Theories that General Pershing was disappointed because he had not succeeded General March as Chief of Staff were also denied.

General Pershing is in an admirable position to seek a place on the Inactive

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FALL HALL ROUNDS, Kinsey operation round in shape—plain safe.—Advt.

JOHNSON REAFFIRMS STAND

Declares the Republicans Must Not Hide or Skulk on the League

HITS PROFITEERS AND PRESS

Replies to Charge of Radicalism and Puts in a Good Word for the "Honest Rich."

BORAH ALSO GETS CHEERS

Irreconcilable Leaders Enthusiastically Received at Meeting Attended by Many Delegates.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—Senator Johnson, in a big convention eve rally tonight in the Auditorium Theatre, the scene of the Progressive bolt in 1912, declared that the Republican Party must not "hide or skulk" on the league issue, and that it must go to the country with clean hands. The meeting opened with a boisterous greeting for Senator Johnson and Senator Borah as they walked on to the stage together. The outburst lasted twenty-five minutes. Johnson's attacks upon the league and upon reservations were received with prolonged cheering.

"Reservations are declared to be our protection and our shield," he said. "But remember, when you accept an obligation and then sit in secrecy at Geneva, a reservation will very, very soon be forgotten and have very little effect.

"If we accept an obligation and then attempt to find objections to carrying out our part, we will find that we will soon be known as the slackers of the world.

"In order to avoid any danger in the future the only way is to keep out of this thing entirely, as it is presented."

For Enlarged Hague Tribunal.

Senator Johnson followed up this statement by announcing that he welcomed, and believed all of the American people welcomed, an amplification and enlargement of the scope of The Hague Tribunal and an extension of arbitration to treaties. But that, he said, was as far as he was ready to go.

"To fasten upon this generation and all succeeding generations the burden of preserving the political and territorial integrity of other nations is not only an injustice, but unpatriotic and un-American."

"Make no mistake as to my attitude," Senator Johnson continued. "The Republican Party, to deserve confidence of the people, must permit no wavering at all. For if this party of ours, sitting here, shall halt, hesitate, divide or straddle, the party shall have done the greatest injustice to its membership that has been done by any party since the civil war."

The Senator's statement about the reservations to the League of Nations caused some surprise, as there had been no mention of this matter in the prepared address which had been distributed early in the day.

He was speaking plainly, he declared, because he was well aware that some "pussyfooting gentlemen in Washington" might wish to follow some other course and had chills along their spines when they thought of putting the League before the people as a campaign issue.

The speech came as the climax of a day during which rumors had been afloat in the hotels and among the delegates that leaders of milder tendencies than Johnson had been endeavoring to reach an agreement on a plank in the platform covering the League, which would satisfy the Johnson frame of mind.

There are those who regard tonight's speech as confirmation of reports that certain Republican leaders were insisting upon a course which would recognize the Lodge reservations no matter what Johnson might do. Added strength was given to this theory by the fact that Johnson's reference to reservations was not contained in the early copies of his speech.

The meeting was a great success, so far as excitement and enthusiasm were concerned. There was plenty of evidence that cheer leaders had been stationed in various parts of the hall, but for the first ten minutes, at least, the demonstration had every evidence of being full hearted and genuine.

The work of the cheer leaders came in sustaining the demonstration after that. However that may, be there was no break in the cheering, especially in the balconies, until Mr. Johnson himself demanded silence. There was a great proportion of what the Senator has termed the "plain folk" in the theatre when the big show began, and they were among the most enthusiastic when it came to cheering and applause.

Thousands gathered about the theatre before the opening hour, and they rushed in and packed the hall as soon as the doors were thrown open, shutting out many of the delegates and others who had waited until too late. For an hour they sweltered in the hall.

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FOR INDIGESTION—SIX (6) BELL-ANS is a little HOT Wafer. Quick relief.—Advt.

Program for Today's Opening of the Republican Convention

CHICAGO, June 7.—In its session tomorrow the convention is expected to do no more than effect a temporary organization, listen to Senator Lodge's keynote speech as Temporary Chairman, appoint the routine committees, and then adjourn to permit committee work. Some of the leaders thought that if the temporary officers were made permanent, thus shortening the first day proceedings, balloting for the Presidential nominee might begin late Wednesday. The general belief, however, was that the first roll call was far more likely to come Thursday.

TREATY STRADDLE HELD IMPOSSIBLE

Platform Framers Convinced That Republican Sentiment Favors Ratification.

CRANE WORKS FOR LEAGUE

Belief Grows That the Plank Adopted Will Declare for Ratification with Reservations.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—There has been a sudden shift tonight in the attitude of Republican leaders who are framing the platform plank dealing with the League of Nations and the treaty fight, which promises to form the chief lines of cleavage between the two leading parties. Before coming here and until today Senators and others who are now conferring on the vital planks were convinced that, with the Republican Party itself divided regarding the treaty, the wise thing to do was to straddle the dispute and by an indefinite and negative declaration support the attitude of the Republican Senate, one faction of which favored ratification of the treaty with reservations, while the other was opposed to any ratification.

Until late this evening it was thought that the plank on the treaty would denounce the League of Nations as presented to the Senate by the President, commend the action of the Senate in defeating the treaty and declare for a continuance of the policies of Washington and Monroe. This was the policy that had been agreed upon informally by the reservation group and the irreconcilables. Here in Chicago, however, the leaders have become convinced that the sentiment in the country, as expressed by the delegates from all quarters of it, is for lasting peace and the prompt ratification of the treaty with the Lodge reservations, or similar and perhaps more far-reaching ones.

All-day Conference of Senators.

Acting upon this sentiment ex-Senator Murray Crane of Massachusetts and Senators Kellogg, Hale, Lenroot and others have been in conference all day in an effort to revise the plank and make it responsive to the reported nation-wide Republican sentiment reflected by the delegates. At this hour the platform makers have not formulated this plank, but there is every reason to believe that it will be definite and declare for ratification of the treaty with reservations. While Senator Lodge himself is quoted as having said that he did not desire an indorsement of the reservations bearing his name, it is believed that he would welcome such a course.

Senator Borah, who entered the conference tonight, said he could not agree to any definite statement on the treaty and expressed the opinion that if the platform did not uphold the position of

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NEW YORK PARTY AT ODDS

Fails to Decide on Candidate, but Hopes for Agreement Tomorrow

LOWDEN DELEGATES BALK

They and Others Fear Complimentary Vote for Butler Would Hurt Their Favorites.

HE SPURNS "FAVORITE SON"

Wants Permanent Support or Nothing — Convention Slate Goes Through Without Hitch.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—Unable to reach any decision regarding candidates, the New York State delegates, at a caucus today, effected a formal organization and adjourned. There will be another meeting on Wednesday. It is hoped that some order may then be brought out of the present chaos. So muddled are the delegates that they cannot even agree on how many complimentary votes they will give to the State's favorite son candidate, Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler.

On Sunday it was the opinion of most of the delegates that Dr. Butler should receive almost the full support of the delegation on the first ballot. Complications came up today to change all that. A number of delegates who were willing to support the university President for at least one ballot now fear that such an attitude may hurt the chances of their own candidate, and they will desert Butler unless an iron-bound agreement to do otherwise is reached at the Wednesday conference. If a vote were taken tonight it is likely that not more than sixty of the eighty-eight delegates would line up for Butler.

It is likely that several meetings will be held by the delegation before the candidate situation is permanently settled.

The first break in the Butler strength came when New York's Lowden delegates, headed by William J. Tully, refused to agree to support Dr. Butler on the first ballot unless they received assurances that practically all the New York delegates would also give Butler a first vote.

"If it is going to be merely a fifty-fifty proposition the Lowden men do not intend to vote for Butler at all," said Mr. Tully. "They are not Butler, anyway, and it is meaningless for us to vote for him unless it is agreed to make it unanimous. We are for Lowden first, last and all the time, but we are willing to give Dr. Butler a complimentary vote if all the other New York delegates do the same."

Lowden Strength Put at Twenty.

Mr. Tully estimated the Lowden strength in the New York delegation at about twenty. That, he said, was the first-choice Lowden strength, but he declared that the Illinois Governor would receive a much large vote when the Wood and Johnson strength began to give way. The Wood strength is confined almost entirely to the up-State delegates. Wood is credited with one New York vote, that of Mr. Stimson.

Johnson has a little up-State strength, but his supporters are mostly from Manhattan, the Bronx and Brooklyn. The four Bronx delegates, Thomas W. Whittle, who is the alternate for George W. Perkins; Richard W. Lawrence, the Bronx County leader; George Z. Medalie and James L. Wells, are diligent Johnson supporters and are trying hard to line up other delegates for the California Senator. Mr. Perkins, now ill in

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Labor Unions Win Their Fight to Bar Telegraph Wires From Chicago Convention

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—The labor unions have won their fight with the Republican National Committee to keep telegraph wires of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies out of the Coliseum during the National Republican Convention.

Because non-union men were employed by the telegraph companies to string their wires in the convention hall, leaders of local labor unions threatened to call off all workers employed to put the huge building in shape for holding the convention. Such a situation would not only have left the building in an incomplete state but would have involved the Republican National Committee officials in an awkward fight against the unions.

Officials of the committee showed a disposition at first to act independently of the unions, but after thinking the matter over for several days they surrendered. There will be no telegraph wires belonging to the two telegraph companies in the building. However, a number of inside wires belonging to the telephone company will be used for telegraph purposes by the press associations.

The Western Union and the Postal will have to handle their part of the convention news from somewhere outside the building. They will either send dispatches from their main offices, some distance away, or through a special branch office rigged up for the occasion.

Both companies probably will establish temporary working quarters just outside the convention building and have messengers carry the dispatches to and from the Coliseum.

It was reported today that the telegraph companies were planning, with the consent of the Republican National Committee officials, to have workmen late tonight string the wires into the building and thus steal a march on the unions. This plan was abandoned upon the advice of Republican leaders.

L. W. Henley, in charge of the Coliseum arrangements for the National Committee, admitted that no further effort would be made to fight the unions.

"We have passed it up and forgotten it," said Mr. Henley.

"Then there will be no wires of the telegraph companies allowed in the building?"

None whatever. The press associations have made their own arrangements and the matter has been settled so far as we are concerned."

SIX (6) BELL-ANS is a little HOT Wafer for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

One Oregon Delegate Refuses to Support Johnson; Convention Row Likely Over State Instructions

CHICAGO, June 7.—Refusal of one of Oregon's ten delegates, Judge Wallace McCamant of Portland, to cast his vote in accordance with the result of the primary, which was won by Senator Johnson, developed today an unprecedented problem for the convention, involving adherence to or freedom from instructions of all the primary-chosen delegates for all the candidates. A spirited fight in the midst of the first ballot on candidates is expected.

Judge McCamant has given notice that he will not vote for Johnson although the Californian won the primary, but will vote for Wood, because, Judge McCamant contends, his own election did not bind him to Johnson. He contends that, as he was a recognized supporter of Wood and gave such notice before the primary, the State preference for Johnson is not obligatory on him. The other nine Oregonians, however, will cast their ballots for Johnson.

The question presented, veteran leaders say, is entirely new and decision of it will come before the convention itself during the first ballot, as neither the National nor Credentials Committee has power to question Judge McCamant's seat, no contest being involved.

While this dispute affects only one Wood or Johnson vote, the principle to be established is held to affect all primary-elected delegates. A decision sustaining the Oregon delegate, it was said, might operate to give freedom from instructions to all such delegates.

Senator Johnson has given notice that he expects a solid vote from Oregon and will fight for it, asserting that violation of State primary instruction is "dishonor" to both the delegate and the State involved. The Oregon case, he says, is the only situation of its kind among the Johnson delegates.

Four Nebraska district delegates, however, have declared that they will vote for Wood despite the State victory for Johnson.

PENNSYLVANIA FIRM FOR SPROUL

Caucus Makes Baker Chairman, Atterbury Head of Steering Committee.

HARMONY IN DELEGATION

No Fight by Penrose's Friends, but the Senator's Attitude Is Not Yet Disclosed.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—General William Wallace Atterbury, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad, replaced Senator Boies Penrose temporarily today as the dominant force in Republican politics in Pennsylvania. The State's delegation appointed him to head a Steering Committee which will work for the nomination of Governor Sproul as a compromise candidate for the Presidency.

The plans of the Sproul faction, now in control of the Keystone delegates, to name General Atterbury chairman of the delegation in place of Mr. Penrose were abandoned because of the criticism made by the Senator's friends and the opposition which some of the delegates offered to the proposal to give General Atterbury this prominence on the floor of the convention. Delegates from the industrial centres of Pennsylvania, where the feeling against corporations is strong, advised against the General's directing Governor Sproul's fight on the floor. They said that organized labor would find serious objection to General Atterbury because of his connection with the railroads, and therefore W. Harry Baker, Secretary of the Republican State Committee, will act as nominal leader.

Overnight developments removed some of the bitter feeling in the Pennsylvania delegation against the action of Governor Sproul's friends in ignoring the wishes of Senator Penrose as to an uninstructed delegation. While there still is a belief on the part of Mr. Penrose's friends that the moves here and in Philadelphia are directed against his leadership, factional animosity was buried today. Those who at heart are opposed to Governor Sproul and favor Senator Knox as Pennsylvania's choice said that nothing could be accomplished by carrying the State's family quarrels into the National Convention. They are hopeful that Senator Penrose will recover his health, rout those who have displeased him, and bring to naught what they call a plain attempt by the corporations to control Republican politics in Pennsylvania.

While a number of delegates friendly to Senator Penrose declined to participate in the meeting today, most of them later declared that they would go along with General Atterbury's plan to present a solid Sproul delegation. Samuel M. Vauclain, President of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, and Horace Beale, both delegates from Sproul's home county, were absent as was Joseph R. Grundy, head of the Pennsylvania Manufacturers' Association—all three friends of the absent leader. Later Mr. Vauclain declared in favor of Governor Sproul, thus assuring, it is believed, a solid delegation for the Governor, if it is apparent he has any chance of becoming the nominee in case the avowed candidates fail to win.

Apprehensive of Penrose's Action.

No word came from Mr. Penrose today in support of Governor Sproul. Those who know how he feels fear there may be some movement engineered by him which will injure the Governor in the convention. Mr. Penrose has a strong following among labor leaders in his

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Cardinal Gibbons urges all Catholics to use The Manual of Prayers.—Advt.

WOOD QUARTERS GET THE CROWDS

And His Enthusiastic Managers Talk of Nomination on Second Ballot.

COUNT ON NEGRO SUPPORT

Lowden Men Surprised to See Their Southern Delegates Visiting the General.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—At the headquarters of the various booms in "Presidential Row," as well as in the rooms of the State delegations, this has been a day of great activity. Practically all the delegates had arrived this morning. They lost little time in visiting the headquarters of candidates for whom they were pledged or instructed. On the other hand, managers and workers in the campaigns of the candidates were feverishly circulating among the uninstructed delegates, who constitute more than a majority of the convention, with a view of making converts.

Several of the delegations held caucuses today to pick their candidates for membership in the Republican National Committee, and select the men to be recommended for places on working committees of the convention.

In some exceptional instances the caucuses adopted resolutions indorsing candidates for the nomination for President. Owing to the chaotic conditions of the pre-convention period, the great number of candidates in the field and the fact that by design and as the result of concerted action so many delegations had come to Chicago neither instructed for nor pledged to any candidate, a majority of the delegations deferred such action until later, when the convention, perhaps, would find it necessary to make its selection from among dark horses whose booms have not as yet gained great headway.

Wood Men Busiest of All.

The gorgeous headquarters of General Leonard Wood in the Elizabethan room, opening on Peacock Alley, Congress Hotel, was easily the busiest of all the Presidential centres. All day and far into the night a steady procession of men and women moved into this pretentious fighting base. When they came out they wore either a Wood button or a bunch of red and green feathers with the General's name upon it.

There was no escape from the feathers. A group of pretty girls were posted at the door to see that no one left until he or she had been properly tagged. As a result of their activity an observer of the moving throng in the lobby and corridors of the hotel might readily have been led to believe that the sentiment was unanimous for Wood. They had done their job thoroughly.

The headquarters of Herbert Hoover, Governor Lowden of Illinois and Senator Harding of Ohio also were crowded practically all day and through the evening, but General Wood apparently attracted more of the convention crowd than any of his leading opponents.

There is not the least doubt that this has been a good day for Wood—the best since he shifted his fighting base to the convention city. His campaign managers are jubilant tonight, especially, because all during the day negro delegates, seated after contest by the National Committee with the understanding that they were for Lowden, have been flocking to the headquarters of the General. One of the Wood managers said tonight that fully 80 per cent. of all the negro delegates from States below the Mason and Dixon line would

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When you think of writing think of WHITING.—Advt.

WOOD MANAGERS CONFIDENT

Point to Sentiment for General from Unexpected Quarters

BUT PROPHETS ARE DUBIOUS

And Dark Horses Increase in Number—Will Hays the Latest Mentioned.

BORAH FOR HUGHES, MAYBE

Talk of Eastern States' Combination to Prevent a Stampede to Johnson.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—No clear insight into the complex situation that confronts the Republican Party over the selection of a candidate for President will be possible until the convention which will open tomorrow has taken several ballots.

But with the arrival of many convention delegates (and they came in droves) two developments stand out today with distinctness. One is that impetus has been given to the boom of General Wood. The other is the sudden prominence of Charles E. Hughes as compromise candidate.

Managers of the Wood campaign showed a quiet confidence that dominated a revival of hope after the depressing effects of the constantly reiterated formula, which came from many quarters yesterday, that Wood could not be nominated. And there is justification for the optimistic spirit in the Wood camp.

That Wood sentiment prevailed in delegations which were thought uncertain as to their preference for a candidate was made apparent with their arrival today. And one phase of this development was that a considerable number of supporters of Senator Johnson's candidacy have not been influenced by his bitter attacks on Wood but are inclined to change to Wood at the first opportunity consistent with the pledges by which they are bound. It is an illuminating illustration of the hold that Wood has on men of progressive tendencies on account of his friendship for Theodore Roosevelt.

Wood Sentiment Among Ohio Men.

Take Ohio for example. Wood has nine of the forty-eight delegates from that State. The remaining thirty-seven are for Harding. That is, they are for Harding on the surface, but Wood is the second choice of four from Cincinnati, who will probably go over to him on the second ballot. Four Cleveland delegates and choice, under their instructions, but and choice under their instructions, but these are regarded as certain to switch to Wood as soon as they feel that they have done their duty toward the California candidate. This would make the total for Wood from Ohio seventeen.

Then there is Oregon. Johnson carried the State in the preference primaries, but it was clear from what was said today by Oregon men that nine of the ten delegates would go to Wood after the first ballot. Nebraska, too, a State impregnated with radical notions, is influenced by Wood sentiment. The Nebraska delegates were instructed for Johnson in the primaries, yet it is being said openly in the Nebraska ranks that all of the votes would be at Wood's disposal after the amenities of primary obligations had been complied with.

Add to this that the colored brother is casting flirtatious eyes in the direction of the Wood headquarters and it is seen that there is justification for the feeling that Wood stock has taken an upward trend. In the face of all this, however, opinion continues widespread that Wood will not gain the prize.

Never So Uncertain, Says New.

If the prevailing view is to be taken as an indication of the convention outcome, none of the leading contenders for the Presidential honor will be chosen. That view persists, even among veterans in party affairs. Senator Harry New of Indiana, former Chairman of the National Committee, typified this opinion when he said:

"I have attended every Republican National Convention since 1880 and I have never known of a convention that is quite as uncertain as this appears to be. It is my observation that there is little real enthusiasm for any candidate and I believe that we shall not be able to see light until after there has been considerable balloting."

The workers for Governor Lowden are continuing their intensive efforts to make it appear that everything is going Lowden's way. Their opinions do not accord with those of old time politicians, who are looking into the situation with cold-blooded acumen that has party interest at the bottom. Much has been made of the disclosures before the Senate Committee that has been investigating primary campaign expenditures, and it has had its effect upon Lowden's chances among many to whom he appeared to be a suitable candidate.

There is no sentiment that Lowden, if nominated, could not be elected President because of the disclosures, for

Governor Lowden himself is acquitted of complicity in the misuse of money handed to delegates in his behalf. At the same time it is conceded that the testimony given before the Senate committee would weaken Lowden with the voters, and the party chiefs are wary of taking chances in this campaign.

This state of Republican mind calls attention to the drop in party cocksureness that was so prevalent. It is now conceded that this year's contest over the Presidency is likely to be a battle royal, and not the one-sided affair that was predicted in the early stages of the Presidential primary campaign.

The reactionary swing of the people that followed the close of the World War did not stenxd as far as the politicians thought. The strength developed by Johnson in the primaries has indicated that in some parts of the land, even in that part which Bryan described as "the enemy's country" in his first campaign for President, progressive sentiment is strong. The people, it is contended, will not take any old candidate for President and leading Republicans are not unmindful of this condition of the public mind.

Senator Harding of Ohio is feeling the effects of this party opinion in his aspiration to be the standard bearer. His poor showing in the primaries and the impression that he was reactionary have hurt his cause so seriously that none of those whose opinion amounts to anything believes that he has any show for the nomination.

Borah Not Averse to Hughes.

The Hughes boom seemingly arose from nowhere, but it was said in some quarters that John Milholland of New York was its custodian and accelerator. But when Senator Borah, principal sponsor for Johnson, told newspaper men that he would not be averse to Hughes as second choice under a certain condition, the politicians began to sit up and take notice.

Mr. Borah told his interviewers that considerable sentiment for Hughes as a compromise candidate had developed among arriving delegates, and he indicated that he had heard Hughes's praises sounded from many parts of the country.

The condition to which Mr. Borah referred was that Mr. Hughes would stand on the kind of platform that Mr. Borah wanted—a platform that would endorse Johnson's and Borah's views on the League of Nations issue.

When Senator Borah was asked whether Hughes would be acceptable to Johnson, he said:

"I am not authorized to speak for Senator Johnson, but he has said that he would abide by the decision of the convention. However, I am not sure that a dark horse will figure in the decision of this convention."

In spite of the feeling that Lowden cannot be nominated it is conceded that he occupies a strategical position in the contest. He has fewer enemies than the other candidates. He is acceptable to the Old Guard, who began to look in his direction after they reached the conclusion that Harding could not be nominated. The Old Guard have a very friendly feeling for Lowden, but they are doubtful of the advisability of making him the nominee in view of the testimony given before the Senate Committee. Lowden is well liked by delegates who want as President a man who will play the party game and they think Lowden will fill that bill.

While the talk of Hughes, acquiring some standing by what was said by Senator Borah, tended to support the strong belief that the convention might nominate a dark horse, most of today's developments concerned the efforts of the managers of the leading candidates to round up delegates. There was much visiting and conferring, with enough on the surface to show that uninstructed and uncommitted delegates were not committing themselves in any considerable number, but acting with caution.

The incoming delegates were confused by the situation and sought advice from those who had been here several days. But they got little help from them, for nothing has developed to show a marked trend toward any particular aspirant for the nomination.

New York's Uncertainty.

New York's action was typical of the attitude taken by several delegations that were committed to favorite sons or without any definite idea as to how their votes would be cast. A caucus of the members of the New York delegation was to have been held this morning, but on the advice of Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler this was postponed until Wednesday. Dr. Butler explained that his object in urging a postponement was to enable the delegates to look over the situation generally before making up their minds as to supporting any candidate for the nomination. His view is in accord with that of leading Republicans from other States, and illustrates the uncertainty that prevails in all quarters.

In his statement Dr. Butler said that it looked to him as if the delegations from New York, Pennsylvania, Indiana and Iowa might come pretty close to controlling the final decision on candidates. This view accords in general with the ideas of many leaders from other States, but some or most of them would add New Jersey, Massachusetts and some other Eastern States to Dr. Butler's list. Ever since delegates began to arrive in Chicago the belief has been prevalent that the larger States would have to get together to break an expected deadlock.

An Anti-Stampede Move.

Already the foundation is being laid for a combination, such as Dr. Butler suggested, but its object is not so comprehensive. A movement is on foot for bringing together several State delegations to prevent Johnson from getting the nomination. This is not because the generality of opinion is that Johnson has a chance, but his activity has worried some of the conservatives and they think that caution demands that an agreement be reached to combine against any tendency of the convention to stampede in Johnson's direction.

It is said that this plan originated in the New Jersey delegation. How far it has advanced is not yet apparent, but the belief prevails that the delegations from New York, Pennsylvania and other Eastern States, having large delegations, will stand firm against a stampede for Johnson or anybody else.

It is a common saying among the delegates that the convention is stampede proof. Attention is called to the fact that at least 400 veteran politicians who refused to be stampeded in 1912 are members of this convention.

The stock of Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania advanced slightly today with the continuance of the effort to put him in the running as a compromise candidate. Pennsylvania has 76 delegates in the convention. This and the fact that differences over the Sproul candidacy were healed in the course of the day are held to the extent that the Governor's opponents decided to yield to the majority decision and give him the vote of the delegation, caused the impression that Sproul occupied a strong position and might be the winner if none of the major candidates developed strength after several ballots had been taken.

There is much feeling in the Pennsylvania delegation, however, because of a belief that Sproul has taken advantage of the illness of Senator Penrose to attempt to control the delegation from the Keystone State. He has been hurt also by the activity displayed in behalf of his candidacy by W. W. Atterbury, Vice President of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

In the opinion of observing politicians Sproul has by no means been eliminated as a Presidential factor. They admit that the situation is so confusing that anything might happen, and concede that Sproul would come to the front, if a dark horse was likely to win, because of the influence that Pennsylvania's seventy-six votes would have.

Hays Among the Dark Horses.

Speaking of dark horses, one that came into prominence today was Will H. Hays, Chairman of the National Committee. The attractive young Hoosier is held in affectionate regard in his State, where Democrats as well as Republicans are proud of his success and like the methods he has followed since he became to a leader in national politics. If the balloting should reach a point where the convention would be looking for a personality that measured up to the popular standard of ability for the Presidential office, admirers of Hays in the Indiana contingent would be prepared to bring him forward. Such a good Democrat as Meredith Nicholson, the novelist, who is here, is one of those who think that the Republican Party might go further and fare worse in picking its standard bearer.

Little talk is heard of Senator Knox as a dark horse. The fact that the Pennsylvania delegation has declared for Sproul, and is in control of those who are seeking to kill the leadership of Penrose, Knox's principal sponsor, has put a damper on the Knox boom. But the belief prevails among many politicians that if Senator Johnson sees that he cannot get the Presidential prize he may throw his influence for Knox, his close personal friend.

The Lowden workers began to worry today over things they heard about delegates from the South who won convention seats in the contests before the National Committee and were showing a tendency to go into the Wood camp. Wood's managers, they said, were making a drive for negro delegates from Georgia, Mississippi and Texas. They heard that the negro delegates for Lowden were becoming frightened at the thought that the appeal to be taken to the Credentials Committee from the decisions of the National Committee might be granted, and that unless they made terms with Wood's managers they would be left out of the convention.

Ruction in Kansas Delegation.

David Mulvane, who has been national Committeeman from Kansas for years, is in danger of being defeated for re-election, partly on account of his espousal of the Lowden cause. Eight of the twenty Kansas delegates are for Wood and have shown an intention to stick to him to the last ditch. Today when the delegates held a meeting Mulvane was opposed for committeeman by one of the delegates and the vote was a tie—10 to 10. Further action was deferred and it is uncertain what the outcome will be.

Mulvane controls about seven of the delegation, and these will follow him in voting for Lowden. The eight Wood men are loyal to Governor Allen and say they will vote for Wood as long as the Governor tells them to do so. Some of the delegates are instructed for Johnson, but it is conceded that they will not support the California candidate to the last ditch and it would not be surprising if they went over to Wood.

The delegation from North Carolina, where the Presidential preference primary on Saturday was carried by Johnson, has decided to adhere to its plan to vote for Judge Pritchard, as directed by the State convention many weeks ago. When the Pritchard candidacy collapses, the delegation will go to Lowden, according to its present inclinations.

The Lowdenites are having trouble, however, in the Missouri delegation, which was strongly for the Illinois Governor. At Lowden's insistence, blank forms of resignation were sent to the two delegates who were implicated in the testimony before the Senate committee concerning the misuse of Lowden funds. The delegates, Moore and Goldstein, refused to sign the resignation forms.

The effort of the Governor to compel the resignation of Jacob Babler as Committeeman from Missouri has also been unsuccessful. Babler was charged by Moore and Goldstein with having handed them the Lowden money which they admitted had not been used by them for campaign purposes. Babler was re-elected committeeman the other day, but it was expected that he would be compelled to give up that position when the delegation assembled in Chicago. Babler, however, has declined to quit, and he is supported by members of the delegation, who contend that the matter is a closed incident. The delegation will meet tomorrow, and a lively fight is expected.

Edward W. Porritell, a delegate from St. Louis, has announced that he will not vote for Lowden on account of the Senate Committee disclosures. It is likely that others will insist that something be done to remove what they regard as the stain on the delegation's honor.

A Whirlpool of Uncertainty.

CHICAGO, June 7 (Associated Press).—The Republican Party will begin its convention here tomorrow under conditions of uncertainty unparalled in recent political history. Unbossed and largely unorganized, the delegates were asking one another tonight in what direction they were straying and when a master would arise to lead them out of the wilderness of their own indecision.

In the noisy turmoil of convention eve, the only defineable trend seemed to be driving Wood, Lowden and Johnson into a deadlock fight which it was recognized everywhere might destroy them all. The old timers, reflecting that it is but a step from a deadlocked convention to a stampeded convention wondered what might happen next unless some tried and trusted leader settled himself in the saddle.

In the main leaders and near-leaders caucussed and conferred and brought forth nothing. Even those who held the whiphand over a few delegates here and there seemed unable to get together with the other greater and lesser potential dictators of party policy.

It became apparent that unless there came a dramatic and unexpected change, the first ballot to be taken Wednesday or Thursday will record votes for fifteen to twenty candidates for the Presidency, with scarcely more than half enough to nominate in the Wood, Lowden or Johnson column.

No one any longer pretends to be sure just what will happen after a roll call or two has passed into history. The guess of some veterans is that votes will swirl and bunch and scatter again like the sands of the sea. And those who hope for a stampede are counted on to turn loose every variety of spell-binding emotional whirlwind.

One effect of the prospective deadlock was to add impetus today to the movement to make the temporary organization of the convention permanent. Sentiment among the delegates is strongly against prolonging the convention into next week if it can be avoided, and it was argued that if Senator Lodge, the temporary Chairman, were elected to serve also as permanent Chairman, the formalities might be greatly shortened.

There also was feeling among some of the delegates against setting up for the critical period of balloting a permanent organization which might be elected after a fight, and thus might feel obligated to one group or another. The managers for some of the candidates said they hoped for an agreement continuing Senator Lodge in the Chairmanship.

On all hands it was stated, however, that no decision had been reached. The friends of Senator McCormick of Illinois and of former Senator Beveridge of Indiana, who have been brought forward for the permanent Chairmanship, continued their campaigns and both predicted victory.

IRISH RECOGNITION URGED IN A PLANK

Effort Being Made to Commit Republicans to "Recognition Without Intervention."

DE VALERA AT CONVENTION

He and His Supporters Consider Resolution of Sympathy Would Not Be Enough.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—The Irish campaign "for recognition without intervention" will come up when a delegation representing the American Committee for Irish Independence and the Friends of Irish Freedom meets the Resolutions Committee to ask for a plank in the Republican platform recognizing the "Irish Republic."

Frank P. Walsh, who is at the head of the delegation, said the Resolutions Committee had promised a full hearing and he felt confident that the plank would be adopted.

The declaration as drafted by the Irish committee follows:

"Mindful of the circumstances of the birth of our own nation, we reassert the principle that all governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed.

"We deny the right of strong nations to enslave the weak and to make them subject to their interests. We believe attempts to prosecute claims to such a right to be the fruitful source of wars.

"Accordingly, in the interests of world peace and because America has always stood for justice, we offer our traditional sympathy to all nations, such as Ireland, rightly struggling to be free.

"We stand firmly by our right in law, and will support the continuance of our established practice of according recognition without intervention in all such cases, and where the people of a nation, as in Ireland, have repudiated the alien governments claiming to rule them, and by a free vote of the people have set up a republic and chosen a government to which they yield willing obedience, it will be the policy of our party to favor the according by our Governments to the elected governments of such republics, and in particular the Republic of Ireland, full formal and official recognition, thus vindicating those principles for which our soldiers offered up their lives in the recent war."

The members of the committee, besides Mr. Walsh, are Congressman William E. Mason of Illinois, Colonel Patrick H. Conesy, John F. Milholland, Robert Emmett O'Malley, James T. McGraw and John Fox.

The Irish leaders are emphasizing the qualification "without intervention," but they insist on full recognition and will not be satisfied with a mere polite expression of sympathy, such as Congress has hitherto employed by way of a consolation prize.

Eamonn de Valera, "President of the Irish Republican Government," who says that Chicago and the convention is for the moment concentrated America," made this clear in a talk with a TIMES correspondent.

"At all times," he said, "we have known that the American people were sympathetic with the Irish struggle for freedom. My mission in this country is to get action in accordance with that sympathy. If I do not get action I will consider that I have not attained the object of my mission.

"We are not asking America to engage in a crusade on our behalf, or anything of that sort. We are not asking for intervention; we are simply asking that America recognize the fact that in Ireland a government in accordance with American principles has been set up and that that Government is in justice entitled to recognition by the United States. To refuse recognition is in effect to support the claims of the rival Government in Ireland, the alien British Government maintained by military force against the will of the nation."

There is no doubt that the Resolutions Committee contains a good many members who would like to get off with an expression of sympathy, and as little sympathy as is possible without affecting the Irish vote.

But the Irish leaders have had enough sympathy. Mr. de Valera refused to express any opinion as to what would be done if one party accepted the recognition plank and the other merely added to the surplus stock of sympathy, saying that was "a question for American citizens who believe in the principles which I claim in justice ought to be applied by America to Ireland."

The Irish are getting out their own newspaper, and have an office on Michigan Boulevard. On Wednesday night they will hold a mass meeting in the Auditorium, at which de Valera, Congressman Mason, and Professor Robert Morse Lovett will speak. Rumors that some of the militant Irish would carry to the convention, if necessary, the picketing methods that have been followed in Washington, were discredited.

EVEN MONEY NOW POSTED ON JOHNSON

Betting odds favoring Johnson and McAdoo continued to be posted in Wall Street yesterday. Both Johnson and McAdoo, were quoted at even money as compared with odds of 8 to 5 which prevailed with relation to both candidates a few days ago.

Thus far there is little money in sight in the way of wagers, the apathy in this respect being in sharp contrast to the situation usually prevailing. By many this is held to be a reflection of the uncertainty of the race for the nominations in the rival camps.

It was noticeable yesterday in the odds as announced by James W. Bell & Co., brokers, of Exchange Place, that there was a disinclination to quote long odds against the so-called dark horses. Hughes, for instance, was quoted at 4 to 1 as compared with 8 to 1 last week. Knox moved from 10 to 1 to 8 to 1, and the same change was posted with regard to Butler, who now is 5 to 1 as against 10 to 1 last week. Wood is 7 to 5 and Lowden 6 to 5. Coolidge still remains the outside factor as regards the Republican nomination, odds of 8 to 1 being obtainable against his chances.

Sproul, who entered the odds for the first time yesterday, was quoted at 5 to 1.

In the Democratic nomination the posted odds were 6 to 5 against Edwards, 2 to 1 against Cox, 4 to 1 against Clark, 7 to 1 against Davis, and 10 to 1 against Marshall. Wilson and Bryan were held to be 20 to 1 bets.

WOOD QUARTERS GET THE CROWDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

cast their votes for General Wood in the convention.

Claim Second Ballot Victory.

After a conference of the Wood managers tonight they prophesied that the General would get the nomination on the second ballot, even though the visible strength of the Wood forces, based on the number of pledged and instructed delegates, is less than 300.

The pledged and instructed Wood delegates are distributed by States as follows:

State.	Delegates.	State.	Delegates.
Arizona	6	New Mexico	6
Colorado	11	New Jersey	15
Delaware	6	New York	30
Florida	8	North Carolina	5
Georgia	7	Ohio	2
Idaho	6	Oklahoma	2
Indiana	22	Rhode Island	10
Kansas	10	Tennessee	20
Louisiana	12	Utah	5
Maine	12	Virginia	5
Massachusetts	6	Vermont	8
Maryland	16	Philippines	2
Mississippi	12	District of Columbia	2
Missouri	2		
Nebraska	4	Total	282
New Hampshire	8		

Of the instructed and pledged delegates contests were brought against 8 in Florida, 17 in Georgia, 12 in Louisiana, 12 in Mississippi, 2 in Missouri and 2 in Oklahoma, nearly all of which were decided adversely by the National Committee. General Wood lost the 12 delegates in Louisiana, 2 in Oklahoma, 2 in Alabama, 12 in Mississippi and 13 in Georgia. In all of these cases the campaign managers for Wood expect to make their appeal to the Committee on credentials of the convention.

The claim of 30 votes in the New York delegation, while it seems exaggerated, was admitted to rest on an estimate of his strength in that State. The Wood managers tonight expressed a belief that on the first ballot the General would get votes from delegates representing every State with the exception of twelve, and that on the second ballot all States except California, Montana and West Virginia would cast either an entire or fractional vote for the General.

Figure 688 as Second Ballot.

Here is the table showing what they believe will be Wood's vote on the first and second ballots:

State.	Delegates.	First Ballot.	Second Ballot.
Alabama	14	8	14
Arizona	6	6	6
Arkansas	18	4	18
California	36	..	..
Colorado	12	11	12
Connecticut	14	5	10
Delaware	6	6	6
Florida	8	8	8
Georgia	17	17	17
Idaho	6	6	6
Illinois	58	..	20
Indiana	30	6	22
Iowa	26	..	4
Kansas	20	14	16
Kentucky	26	..	12
Louisiana	12	12	12
Maine	12	12	12
Maryland	16	16	16
Massachusetts	36	6	30
Michigan	30	..	14
Minnesota	24	22	22
Mississippi	18	12	12
Missouri	36	6	20
Montana	8	..	..
Nebraska	16	4	16
Nevada	6	6	6
New Hampshire	8	8	8
New Jersey	28	15	28
New Mexico	6	6	6
New York	88	30	60
North Carolina	22	5	22
North Dakota	10	..	10
Ohio	48	9	20
Oklahoma	20	2	..
Oregon	10	10	10
Pennsylvania	76	..	58
Rhode Island	10	8	10
South Carolina	11	..	6
South Dakota	10	10	10
Tennessee	20	20	20
Texas	28	8	25
Utah	8	5	8
Vermont	8	8	8
Virginia	15	5	15
Washington	14	..	14
West Virginia	16	8	16
Wisconsin	26	..	..
Wyoming	6	..	6
Alaska	2	..	2
District of Columbia	2	2	2
Hawaii	2	..	2
Philippines	2	..	2
Porto Rico	2	..	2
Total	984	347	688

It was learned tonight that Emmett Scott, a negro instructor, and Secretary and Treasurer of the Howard University in Washington, who during the war was an Assistant Secretary of War under Mr. Baker, had a great deal to do with winning over the 80 per cent. of Southern negro delegates now claimed for Wood, and that he had been strongly seconded in his efforts by W. R. Whitney, a colored Republican who claims New York City as his home.

Declares Negroes for Wood.

"The fact is," said one of the Wood managers, "that the negroes have always been for General Wood. He is the only one of the candidates in the field out of whose nomination and election they can spell some hope for their race. They look upon him as being more like Colonel Roosevelt, whom they idolized, than any other aspirant for the Presidential nomination. The negro press is 86 per cent. for Wood."

There is no doubt that the great procession of negro delegates moving on the Wood headquarters caused a stir in the camps of rival candidates.

"We don't know how they are doing it, but they are getting them," said one of Governor Lowden's political lieutenants. "We have talked to National Committeemen from Texas, Mississippi and Georgia, and they confess they cannot hold their delegates in line."

In some quarters, however, the dark tide setting Woodward was viewed with more equanimity. It was pointed out that the Wood managers had threatened to appeal the decisions made by the National Committee in contests where Southern negro delegates were involved to the Committee on Credentials, and ultimately to the convention itself.

"Some of the delegates who have been flocking to Wood headquarters during the day might be fearful of the outcome of the proposed appeals and anxious to make sure the tenure of their seats in the convention," suggested a veteran political observer who has viewed half a dozen national conventions from the sidelines.

"Once seated, they can vote for any candidate they please," said he. "The Wood people may have another surprise coming."

Word reached the Wood headquarters early this evening that the South Dakota delegation, soon after its arrival today, had caucussed and adopted a resolution pledging its support to General Wood and declaring it had no second choice.

"The Wood delegates are all last dithers and have no second choice," said one of the Wood managers in commenting on the action of the South Dakotans. "It is surprising, though, what a great number of delegates have the General for their second choice. It is on this fact that we base our hope of victory."

In the Wood headquarters there was an outspoken feeling, as a result of the many calls from Johnson delegates who came to say that as soon as they had complied in a formal way with their instructions to vote for the Californian they would come out for General Wood, that the Johnson boom was beginning to crack on the eve of the convention.

The Wood managers have decided to entrust the floor leadership in the convention to a steering committee composed of five members, among whom will be Colonel William Cooper Procter, Frederick Joss of Indiana, ex-Lieutenant Governor W. Y. Morgan of Kansas and Colonel Thomas Miller of Delaware, one of Wood's Eastern campaign managers.

Wood Wants Constructive Platform.

When the General received the newspaper correspondents today, after a conference with Colonel Procter and Senator Moses of New Hampshire, he said he would not be satisfied unless the convention adopted a constructive platform.

"Public opinion is becoming rapidly crystallized for and concentrated in the idea of an amplified Hague Tribunal," said the General. "In short, they desire an Americanized League of Nations under which we can maintain our own sovereignty and uphold the Monroe Doctrine. In the general policy of cleaning up the war, I believe that there should be a revision of our tax system and a spreading over a number of years of the payment of the large sums that must be raised to pay for the war."

In Presidential Row other boom headquarters were pervaded by an atmosphere of uncertainty. Governor Lowden did not come down to his campaign rooms in the Congress, but remained at his quarters in the Blackstone Hotel, where he received corresondents, but declined to make any save non-committal answers when questioned on a variety of topics, including the effect of the open breaking away from him of the delegates from Illinois controlled by Mayor William Hale Thompson.

Beyond the fact that it now seems certain Governor Lowden will not have the undivided support of the delegates from his own State, it is not possible to estimate the ultimate effect of Mayor Thompson's move. At the Wood headquarters it was said tonight that the seventeen delegates controlled by Mayor Thompson in all probability would turn to Wood, but they were claimed also by Senator Johnson's friends.

The claim of the Wood managers probably was based on the assumption that the Mayor of Chicago would throw his strength where it would do the greatest harm to Governor Lowden's boom. The strength of General Wood on the early ballots undoubtedly being in excess of the strength of Senator Johnson, the Thompson delegates, it is believed, will prefer him to the Californian.

Adherents of Herbert Hoover expressed satisfaction all day at the progress of his Presidential boom. It was announced that Nathan I. Miller of New York would be the Hoover manager on the floor of the convention. But it has not yet been decided whether there will be a formal speech of nomination.

"We are in as favorable a position as we could have hoped for," was the way Captain J. F. Lucey, head of the national Hoover organization, commented on the situation.

The Hoover managers profess to see the tide setting toward their candidate. The Hoover headquarters in the Auditorium certainly presented an appearance of much greater activity than heretofore. It was said there that delegates from practically every State had been in to say they were friendly to the candidacy of Mr. Hoover, although he was not their first choice, and in some cases not even their second choice. Hoover managers figure that their man ultimately will be the conservative candidate against Senator Johnson, and find hope for success in that belief. The way they have forecast future developments is like this:

The Hoover program is admitted to be based almost entirely on contingencies which may not take place. The arguments used against Hoover are that his nomination would destroy the Republican Party organization, just as President Wilson is said to have destroyed the Democratic Party organization, and that his nomination would be an affront to Senator Johnson.

Say Hoover Will Recognize Party.

The Hoover adherents reply that Mr. Hoover has expressed himself in favor of a two party form of government, and that there is no fear that he will not recognize the Republican organization in the way of patronage. They declare also that Senator Johnson could not afford to bolt Mr. Hoover, if the latter should be nominated, as such a course would ruin the Senator politically in California, the voters of which state would resent any attempt to defeat a California candidate for the Presidency.

First, General Wood must be eliminated, according to the Hoover calculations. They expect this to be accomplished by an anti-Wood combination in which are supporters of both Governor Lowden and Senator Johnson. Then the Hoover backers expect Governor Lowden to be thrown overboard, largely because of the disclosures before the Senate Campaign Fund Investigating Committee. This, in their opinion, will leave Hoover as the logical candidate to stop Johnson, and they rely on the support of the conservative elements of the convention to bring about Hoover's nomination.

Little open progress in the way of obtaining delegates was made during the day by the Hoover forces, although many promises were said to have been obtained. William G. L. Ward of New York, the Westchester County leader, was reported to be ready to follow the lead of Mr. Miller and announce his support for Mr. Hoover.

Senator Harding of Ohio said tonight he was not perturbed by the outlook. He had a pretty large crowd in the fine Florentine Room at the Congress, where clusters of light bulbs softly set heroine-like illuminated "our candidate," wreathed with bunting.

"I'm merely watching," said the Senator, beaming on the correspondents, the lights, his own picture, the bunting, the beautifully carved walls and the vaulted ceiling and the well-dressed men and women wearing Harding badges who gathered in the room. "I am not here to lead a fight on the platform or anything, but I hope the Harding delegates will be consulted when the League of Nations plank is framed. I am a Senator, and I am with the Senate in its action on the League of Nations covenant."

Even minor candidates felt good today. Their headquarters were not by any means neglected. The crowd was so big that it was glad to overflow into the abodes of those booms which were without much hope. Even the Poindexter campaign managers reflected optimism.

"The situation is shaping up very satisfactorily," said Edmund B. Wells, in charge of the Washington man's headquarters. "We are being strengthened in our belief that Senator Poindexter is the real dark horse of this convention."

The Johnson boomers were saddened when informed that the North Carolina delegation would disregard the result of the primaries held last Saturday, as the law authorizes them to do, and not vote for Johnson. In Oregon, where Johnson won the primaries, he will lose nine of the ten delegates. This became known after the caucus of the delegation. The delegations from Washington and Idaho both are hostile to Johnson, though neighbors of his own California. Johnson gained four delegates from Alabama as a consolation prize.

Crane Not on Resolutions Committee.

Suspicion that W. Murray Crane, former United States Senator, whose active participation in politics will end with his retirement as National Committeeman, might favor a platform plank declaring for the League of Nations prevented his election as a member of the Committee on Resolutions by the Massachusetts delegation today. No open break developed, as a count showed Mr. Crane's supporters in a minority. Louis A. Coolidge, President of the United States Shoe Machinery Company, the choice of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, was elected unanimously.

The Massachusetts caucus elected John W. Weeks, former United States Senator, a member of the National Committee to succeed Mr. Crane, and Speaker Frederick H. Gillett, Chairman of the delegation.

Joseph B. Keating, a strong supporter of Will H. Hays, National Chairman, was elected National Committeeman by the Indiana delegation to succeed James A. Hemenway. Senator Harry S. New was elected Chairman, Senator James E. Watson a member of the Resolutions Committee, John T. Moorman a member of the Committee on Credentials, and Governor James P. Goodrich a member of the Committee on Permanent Organization.

The Minnesota caucus deferred choice of a National Committeeman to succeed Senator Frank B. Kellogg until after the nomination of a candidate for President. W. A. Caswell, Minnesota, manager for General Wood, and F. B. Carpenter, of Minneapolis, who is anti-Wood, will fight it out later. Charles H. March was elected Chairman, Frank W. Murphy a member of the Resolutions Committee, and Mrs. Manley L. Fossen, one of the few women delegates-at-large, a member of the Rules Committee.

Governor Oliver L. Shoup was chosen to head the Colorado delegation. Dr. Hubert Work was re-elected to the National Committee.

Roraback Succeeds King.

J. Henry Roraback, who was chosen before the Connecticut delegates left home, was announced as their selection for National Committeeman to succeed John T. King, against whom formidable opposition developed after he was displaced as leader of the Wood campaign. Mr. Roraback was also elected Chairman. Isaac A. Ullman was chosen a member of the Resolutions Committee.

Senator William E. Borah, who has announced his intention of fighting for a plank denouncing the League of Nations, was chosen a member of the Resolutions Committee from Idaho. The election of a National Committeeman from that State was deferred.

Hamilton Kean was re-elected National Committeeman from New Jersey.

C. B. Slemp was re-elected National Committeeman from Virginia. Joseph L. Crupper was chosen Chairman of the delegation.

H. F. MacGregor was re-elected National Committeeman from Texas. Philip D. Baer was chosen Chairman and J. M. McCormick a member of the Resolutions Committee. It was decided at the caucus to split the forty votes of the State among the various candidates.

The Porto Rico delegation consists of two men, R. H. Todd and A. Valdes. They split the offices between them. Alaska, also with two delegates, did the same. George C. Hazlet took the office of National Committeeman and Thomas M. Reed became a member of the Resolutions Committee.

Oregon's delegates selected J. L. Read as Chairman and W. McCamant as a member of the Resolutions Committee. Ralph E. Williams was re-elected National Committeeman.

South Dakota's delegation elected C. A. Kelly Chairman and Chambers Kellar a member of the Resolutions Committee.

Mississippi's delegates picked M. H. Daily as Chairman, M. J. Mulvihill as member of the Credentials Committee and I. T. Montgomery for the Resolutions Committee.

Smoot Retires from Committee.

Senator Reed Smoot retired tonight from the office of Republican Committeeman from Utah, a position which he had held for a decade.

Members of the Utah delegation denied reports that if Smoot had not retired he would have been defeated for re election. They said the Senator was anxious to give up active political work connected with the National Committee, as he found that it interfered with his duties in the Senate.

Ernest Bamberger, of Salt Lake, a nephew of Simon Bamburger, the Democratic Governor of Utah, was elected to succeed Smoot by a unanimous vote.

TREATY STRADDLE HELD IMPOSSIBLE

Continued from Page 1, Column 4.

both Republican Senate factions there would be a bitter fight in the convention.

There is no overlooking the fact that not only the delegates, who echo the views of the man in the street, but also men of affairs and prominence in business, are demanding of the Republican Party an end of the treaty wrangle. Ex-Senator Crane represents the views of the men of affairs. He early counseled ratification of the treaty with proper reservations, and informed his former associates in the Senate that the welfare of the country and of international finance called for the entrance of the United States into the League of Nations. The pressure so exerted was without result while the fight was in progress in the Senate, but it is evident tonight that there must be an affirmative plank on the treaty.

Even though the plank should not go so far as to declare for ratification of the treaty, with the reservations made by the Senate, it will take a positive position in approving an association of nations and a tribunal to consider non-justiciable questions. It may be said with certainty that unless the plank reported to the convention meets the views of the delegates as already indicated there will be a determined fight on the floor to modify it along lines conforming to the sentiment existing for action which will put the United States into the league with adequate protective reservations.

It was decided by those charged with writing the treaty plank that it was unwise to declare for a continuance of the policies of Washington and Monroe. Such a statement, they thought, might place the Republican Party in a position opposed to entering the concert of nations at any time.

The plank when it is finally evolved will touch upon the declaration made in the platform adopted by the Democrats of Virginia, which President Wilson is said to have approved. This platform denounces as nullifying the entire treaty the reservations made by the Republican Senate. The Republican plank will call attention to the chief reservations, such as that to Article X., that dealing with unequal voting strength in the League and the one which dealt with the Monroe Doctrine. It will point out that it was necessary to make the reservations to safeguard the interests of the United States and continue its traditional policy defined in the Monroe Doctrine.

Plank on Labor Disputes.

The platform in its tentative form declares for voluntary submission of labor disputes according to lines laid down in the Esch-Cummins law. No mention is made of an anti-strike clause nor is there a suggestion of the enforcement of decisions of the board created by this law. While the Esch-Cummins law applies only to disagreements between railroads and their employes, the plank will declare for an extension of this law to all public utilities, including mines.

The platform will not deal with the proposed Armenian mandate. No mention will be made of this because the position of the party regarding the treaty, it is believed, sufficiently explains what the Republicans think of accepting this or other mandates.

There will be a plank touching upon the bonus for soldiers, but this will not go so far as to approve the bill which has passed the House entailing an expenditure of more than $1,600,000,000.

The fight for the Chairmanship of the Committee on Resolutions is still undecided. While indications are that Senator Watson of Indiana has the lead, the direction of the fight against him by ex-Senator Crane in behalf of Ogden L. Mills of New York has strengthened the latter's position.

At midnight the Advisory Committee on Platform, of which Ogden L. Mills is Chairman, had not framed the plank on the treaty. It had received so many reports indicating a trend for ratification with reservations, Senator Lenroot said, that there was good reason to believe the final draft presented to the Resolutions Committee for consideration would be affirmative and declare for acceptance of the treaty in some shape.

"Of course, the committee hopes to have harmony in the party," said he, "but if the views of certain groups do not coincide with those of the country the committee will follow public opinion. There is no doubt that Senators who participated prominently in the treaty fight now find that their attitude is not upheld by large masses of the people."

Senator Lodge, when he learned of the conferences to upset the understanding about the platform declaration on the treaty, said that the committee had no authority to do more than suggest, and that its action was not final.

"What I now understand is seriously proposed is a dangerous thing to do," he said. "The best thing for the party is to declare itself in favor of what the Republican Senate did in the treaty fight."

Unless the irreconcilable group headed by Senator Johnson agrees to modify its position, it is understood that the Advisory Committee will make a report very strongly in favor of ratification with reservations.

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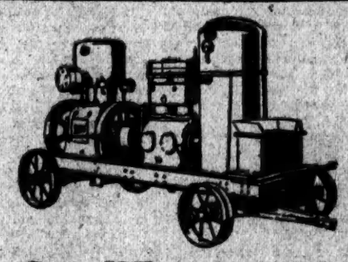

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CONFUSION REIGNS IN CHICAGO HOTELS

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NEW CANDIDATE EVERY HOUR

Undecided Ones Sway This Way and That as New Claimant States His Case.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—One of the most interesting questions to be answered when the Republican Convention is over—if any one can answer it—will be whether the Presidential candidate was nominated in the Congress Hotel or the Blackstone Hotel. Formally and officially, of course, he is to be named by the delegates on the floor of the convention hall. As a matter of fact, unless there is a genuine stampede—and political historians differ as to whether there ever has been a single Republican stampede since the beginning of things—he will be named either in the lobbies, corridors and headquarters of the Congress or in the private rooms of the Blackstone.

There may have been years when he was not even named in the convention city, when a little group had settled the whole thing long before the first Southern contest had elevated one group of negro delegates to delirious happiness and made another group believe for the first time in their lives that the Republican Party was not the wellspring of all true joy and justice for the black race. This year not a single person in position to form any competent judgment is cynical enough to pretend that the bosses fixed it up before the first convention special started for the Illinois metropolis.

Therefore the importance of the question. Its answer means either that a little group of "elder statesmen" will work their will on a pliable and subservient mass of delegates or that the men chosen as the representatives of a political half of the nation will make up their own minds. No one can watch the performance in these two hotels—at least none viewing it with fresh eyes—without being impressed with this double barrelled drama, shot through with comedy despite the importance of the denouement just before the final curtain.

The truth of one side of this can be appreciated by any one who ever happened to meet say, three persons in succession who told him the man not looking well. By the time the third sympathizer inquired anxiously after his health the victim of this interest was convinced he was a mighty sick man. Conversely that is what can and does happen here. Let a delegate happen to meet a half dozen men in succession who tell him it is going to be Wood, or that Lowden is getting stronger every minute, or that Hughes is going to be projected into the foreground at precisely the right moment, and unless he is mentally impregnable he is mightily impressed.

Swayed by Every Wind.

The cynical to the contrary notwithstanding, there are men here who have not the least idea for whom they are going to vote, and there are a lot of them with an earnest and simple desire to pick the best man for the party and the country. One could pick them out easily enough in the good natured, curious, pushing, jostling throng that milled slowly through the lobbies at the Congress today and until late tonight, jamming into elevators, uncomplainingly climbing the stairs, bumping and being bumped, and talking and listening.

By ones and twos and in larger groups they drifted through the various headquarters, amiably accepting literature and buttons and badges, even though sometimes their obligations compelled them to discard the latter as soon as they were out of sight of the women who distributed them; listening to the sage talk of campaign workers, sizing up the candidates themselves when they found opportunity for meeting them, and then gravely discussing and weighing among themselves in the long periods that ensued between the time they ordered their meals and the time they got them.

No matter with whom one sympathizes when one starts on the slow, crowd-impeded rounds of these headquarters, one is bound to be affected before the end. Possibly the jovial, confident handshakers of one candidate appeal to you, and you conclude you've been a little slow discovering who is going to be the next Republican candidate and decide you'd better wake up and get on the band-wagon.

Maybe the subtler methods of another have effect, and you are won by his quiet, smiling assurance that "we are not making any claims at all, we leave that to the other fellow, but—" Perhaps you prove more susceptible to the very frank gentleman who assures you that while he doesn't expect his candidate to be nominated, he could show you in five minutes just why the fate of the party, the nation, and the world at large could best be placed between that neglected gentleman's two hands.

Again Lowden's brass band in the lobby may stir you to a particular enthusiasm, or the Kansas women's band may play you into a vaguer fever or Hiram's glee club may do things to your political soul.

Maybe if you are a Democrat with a very small "d," your heart is gladdened by the sight of throngs of the plain people clustered and knotted and crammed into the California Senator's headquarters, or if you are a more reflective person, wont to appraise the quality of a gathering, you are swayed by the sorts of men and women you find patiently waiting a chance to penetrate into General Wood's rooms.

Great Names Personified.

Another thing that "gets to" the new delegate just as quickly as it does to the unofficial novice is the presence in the lobby and corridor throngs of persons who to most of the people have been but conspicuous names. One moment you bump elbows with a National Committeeman about whom you have heard the most sinister whispers; another minute you find a United States Senator whom you recognize from long familiarity with his photograph apologizing for stepping on your toes. Then you discover that the man at the next table to you is Governor So-and-so, or one of the many men in uniform who remind political veterans of the civil war is pointed out as General Blank, who did thus and so in the Argonne.

It happens not to be Republican convention fashion for avowed candidates to do much "lobby work," so for the most part they are conspicuously absent from the throng about the Congress lobby or entered in groups of diners in the Pompeiian room. But now and then one walks through, escorted by the inevitable retainers and managers and groomers-in-extraordinary, and then the whole place shrieks the multiplied whisper of his name, a lane opens up and every one presses to see.

All about in the jam are little knots of men talking earnestly about candidates, heedless of the listeners on every side. This really is the impressive part of the giddy whirlpool, this discovery of delegates who really are trying to find out what is best to do and who really want to do it.

Two of these this correspondent performed overheard in the afternoon discussing gravely whether they should accept a certain political leader's invitation to dinner in view of the fact that neither of them favored his candidate. Both made it plain that they were not going to dinner if that sort of thing was understood to place a man under the slightest obligation.

A more seasoned colleague overheard them, too, and interrupted to say, laughingly:

"Go on, you fellows. That doesn't mean you have to vote his way. The price of votes is more than a dinner."

The workers are a curious assemblage. Some of them are just plainly doing a job for wages rather above the usual market price. Some have a mission, some have an inspiration, some are born hero-worshippers, delighted to find themselves powdered with even the faintest traces of stardust. And some of them are unknown and unrecognized volunteers. One of these is an elevator man in the Congress Hotel. He is a Lowden man. His eyes sparkle every time Lowden's name is mentioned. And every time his car stops at the floor of the Lowden headquarters, he announces that fact. If that doesn't work he asks the nearest passenger "aren't you getting off, Sir?"

"A lot of them find a motor impulse in that persuasive voice and do get off, though they were bound elsewhere.

A large portion of the crowds is made up of sightseers from Chicago and tourists who come to see the whole show and many of their disappointment at the unattainableness of Convention tickets when they find a good live performance in the lobbies. Then there are the men and women who want something or other and believe if they just are on the ground they can get it from some one.

There is also the horde of newspapermen from all parts of the country, and swarms of photographers with their uncanny gift for picking out of the multitudes the people worth photographing.

So much for the Democratic side of the picture in the Congress. What happened in the Blackstone may or may not be more important. That depends on what sort of convention it proves to be, but certainly it is not as interesting, for the simple reason that most of it takes place behind closed doors.

The bigger men nearly all have rooms there. Even if they are domiciled for convention week at the Congress, they have another room at the Blackstone—of course just to have a place where they can get out of the noise and the crowd.

The Blackstone lobby is crowded only to a degree, but in the hundred persons standing about at a given moment probably there are twenty-five whose names mean something. A lot of them are there with a purpose. A lot more come because they have formed the habit or because they feel it is a part of keeping in the swim, and some attend just as they would go to a world's fair or big racing meet, or any other event calculated to afford interesting diversion.

Nowhere is it more true that politics makes strange bedfellows than in this aristocratic hotel. The wealthy, the great and the prominent are clustered there, but these are days when the plain people must be hearkened to, and that accounts for the not infrequent presence of persons who otherwise would not fit into the picture.

Altogether it does not seem that this is a Blackstone convention as much as it is a Congress. The Blackstone is just as full as it was four years ago. It has turned away more applicants than it did then, but something of the tense importance seems missing from its atmosphere, and it may be that those who are loudly announcing that this is an unbossed convention and trying to look pleased about it, really are making a virtue of the necessary.

At any rate, the truth or falsity of these statements will begin to appear when the convention opens tomorrow. Tonight it appears that the big meeting will get under way without a single hitch. Preparations are so well advanced that there scarcely is need for last minute touches. Brig. Gen. J. A. Ryan, chief doorkeeper, has given final instructions to have 250 extra service men who are to guard the entrances and usher those entitled to enter. Tickets and badges all have been distributed, 900 Chicago policemen have had a preparatory tour and the firemen are ready to take their stations. This morning the acoustics were tested by hitching a talking machine in the basement to the sounding board and its new-fangled amplifying attachments on the platform. The record was that of a woman singing "My Old Kentucky Home," and her voice filled the great place astonishingly.

SHERMAN DEFEATS THOMPSON.

Illinois Senator Displaces Chicago Mayor as National Committeeman.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—United States Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman displaced Mayor William Hale Thompson of Chicago as member of the Republican National Committee at a caucus of the Illinois delegation tonight. Senator Sherman received 37 votes, with 19 for Mayor Thompson's adherents not voting and 2 present when their names were called.

The caucus also elected L. L. Emmerson, Governor Lowden's campaign manager, Chairman of the Delegation, Fred E. Sterling, a member of the Committee on Credentials. John Oglesby, former Governor, on the Committee on Permanent Organization; Charles Ringer of the Rules Committee, and United States Senator Medill McCormick of the Resolutions Committee. The Thompson members of the committee refrained from voting on the election of Mr. Emmerson and nominated Judge Robert E. Crowe, of Chicago, against Senator McCormick; who received 36 votes to 22 for Judge Crowe.

The bitter feeling between the Lowden and Thompson factions was apparent, and the result of the caucus made certain of the loss of from eighteen to twenty-two of the fifty-eight delegates from Illinois by Governor Lowden. It was said that Mayor Thompson was practically certain to vote his delegates for Senator Johnson.

The principal clash of the caucus came on a motion of Mayor Thompson to direct Senator McCormick, as a member of the Resolutions Committee, to work for planks in the platform embodying the following declarations:

Opposing the League of Nations with or without reservations and compulsory military service; favoring the payment of a substantial bonus to soldiers, sailors and marines, who are veterans of the war; the exemption from the Federal tax of all incomes less than $5,000; the repeal of all laws abridging the right of free speech, free press and peaceable assemblage; the imprisonment of profiteers, and the conscription of the excess war profits to help pay the National debt.

PARTY COMMITTEE INDORSES HAYS

Present National Body Cheers Its Chairman at the Final Session.

HE PREDICTS A BIG VICTORY

Thanks Members for Co-operation and Felicitates Them on Harmony Prevailing.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—The present Republican National Committee held its final meeting today. Chairman Will H. Hays made an address predicting a sweeping Republican victory and asserting that complete co-operation had been effected. He warned the members, however, that he wanted none of them to take anything for granted and to work on to the end.

Mr. Hays, who has been making great efforts to bring about harmony in the party since he accepted the Chairmanship in the face of rather complicated conditions, was received with cheers. His work to reunite the warring elements has won him the respect of the committeemen. This is agreed. That the party situation in Chicago presents a picture of perfect harmony is, however, open to debate.

Little was done by the committee except to pass resolutions of confidence in the Chairman and hear his speech. An application from the contesting delegates from Mississippi for a rehearing was received and denied. Committeeman McCoy, the oldest in point of service, was appointed to call the incoming National Committee together. It is expected that the membership of the committee will be complete by Wednesday and that a meeting will be held at once.

Mr. Hays's address to the committee follows:

"Gentlemen of the committee, of course I am very human in these matters, and I hope and expect always to remain so. I would be very inhuman if I did not feel, and very unfair to myself if I did not express, the thought which I feel in this matter, and which is a heart full of appreciation.

"I have been obsessed for two years with the necessity of a revivified, unfailing, infallible Republican Party. Oh, there is far more involved in the work which has been done and which remains yet to be done than a mere partisan victory. If I thought that was all we had before us, if I had thought or if I thought now that was all that is involved in the situation, I would not give the best two or three years of my life to the project matter. I have thought that if we did not bring around in the right way—and if it is not in the right way it is not worth while—a Republican victory from top to bottom we might have no institutions to save in this country.

"We approach this moment, where your convention is actually being called to order, with an unprecedented situation. There is no body acquainted with the facts to the remotest degree, but what knows that we come to this hour with everything ready; yes, with everything, let us say, in the much hackneyed phrase which does not express it, on the table; with 137 contests disposed of and only four roll calls with the convention in the hands of the delegates and with a feeling within the party that can bring but one result, and that is the complete Republican victory.

"It is my idea that we take nothing for granted. There are little cross-currents occasionally, but cross-currents in a situation like this do not determine the great working progress of the stream, which is, unquestionably, for a big Republican victory. But, as I have said repeatedly, these things do not happen in this life, but are brought about, and that is so in politics as in everything else; and I propose that we take nothing for granted. That nothing be left undone from now on until November that can be honestly performed to bring about this Republican success that means so much for this country's welfare.

"From the beginning of this work until this moment there has been no friction in the committee. I have had associated with me remarkable degree to a complete degree—your co-operation.

NEW YORK PARTY AT ODDS

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

a sanitarium, has sent his Secretary, John McGrath, who sought at first to give the impression that Mr. Perkins was for Lowden. The Bronx delegates declare, however, that he is for Johnson.

County Leader Lawrence believes the Californian could easily carry the Bronx and thus assure the success of the local ticket next November. The same applies to Brooklyn, but the delegation from the borough is all split up. Senator Calder admitted he has had Lowden leanings, but he will not say for whom he will vote until it is more clearly determined that Lowden is wanted by a majority of the other delegates. William L. Ward, Republican boss of Westchester, favors Johnson as a first choice and will swing to Lowden if Johnson is eliminated.

Koenig Is in a Quandary.

The New York County leader, Koenig, is in a quandary. Personally he is against Johnson, but, like the Bronx County leaders, he realizes that Johnson would bring strength to the local ticket at the election. Koenig is inclined to leave the matter to the delegates themselves.

"I am here to represent the sentiment of the Republican voters of my district," he said tonight, "and the other delegates should feel the same way about it. "If the people want Johnson for President I will vote for him. All personal animosities regarding candidates should be forgotten and the welfare of the country and the party considered first of all. We expect to get a pretty good line on the situation by Wednesday and the present uncertainty may be over, so far as New York county is concerned. At present everything is up in the air. Talk of candidates is all guess work. I believe this is going to be a real unbossed convention, with the delegates themselves selecting the candidate. It may take longer to do it this way, but it is the best way. The old style convention has gone forever. Now the people rule."

The caucus proceedings were purely formal. No opposition to the program laid out by the leaders developed. The slate put through follows:

Member of the Republican National Committee for New York, Charles D. Hilles.

Member of the Committee on Credentials—Jacob A. Livingston of Brooklyn.

Member of the Committee on Permanent Organization—William Barnes of New York.

Member of the Committee on Rules—Bertrand B. Snell of Potsdam.

Member of the Committee on Resolutions—Ogden C. Mills of New York.

Member of the Committee to Notify the Presidential Nominee—George W. Aldridge of Rochester.

Member of the Committee to Notify the Vice Presidential Nominee—George P. Urban.

Mrs. Florence C. Knapp of Syracuse was selected as Honorary Vice President of the convention representing New York.

Meet in Lowden Headquarters.

The entire delegation was present in the Gold Room of the Congress Hotel. The meeting was called to order by Herbert Parsons, the retiring National Committeeman. Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., was made Chairman and William J. Tully of Corning Secretary. Senator William M. Calder nominated Mr. Livingston, the Kings County leader. Elon R. Brown nominated Mr. Barnes. John Dwight nominated Mr. Snell, and Samuel S. Koenig, Chairman of the New York County Committee, did the honors for Mr. Mills, while Mrs. Helen Varick Boswell, member of the Women's Executive Committee of the State Committee, put forward Mrs. Knapp's name.

An ovation was given to ex-Senator Chauncey M. Depew when he suggested George W. Aldrich, "that old Republican warhorse," as New York's member of the Notification Committee. The State Excise Commissioner, Herbert Bissell, nominated Mr. Urban for the Vice Presidential Notification Committee, while Herbert Parsons proposed Mr. Hilles as his successor for National Committeeman. Mr. Livingston seconded the nomination.

State Senator Sage offered a resolution of thanks to Governor Lowden for allowed the use of the Gold Room, which is the Governor's headquarters, and Mr. Stimson offered a resolution of thanks and appreciation to Mr. Parsons. Both were unanimously adopted.

Butler Spurns Complimentary Vote.

After the meeting of the State delegation, Dr. Butler said that the adjournment, without a discussion of candidates, suited his wishes. He wanted the delegates to have time to size up the situation and find out just how strong he was before deciding to vote for him.

"By Wednesday," he said, "they will have an opportunity to obtain a thorough understanding of the spirit of the convention and to get the views of delegates from the West and all parts of the country. I have made it perfectly plain to the New York delegation that I am not seeking and do not wish any complimentary votes on the first or any other ballots. This is no time for paying compliments. I do not want any 'favorite son' votes either now or on Friday. I only desire the votes of those who have faith in my candidacy and who sincerely desire to support it. I am not willing to be made a pawn in the political game. My relation to the matter is detached from all that.

"The attitude that our delegation takes will be more important to New York than it will be to me. As the situation has developed it seems not unlikely that the delegates from New York, Pennsylvania, Indiana and Iowa may come pretty close to controlling the final decision. It is for the Republican delegates from New York and not for me to decide how best to use their great opportunity to give to New York the position of commanding leadership again in the national organization.

"This is a Republican convention to choose a Republican candidate to insure Republican success. I have no interest in a contest between personalities, but only in one that promotes party strength and party responsibility after victory has been won.

"If the latest development in regard to the League of Nations plank in the platform are that progress is being made toward an agreement on a plank that will satisfy those of us who have been standing for the traditional Republican foreign policy; if those who have been opposing any co-operation between the United States and foreign nations to promote the peace of the world will accept such a plank, then we shall have no differences of opinion and no debate on this subject in the convention. If, however, the contrary should prove to be the case there will be such a debate and it will be conducted without any pussyfooting."

Dr. Butler said he was well pleased with the day's developments generally and that constant assurances of support were being received from every quarter.

Among those who called at the Butler headquarters today were Governors Morrow of Kentucky, Burnquist of Minnesota, and Phillip of Wisconsin. Ex-Governors Stokes of New Jersey and Whitman of New York also dropped in. Prominent New Yorkers, delegates and others, wandered in and out of the headquarters and gave assurances of their support.

An effort was made tonight by several delegates who have Senator Wadsworth call a meeting of the State delegation tomorrow night. Wood, Johnson and Lowden leaders want to find out as early as possible just how the State's delegates stand. If it can be shown that a candidate has strength in the New York delegation the knowledge, they think, will be of importance in bringing pressure to bear upon delegates from other States.

Johnson Leads in North Carolina.

RALEIGH, N. C., June 7.—Complete returns from four counties in Saturday's primary as officially compiled tonight show for the Republican preferential indorsement: Johnson, 809; Wood, 159. The vote in other counties of the State has been only partially tabulated and returns are too meager to give an indication of the vote.

Cummins Leads in Iowa Primary.

DES MOINES, Iowa, June 7.—United States Senator Albert B. Cummins was leading his opponent, Smith W. Brookhart, for the Republican nomination for United States Senator from Iowa, according to scattered returns from today's primary. The returns, as tabulated by The Des Moines Register from 166 out of 2,297 precincts, give Cummins 15,585, Brookhart 13,041.

JOHNSON REAFFIRMS STAND

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

those in the balcony and upper galleries especially suffering from the heat.

A band was playing patriotic airs, and there was singing, but the real show was withheld until Johnson and Borah appeared. Then the crowd jumped up and roared and the demonstration was under way. Practically everyone in the theatre had a small American flag and waved it frantically.

The demonstration quieted first among those in the orchestra seats, but the galleries and balcony crowds were having the time of their lives. Groups of young men stationed in several places refused to stop when A. D. Lasker, who presided, waved his arms for silence, and it was not until Senator Johnson took personal charge that he was able to make himself heard. There was quiet during the first part of his speech, but the demonstration started again when he charged that he was falsely accused of representing radical elements.

Johnson's allegation that he represented the "plain folks" whom a little cpteris of capitalists and newspapers were attempting to cheat of their rights, was obviously a popular subject. His address was interrupted at this point by cheering.

"If you men who are in command in this party," shouted Johnson, "send us out to the people with no excuses, no explanations, no apologies to make—if you send us out in this fashion in this campaign the people will respond as never before."

Again the crowd was on its feet cheering and waving flags.

The Senator was plainly affected.

Text of Johnson's Speech.

Senator Johnson's speech follows:

"The Republican Party was born in the crucible of a great conflict. It began its high mission when the nation was torn by internal strife and bloody encounter, and for four shadowy years the fate of a great people trembled in the balance. The shot first fired for liberty nearly a century before had ceased to echo and the world's great democracy, with its traditions of freedom and promise of equal opportunity, faced chaos and destruction, with disorder rampant and hope itself almost dimmed.

"With stubborn courage and indomitable will, with the firm determination that free government should not perish, it fought and won the civil war, and then undertook the gigantic problems of reconstruction. It pursued its task with militant righteousness, depending for its strength and its encouragement upon the homely and simple truths of every enduring government—justice and just recognition of its people. It put new faith into the hearts of men; the Republic, halted for a brief moment in its glorious career, again went forward to its manifest destiny.

"Today, after another great war which has cemented our people into a homogeneous entity, the Republican Party stands upon the brink of new history. Before it again are the problems of reconstruction; confronting it again the preservation of the Republic's traditions and ideals. The great question now for the Republican Party to decide is whether it shall, as in the early days of its history, boldly and courageously, inspired by the old heaven-born hopes and aspirations, with head high, eyes clear, and hands clean, meet the test, or whether it shall hesitate and falter and timidly hide within the shadows of privilege. The question must be and will be answered in no uncertain tones. With the same courage and statesmanship with which it met and solved the problem of a fratricidal strife, it will today meet and solve the problems coming to it from the World War.

"Lincoln's all-embracing sympathy, his love of all God's human creatures, his just recognition of the reciprocal rights and duties of all the units of society, his unwavering belief in the people themselves, is constituted in the soul of the Republican Party. It is this soul that has given the Republican Party its imperishable place in history; it is this that we of another generation must preserve. Its preservation means the perpetuity of the party and the progress of the nation.

Confident of Victory.

"Out of the welter of the World War and the disruption of our industrial life new and pressing problems, never before contemplated, have come. We are at the beginning of strange and unknown things. The future can be but dimly seen. Cautiously and warily we must proceed in the light breaks. Mysterious influences and adventurous ventures alike must be avoided. In this unknown era, with the safe anchorage of the Constitution, we'll move slowly until we again see clearly and then go forward confidently with full understanding.

"Every thoughtful member of the Republican Party, all who earnestly desire its success, would have it avoid the pitfalls which the peculiar times present. There are some, now as ever, who would make it the party of the few; some who would make it wholly subservient to power. Learning nothing from the lessons of the past, there are those who would disregard the voices of the great majority of the rank and file of the party and impress upon it their own arbitrary will.

"These individuals, abetted by the senile press, affect to view with contempt the expressed preferences of the members of the party, and in disdain of the mass of the party would substitute their desires and decisions for those of the great majority. These individuals are fortunately few, but sometimes they are in position of power. In their swollen arrogance, depending upon their allies of the press for their justification, they would read out of the Republican Party those who have written its glorious history, the plain people of Lincoln. They fondly hug the delusion that they and their puppets may act in defiance of the rank and file.

"These few, and the members of the press acting with them, are our real enemies. I deny their right to draw the line in the Republican Party against just common folk. These common folk made the party in its early beginning. They gave their blood that the nation might be saved for you and for me. They followed with the instinct of righteousness the greatest of American leaders. They were in the early days the very Republic itself. They are today its life and its hope. I deny the right of any man to set at naught their expressed will. All its traditions, its marvelous history, the great galaxy of its immortals, its glorious past achievements, its present greatness, its future certain destiny, all cry out against the attempt made by a few today to dehumanize the Republican Party.

"Avoiding the pitfall which our enemies have dug and retaining, as we must, Lincoln's people as the mainstay of the Republican Party, the future is assured. Victory is within our grasp. After eight years of high-sounding phrases and actions wholly at variance, the American people demand the rescue and regeneration of their Government. Under Democratic leadership they have blindly grouped in a mystic maze.

Demands Return to Constitution.

"They demand the return of the principles which they have ever known, to the Constitution and the Bill of Rights they have ever revered. The opportunity and the power are ours. In the name of all that has gone before, of that which made us the world's giant republic, let us seize what is before us, and accept in the American way the trust the American people are ready to bestow. Send us into the campaign with the Republican Party proud and undefiled, standing as in Lincoln's day for the highest and best in our citizenship, for decency in politics and righteousness in Government. No friend of the party, no patriot, would send us forth with explanations or apologies, with excuses and defenses. Ours is the party of progress; our fight is over the charge. In the open with frankness and courage, facing the foe with nothing to explain or excuse, with no apologies to offer, we will rally the American people and redeem the American Government.

"Out of the war have come to us many problems. Two of these are immediate and pressing, involving gravest consequences. One is domestic, touching the daily existence of individuals, the other is international in character, threatening our utmost cherished policies.

"Both must be met frankly, firmly and courageously. This is no year for the anaemic politician. The first great problem, the high cost of living, cannot by a single remedy be wholly cured immediately. It must, however, be grappled with because of its menace to the great mass of our people. The Administration has been given drastic laws which enable us to punish wrong. It has been accorded elastic and flexible laws which enable it scientifically and symptomatically to investigate. It has the widest powers, the utmost latitude of action.

"The laws today are sufficient to curb illegal practices and prevent illegitimate exploitation of our people. The difficulty has not been with the law, but with the administration of the law. When these laws shall be impartially administered, when with like diligence their penalties shall be visited not only upon the little profiteer of the village, but the big and powerful profiteer of the city, then some measure of relief will be afforded.

"Under these existing laws we can find in the long chain between initial production and ultimate consumption the weak links. We can bring the farmer a little closer to his market. We can aid him in that co-operation which is necessary for his production and protection, which may bring him his due, and yet bring a little nearer to him the ultimate consumer. We can put the spotlight of publicity upon him who is profiting illegitimately and unjustly by exploiting the rest of us, him who is called the profiteer, and by this very publicity, perhaps, make him cease his nefarious practices; or if he does not, then with the drastic laws at hand, we may punish him exactly as we punish the preacher of sedition.

"We can, too, by rigid economy lighten a bit of the burden and by amending and simplifying a tax system which is the mere makeshift of war, aid, in some degree, the present business situation.

"Every normal American would foster, conserve and protect every legitimate business and all that man has honestly acquired. The very basis of society is the right of legitimate acquisition and secure possession of that which man has honestly gained. Jealously and zealously would we guard, foster and protect and conserve every material possession and every just property right. But just as jealously and just as zealously as we would guard every material possession, we would protect and safeguard every human right; and with the same earnestness and fearlessness with which the power of the State would be employed to protect honest and legitimate business, it would be employed against dishonesty and illegitimate business.

"American business in the mass is honest. American business men in the main have the highest integrity and loftiest patriotism. There is a very small class, a very few, who by their contempt of law and their defiance of right arouse the vindictive radicalism which we all abhor. We would deal with this class just as we would deal with the preacher of sedition and it is in this knowledge on the part of those who represent them in politics and those who speak for them through the poison press that brings to us today a new epithet, which, from their standpoint, is more opprobrious than the old war-worn epithets with which during the great conflict they were accustomed to frighten us.

"Today any individual not sufficiently subservient to power is with finality disposed of with varying grimaces by the epithet Radical. It is the new bogey with which to frighten the timid.

"At this point in his address Senator Johnson asserted that there were radicals whom all good Americans must abhor; those who threaten to overthrow the country. He would deal with them summarily, he declared, just as he would deal with "the radical of great wealth and power" who, by his insidious practices, was helping to create conditions which developed the extremist.

Replies to Charge of Radicalism.

Then Senator Johnston said that the greatest American of this generation, Theodore Roosevelt, had faced a situation akin to that now confronting the country. He quoted from an utterance by Roosevelt as if illustrating his (Johnson's) attitude. Roosevelt had said that for the honest man or great wealth he would have great regard, but that against wealth which sought to defy the law he would conduct relentless war. Then turning again to the question of radicalism, Senator Johnson said:

"If it be radical to demand and require that rich and poor, high and low, big and little alike, obey the law; if it be radical to scourge the invisible government that just common folk may have the classings of democracy as well as the powerful and privilege-taking; if it be radical to scourage the invisible government from government's temple and to make the State as California has made, a State for all its people; if it be radical to oppose the suppression of legitimate free speech and peaceable lawful assembly, and to uphold with all your vigor and strength the Constitution and Bill of Rights; if it be radical to preserve this great nation from the wiles and pitfalls of European and Asiatic diplomacy; if it be radical to resist with all your power, in fair weather and foul, the impairment of the Republic's sovereignty, the destruction of its national policy, and the perversion of its spirit; if, finally, it be radical to be just American, then I admit the charge and accept the challenge.

"The greater overshadowing problem of most far-reaching consequences domestically and internationally is that which has come to us in the presentation by the President of his covenant of the League of Nations. Every normal human being hoped that out of the great world war would come something which would forever preclude another such cataclysm. Longingly our eyes were turned to Paris during the secret deliberations there. With the presentation of the covenant came our disillusionment. We found not a union of the free peoples of the world, but the perpetuation of old cynical imperialism. Peoples were forgotten. Rulers remained supreme. Progress was precluded. Every existing injustice perpetuated. Subject peoples were made forever subject, and the very ruling forces governing under the age-long European system were made supreme and to the power of those ruling classes were added the strength and the wealth and the blood of the one great free nation of the earth.

Assails League Covenant.

"Instead of a pact to prevent war we were given a league to maintain present existing power. Instead of that which would enable humanity to expand, to grow, to progress and to prosper we found humanity shackled, the world put in a straitjacket and the evils of a static condition imposed for all the years to come.

"Instead of disarmament, upon which, of necessity, peace must be founded, everywhere were increased armaments, and even in our own land under this league an army five times the size ever before in peace times was asked with peace conscription as well. The hopes of those who had earnestly wished and fervently prayed for a new world order were blighted and betrayed. The document represented the triumph of cynical Old World diplomacy, the defeat of New World liberalism.

"I am opposed to the present covenant of the League of Nations. Against it the Republican Party must take its stand. There can be no hiding or skulking on any issue of this magnitude. In this campaign a man must march either under the polyglot banner of European imperialism and internationalism or under the old Stars and Stripes. Of course there are those who pretend a horror that the American people shall pass upon such a question; there are those too who shiver in an agony of fear that it may come into this campaign, and there is a small coterie of international bankers who, with a kindliness and charity which ought to be appreciated, are willing to decide the question with people at all. But whatever may be the desires of the one class or the demands of the other, it is logical and appropriate that a question of such transcendent importance, touching not only the out the intervention of the American resources to perpetuate the Republic but possibly the very lives of our citizens, should be decided by the American people themselves.

"It is only by political action, our people can determine policies. The time honored political issue has been the tariff, the mere placing of a tax upon goods brought from across the sea. Today when it is asked that we not only tax our people for mad adventures in Europe and in Asia but when our resources may be sent abroad and when possibly our very blood may be commandeered it is not only appropriate that the American people should determine the issues, but it is their absolute right.

"My whole campaign has been to secure for them this right.

Says America Would Not Be Selfish.

"We would never be selfish or ungenerous with the rest of the world. In the future, as in the past, we would ever respond to humanity's call and civilization's cry. All that we insist upon is that when the crisis occurs, when the time arrives, the American people shall determine whether they act and how they act, and no European nation shall determine it for them. We want our independence of action unfettered, our freedom untouched, our sovereignty unimpeached. We want to lead our lives in our own way. We want to follow the path which we have followed for a hundred and thirty years in the past, the path which was pioneered for us with such heroism and such sacrifices by those who have gone before, the path that has led to our present happiness, prosperity and greatness. We want, in short, to be just Americans again.

"With the American people today we are at the parting of the ways. Within the next few days it will be determined whether the Republican Party, founded by Lincoln to vindicate the liberty of the common people, in its hour of full grown power to drive the common man from its counsels and its ranks. In another hour similar to this, just before the conclusion of the civil war, there were those who counseled Lincoln in the voice of a mean prudence, urging him to forget the cause of humanity. It is known to those who know the inner history of that time that Lincoln's answer was embodied in the concluding paragraph of the greatest utterance he ever made. You remember those words.

"'That we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain that the nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom.'

"I have spoken to you tonight in the spirit of that answer and with the quickened sense of obligation to those later dead of the republic who lie in Flanders and in France."

Borah Joins in League Attack.

Senator Borah spoke for two hours after Senator Johnson. He held the vast audience yelling and cheering while he excoriated the opponents of Johnson. He bitterly attacked the League of Nations, and said he would riddle it before the convention. He accused Johnson opponents of trying to buy the Presidency of the United States, and declared that the American people would be heard from in no uncertain way in November if the Republican Party was not true to its principles now.

"Again we are on the verge of a great national peril," said Mr. Borah. "In my judgment the peril is as great as the nation has ever faced in the past. The League leaders are trying to compromise on the League of Nations and the situation cannot be compromised any more than there could be a compromise in the days of slavery. I ask my Republican friends if the American people ever sought to compromise the principles of American Independence."

The Idaho Senator drew a picture of Abraham Lincoln first appearing as a leader of the party and said:

"As in 1860 a great leader has come out of the West. He refuses to compromise the independence and sovereignty of the American people. Hiram Johnson is the only candidate who refuses to compromise on this great question. Every other candidate is willing to enter into the League of Nations contract and fix a yoke upon every taxpayer and turn over every American boy to the imperial appetites of Europe. Time was when the Republican Party did not compromise. Invoke the spirit of the great leaders and ask them if they would compromise now."

"Never, never," came cries from all over the hall.

"There is not a single reservation of the League that would keep us out of the perils and imperialistic schemes of Europe," the speaker went on. "If the Republican Party wants to turn its back upon Washington and Hamilton and the great leaders of the past, it has the right to do so, but the American people also have the right to pass upon it in November. We can't stay out of Europe and in it at the same time."

Mr. Borah said that Article XI. of the League of Nations was infinitely worse than Article X.

"If Governor Lowden never read Article XI."—began the Senator again, but that was as far as he got. Hisses, boos and catcalls arose all over the hall and the speaker waited for the tumult to cease.

"We are fighting our fight upon ideals and not money"—he again started.

The audience broke loose and registered its approval.

"I am anxious to follow the Republican banner," he went on, "but I am also anxious that the Republican banner shall follow the American flag."

Mr. Borah then switched to the high cost of living problem.

"The President denounces Congress. Congress denounces the President, and meanwhile the America people are being robbed," said the Senator, while the audience cheered and laughed.

He said the present Attorney General was incompetent, and got a big handicap when he added:

"You can never deal with the profiteer through the men who accepts the money of the profiteer for campaign purposes."

He said the man who puts up $500,000 to elect a President expects to get it back, and some one yelled that the speaker should be appointed Attorney General. Mr. Borah raised a deprecating hand and while the audience yelled itself hoarse the Senator said he was not a candidate for any office but was only one of those irresponsible creatures who helped to uncover the campaign contributors." Again the hall was in an uproar.

"The Emperorship of Rome was once sold for $2,500,000," he shouted: "We are not going to sell the Presidency of the United States for any such sum. It's too cheap."

He said some of the candidates were trying to control the convention by the sheer use of money.

William Jennings Bryan was a listener. He was down in front and later shook hands with Senator Borah.

"What do you think of it?" some one asked.

"Well, it's a great help to us," replied Mr. Bryan.

Those who could not get into the theatre packed the short block of the street outside and waited for the appearance of Senators Borah and Johnson. When Mr. Johnson finally appeared on a balcony on the third floor of the Auditorium Hotel and repeated part of the speech he had made inside, he found a crowd that was enthusiastic enough, though apparently composed for the most part of a curious sightseers.

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Simeon Strunsky

whose masterly editorials and quiet humor have gained for him the highest standing, will cover the convention generally and contribute daily signed editorials direct from Chicago.

Mr. Strunsky is chief editorial writer of the New York Evening Post.

Harold Phelps Stokes

one time political reporter, Albany correspondent, and now Washington correspondent of the New York Evening Post, will cover the main news leads and write the special news of the New York delegation.

Elizabeth Miner King

This is the first convention to seat women delegates. Miss King of the Washington staff of the New York Evening Post, is writing the news of the convention from a woman's point of view. She will describe its features and paint in the high lights as they appear to her.

Associated Press Dispatches

In addition to the detailed descriptions and personal stories of its own special staff of writers at the convention, the New York Evening Post will publish full Associated Press reports from day to day—thus giving its readers not only the intimate personal touch of its own correspondents, but also general news gathered by the greatest News Association in the world.

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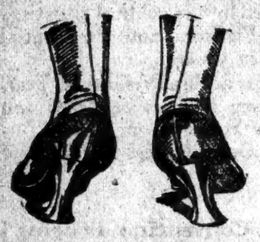

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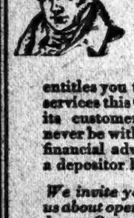

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WOMEN PICKETS MASS ON COLISEUM

Wait Only for the Governors of Vermont and Nutmeg State to Answer.

CALL REPUBLICANS TO ACT

20,000,000 "Unenfranchised" Women's Demand Told in Banners of National Woman's Party.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—What the Governor of North Carolina said to the Governor of South Carolina may be a matter of very minor importance in view of what the United States Supreme Court said to the Nation today, but what the Governor of Connecticut or the Governor of Vermont says or fails to say to the legislators of those respective States before noon tomorrow is the answer to whether the Republican National Convention is to be overtaken by a "catastrophe." This was the final dictum today of the National Woman's Party, the extreme Left of the Suffragists.

Unless the Governor of one of those States calls his Legislature in special session before the temporary Chairman's gavel makes the gathering of the Republican clan a reality, there is to be picketing, the women declared. Just why this picketing is such a calamitous thing to overtake a scant thousand patriots assembled to save the Nation from the Democrats no one explained.

Miss Alice Paul's little bevy of earnest workers, occupying a position of strategic advantage in "Protestant" row on Wabash Avenue, opposite the Coliseum and next door to the storeroom where the shillelahs of the Irish Republic are stored, seem to take that for granted.

"Unless," they say, with all the menace of a mother conversing to little Johnnie when he is going to lapse to him if he does that just once more, "unless you assure us that the thirty-sixth State is about to ratify the National Suffrage Amendment, we picket."

Just as that mother fails to particularize as to what is about to overtake little Johnnie's subcutaneous sensory nerves just so the pain and discomfort of picketing are left to the imagination of those into whose ears the threat is breathed.

Watchful Waiting by the Men.

The National Committee sat in Coliseum Hall, diagonally opposite the picketers' headquarters, this morning, perfectly aware of the impending calamity, and didn't even tremble. Nor has a single delegate, so far as can be learned, made his plans to find an alleyway to his seat in fact, a good many delegates who have read of the militant doings at the White House and elsewhere, are going to be distinctly disappointed unless the women pull some genuinely "rough stuff."

Many of them are here for the first time and want all possible trimmings, while the attitude of blasé old-timers is that, now that they have been promised a new act in the show, they most certainly don't want to see it scratched off the program.

So as the time, not even among the pickets themselves, seems unhappy over the prospects. Of course, they are earnest and sincere, but a lot of them have come a long way, and then there are all those silken banners emblazoned with every epigrammatic argument the brains of their party could conjure, and it would be just a great big pity if the nice Governors did something to spoil the party.

The little storeroom which they have converted into headquarters stood empty for a while, and some of its windows still are placarded with the posters of a show whose announcement has exposed the earnest, sober-minded women inside to a few gibes and more smiles, for these placards read, "The Sweetheart Snap."

But gibes or no gibes, the women went on preparing their banners for tomorrow. Though Governor Sproul of Pennsylvania and Senator Hiram Johnson both promised yesterday to wield their influence upon the recalcitrant New England Governors, and efforts were afoot today to have General Wood and Governor Lowden of Illinois do likewise, there was little hope—or fear—that the pleas of candidates for the nomination would succeed.

New York Women Banner-Bearers.

At least three New York women are expected to be banner bearers. They are Mrs. H. O. Havemeyer, Miss Doris Stevens and Miss Cora Weeks, who already are here. Miss Edith Aince of Jamestown also is expected to join them. Among the legends which will be flaunted before every one who approaches the Coliseum are these:

"Lest the Republican Party forget, 17,000,000 women have the vote. They will not forget what the Republican Party does for suffrage.

"Republicans, 20,000,000 unenfranchised women are waiting.

"Republicans, how long must women wait for liberty?

"The Republican Party has the power to enfranchise women. When will it do so?

"Why did the Republicans fail in Delaware?

"We are here. Where is the thirty-sixth State?

"Theodore Roosevelt advocated woman suffrage. Has the Republican Party forgotten the principles of Theodore Roosevelt?

"We have had enough resolutions. Give us the thirty-sixth State.

"Abraham Lincoln said: 'This Government cannot endure permanently half slave and half free.' Women are not free.

"Republicans, why do you block suffrage? Are you afraid of the woman vote?"

"Republicans, how can you ask for women's support, while you deny them votes?

"How can you ask for women's money while you deny them liberty?

"By what right does the Republican Party ask labor's vote whilst its obstructive tactics in Connecticut and Vermont deny the vote to working women?

"Unenfranchised women have millions for liberty, but not one cent for party tribute.

"Republicans, if you force us to fight, we will begin with 17,000,000 woman's votes.

"For fifty years the greatest feather in the cap of the Republican Party has been the enfranchisement of the negro men. It is time for a new feather.

"We protest against the continued disfranchisement of women, for which the Republican Party is now responsible.

"The Republican Party defeated ratification in Delaware.

"The Republican Party is blocking ratification in Vermont.

"The Republican Party is blocking ratification in Connecticut.

"When will the Republican Party stop blocking suffrage?

"'No self respecting woman should wish or work for the success of a party that ignores her sex.'—Susan B. Anthony."

It does not appear now that any official attempt will be made to interfere with the demonstration, provided it is carried on outside and with a reasonable degree of good behavior. But if a single woman succeeds in getting inside the convention hall with a banner, she must be just about as good at getting in as Houdini is at getting out, to begin with, and she is going to have a rather unpleasant time to end with, the Coliseum officials say.

SEEK SUCCESSOR TO MISS HAY.

Mrs. Longworth and Others Favor Mrs. Livermore as Leader.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—An attempt to elect Mrs. Arthur L. Livermore of New York, Chairman of the Republican Woman's National Committee in place of Miss Mary Garrett Hay, who had announced her retirement after the convention, was defeated by a combination of Western women at a meeting of women State and national leaders in the Auditorium this evening.

Mrs. Livermore, who is Chairman of the Republican Women's Executive Committee of New York State, had been agreed upon at an earlier conference of women prominent in the Republican Party.

Miss Rose Moriarity of Elyria, Ohio, a regional director of women's activities for the Republican National Committee, objected on the ground that action should be postponed until after the nomination for President.

"The nominee always names the man who is to be Chairman, said Miss Moriarity, "and he has just as much right to name the woman Chairman. Let's quit playing tiddledywinks and get down to business."

Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, daughter of Theodore Roosevelt, and Mrs. Medill McCormick of Chicago, together with several others of the women present, took Miss Moriarity aside and tried to get her to withdraw her objection. She told them that she had the support of Miss Hay and of Mrs. Harriet Taylor Upton of Ohio, a leader in women's affairs for the past thirty years.

It was decided to postpone action on the matter.

Women Republicans continued their preparations for the convention today with an equal division of power and responsibility as their ultimate object.

The committee appointed to confer with the sub-committee of the National Committee's Special Rules Committee, of which Coleman du Pone is Chairman, and which is charged with working out a satisfactory plan for women's representation on the National Committee, presented its demand for equal representation on the Executive Committee this afternoon. While the result of the conference was not announced, it was understood that prospects of the women getting at least most of what they wanted were bright. It is probable some definite arrangement will be forthcoming tomorrow.

The National League of Women Voters, which is trying to get its feminist planks carpentered into the platforms of both parties, working upon the Republicans through Republican women and the Democrats through women affiliated with that party, likewise reports "good going" thus far. Through its regional Chairman it began here today to set its claims before each prospective member of the Platform Committee. Where the regional Chairmen happened to be Democrats they chose Republican subordinates to do the influencing.

Thus far, it was said at their headquarters, no opposition has developed to any of their planks, which relate to the home and high prices, women in gainful occupations, child welfare, education, public health and morals and independent citizenship for women. The demand for a Women's Bureau in the Department of Labor has been eliminated because late Congressional action accomplished that object.

Arrangements are to be concluded tomorrow for the league's appearance before the Platform Committee as a whole to urge the planks.

DENOUNCES POCKET VETO.

Senator Jones Deplores Failure of Water Power Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 7. — Senator Jones, Republican of Washington in a statement tonight characterized President Wilson's pocket veto of the Water Power bill as "little short of a calamity to the country." He was one of the joint authors of the measure and Chairman of the conference committee which compromised the differences between the Senate and House on water power legislation.

"I do not know why the President did it," said Senator Jones. "The excuse given, and it is nothing more than an excuse, is that it came to the President too late.

"The bill was sent to the President at 1:15 o'clock P. M. on the 31st day of May. He had it throughout the week. That was ample time to study it, and if there was a valid objection to it, he should have made it known and given Congress a chance to meet it, as he did in the case of the Budget bill, which was sent to him at about the same time.

"He denounced the Republicans for failure to act upon important matters. The time spent in doing this could far better have been used in examining and signing this bill."

DRYS CENTRE FIGHT ON PLATFORM PLANK

Opponents Declare Convention Action Not Needed After Court's Ruling.

ISSUE IS UP TO COMMITTEE

Prohibition Forces Also Hope, by Throwing Votes to "Dark Horse" to Name Republican Candidate.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—The Republican platform may say something about prohibition, but it will not say very much. That is the view of most of those concerned in the issue, following the changed situation created by the Supreme Court's approval of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Act.

The language of the decision was interpreted by some lawyers who have followed the prohibition fight as not only affirmative of the Volstead Act, but making it irrevocable, so far as Congress is concerned—declaring that one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol is the maximum which shall ever be permitted, unless the amendment is repealed by the proper formula.

In that case, it is argued, prohibition is a dead issue, and there is no use in saying anything about it.

But the drys are not going to be weary in well doing. Senator Arthur Capper, one of the leaders in the dry faction here, predicted tonight that the Resolutions Committee would adopt a prohibition plank and that it would give no comfort at all to the wets.

"It may not be as dry as we in Kansas would like to have it," he said, "for you can't make it too dry for us, but it will certainly not give any encouragement to the liberals."

Anderson on Hand With a Plank.

William H. Anderson, New York State Superintendent of the Anti-Saloon League, who with other officials of his organization is on hand to look after the interest of the league, said that the decision removed all reasons against the inclusion of such a plank and strengthened the reasons for it.

"If the Anti-Saloon League's plank, declaring in favor of the enforcement of the Eighteenth Amendment and the laws passed pursuant thereto, is passed," he said, "prohibition will ceased to be an issue.

"If it is not adopted, prohibition will be an issue in the election of every Representative and the filling of every vacant seat in the Senate. It will be better for the party to face the issue now and get it over."

Virgil G. Hinshaw, Chairman of the National Committee of the Prohibition Party, said his organization would remain in the fight despite the decision and would aim to get a strong enforcement plank into both the Republican and Democratic platforms.

"Up to ten days ago," he said, "the responses which we received indicated a strong sentiment among Republicans in favor of a prohibition plank. Then the drys began a concentrated attack on the delegates and some change in sentiment was apparent.

"Within the last three or four days, however, the raising of the drys has given us every reason to feel confident, and this court decision ought to settle it.

"But we are not quitting the fight until the issue is settled, nor will the future course of the Prohibition Party be determined until the party convention, following those of the Republicans and Democrats."

The campaign for the adoption of a prohibition plank in each platform, it was announced, will be furthered by a non-partisan mass meeting at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon in the La Salle Hotel, with Senator Capper, William J. Bryan and Mr. Hinshaw among the speakers.

Dr. Eugene W. Chafin, prohibition nominee for President in 1908 and 1912, said that the Supreme Court's action was the greatest event in the nation's history.

But while the drys were elated, Senator Joseph I. France of Maryland, who is hoping for the Presidential nomination as a personal liberty candidate, thought that the reaction in public opinion, which he declared had followed prohibition legislation, would be reflected in the convention. He expressed no particular hope for any sort of wet plank in the platform, although he said he understood that delegates dissatisfied with prohibition would hold out against the drys, who wanted an enforcement plank; but he asserted that the reflection of public sentiment would be seen in the position of the various candidates. Mr. Anderson had argued that Governor Coolidge who vetoed the 2.75 Beer bill in Massachusetts, would be much more of a competitor for the nomination now that the Supreme Court had established the Volstead act, but Senator France thought that public opinion would go the other way.

Senator France Discusses Repeal.

"I am neither a wet nor a dry," said Senator France. "I am not interested in that phase of the question at all. It is a question whether the people can govern themselves or must be governed by others. If the amendment had merely altered the framework of our Government by conferring upon Congress the power to legislate on the matter of prohibition, it would have been a sound and progressive measure. But it seems to me to be what Senator Root called it, a statute enacted under the guise of an amendment. Moreover, I am opposed to it because it decreases, limits and curtails the sovereign power of the people.

"I should like to see a plank in the platform declaring that the Republican Party holds that all future amendments to the Constitution should be in the direction of enlarging the sovereign power of the people and not in the direction of diminishing it, to the end that the people should remain masters of their Government, rather than permit the Government to be master of the people. That plank would carry with it as a corollary an attempt to repeal the Eighteenth Amendment—the only way in which that situation can be met, as things now stand—because it is opposed to this principle.

"On that issue," the Senator concluded, "I am willing to go into Kansas just as readily as into New York, and they would listen to me in Kansas, for it is far beyond a mere matter of wets and drys. It concerns the fundamental right of the people to decide for themselves."

Drys May Help Dark Horse Win.

Outside of those personally interested there does not seem to be much belief that the wetness or dryness of a candidate will be a serious consideration in determining his availability. Even those who have the matter most at heart do not contend that it will be a major consideration, but with the prospect of elimination of the various leaders and an eventual choice from a herd of "dark horses," they hope that the attitude of a candidate on this particular question may give just the additional weight needed to win him the nomination.

Some of the delegates have a more particular interest in the question. Now and then a group of men engaged in earnest conversation in some public place may be seen to disintegrate gradually and drift out of sight. If they were followed, it would be observed that most of them eventually get together again in some place that is called a "reception room"—as they say in the Greenwich Village "follies," "you have to call it something"—and in those reception rooms, there can be found some refreshment which brings at least a temporary forgetfulness of Mr. Volstead and the Supreme Court. But these cases are not very numerous, and it looks as if their fountains are going to be drunk dry before the convention is over.

LABOR UNOBTRUSIVE AS YET IN CHICAGO

But Gompers May Make Demands Today—Banner Calls Johnson "Mooney's Jailer."

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—Despite the national importance of the American industrial situation and the extent to which the necessity for some constructive method of dealing with it has been stressed by all the Republican Presidential aspirants, organized labor on the eve of the opening session of the convention is remaining quietly in the background.

Probably the union movement is the only one of importance which has no headquarters, no banners, no campaign buttons to distribute to the horde of tourists who collect souvenirs to take home to the folks. If there are labor men circulating among the delegates and the platform makers they are few in number and quiet of voice.

The workers have, it is true, demanded a plank extending the principle of the Railroad Labor Board broadly over the basic industries. Tonight it appears that its representatives will content themselves with this comparatively mild demand in a year when many students of the political situation regard the wage earners' vote as a distinctly uncertain quantity and believe they are in position to ask and to receive much from the hands of both parties.

The expectation that labor as such would seek to play a conspicuous part in Chicago arose from the decision of the American Federation of Labor to reward its friends and punish its enemies in the existing parties, rather than to indorse the American Labor Party, fathered and fostered by the more radical elements.

Coupled with this decision of the strongest mass of affiliated organizations, in the minds of many Republican chieftains, is the fact that the Gompers faction of unionised workers is known to be far from unfriendly to the Democratic Party, while it is felt that because of wage concessions which followed the taking over of the railroads by the Government at the onset of the war the railroad brotherhoods might be expected to wield their own influence in favor of the Democrats.

These are regarded as reasons enough for those who guide the Republican Party's destiny to turn a polite and attentive ear to any expression of wishes on the part of those who, at least traditionally, exercise some dispensatory power over the "labor vote."

Hence the extent to which this element has kept in the background thus far has caused not only surprise, but even a little uneasiness. In consequence it is expected that when Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, arrives here tomorrow from the Federation's annual meeting in Montreal, the venerable dean of the organized labor movement in this country will get both a cordial reception and a considerate hearing.

It may be that, with Mr. Gompers coming, the labor element suddenly will be much more in evidence than it seems to be tonight. Mr. Gompers will go before the Platform Committee in behalf of the plank to which reference has been made, and it is not unlikely that he will amplify the "reward your friends and punish your enemies" doctrine in no uncertain terms.

It safely can be said that while there sometimes is a disposition to scoff at the existence of anything like a labor vote as such, the fact that Mr. Gompers's visit to Chicago is but a stopover by a tourist enroute from Montreal to San Francisco, where there is to be another convention presently, will not be overlooked by those charged with meeting him on behalf of the Republican national assemblage.

An amusing sidelight on the fickleness of labor's adherence was cast this morning by a delivery wagon carrying two huge signs which a radical element sent about the streets, taking good care that it should pass and repass the Coliseum. Though Hiram Johnson has been put forth as the one man who could take the labor vote away from the Democrats and has been regarded as the most radical of the G. O. P. contestants, these signs made it evident that there is a labor element to which even his name is anathema, for they read as follows:

"Hiram Johnson is Tom Mooney's chief jailer in California."

CHICAGO, June 7 (Associated Press). —Samuel Gompers telegraphed National Chairman Hays from the American Federation of Labor Convention at Montreal that he would arrive tomorrow with a committee to appear before the Resolutions Committee when it considers the labor plank.

C. S. Barrett of Georgia, President of the Farmers' Union, also is ready to appear.

Mr. Hays replied to Mr. Gompers that the committee would be delighted to hear him.

POPE HAS RHEUMATISM.

Is Fatigued by Beatification of Negro Martyrs, but Improves.

ROME, June 7.—Pope Benedict is suffering from an attack of rheumatism. Although fatigued by yesterday's ceremonies in connection with the beatification of twenty-two negroes who died for the faith in Uganda under King Mwanga, he passed a peaceful night and his physician this morning found him rested. The pain had decreased and he was better able to use his arm, but care was ordered lest he overtire himself.

That the Pontiff's general health is satisfactory was proven by the fact that he granted several audiences today to church dignitaries, among them the Archbishop of Quito, with whom he conversed for half an hour about the condition of Catholicism in Equador and the development of that republic's project for closer commercial intercourses with Europe. He also received the Apostolic Vicar of Uganda, who presented a telegram from the Minister of Justice of Uganda, thanking the Pope for the honor conferred on the country in the beatification of the martyrs.

Two hundred persons had been invited to be present Sunday morning at mass to be celebrated by the Pope at the Matilde Chapel, but he was unable to participate and mass was said by Mgr. Tacci, papal major domo. It thus became known that Pope Benedict was suffering from rheumatic pains, which it is understood began about a week ago.

MARTIAL LAW IN GALVESTON

Governor Acts Because of Congestion from Longshoremen's Strike.

Special to The New York Times.

GALVESTON, Texas, June 7.—Galveston was placed under martial law today at noon.

Adjt. Gen. W. D. Cope, who has been here several days investigating conditions, told newspaper men this afternoon "that the labor troubles growing out of the coastwise longshoremens' strike will have been brought to an end within a month, or else the Governor will have to get a new Adjutant General."

Failure on the part of Mayor Sappington to obtain written assurances from coastwise steamship operators that they are entirely satisfied with protection given strikebreakers by the local police was regarded by Governor Hobby as being sufficient grounds for the State taking control. Great freight congestion has resulted from the strike.

Troops began arriving this afternoon.

Following an announcement today by Brig. Gen. J. F. Wolters that he had selected one of the public parks as a camp for his troops, the City Commission immediately called a special meeting and instructed the City Attorney to file suit for an injunction restraining the military authorities from using the park for military purposes.

When apprised of this action General Wolters said he had no intention of moving his camp elsewhere. The injunction suit will be filed tomorrow.

That the ultimate effect of establishing martial law here will be a general walkout by all union labor engaged in handling overseas traffic is generally anticipated.

COMMITTEE FOR O'BANNON.

Harry B. Rosen and John T. Dooling Named at Incompetent's Request.

John W. O'Bannon, President of the Maxim Munitions Corporation and head of the O'Bannon Corporation, manufacturers of artificial leather, who has been adjudged incompetent to manage his affairs, wrote a letter yesterday to Supreme Court Justice Tierney from a sanitarium in which he is a patient at Riverdale, stating that he is "reconciled" to the appointment of a committee and asking the court to name his friends, Harry B. Rosen, Vice President of the Harriman National Bank, and John T. Dooling, Assistant District Attorney. The court granted his request. They must give a bond for $400,000.

Louis C. Haggerty, the attorney who filed the petition, said that while Mr. O'Bannon estimated the value of his property at $2,235,094 the actual value is only about $1,000,000, and after his debts have been paid, the net value would be $350'000. He had pledged a large part of his stock holdings as security for the payment of notes and unless the committee acts promptly the equity in the stock will be lost and the estate wiped out, Mr. Haggerty said.

COL. C. E. LYDECKER'S WILL.

Estate of Former Public Administrator All for Family.

The will of Colonel Charles E. Lydecker, lawyer and at one time Public Administrator here, was filed in the Surrogate's office yesterday by his son, Leigh K. Lydecker of Maywood, N. J. The accompanying petition sets out that the personal estate will exceed $10,000, with no real estate holdings.

To the widow, Josephine B. Lydecker, of 11 East Eighty-first Street, is left one-third of the estate. Another third is left to a daughter, Nathalie L. Dyer, who lives at Chevy Chase, Md., but is stopping at present at the Hotel Curzon in London. She is also to have all the army commissions. The remaining third Colonel's swords, medals, awards and is divided equally between the sons, Leigh, and Kenneth of Cleveland. A stepson, Warren, is omitted from the will because he is already well provided for in other ways, the instrument explains. The widow and sons will administer the estate.

FOUR N. Y. U. MEN HONORED.

Phi Beta Kappa Keys to be Presented in Commencement Exercises.

Four honor men of the College of Arts and Pure Science will be formally presented with the Phi Beta Kappa keys as part of the eighty-eighth commencement exercises of New York University tonight in the auditorium at University Heights. They are David C. Jane, Alfred S. Ball, Edwin J. Morgan, and Frank E. Gadbolein.

The award of the keys will be preceded by the twentieth annual Sandham Oratorical contest.

Dean W. Horace Hoskins of the Veterinary College will discuss milk and meat problems at the annual meeting of the Veterinary College Alumni Association at Carnegie Laboratory, in the afternoon. The Veterinarians will hold their annual dinner at 7 P. M. at Cavanaugh's, 258 West Twenty-third Street.

Court to See "Wild Oats" Film.

Supreme Court Justice Donnelly, who heard yesterday an application by the Social Hygienic Films of America for an injunction restraining Commissioner of Licenses Gilchrist from interfering with the presentation of the film "Some Wild Oats" at the Harris Theatre, announced that he would view the film last night and render his decision in accordance with his impressions. A temporary injunction preventing Commissioner Gilchrist from closing the Harris Theatre was served on the Commissioner on Saturday, but he had closed the theatre Friday night.

Anti-Semitism in Vienna.

VIENNA, June 7.—Posters of a violent anti-Semitic character appeared all over the city Sunday. One series requested Gentiles to join leagues for the elimination of Jews from the business and official life of the country and for the expulsion of non-Austrian Jews. Other posters, signed by the German Officers' Association, demand that the army be freed of Jews.

Rochester to Have Seven-Cent Fare.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., June 7.—A seven-cent fare will be operative on the trolleys of Rochester on July 1, Corporation Counsel Pierce announced today. The city will appoint a commissioner of transportation who will try to effect economies allowing a lower rate after three months of seven-cent fares.

PENNSYLVANIA FIRM FOR SPROUL

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

State, and it was reported that some of these men were on their way here to demand of Governor Sproul a declaration favorable to labor. This demand they do not expect to be answered favorably, and that may give them an opportunity to work against Sproul in a plan to aid Knox.

Most of the delegates from Pennsylvania who resented the activities of General Atterbury in behalf of Governor Sproul are practical politicians. Not much argument was needed before the meeting of the delegation today to induce them to follow the Generals lead. The meeting was enthusiastic. All those who had not declared themselves for the Governor were called upon and made speeches that convinced the new leader that he would not have much trouble in holding Pennsylvania's seventy-six representatives for his candidate.

Mayor Moore of Philadelphia, recently elected through the influence of Senator Penrose, presided and did everything possible to persuade the delegates that Mr. Penrose favored what was being done. No message was read from the former boss, nor very ill at home, and no one professed to be expressing his views. But enough of Mr. Penrose's friends, including James Elverson of Philadelphia and Mayor Babcock of Pittsburgh, spoke so favorable of the new order of things that harmony was effected.

Atterbury Carries His Point.

General Atterbury was introduced to the delegates and outlined his plans of campaign. He said that big men throughout the country were looking with favor upon Governor Sproul, who would be supported by Pennsylvania from first to last.

"I have been in charge three days," he said, "and am more convinced than ever of the glorious opportunity Pennsylvania has in making the nomination. We have no enemies, and each day we are gaining fresh support. We will not ask any delegate to abandon his candidate until satisfied that his first choice cannot make the nomination. In order to work effectively, we must have organization and direction. My suggestion is that a steering committee be appointed."

Scores of delegates applauded the suggestion, and in doing so paid warm tributes to Governor Sproul. Bayard Henry, a Director of the Pennsylvania Railroad, pledged himself to "stick by the Governor and see him through."

Ex-Mayor Armstrong of Pittsburgh raised the only voice of protest and warned the delegates that the convention must nominate a man who would measure up to the views of the middle class—as he expressed it—"the mill hands."

Not until the last five minutes was anything said about Mr. Penrose. Then Percy M. Chandler, a Philadelphia broker with offices in New York, said he hoped that in supporting Governor Sproul the delegates were pledging fealty to Senator Penrose. This brought cheers. Attorney General Schaffer offered a resolution expressing regret over the absence of Mr. Penrose.

Governor Sproul, who participated in the proceedings, was visited in the course of the day by William Jennings Bryan, who asked him to support a platform declaration in favor of prohibition. The Governor declined to commit himself, but this was before the decision of the United States Supreme Court upholding the constitutionality of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead law.

Within an hour after the Steering Committee was appointed General Atterbury had his committee of ten organized and they began their canvass of the delegates in the hope of obtaining sufficient second-choice pledges to give Sproul a dominant position as a "dark horse" candidate. Promise of support was received from New York, New Jersey and other States. Sproul's friends recognize that they must obtain their support from the Wood camp, with which they have been very friendly. If Wood is eliminated, Sproul will figure as a strong contender, providing his boom is not injured by the activity of Atterbury or any adverse move by Penrose.

PHYSICIAN REPORTS PENROSE COMFORTABLE

Senator Sitting Up and Telephoning to Chicago—"Some Improvement in His Condition."

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, June 7.—Senator Penrose was reported as "resting fairly comfortable" today by Dr. Herbert B. Carpenter, his personal physician. Dr. Carpenter denied rumors that the Senator was in such pain that narcotics had to be administered.

"The Senator is sitting up," he said, "and is pretty busy on the telephone with Chicago. There was some improvement in his condition today."

Leighton C. Taylor, the Senator's Secretary, said that the Penrose household had been paying more attention to convention work than to matters of the Senator's illness. He said that the Senator was in constant communication with Chicago by telephone and telegraph.

Mr. Taylor was asked if the Senator had any statements to make as to the Sproul boom or other matters pertaining to the convention.

"If he has," said Mr. Taylor, "I will be glad to get them to you as soon as possible. I don't know whether the Senator has any ideas on convention matters now or not. He has many things on his mind that I know nothing of."

Jeweler Drowned in Bronx.

John Konrad, 35, jeweler, of 612 East 150th Street, the Bronx, was drowned in the Bronx River, off 174th Street, last night. He was trying to step from his motorboat to the tender to go ashore when he slipped and fell into the river. Patrolman Joseph Finnigan of the marine division of the Police Department recovered the body.

159 Get Bachelors Degrees at Maine

ORONO, Maine, June 7.—A total of 159 bachelors degrees were awarded at the 49th Commencement Exercises at the University of Maine today. Calvin N. Kendall, Commissioner of Education of New Jersey, who delivered the commencement address. Frank L. Kortland of Washington, botanist; Frank B. Gilbreth, efficiency expert, Providence, and the judges of the Supreme Court of Maine received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws.

Quito Bank Suspends Payment.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, June 6.—The Bank of South America at Quito has been forced to close its doors after a panic and the resultant heavy withdrawal of deposits from the institution. The bank had applied for permission to issue Treasury bills and the Banking Commissioner found it did not have the gold reserve it had represented.

ADVERTISEMENT.

The Evening Mail At 3 Cents—and Why

ANNOUNCEMENT BY HENRY L. STODDARD, PRESIDENT THE EVENING MAIL

The price of The Evening Mail is advanced to three cents per copy, effective to-morrow.

It is no longer possible to produce The Evening Mail for two cents; therefore we fix the price at three cents, and briefly state the reasons.

Two years ago this month—when The Evening Mail sold at the same price as now—print paper cost us three cents per pound.

The lowest cost to us at present is 5 cents per pound; the average is over six.

On July 1st our lowest cost will be 5¾ cents, and the average for total circulation very much higher.

These figures show that the cost of news-print has doubled in two years, while the newspaper's selling price has not changed.

News-print is the largest single expense in the production of a newspaper.

To put one instance into figures: the increase just announced by the paper manufacturers means $150,000 a year addition to the present news-print bill of The Evening Mail.

The same story can be told of labor costs. They are fixed by trade agreements for the year to come on a basis substantially higher than ever and, like newsprint, at least double that of two years ago.

The condition, therefore, is not one of theory; it is cold, inescapable fact.

The figures are not old, but new. They apply to the present and the future.

Whatever influences, if any, may be operating for price recessions in manufacturing lines, the contracts now in force for print paper and for labor for the year to come fix newspaper costs far above existing levels.

In these circumstances, we are sure, the new price of The Evening Mail needs no apology. It certainly prompts no plea by us that the superior merit of the paper justifies it. We make no such claim.

Our hat is in the ring, not in our hand.

The figures quoted above compel the change; nothing else would.

Production costs forced all morning and evening papers to three cents on April 21 last, outside the city limits, and Sunday papers to 10 cents.

The Journal and Globe have since applied the three-cent price to their city circulation as well.

The Evening Mail had hoped to avoid doing likewise; that hope, as we have shown above, is futile.

Advertising volume and rates, of course, could be increased to produce greater revenue—but only at the continued sacrifice of space that should be devoted to news and features of popular interest.

Readers of every newspaper know that that sacrifice has reached an intolerable point. It cannot go on. It is not fair, in order to meet costs, to penalize readers by heavily decreased news matter and advertisers by heavily increased rates.

It is fair to divide costs by making an equitable charge to each for the service performed for each—seeing to it, finally, that the service in both instances is worth the price asked.

The Mail's change to three cents represents that conclusion and that purpose.

One more factor in the new price should be brought to public attention, for it well deserves to be. A wage increase outside the newspaper office is long overdue.

It is not generosity but plain justice to pay adequately a hardworking force of people who endure long hours of exposure to hand you your favorite paper, whichever it may be, or to have it for you regularly at home on your arrival.

We refer to the newsdealer—man, woman, boy or girl.

The newsdealer is the one person in the whole country whose labors have greatly increased but whose basis of earning has not changed one iota since April, 1918.

Meanwhile every newspaper that the newsdealer handles has grown greatly in bulk and editions have spread over longer hours—yet his profit per paper remains the same. This can be said of no other calling.

The new selling price of The Mail—and of other three cent papers—makes it possible to meet production costs and also to increase the newsdealer's earnings. No part of the new price do we more gladly release.

The newsdealer now earns 60 cents per hundred copies; hereafter he will earn 90 cents per hundred—50% increase.

Good luck to him!

STERLING SILVER

THE CHOICEST PEARLS. PRECIOUS STONES. JEWELRY, WATCHES. STATIONERY, SILVER PLATE

REED & BARTON
ESTABLISHED 1824
THEODORE B. STARR, INC
ESTABLISHED 1868
FIFTH AVENUE AT 47th STREET
4 MAIDEN LANE
NEW YORK

AN OFFICER SCHOOL, 7TH REGIMENT'S AIM

Recruiting Campaign for Men Capable of Becoming Commanders to Open Today.

TO APPEAL TO EMPLOYERS

New York City Needs Better Military Protection in Event of Trouble, Says Col. Hayes.

The 7th Regiment will begin an intensive campaign today to recruit young men capable of becoming officers. The plan practically contemplates making the command a training school for officers. Colonel Wade H. Hayes, commanding the regiment, said that, so far as an armed force is concerned, New York is practically undefended. This condition, he said, should not exist, for, while the forces of radicalism are unorganized in this city, they nevertheless exist and are a menace to the safety of the community.

"The military strength of this country is low, due to the fact that many men who have seen service here and overseas feel that they have done their bit and because of the opposition of some large corporations who believe military service interferes with the service of their employes," said Colonel Hayes. "We have met with opposition from one large financial corporation, and one of the railroad companies entering New York City served notice on its men that they could do military duty only on their own time. Both these concerns would be among the first to suffer in the event of trouble.

"If trouble came the 7th Regiment would be called upon to guard the city north of Fifty-ninth Street and south of 110th Street and east of Fifth Avenue. Recently the regiment practiced how to cover this territory and the whole east side became hysterical. The men were impeded by thousands and some of these were armed."

Colonel Hayes said that the radical element was not organized, but a skeleton organization would recruit rapidly and the surest means of protection would be an armed force.

In this connection he said there was less than a regiment on Governor's Island and in the coast artillery here. The present strength of the 7th Regiment, he said, was 620 men and fifty-four officers, when it ought to be 1,476 men and fifty-six officers.

Flying squadrons composed for the most part of former members of the regiment will begin this morning a solicitation of practically all large employers of labor, asking their aid in bringing the regiment up to full strength. These employers will be asked to designate a number of their employes between the ages of 18 and 25, amounting to one-fifth of their male personnel, as eligible to join the regiment, and to make an official announcement that the men who enlist shall receive full pay while doing military service, and that the time so occupied shall not be deducted from their vacations. In this recruiting campaign the Colonel said it was not proposed to "take just anybody." Young men of good health and clean reputations were desired, who could be trained so that "when the next national emergency arises they will be able to wear shoulder straps."

Captain George Nichols, who is directing the campaign under Colonel Hayes's supervision, said that a huge bulletin board would be placed in front of the armory at Sixty-sixth Street and Park Avenue tonight and on it the results of the campaign from day to day will be tabulated. One feature will be the publication on the bulletin board of the firms and individuals who have agreed to support the guard.

PLANS CHURCH PUBLICITY.

Swedenborgian Convention Discusses National Advertising Campaign.

A national advertising campaign to make better known the Swedenborgian Church was advocated yesterday at the General Convention in the New Church, Thirty-fifth Street, between Park and Lexington Avenues.

The General Council was requested to appoint a special committee to make careful inquiry into the subject of coordinating the publicity work of the Church and look into ways and means of organizing and financing a national advertising campaign. The Rev. John W. Stockwell of Philadelphia said the campaign should be national. He believed money for such a campaign would be well spent. Full page advertisements in newspapers were advocated by S. F. Hatton, an advertising man of Philadelphia.

The Rev. Dr. Julian K. Smyth, pastor of the local church, was for the eighth successive year elected President of the convention. The other officers chosen were: Vice President, Job Barnard, Washington; Recording Secretary, Benjamin A. Whittemore, Boston; Assistant Secretary, J. Woodruff Saul, Chicago; Treasurer, James Richard Carter, Boston.

Last evening the delegates and their friends had a dinner at the Hotel Commodore. There followed a symposium on "What Means Must the Convention Take to Provide a Ministry to Meet the Growing Needs of the Church." Dr. Smyth was toastmaster.

Eight Years for Killing Her Sister.

Maria Tucci, 20 years old, convicted of killing her sister, Mrs. Angelina Condi, who was shot in her rooms at 99 West Houston Street on March 5, was sentenced by Judge Nott in General Sessions yesterday to eight to fifteen years in the Auburn Prison for Women.

BUILDING BREVITIES

Cost data must follow the performance they record so closely as to form the basis of immediate further procedure. Otherwise, they are but the desiccated bones of accounting.

ABERTHAW building costs are available to the operating force within a few hours of the task recorded.

They are the safety gauge that indicates pressure of expense.

ABERTHAW CONSTRUCTION COMPANY
Contracting Engineers
BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS
ATLANTA, BUFFALO, PHILADELPHIA

"THE transformations of the Arabian Nights were not more marvelous than the speedy changing of a liquid into a solid block of ice." This was the way the making of the first artificial ice impressed scientists.

Then ice was made in a six-pound capacity machine, turned by hand. Today the Knickerbocker Ice Company has 16 plants in and around New York, some are run by steam, some by electricity.

One plant alone turns out 450 tons of ice daily.

Knickerbocker ICE Company

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

FREE CHRISTIAN SCIENCE LECTURE, by Frank H. Leonard, C. S. B., Friday, June 11, 1920, under the auspices of the Christian Science Society at Washington Heights, in the large hall, Floral Garden, 140th Street and Broadway. Doors open at 7 o'clock.

Knights of Columbus Graceful Act.

Knights of Columbus present status of Lafayette to France. All about it, illustrated. One of forty big features June CURRENT HISTORY, 208 pages, latest news in 50 nations. Facts, no comment. On news stands.—Advt.

1573—After Dinner Coffee Set $62.50

A RECIPE for a really successful wedding is compounded of one bride, a tulle veil and orange blossoms, one groom, one ring, assorted bridesmaids and ushers and a representative shower of Ovington gifts.

OVINGTON'S
"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"
314 Fifth Ave. nr. 32d St.

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Streets

MOURNING APPAREL SHOP

Retains Coolness and Achieves Charm in

WOMEN'S and MISSES' SUMMER FROCKS

Organdie
Voile
Gingham
Dotted Swiss

19.75 and 29.50

RESTRICTED by convention, these frocks are unrestricted in both variety and value.

BLACK WHITE LAVENDER
BLACK and WHITE LAVENDER and WHITE

FEMININE MOURNING APPAREL SHOP
Fifth Floor

The Store is closed at 5 P. M. daily

Value, Quality and Service

are outstanding features of the Store policy. This policy is more than ever emphasized in the purchasing opportunities offered to the public at the present time

B. Altman & Co.

MADISON AVENUE - FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK
Thirty-fourth Street — Thirty-fifth Street

A Special Offering of

Men's Summer Shirts Pajamas and Silk Neckwear

will be an important event

for to-day (Tuesday) on the First Floor

EXCEPTIONAL VALUES are represented in these low prices

Men's Negligee Shirts
(soft-cuff models)

made of fancy striped madras presenting a varied assortment of desirable patterns and color effects (including a generous selection of blues and blacks)

at $2.45 each

Men's Percale Pajamas

of excellent quality, in attractive color-stripe patterns

at $2.35 per suit

Men's Silk Four-in-hand Scarfs

at $1.30 each

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at 90c. each

This Neckwear is made from polka-dot twilled silks (blue or black, with white dots of various sizes) of fine quality. The silks were imported from Europe by B. Altman & Co. and made up in workrooms located in the establishment.

Sale on the First Floor (Madison Avenue section)

FRANKLIN SIMON MEN'S SHOPS
2 to 8 WEST 38th STREET

We are the only institution *featuring* *Hand-Tailored* SUITS *for* MEN at $50

WE are the first institution to register in our retail prices the recent readjustment in cost of production. Most stores are loaded up with suits bought in a rising woolen market. That is the danger of buying too far ahead. We, who control our tailoring facilities and are independent of the ordinary hazards of merchandising, do not need to speculate on the future, and can look ahead farther than we buy. We were not the only shop to foresee a readjustment. But we are one of very few shops which can take immediate advantage of it, and pass it on to you.

Franklin Simon & Co.
FIFTH AVENUE

Sale of 14,000 Men's Summer Cravats

59c

There are thousands to choose from—YOURS *must* be among them.
This offer presents a rare opportunity to purchase your entire Summer supply of high grade cravats at the very beginning of the season—at a remarkably low price.
The lot includes plain weaves, dark rich scrolls, crepe failles, poplins, twills and various other weaves, in a large variety of designs for the season's wear.

Buy Your Supply for the Summer and Save

For One Day Only

Men's Soft Summer Shirts $1.98

Will Go Well With One of the Summer Cravats

This lot of shirts consists of high count percale, soft cuff models. They are made of a material that will stand *long* wear. The patterns and colors are the season's newest ideas on white grounds. Sizes 14 to 17.

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R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.
HERALD SQUARE NEW YORK

Authorized Exchange Dealers
NEW & USED
BUICKS
Glidden Motor and Supply Co.,
232 West 59th St.
One Door East of Broadway.

American Cement Tile Mfg. Co.
TILE ROOFS FOR INDUSTRIAL PLANTS
LASTING LOW IN COST SIGHTLY
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SOVIET MARRIAGE LAW.

Full text of Soviet marriage and legitimacy laws appears in the June CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE; 40 other subjects of equal importance; fifty nations, international events within the last thirty days; 208 pages; June CURRENT On news stands.—Advt.

NEW DRIVE ON RUM TO FOLLOW DECISION

Shevlin Predicts 75 Per Cent. of "Hard Liquor" Saloons Will Be Closed in a Week.

HEAVY PENALTIES LIKELY

O'Connor Would Hold Wholesalers Responsible for Whisky Released on Bogus Permits.

Prohibition enforcement officers in this city yesterday declared the decision of the Supreme Court upholding the constitutionality of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead act would result in an immediate drive against illicit traffic in liquor. James Shevlin, Supervising Prohibition Enforcement Agent for this district, declared 75 per cent. of the "hard-liquor" saloons and "speakeasies" would be closed within a week.

Mr. Shevlin said that between 300 and 600 cases pending in the Federal courts against violators of the Volstead act would be brought to trial before June 10, and that heavy penalties would be imposed on all persons convicted.

Charles R. O'Connor, Director of Prohibition Enforcement in this State, asserted that hundreds of permits granted by his office for the removal and sale of whisky would be revoked. He said his Inspectors had discovered many permit holders evading the law, and that in every such case action would be started to forfeit the bonds under which whisky purveyors guaranteed to carry on a legitimate business.

Both Mr. Shevlin and Mr. O'Connor admitted their hands had been tied to a considerable extent by the uncertainty of the constitutionality of the prohibition laws. Now that this was settled, however, prohibition enforcement departments would resume the fight with renewed vigor.

Penalties to Make Work Easier.

While they admitted their forces had not been large enough to cope with the situation, they insisted that heavy fines and stiff prison sentences would make their work much easier.

"I predict that 75 per cent. of the saloons in this district will be closed within a week," said Mr. Shevlin. "We have patiently awaited this decision by the Supreme Court, and now our hands are tied no longer.

"We are going to continue our fight with renewed vigor. Many permits granted since prohibition went into effect will be revoked, in most instances because we suspect persons holding them of using them for illegal purposes. I predict that 300 permits will be revoked in a short time.

"We have pending before the Federal Courts 500 or 600 cases, all of which are prepared for trial. Hitherto when an offender had been found guilty, the courts have been lenient, because the Judges no doubt felt that severity should not be practised until the United States Supreme Court had passed on the constitutionality of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead act. In most cases only small fines were imposed, or occasionally a short prison term, but in the future, heavy penalties will be in order. All pending cases will be presented to the local Federal courts by next Thursday. I believe most of those awaiting trial will plead guilty, as the evidence against them is conclusive."

Five Years for Second Offenders.

Mr. O'Connor also said uncertainty over the constitutionality of prohibition and the resultant light sentences imposed on violators of the Volstead act had stowed up the machinery of his office. He, too, predicted heavy fines and jail sentences. Speaking of the misuse of permits, he added:

"I want to make myself emphatic on the fact that we shall not stop with the mere revocation of permits where we obtain evidence that they have been used in violation of the law, but we will institute actions in the Federal courts to enforce the penalties guaranteed by the bonds furnished by the permit holders.

"Under the Volstead act the person found guilty of being a first offender is liable to a fine of $1,000 and imprisonment for six months. The person who is found guilty of violating the Prohibition law two or more times is liable to a fine of $2,000 and five years' imprisonment."

Mr. O'Connor declared that dishonest warehouse proprietors and wholesale whiskey dealers were responsible for most of the withdrawals on bogus permits. He said that about a month ago he assigned his entire force of twenty-five inspectors to investigate withdrawals in the city. They found the average wholesaler and warehouse proprietor to be doing a legitimate business, but that "fly-by-night" wholesalers who sprang up after the Volstead act became operative had released most of the whiskey on bogus permits.

Declares Wholesaler Responsible.

"It is my contention that the warehouse proprietor or wholesaler who releases whiskey under a bogus permit is the man to be held responsible," said Mr. O'Connor. "Any man who releases whiskey on such a permit is either careless, indifferent or dishonest, and he has no right to hold a permit. The man who wants to conduct his business in a legitimate manner will take the necessary precautions against selling whiskey to persons not entitled to it under the law. He should communicate with this office before he permits any whiskey to be withdrawn."

Director O'Connor said most of the "fly-by-night" wholesalers were aliens, and he had ordered his staff to issue permits only to American citizens. Many permits had been revoked, he asserted, because the holders could not speak English, and, therefore, obviously would not understand the restrictions of the Prohibition law.

John B. Quigley, Assistant Supervising Prohibition Agent in this district, announced that hereafter saloon keepers and others found violating the law would be taxed the $25 for a retail dealer's permit, plus $500 as a penalty. He said it would not be necessary to convict a purveyor, the evidence of the prohibition enforcement officers being sufficient under the law. Payment of taxes and penalties must be made to the Internal Revenue officer in cash, and where a saloon keeper fails to pay immediately the enforcement agents may seize the bar fixtures to satisfy the Government's claim.

Liquor Seized on Ships.

Inspectors under Thomas E. Rush, Surveyor of the Port, brought to the Customs House yesterday 700 bottles of liquors seized last Sunday on two steamships moored to Brooklyn piers. The steamship Pachuta, recently arrived from Cuba and lying at the pier of the Arbuckle Sugar Refining Company, was searched by Officers Hokensen, Schmidt and Sterling. They found fifteen cases of rye and Scotch whiskey in one watertank. Four cases of Scotch were found behind another in the engine room, and forty-eight bottles of whiskey were found behind a false bulkhead in the firemen. In the galley the officers also came across two barrels marked "corned beef," which contained forty-eight bottles of whiskey.

The officers then went to the steamship Susquehanna of the Shipping Board, lying at the Bush Terminal, and found 248 bottles of cognac and whiskey in a locker.

In Brooklyn, Leroy B. Ross, United States Attorney, declared his office would proceed immediately with the trials of most of those arrested for defying the Volstead act. United States Marshal Power said the Supreme Court had removed every excuse offered by violators of the prohibition law.

"Now there will be more activity on the part of Federal officials in suppressing the sale of liquors," he said. "Many objectionable places will find it unprofitable and unsafe to continue in business, and Brooklyn soon will be bone dry. As the number of saloons is reduced, enforcement of prohibition will be correspondingly easier."

FIGHT IS LOST, SAYS MAYER.

Wets' Attorney Comments on End of Court Struggle.

CHICAGO, June 7.—Levy Mayer, of Chicago, who argued the prohibition case for the distillers in the Supreme Court, said today on hearing of the decision:

"The fight is lost. The avenue of the courts is now exhausted."

DRY LAWS UPHELD BY SUPREME COURT

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

Devanter announced that he was instructed by the court to read the decision in the nine cases commonly known as "the prohibition cases." The court had previously announced that it was meeting in its last session to hand down decisions until after the Summer recess, which concludes in October.

The court dismissed petitions filed by the State of Rhode Island seeking to have Federal officials enjoined from enforcing prohibition in that State, and also dismissed injunction proceedings brought by the State of New Jersey to prevent the enforcement of prohibition within that State. The decision involved appeals also from Massachusetts, Kentucky, Wisconsin and Missouri.

Text of the Court's Decision.

Mr. Justice Van Devanter read the decision as follows:

"Power to amend the Constitution was reserved by Article V., which reads:

The Congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this Constitution, or, on the application of the Legislatures of two-thirds of the several States, shall call a convention proposing amendments, which, in either case, shall be valid to all intents and purposes, as part of this Constitution, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the Congress; provided that no amendment which may be made prior to the year 1808 shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no State, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the Senate.

The text of the Eighteenth Amendment proposed by Congress in 1917 and proclaimed as ratified in 1919 (40 stat. 1050, 1041), is as follows:

Section 1. After one year from the ratification of this article the manufacture, sale or transportation of intoxicating liquors within, the importation thereof into, or the exportation thereof from the United States and all territories subject to the jurisdiction thereof for beverage purposes is hereby prohibited.

Sec. 2. The Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

"Comprehensively looking at all these contentions, the confusion and contradiction to which they lead serves, in my judgment, to make it certain that it cannot possibly be that Congress and the States entered into the great and important business of amending the Constitution in a matter so vitally concerning all the people solely in order to render governmental action impossible; or, if possible, to so define and limit it as to cause it to be productive of no result and to frustrate the obvious intent and general purpose contemplated.

"It is true, indeed, that the mere words of the second section tend to these results, but if they be read in the light of the cardinal rules which compel a consideration of the context in view of the situation and the subject with which the amendment deals and the purpose which it was intended to accomplish, the confusion would be seen to be only apparent.

Duty to Define Intoxicants.

"In the first place, it is indisputable that the first section imposes a general prohibition which it was the purpose to make universally and uniformly operative and efficacious. In the second place, as the prohibition did not define the intoxicating beverages which it prohibited, in the absence of anything to the contrary it clearly, from the very fact of its adoption, passed upon Congress the duty, not only of defining the prohibited beverages, but also of enacting such regulations and sanctions as were essential to make them operative when defined.

"In the third place, when the second section is considered with these truths in mind, it becomes clear that it simply manifests a like purpose to adjust, as far as possible, the exercise of the new powers passed upon Congress by the amendment to the dual system of government existing under the Constitution.

"In other words, dealing with the new prohibition created by the Constitution, operating throughout the length and breadth of the United States, 'without reference to State lines and the distinction between State and Federal power, and contemplating the exercise by Congress of the duty passed upon it to make the prohibition efficacious, it was sought by the second section to unite national and State administrative agencies in giving effect to the amendment and the legislation of Congress enacted to make it completely operative.

"I take it that if the second section of the article did not exist no one would gainsay that the first section in and of itself granted the power and imposed the duty upon Congress to legislate to the end that by definition and sanction the amendment would become fully operative. This being true, it would follow, if the contentions under consideration were sustained, that the second section, by reason to the extent that it gave the States power, would authorize them to define the amendment and give it sanction, which would amount to saying that power in a State to enforce an enforceable amendment is a power to make an amendment enforceable, which is not of that character.

"Limiting the concurrent power to enforce given by the second section to the purposes which I have attributed to it, I assume that it will not be denied that the effect of the grant of authority was to confer upon both Congress and the States authority to do things which otherwise there would be no power to do. This being true, I submit that no reason exists for saying that a grant of power to enforce, which was necessary to enable that result to be accomplished, can be made use of for the purpose of destroying the provisions to enforce which the grant was made."

McReynolds Sees "Bewilderment."

While not dissenting from the court's decision, Associate Justice McReynolds wrote a separate concurring opinion, in which he said:

"I do not dissent from the disposition of these cases as ordered by the court, but confine my concurrence to that. It is impossible now to say with fair certainty what construction should be given to the Eighteenth Amendment. Because of the bewilderment which the amendment creates, a multitude of questions will inevitably arise and demand solution here. In the circumstances I prefer to remain free to consider these questions when they arise."

Justice McKenna's Opinion.

Associate Justice McKenna wrote a long separate opinion in statement of his views, in which he declared that, while the court set forth conclusions only, without giving its reasons for them, he sought "at least to excuse if I cannot justify my dissent." Justice McKenna's discussion of the court's decision was:

"The court in applying it has dismissed certain of the bills, reversed the decree in one, and affirmed the decrees in four others. I am unable to agree with the judgment reversing No. 704 and affirming Nos. 752, 696, 788 and 837. I am, however, at a loss how and to what extent to express the grounds for this action.

"The court declares conclusions only, without giving any reason for them. The instance may be wise—establishing a precedent now, and if hereafter wisely to be limitated it will undoubtedly decrease the literature of the court, if it does not increase its lucidity. However reasons for the conclusions have been omitted, and my comment upon them may come from a misunderstanding of their present import and ultimate purpose and force.

"There are, however, clear declarations that the Eighteenth Amendment is part of the Constitution of the United States, made so in observance of the prescribed constitutional procedure, and has become part of the Constitution, to be respected and given effect like other provisions of that instrument. With these conclusions I agree.

"As to conclusions 4, 5 and 6, I neither assent to them nor dissent from them, except so far as I shall presently express.

"Conclusion, seems an unnecessary declaration. It may, however, be considered as supplementary to some other declaration. My only comment is that I know of no intimation in the case that section 2 in conferring concurrent power on Congress and the States to enforce the prohibition of the 1st section conferred a power to defeat or obstruct prohibition. Of course, the power was conferred as a means to enforce the prohibition and was made concurrent to engage the resources and instrumentalities of the nation and the States. The power was conferred for use thereof, not for abuse.

Conflicts With State Laws.

"Conclusions 8 and 9, as I view them, are complements of each other, and express, with a certain verbal detail, the power of Congress and the States over the liquor traffic, using the word, in its comprehensive sense, as including the production of liquor, its transportation within the States, its exportation from them, and its importation into them; in a word, giving power over the liquor business from producer to consumer and to prescribe the quality of the latter's beverage. However, certain determining elements are expressed. It is said that the words 'concurrent power' of section 2 do not mean joint power in Congress and the States, nor the approval by the States of Congressional legislation, nor its dependency upon State action or inaction.

"I cannot confidently measure the force of the declarations or the deductions that are or can be made from them, they seem to be regarded as sufficient to impel the conclusion that the Volstead act is legal legislation and operative throughout the United States. But are there no opposing considerations, no conditions upon its operations? And what of conflicts, and there are conflicts and more there may be, between it and State legislation? The conclusions of the court do not answer the questions, and yet they are submitted for decision and their importance appeals for judgment upon them.

"It is to be remembered States are litigants as well as private citizens, the former presenting the rights of the States, the latter seeking protection against the asserted aggression of the act in controversy. And there is opposing State legislation. Why not decision upon it? Is it on account of the nature of the actions being civil and in equity or the proper forum being a criminal court investigating a criminal charge? There should be some way to avert the necessity or odium of either.

Urges Clear Delimitation.

"I cannot pause to enumerate the contentions in the case. Some of them present a question of joint action in Congress and the States, either collectively with all or severally with each. Others assert spheres of the powers, involving no collision, it is said, the power of Congress and the States being supreme and exclusive within the spheres of their exercise. I submit, again, they should have consideration and decision.

"The Government has felt and exhibited the necessity of such consideration and decision. It knows these conflicts that exist or impend. It desires to be able to meet them, silence them and bring the repose that will come from a distinct declaration and delimitation of power of Congress and the States. The court, however, thinks otherwise, and I pass to the question in the case. It is a simple one. It involves the meaning of a few single words—what a sentence they shall be taken in, whether in their ordinary sense or have put upon them an unusual sense.

"Referring to the first section of the amendment, it will be seen to be a restriction upon State and Congressional power and jurisdiction from that which the States now or Congress can enact legislation that contravenes the prohibition of the section. And there is no room for controversy as to its requirement. Its prohibition of 'intoxicating liquors for beverage purposes' is absolute. And as necessary to that prohibition is the further prohibition of their manufacture, sale or transportation within or their importation into or exportation 'from the United States.'

"Its prohibition, therefore, is national and the means of its enforcement might be such as Congress, the agency of the national power, might prescribe. But it does not stand alone. Section 2 associates Congress and the States in power to enforce it. Its words are 'the Congress and the several States shall have concurrent power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.'"

Excludes "Dependent Power."

"What then is meant by the words 'concurrent power'? Do they mean united action or separate and independent action, and if the actions differ (there is no practical problem unless they differ) shall that of Congress be supreme?

"The Government answers that the words mean separate and independent action, and in case of conflict that of Congress is supreme and asserts, besides, that its answer is sustained by historical and legal precedents. I contest the assertions and suppose them to be the common sense of our language and the definitions of our lexicons, general and legal.

"Some of the definitions assign to the words 'concurrent power,' action in conjunction, contribution of effort, certainty by harmony of action, not antagonism. Opposing laws are not concurring laws, and to assert the supremacy of one over the other is to assert the exclusiveness of one over the other, not its concomitance. Such is the result of the Government's contention. It does not satisfy the definitions or the requirement of Section 2—'concurrent power' excludes the idea of a dependent power.

Aim to Change People's Habits.

"Other definitions assign to the words 'existing or happening at the same time,' 'concurring together,' 'coexistent.' These definitions are, as the others are, inconsistent with the Government's contention. If coexistence of the power of legislation is given to Congress and the States by Section 2, it is given to be coexistently exercised.

"It is to be remembered that the Eighteenth Amendment was intended to deal with a condition, not a theory, and one demanding something more than exhortation and precept. The habits of a people were to be changed, large business interests were to be disturbed, and it was considered that the change and disturbance could only be effected by punitive and repressive legislation, and it was naturally thought that legislation enacted by 'the Congress and the several States' by its concurrence would better enforce prohibition and avail for its enforcement the two great division of our governmental system, the nation and the States, with their influences and instrumentalities.

"From my standpoint the exposition of the case is concluded by the definition of the words of Section 2. There are, however, confirming considerations and militating observations urged, of legal precedents.

"Those cases" he said "are examples of the elemental rule of construction that in the exposition of statutes and constitutions every word is to be expounded in its plain, obvious and common sense, unless the context furnishes some ground to control, qualify or enlarge it, and there can not be imposed upon the words 'any recondite meaning or any extraordinary loss.' Besides, when we depart from words ambiguity comes.

"There are as many solutions as there are minds considering the section, and out of the conflict, I had almost said chaos, one despairs of finding an undisputed meaning. It may be said that the court realizing this, by a declaration of conclusions only, has escaped the expression of antithetical views and considered it better not to blaze the trails, though it was believed that they all led to the same destination.

"If it be conceded, however, that to the words 'concurrent power' may be ascribed the meaning for which the Government contends, it certainly cannot be asserted that such is their ordinary meaning and I might leave section 2 and the presumptions that support it to resist the precedents adduced by the Government. I go further, however, and deny the precedents. The Federalist and certain cases are cited as such.

Supreme Power in Concurrence.

"The Government contends that the decision constitutes precedents for its construction of Section 2 of the Eighteenth Amendment. In other words, the Government contends that it was decided that in all cases where the powers of Congress are concurrent with those of the States they are supreme as incident to concurrence. The contention is not tenable; it overlooks the determining consideration.

"The powers of Congress were not decided to be supreme because they were concurrent with powers in the States, but because of their source, their source being the Constitution of the United States and the laws made in pursuance of the Constitution, as against the source of the powers of the States, the Constitution and laws of the United States being made the supreme law of the land, anything in the Constitution or laws of any State to the contrary notwithstanding.

"The Eighteenth Amendment is part of the Constitution of the United States, therefore as of high sanction as Article V. There seems to be a denial of this, based on article V. 'That article provides that the amendments proposed by either of the ways there expressed shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of this Constitution.' Some undefinable power is attributed to this in connection with Article VI., as if Article V. limits in some way or defeats an amendment to the Constitution inconsistent with a previously existing provision. What other purpose could an amendment have, and it would be nullified by the mythical power attributed to the Constitution, either alone or in conjunction with Article VI.? A contention that ascribes such power to those articles to the contrary is untenable. The Eighteenth Amendment is part of the Constitution and as potent as any other part of it. Section 2, therefore, is a new provision of power, power to the States as well as to Congress; and it is a contradiction to say that a power constitutionally concurrent in Congress and the States in some way becomes constitutionally subordinate in the States to Congress.

Safeguards as to States.

"If it be said that the States got no power over prohibition that they did not have before, then it cannot be said that it was not preserved to them by the amendment, though the policy of prohibition was made national. There was, however, a power given to the States, and this power was subject to concurrence with Congress and had the same safeguards.

"This construction of Section 2 is enforced by other considerations. If the supremacy of Congress had been intended it would have been directly declared as in the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments. And such was the condition when the amendment left the Senate. The precedent of preceding amendments was followed. There was a single declaration of jurisdiction in Congress.

"Section 2 was amended in the House upon recommendation of the Judiciary Committee, and the provision giving concurrent power to Congress and the States was necessarily estimated and intended to be additive of something. The Government's contention makes it practically additive of nothing but words, denuding it of function and of all meaning to the States, making it a gift of impotence, not one of power to be exercised independently of Congress or concurrently with Congress, or indeed, at all.

"Of this there can be no contradiction, for what power is assigned to the States to legislate—if the legislation be immediately superseded—indeed as this case shows, is forestalled and precluded by the power exercised in the Volstead act. And no meaningless is the difference the Government suggests between concurrent power and concurrent legislation. A power is given to be exercised, and we are cast into helpless and groping bewilderment in trying to think of it apart from its exercise or the effect of its exercise.

"The addition to Section 2 was a conscious adaptation of means to the purpose. It changed the relation between the States and the National Government. The lines of exclusive power in one or the other were removed and equality and community of powers substituted.

Denies Alternative Meaning.

"There is a suggestion, not made by the Government, though assisting its contention, that Section 2 was a gift of equal power to Congress and to the States—not, however, to be concurrently exercised, but to be separately exercised; conferred and to be exercised, is the suggestion, to guard against neglect in either Congress or the States, the inactivity of the one being supplied by the activity of the other. But here again we encounter the word 'concurrent,' and its inexorable requirement of coincident or united action, not alternative or emergent action to safeguard against the delinquency of Congress or the States.

"If, however, such neglect was to be apprehended, it is strange that the framers of Section 2, with the whole vocabulary of the language to draw upon, selected words that expressed the opposite of what the framers meant; in other words, expressed concurrent action instead of substitute action. I cannot assent. I believe they meant what they said, and that they must be taken at their word.

"The Government, with some consciousness that its contention requires indulgence or excuse, makes some concessions to the States. They are, however, not very tangible to measurement. They seem to yield a power of legislation to the States and a power of jurisdiction to their courts, but almost at the very instant in succession the power and jurisdiction are declared to be without effect.

"I am not, therefore, disposed to regard the concessions seriously. Of what use is a concession of jurisdiction to the courts of the States when their judgments cannot be executed? Indeed, the very law upon which it is exercised may be declared void in an antagonistic jurisdiction exerted in execution of an antagonistic power. And equally worthless is the analogy that the Government essays between the power of the National Government and the power of the States to criminally punish violations of their respective sovereignties, as, for instance, in counterfeiting cases. In such cases the exercises of sovereignty are not in antagonism. Such is inherently possessed and independently exercised and can be enforced no matter what the other sovereignty may do or abstain from doing.

Differences in Drastic Laws.

"The Government seeking relief from the perturbation of mind and opinions produced by departure from the words of Section 2 suggests a modification of its contention, that in case of conflict between State legislation and Congressional legislation, that of Congress would prevail by intimating that if State legislation be more drastic than Congress legislation, it might prevail, and in support of the suggestion urges that Section 1 is a command to prohibition, and that the purpose of Section 2 is to enforce the command, and whatever legislation is more prohibitive subserves best the command, displaces less restrictive legislation and becomes paramount.

"If a State therefore should define an intoxicating beverage to be one that has less than one-half of 1 per cent. of alcohol it would supersede the Volstead Act, and a State might even keep its legislation supreme by forestalling Congressional retaliation by prohibition of all artificial beverages of themselves innocuous, the prohibition being necessary to the main purpose of power.

"Of course this concession of the more drastic legislation destroys all that is urged for Congressional supremacy, for necessarily supremacy cannot be transferred from the States to Congress or from Congress to the States as the quantity of alcohol may vary in the prohibited beverage. Section 2 is not quite so flexible to management.

"I may say, however, that one of the conclusions of the court has limited the range of retaliation. It recognizes that there are limits beyond which Congress cannot go in treating beverages as within its power of enforcement and declares that these limits are not transcended by the provisions of the Volstead act. Of course, necessarily the same limitations apply to the power of the States as well.

Wants United Action.

"From these premises the deduction seems inevitable that there must be united action between the States and Congress, or at any rate concordant and harmonious action, and will not such action promote better the purpose of the amendment—will it not bring to the enforcement of prohibition the power of the States and the power of Congress, make all the instrumentalities of the State, its courts and officers, agencies of the enforcement, as well as the instrumentalities of the United States, its courts and officers, agencies of the enforcement? Will it not bring to the States as well, or preserve to them, a partial autonomy, satisfying, if you will, their prejudices, or better say, their predilections? And it is not too much to say that our dual system of government is based upon them. And this prediction for self-government the Eighteenth Amendment regards and respects, and by doing so sacrifices nothing of the policy of prohibition.

"It is, however, urged that to require such concurrence is to practically nullify the prohibition of the amendment, for without legislation its prohibition would be ineffectual, and that it is impossible to secure the concurrence of Congress and the States in legislation. I cannot assent to the proposition. The conviction of the evils of intemperance, the eager and ardent sentiment that impelled the amendment, will impel its execution through Congress and the States.

"It may not be in such legislation as the Volstead act, with its one-half of 1 per cent. alcohol, or in such legislation as some of the States have enacted, with their 2.75 per cent. of alcohol, but it will probably not now be proposed even by the most active advocates of the manufacture and sale of liquor.

FALSE REPORT ELATES WETS.

Festivity Follows Early Bulletin—Law Called Unenforceable.

Misinterpretation of the decision of the United States Supreme Court upholding the constitutionality of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead Enforcement act gave anti-prohibitionists in the city a few moments of joy yesterday afternoon, but within five minutes their joy was turned to gloom when they found that the decision of the court really put a legal quietus on the sale of liquors for beverage purposes.

The first "flash" of the decision received in this city from Washington indicated that the amendment and the enforcement act had been declared invalid, and in a few seconds the report was being telephoned all over the city. Saloons and cafés in the financial district were the first to receive the false report, and patrons of these places hurried into the streets to carry it to others. Eventually it was being telephoned to every oasis along the mid-Broadway section, and spread like wildfire to the saloons on the east and west sides and to Harlem and the Bronx.

There were many exchanges of "Well, here's how," while there port was gaining ground among the resorts of the illicit purveyors, but it was not long until the true significance of the decision reached the public. Then the festivities in the saloons and restaurants which had received the first report turned to somewhat funereal ceremonies, and the talk drifted to discussion about "personal liberty" and the like.

Representatives of the liquor and brewing interests in the city kept in touch with the local headquarters of the organizations opposed to prohibition from early in the morning for word went out in the latter part of last week that the Supreme Court would hand down its decision yesterday. Saloonkeepers, who had been informed that the liquor interests here would receive the decision by telephone as soon as it was handed down, gathered in the several headquarters established by the brewers and the liquor interests, nervously puffing cigars while they awaited word from Washington.

When the word came those gathered in the anti-prohibitionists' headquarters made no effort to conceal their disgust as they quickly left to begin the work of winding up their affairs as purveyors of "wet goods."

Guthrie Refuses to Comment.

William D. Guthrie, who was associated with Elihu Root in the fight in the Federal courts to have the prohibition law declared unconstitutional, when asked last night if he desired to make a statement, said: "I never make statements on such matters." Mr. Root is on his way to Europe. When Emory R. Buckner, a member of his firm, was asked if he had any comment to make, he replied: "No. There is no comment to make."

Governor Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey, who has openly advocated the setting aside of the prohibition law, when informed of the decision of the Supreme Court at his office in Jersey City, said: "I decline to make any comment until I see the decision."

Christian W. Feigenspan, President of the United States Brewers' Association, when asked for an opinion on the decision in his office in Newark, N. J., said:

"I have not read the opinion, and, therefore, I have nothing to say on the matter, except that I understand the Supreme Court has rendered the decision, and that is the court of last resort."

Mr. Feigenspan, who is the head of C. Feigenspan, Inc., brewers, was the complainant in one of the suits brought before the Supreme Court to test the validity of the Eighteenth Amendment and the Volstead act.

Declares Law Cannot Be Enforced.

The Association Opposed to National Prohibition issued a statement, which read in part:

"The United States Supreme Court has held that the Eighteenth Amendment is legally a part of the Constitution of the United States. Now that it is a part of the fundamental law of the land, the only way to get rid of it is to repeal it.

"When personal life and living are involved no decision of any court can be final. The opinion of the body politic must prevail and that opinion has yet to be expressed. It is not our purpose to reargue the legality of the Eighteenth Amendment—that has been decided once and for all. Whether, or not, the highest court of the republic has outlived its usefulness will depend on what the opinion of the voters of the republic may be as recorded at the polls. Meantime, it must be borne in mind that prohibition has never been capable of enforcement in this country and the indications are that it never will be.

"A statute which cannot be enforced is a dead statute, and its death weakens the whole body of statutary law.

"In our opinion, the decision of the United States Supreme Court is a menace and not a hope. The Eighteenth Amendment violates every principle for which the soldiers of the American Revolution fought. The United States Supreme Court may not undo those principles without undoing the Republic. So long as the Eighteenth Amendment is a part of the Constitution of the United States, it invites every meal-ticket reformer to start an anti-prohibition movement of his own or other kind. The way to stop the meals and stop the reformers is by a general union of the intelligent liberal forces of the Republic.

"Personal liberty, constitutional liberty and anti-prohibition organizations whose mainspring of action is principle, and not pelf, will join in a great national liberal movement in this country which will put the fanatics and the meal-ticket reformers on the run and out of business."

Sees Danger of New Crusades.

Edward B. Cochens, chairman of the National Executive Committee of the Fraternal Order of Camels, the headquarters of which are in the Fitzgerald Building in this city, which is said to have 200,000 members with "caravans," or local organizations in every city in the country, declared that opponents of prohibition would keep up the fight to abolish the law regardless of the decision of the Supreme Court.

"I consider the decision of the Supreme Court the most drastic of any yet made by that court in the history of our country," he said. "It menaces the equilibrium that exists between the Federal and State Governments, and will cause to exist in the future such a strain between them that, in the confusion that will follow, it will bring about constant irritation and friction, which will menace the very framework of government itself.

"The program of the people who brought about the ratification of the eighteenth amendment will be continued, and their efforts unsatisfied. They will now attempt to stamp out the use of tobacco, abolish vaudeville and motion picture performances, Sunday theatres, wholesome sports on Sunday, and, as William Jennings Bryan says, will attempt to amend the Constitution in favor of a single standard of morals.

"They will also, as a Presbyterian synod stated in convention, amend the Constitution to have the Bible recognised as the one authority, &c. There will be no limit to the use of the Constitution for more legislative purposes. The gates are open, and with that decision as a precedent they can accomplish any opposition that they desire.

"The decision simply means that the fight will now go to the people, who alone have the power to bring about a change."

William H. Hirst, counsel for the New York Brewers' Association, said:

"Our only hope now rests in the action of some future Congress, which may change the official definition of intoxicating liquors."

Shares of the United States Industrial Alcohol Company and the United States Food Products Company, directly affected by the decisions of the Supreme Court in the prohibition cases, fell 2¼ and 5¾ points, respectively, soon after news of the decision reached Wall Street. Other stocks in the general list, which had shown indications of strength, reacted 1 to 2 points. The decisions occasioned little surprise in the financial district.

STOP PRINTING LICENSES.

State Excise Department Gives Up Plan for 2.75 Beer.

ALBANY, June 7.—The New York State Department of Excise today ordered a stop to the printing of licenses for the sale of beer containing not more than 2.75 per cent of alcohol upon learning of the decision of the United States Supreme Court upholding the prohibition amendment and the Enforcement act.

Preparations had been made by the department to issue the licenses in the event that the court decided the Enforcement act unconstitutional. The department announced that it had not received a single application for a beer license.

In the absence of Commissioner Herbert S. Sisson, Jay Farrier, First Deputy Commissioner, said that "whatever further action we will take will be determined after counsel of the department has had an opportunity to study the decision and opinion of the Supreme Court.

"Until then," he added, "we must assume that the Federal law takes precedence over the State law."

Under the Walker law, which legalized the manufacture and sale of beer containing an alcoholic content not exceedig 2.75 per cent., pharmacists, who sell whisky on physicians' prescriptions, are taxed $10 a year, and there is a tax of $250 a year for trafficking in liquors for manufacturing purposes, but not as beverages. The State Excise Department, it was explained, is already carrying out these provisions of the law.

BRYAN REJOICES FOR MOVIES.

Starts Little Speech on Decision and Grants Request for "Pep."

CHICAGO, June 7.—Less than an hour after the Supreme Court gave the prohibition decision today, William J. Bryan was delivering a speech about it to a battery of movie machines.

The camera men found the apostle of prohibition and democracy in a hotel lobby, and immediately began to "shoot" him.

"Talk, say something, Mr. Bryan," urged one of the movie men. "A little pep, a little action, please."

"Ah, gentlemen," responded Mr. Bryan, graciously, and with gestures. "I am much gratified at the Supreme Court's decision today, although it was not unexpected—"

"Cut," roared the movie men "'snuff" and they scampered off, leaving Mr. Bryan in the middle of a smile and with his arm suspended in the midst of a gesture.

Macy's

Palm Beach Suits for Chauffeurs $18.74

They lend distinction to the machine and are a boon to the chauffeur in his engine-heated driving seat.

Cut on pleated back model, with four patch pockets, flaps and buttons that give a decided air of smartness. These suits are made of dark gray Palm Beach cloth—that will not readily soil.

Cap to Match $2.79

A suit of individuality is this

Gray All Wool Worsted Suit for Chauffeurs $42.50

Made with the same degree of careful tailoring, characteristic of Macy's equipage for chauffeurs, —and the price is consistently lowest-in-the-city.

Macy's—Fifth Floor, Front.

R. H. Macy & Co. Inc.

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Remodeling at advantageous prices

Revillon Frères
ESTABLISHED 1723
5th Avenue at 53rd St.
New York

$3.00 Round Trip Atlantic City
War Tax 24c additional
SUNDAYS
June 13, 27; July 18; August 1, 15, 29; September 19; October 3 and 17
WEDNESDAYS
July 21; August 4 and 18
SPECIAL TRAIN
Lv. Pennsylvania Station - - - 7:30 A. M.
" Hudson Terminal - - - 7:30 A. M.
Returning, leaves Atlantic City - 7:00 P. M.
Tickets good only on Special Train in each direction
Pennsylvania System

COFFEE
Pure and Wholesome — Freshly Roasted
BUY DIRECT — SAVE
PURE MARACAIBO COFFEE 10c LB
Direct from importer in 5-lb. lots or more (bean or ground) at the wholesale price 38c lb.
Delivered in New York, Brooklyn and within 300 miles at 41c lb.
Satisfaction guaranteed or money back.
Gillies Coffee Co.
232-238 Washington Street, New York.
Between Park Place and Barclay St.
Phone Barclay 9857. Est. 80 years.

LOOT APARTMENTS OF $50,000 AND SAFE

Thieves Eat and Drink, Then Wreck Rooms—Elevator Men Held as Accomplices.

FIVE MEN ARE ARRESTED

Police Say Holdup Was "Staged" to "Cover" One Suspect—Five Cases of Goods Found.

"This is the elevator man at the apartment at 88 Central Park West, on the corner of Sixty-eighth Street and Central Park West; burglars have just been here and robbed the apartment; they tied us up and then ransacked two floors and carried away a 400-pound safe with them," said a man on the telephone to Police Headquarters early yesterday.

Police from the West Sixty-eighth Street Station were sent to the apartment and found Peter Martin and Edward Blenstein, two elevator men, their disordered clothing and scratched faces bearing evidences of a struggle. Both said a robber had entered the apartment house, held them up with a revolver, tied them and, after locking them in a closet, robbed the apartment of Henry Schwabacker, a retired merchant, on the sixth floor, and Edward E. Bernheimer, a broker, on the eleventh floor.

The detectives found the apartments littered with broken furniture, empty liquor glasses, scores of cigarette and cigar stubs, an empty jam pot and sardine cans. In the Bernheimer apartment they found a heavy safe, which had been set in the wall, had been ripped out and taken away.

Suspect "Inside Job."

The Schwabackers and the Bernheimers were away, the elevator man said, the former at Atlantic City and the latter at Deal Beach. The detectives, suspicious of an "inside job," questioned Martin at length. His replies convinced them that he knew nothing of the robbers except what he had told them. This, in substance, was that a man had entered the building about 2 o'clock in the morning and tied them and left within an hour.

Blenstein did not impress the detectives favorably. His account of the night's happenings was elaborate and dramatic. He told the detectives he once had been a movie actor and that his present address was 307 West Fiftieth Street. When asked to explain the speed of the robber's operations he volunteered the information that he was sure no one had come into the house during the evening, because he had been there since 6 o'clock. Martin interrupted to say that he recalled that Blenstein had sent him down into the basement on some errand soon after midnight. The police arrested Blenstein.

At Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon, after hours of questioning, he told a story which resulted in his arrest and the arrest of Mont Ayarviaz and Benjamin Ayarviaz, brothers; William Brenner, a third elevator operator at the apartment house, and James Prunity, a chauffeur, on the charge of burglary.

Find Loot Worth $50,000.

In Mont Ayarviaz's furnished room, at 149 West Twenty-sixth Street, the police found six suitcases filled with furs, clothing and jewelry, which they estimated as worth $50,000. Mr. and Mrs. Schwabacker called on the telephone, went to Police Headquarters and identified part of the loot as their belongings. Mr. Bernheimer promised to come to Police Headquarters today to look over the other stolen articles.

The safe was found last evening in a back room of the Dempsey Social Club at 444 West Forty-sixth Street. It had not been opened. Mr. Bernheimer told the police over the telephone that it contained articles of jewelry and Liberty Bonds worth several hundred dollars.

This, according to the police, is the story of the robbery, as they learned it from some of the prisoners:

At 5:30 Sunday afternoon Mont Ayarviaz went to the apartment house and met Brenner, with whom he was acquainted and who was then running the elevator. Brenner took him up to the sixth floor, where he left him, and an hour later went off duty, being relieved by Blenstein. Blenstein, who knew Ayarviaz was there, got rid of Martin at the time fixed for the arrival of Benjamin Ayarviaz, who arrived at 9 o'clock and also went up to the apartment. The Ayarviaz brothers continued leisurely at their work and afterward had a supper on provisions found in the rooms. Then they went to Mr. Bernheimer's rooms and looted them.

Martin, ignorant of developments, was down in the cellar on an errand for Blenstein when the brothers came downstairs carrying the six suit cases and took a waiting taxi. They took the suit cases to Mont's room and then, the police say, Mont went back to the apartment house and carried out his theatrical hold-up to shield Blenstein.

FOUNDS 'BACHELORS' HOME'

M. L. Ward's Will Provides Nearly $3,000,000—Widowers Included.

The will of the late Marcus L. Ward, who died in Newark on May 27, left the bulk of his more than $3,000,000 estate to charity. The will, filed yesterday, disclosed that the bulk of the estate would go to found a home for "aged white bachelors and widowers." Ward was the son of the late Marcus L. Ward, war Governor of New Jersey, and a descendant of John Ward, one of the founders of Newark. He left no relatives nearer than cousin.

The will left $15,000 to Ira Joralemon, "a faithful clerk," $5,000 to each of three servants, and $20,000 to each of the following Newark institutions: The Bureau of Associated Charities; The Home for Friendless, Babies' Hospital, Home for Crippled Children, Hospital for Women and Children, Newark Female Charitable Society, Y. M. C. A., New Jersey Historical Society, New Jersey Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, Hebrew United Charities, Newark Eye and Ear Infirmary, Newark Memorial Hospital, St. Barnabas's Hospital and St. Michael's Hospital.

The bachelors' and widowers' home is to be named for the founder's father. Applicants must have lived in New Jersey for at least ten years.

Better Car Service for Bronx.

Complaints from the Bronx of inadequate service by the Interborough led yesterday to an agreement for an extension of the rush period service on the Jerome Avenue branch from 9 to 9:30 A. M. and from 7 to 7:30 P. M. Improved service on Saturdays and Sundays will be considered by the company.

Reg. Trade Mark
Sale of Men's Silk Shirts
Exceptionally Priced
$12.75 plus tax 97c
Plain White and Fancy Colors

These shirts are made of the heaviest Silk and are shown in an excellent assortment of patterns. They are from our regular stock and of the usual McCutcheon standard. The fit and workmanship are of guaranteed excellence.

Also a broken assortment of silk shirts in attractive patterns $9.75

James McCutcheon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 34th and 33d Streets
Men's Department: 33d Street Entrance

These, certainly, are values worthy of McCreery

Men's
All-Leather
Oxfords
$11.95
Tax Included
Reduced from $16.50
Brown Cordovans
(Plain and Wing Tip)
Russia Tan
Black Kid

Also
For Quick Disposal
480 Pairs of
Men's
All-Leather
Oxfords
$9.75
Tax included
Reduced from $15.50
The sizes are not complete in the McCreery sense.
Russia Tan
Black Calf
Patent Leather
Tan Brogue

James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue 35th Street
Second Floor

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets

Timely Sales for June

OFFER UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITIES TO THE WELL DRESSED WOMAN TO AVAIL HERSELF OF APPRECIABLE SAVINGS IN HER PURCHASES OF HIGHLY EXCLUSIVE AND IMMEDIATELY APPROPRIATE APPAREL.

Dresses & Gowns
For Dinner, Dance, Promenade or Country
110.00 to 250.00
Now
49.50 89.50 125.00

Suits of Shantung & Pongee
Actual Value 79.50
Special at
39.50

Smart Suits for Present Wear
Mannish Tailored & Dressy Models
Formerly
75.00 to 225.00
Now
49.50 75.00 110.00

Capes & Wraps
Formerly
89.50 to 185.00
Now
49.50 79.50 97.50

Fashionable Furs
Can be purchased during June at savings
EXQUISITE RUSSEKS QUALITY FURS AT JUNE REDUCTIONS MEANS A GREATER SAVING OFF NEXT SEASON'S PRICES. NEW 1920-21 MODELS OF MINK, RUSSIAN AND HUDSON BAY SABLE, HUDSON SEAL, CARACUL, SQUIRREL, BROADTAIL, SCOTCH MOLE, ETC.
Russian Sable Scarfs, 77.00
Stone Marten Scarfs, 35.00

Broadway Saks & Company at 34th St.

Announce Beginning This Morning

A SPECIAL SALE OF
FINE LUGGAGE

Only luggage of the most dependable kind is offered in this sale, at prices which we cannot hope to duplicate later.

Open Top Wardrobe Trunks $42.50
Built of genuine basswood, covered and lined with hard vulcanized fibre. Fitted with twelve hangers, laundry bag, five drawers and shoe pockets.

Short Trip Wardrobe Trunks $49.50
One of the finest constructed trunks to be had. Made of solid basswood, covered and lined with vulcanized fibre. Has three drawers, convertible hat box, shoe pockets, five hangers and laundry bag.

Black Enamel Suit Cases at $12.95
Sizes 24 to 30 inches. Well built of black enameled drill, with heavy leather strap all around and stout handle.

Cowhide Traveling Bags at $15.95
Sizes 16 to 18 inches. Made of first quality cowhide, lined with leather and reinforced with sewed-on corners.

Reliable Dress Trunks at $25
Sizes 32 to 40 inches. Fine basswood construction, metal bound. Fitted with two separate trays, snap lock, and draw bolts. A splendid trunk at little cost.

Short Trip Trunks at $21.95
Built of solid basswood, covered and lined with vulcanized fibre. Fitted with covered top tray and reliable lock. All wanted sizes from 34 to 40 inches.

Cowhide Leather Suit Cases at $19.85
A dependable suit case of good quality cowhide, with sewed-on ring handles, and London plaid lining. Sizes 24 and 26 inches.

Women's Traveling Bags at $21.95
A superior quality bag, of genuine cowhide, with brass inlaid frame and hog-grained leather lining.
Basement

Cotton Belt Route
IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS

The St. Louis Southwestern Railway Lines (Cotton Belt) have and are now maintaining uninterrupted freight service to the Southwest from all its gateways, and are accepting all traffic offered by connections destined to points in Missouri, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, California and the West generally.

W. H. TOWNSEND,
Gen'l Eastern Freight & Passenger Agent,
299 Broadway, New York City.
Telephone: Worth 3562.

ANDREW ALEXANDER
548 FIFTH AVE. (44) ABOVE 45TH ST.

Low Shoes for Men

Oxford Shoes
of dark tan and black dull finished calfskin. Last, leather, weight and make the sort gentlemen select for almost continuous wear. Were $20.
Now $16

Brogue Oxfords
of dark brown Norwegian grain leather—double soled—with all the trimmings; or smooth cordovan leather with a lighter sole. Were $16.
Now $12.80

Motor Trucks TO Boston - Lowell and Way-stations.

OUR new Packard trucks can relieve your congestion and make prompt delivery. These trucks are being used by us to transport our well-known fabric

"SUEDE-LIKE"

to New York from our Mills at Lowell, and are open for return loads.

HOWLETT & HOCKMEYER CO.
19 Madison Avenue, New York

DO-IT-ALL TRACTOR

Scarcity of help and the high cost of same has no terrors for the owner of a "DO-IT-ALL" Tractor. It is a practical machine for practical farmers. It is what its name implies. "DO-IT-ALL." It plows, cultivates, hauls loads, cuts hay, mows the lawn and gives 6-HP for belt work. Cultivating is necessary if you want crops, and the "DO-IT-ALL" is the best cultivator made; it gives you more and better crops with a minimum of labor. Ask for catalog "T"—places you under no obligation.

DO-IT-ALL TRACTOR CO.
3rd FULTON STREET, NEW YORK CITY

A NEW HOME.

If you desire to purchase a home—city, suburban or country—consult the Real Estate columns of The New York Times. More real estate is bought and sold through The Times than through any other New York Morning Newspaper.—Advt.

I NTELLIGENT young men, musically inclined, who wish to learn the selling end of the piano business in its best form, are invited to join the staff of one of the largest Piano and Reproducing Piano Manufacturers retailing in New York. A salary of $25.00 a week will be paid while learning. Fine positions are also open for salesmen and managers. Apply by letter, giving full information.

Y2232 Times Annex

Cordon & Dilworth
REAL
ORANGE MARMALADE

The Knights of Columbus in France.

The Knights of Columbus are erecting at Metz a statue of Lafayette. A full history of the event forms one feature of the June issue of THE CURRENT HISTORY MAGAZINE. There are forty other big features in this number, including the discussion of the Peace Treaty by Congress by former Attorney Generals Wickersham and Knox. News events in fifty nations in the last thirty days are given without bias; everything from fundamental sources. On news stands.—Advt.

UNIONS THREATEN TO PARALYZE PORT

Longshoremen's Leader Says 239 Locals Are Pledged in Contest Over Open Shop.

WILL RESORT TO BOYCOTT

John F. Riley Warns That Independent Trucks Will Precipitate Finish Fight.

Organized labor is preparing for a vigorous offensive campaign to combat the business forces of the city in the impending struggle over the open shop in transportation agencies, union leaders declared yesterday. Boycotts, sympatheticstrik es and a general strike are among the measures, which, the labor chiefs say, will be employed, if necessary, in opposition to any attempt to "deunionize" any industry.

A general tie-up of the port was threatened by John F. Riley, President of the New York Port Council of the International Longshoremen's Association, who in the absence of T. V. O'Connor and other international longshore leaders, is keeping a close watch for developments. Mr. Riley said that the strike would be called if any attempts were made to send non-union trucks to the piers where union longshoremen are now at work.

"At the first appearance of any non-union truck at the Chelsea piers," he asserted, "there will be a general tie-up. We understand that the merchants contemplate using non-union trucks on all of the piers. If they do, the men will not remain at work a minute. The unions are preparing to fight to a finish. We are ready to go ahead at the first sound of the gong."

Mr. Riley said that 239 labor organizations in the city had already pledged their support in the threatened struggle, and that they were watching the merchants, prepared to take action immediately, should the occasion arise.

Will Use the Boycott.

The first move of the trade unions, in the event of an open struggle, will be a boycott of all the merchants who are co-operating with the Citizens' Transportation Committee, another officer of the International Longshoremen's Association declared. He said that boycotts of individual firms who had contributed to the $5,000,000 fund of the merchants were already contemplated.

The warnings of the union leaders have not daunted Col. Frederic Molitor, chairman of the operating committee of the Citizens' Transportation Committee. "My hat is still in the ring," he said when the labor men's statements were called to his attention. "This isn't anything we haven't thought of before." Col. Molitor declined to discuss the work of the committee, which is making definite plans for the fight.

The commercial forces, it was said, do not wish to give their hand away by disclosing their program, which, they assert, is clear and emphatic, and embodies plans for every eventuality. They realize that they are entering a lane that knows no turning, and before they start they wish to provide for all conditions precedent to success. They are assured of the unswerving co-operation of the city's commercial interests, they say, and that co-operation includes unlimited financial support, a detail which is giving them little concern. Just now they are more concerned with the mobilization of a fleet of trucks and drivers for them.

The "white collar" forces, who figured prominently in the "outlaw" railroad strike and other labor disturbances, are expected if necessary to contribute in great measure to the support of the committee's program. It was pointed out yesterday that the universities will soon close for the Summer vacations and that thousands of husky young men, well able to take their own part, will be free for several months. Many of them, it is expected, will be used on the independent trucks.

Colonel Molitor denied yesterday reports that the police had been asked to protect the trucks which the committee expects to send out. He said that he had not communicated so far with the police. The Manhattan piers are already well policed.

Strike Holds Up Cotton.

The Operating Committee held a meeting yesterday at the headquarters of the Merchants' Association in the Woolworth Building. Following the meeting it was said that no definite date had been set for beginning the operations of the independent trucks, which, the merchants say, are made necessary by the boycott of nonunion coastwise piers by union drivers.

Shipments of cotton products to the city are being affected by the interference with the movement of merchandise on the coastwise piers, according to a statement of the Citizens' Transportation Committee.

"The Old Dominion Line annually transported more than 168,580 tons of cotton goods for a period of three years prior to its suspension," says the statement. "The other lines carry large quantities of these goods from the Southern mills. The strike of the longshoremen in New York Harbor has practically suspended this method of shipment, and as a result the shipper and the consumer of cotton goods are suffering from shortage.

"Another result of this interference with the regular movement of cotton products is the loss of commerce to this city. A very large manufacturer of cotton goods, who usually exports large quantities to European ports through the Port of New York, has gradually been compelled to divert his shipments to New Orleans. He has been forced to establish a branch office in that city and he now says that all his export shipments in the future will be made from New Orleans.

"Inability to ship cotton goods by the coastwise lines has compelled shipment by the rail lines, with an additional freight charge, which is not only affecting the prices charged to consumers, keeping them at a higher level than otherwise would be necessary, but is also seriously straining credit relations.

"Dealers who depend upon a rapid turnover of their goods in order to meet their financial obligations to jobbers or wholesalers find themselves unable to meet these obligations, owing to delays of from thirty to ninety days in their shipments. Furthermore, if goods are not delivered according to contract dealers are enabled to cancel their orders, thus throwing a burden upon jobbers and wholesalers. The obstacle to regular transportation which the longshoremen's strike has interposed and which is causing these delays is, therefore, seriously disturbing credits."

READY FOR NEIGHBORS' DAY.

New York to Have 100 Celebrations on Saturday.

"Hello, Neighbor!" is the slogan for next Saturday, Neighbors' Day. "You can't say it without smiling. Try it!" says the announcement, issued yesterday, by the Neighbors' Day Committee, of which Franklin K. Lane, former Secretary of the Interior, is the National Chairman; Governor Alfred E. Smith, New York State Chairman; George Gordon Battle, Chairman for Greater New York and Edward B. Lyman, manager.

Neighbors' Day is the first of Three Days for Democracy, to be observed nationally, for which many Governors of States have issued proclamations. Community Sunday, June 13, is the second of the Three Days, and the third is Flag Day, "with Town Meetings in every neighborhood under the Stars and Stripes."

"The purpose back of the celebration of the "Three Days" is to stimulate and utilize, for the public good the spirit of neighborliness through community organization. Already more than one hundred districts in New York have completed plans for celebrations of various kinds, all of which are to be concluded with a "Town Meeting" of citizens for the purpose of setting up a community organization to consider and work out plans for meeting neighborhood needs, social, economic and industrial.

TO EXTEND SEAMEN'S AID.

Church Institute Is Incorporated to Establish Branches.

For the purpose of extending the work of the Seamen's Church Institute through the United States and its possessions, the persons interested in the local organization obtained the approval yesterday of Supreme Court Justice Whitaker for the incorporation of the Seamen's Church Institute of America. Local branches are to be organized in the seaports and the lake and river ports of the United States where seamen may be lodged, boarded, entertained and otherwise accommodated, their money saved and their personal effects cared for.

Among the incorporators and directors are Bishop Burch, the Rev. Drs. Frederick F. Reese of Savannah, W. A. Leonard of Cleveland, William T. Manning, William T. Crocker and Thomas F. Gailor, the Rev. A. R. Mansfield, Edmund L. Baylies, James Barber, J. Frederick Tams, Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy; Allison V. Armour, Hamilton Fish Webster and William H. Crocker of San Francisco.

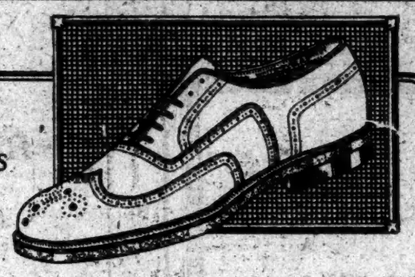
See What You Buy

WHY "go it blind"? Why buy something you know nothing about simply because it promises big returns?

You can see the property that secures your Guaranteed Mortgage and you can use some judgment as to its value. It pays 5½% and cannot be re-organized away from you.

The Bond & Mortgage Guarantee Company guarantees your interest and the return of your principal.

Title Guarantee & Trust Co.



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Built by THE JOHNSTON & MURPHY SHOE

MADE in Genuine Scotch Grain, Brogue Pattern. The first shipment of this leather since 1914. A particular leather for appreciative customers; wonderful in texture and color. Lasts and Patterns exclusively our own design.

WHITEHOUSE & HARDY
BROADWAY AT 40TH STREET
NEW YORK
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE BUILDING

Furs Stored and Remodelled at Moderate Charges

Fifth Ave. **Stewart & Co.** at 37th St.
Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

Direct Attention to

A Most Unprecedented Sale
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1 Smith & Mills 16" Shaper
1 Smith & Mills 14" Shaper
2 Smith & Mills 12" Shaper
1 Reed Sensitive Drill
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1 C & C Electric Co. Motor, 5 HP, 220-V
1 Millers Falls Power Hack Saw
1 Racine H. S. Power Hack Saw
1 No. 3
1 Simmons Unipole Magnetic Chuck
1 D & W Magnetic Chuck
1 Oliver Die Machine
1 Anderson Die Machine
1 Buffalo Forge Co. forge
1 No. 2 Taft Hand Power Shear
1 Fairbanks Platform Scale
1 18x36" Scraped Bench Plate
1 10" Dividing Head
1 set Johansson Blocks No. 1
1 set Johansson Holders No. 1
1 Crocker-Wheeler ¾ H. P. Motor and Rheostat
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BOX Y 2185 TIMES ANNEX.

Macy's Macy's

Continuation of the Markdown Sale of MEN'S SUITS

Substantial Savings Are Still Possible

$36.50	Reduced from	$49.75 / 44.75
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This sale has met with the genuine enthusiasm of all who have seen the values offered. A reduction from Macy's lowest in the city prices is always popular.

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Materials are worsteds, unfinished worsteds, cassimeres, and cheviots in both light and dark colors.

All Sizes Including Longs, Shorts and Stouts.

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HERALD SQUARE *Inc.* NEW YORK

Macy's Macy's

'SCANDALS OF 1920' LIVELY AND LAVISH

George White's New Revue Is a Good Summer Show of Diverse Scenes.

STUNNING CHINESE NUMBER

Two Funny Burlesques and a Ballet in Which Ann Pennington Shines —Jazz and Bare Legs.

SCANDALS OF 1920, a revue in two acts and eighteen scenes. Book by Andy Rice and George White; music by George Gershwin; lyrics by Arthur Jackson. At the Globe Theatre.

Principals—Ann Pennington, Le Sylphe, Ethel Delmar, Frances Arms, Christine Welford, Darry Welford, Myra Cullen, Ruth Savoy, Peggy Dolan, Sascha Beaumont, Dorothy Buckley, Betty Marshall, George White, Lou Holtz, Lester Allen, George Bickel, George Rockwell, Jack Rose, Lloyd Garrett, James Miller, Yerkes Jazzy Six, Lester O'Keefe, Al. Fox, James Steiger.

It is just a year since George White came out of the comparative obscurity of vaudeville with a determination to break into the charmed ranks of the revue producers, and the progress which he has made in that period was reflected last night in the very genuine enthusiasm which greeted the premiers of his "Scandals of 1920" at the Globe Theatre. In the main, moreover, it was an enthusiasm which was more than warranted, for the current "Scandals" is a lively and lavishly staged production, with all the virtues of the best of the Summer shows, and not all of their faults.

Since it is at least twice as good an entertainment as Mr. White's production of 1919, it is perhaps fair to hail that erstwhile vaudevillian as a producer who has definitely arrived. Gaudy tales drifted to New York of the prosperity which his first production was enjoying on the road; his current show, which must certainly attain an equal popularity, will have the added satisfaction of knowing that it will be earned.

It is as a producer that Mr. White has made his chief strides; his advancement as an author has been somewhat more moderate. Much of the new "Scandals" is well up to Mr. Ziegfeld's standard for this sort of entertainment, although there is a suspicion that Mr. Ziegfeld, had he been handling this particular production, would have picked his principals with a more lavish hand. But a young producer, just starting out in life, may be pardoned if he does not desire to embroil himself too deeply.

Most of the good things are in the second act—particularly a Chinese number which was little less than stunning, and two burlesques which contained more fun than is generally found in such things. It contained also a ballet which was pretty but meaningless, and revealed the best work of the diminutive Ann Pennington. It brought forth also, at a late hour, George White himself—taking but a fleeting part in the proceedings this year, and seemingly about to give up dancing for the greater joys and pains of producing. Which would be something of a pity, for he is an adept stepper and a facile imitator of the steps of others.

The first half of the show revealed such diverse scenes as an airship, Mexico, and a political convention, and, if the fun was not always at white heat, the piece at least moved snappily, and the dull spots were quickly done with. In addition to Miss Pennington and Mr. White, a youth named Lester Allen distinguished himself with some acrobatic steps; one Lou Holtz was vulgar without being funny, La Sylphe danced her contortionistic steps, and the veteran George Bickel was all but lost in the shuffle.

The rest was jazz, costumes, girls and bare legs—very many bare legs, despite the fact that they were sometimes covered with paint in lieu of other covering. And—oh, yes—there was some heavy prohibition humor, and even a mention of the holy bonds of macaroni. But for all that "Scandals of 1920" is a good Summer show.

Hickman Band in Ziegfeld "Follies."

The New Amsterdam Theatre roof entered upon its Summer season last night with the annual event known as the "Follies Ball," at which the principals of Mr. Ziegfeld's "Follies" and "Frolic" organizations give their services in aid of a fund for stricken players.

The evening marked also the appearance on the roof of the Art Hickman band, an organization from the Coast, as well as the reappearance of Eddie Cantor for the Summer. The new program calls for dinner and dancing at any hour preceding 11:30, and then the "Midnight Frolic."

CHICAGO TO SAVE DAYLIGHT.

Council Passes Ordinance, but Labor Will Disregard It.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, June 7.—With only five dissenting votes, but after months of acrimonious discussion, the City Council late this afternoon passed a daylight saving ordinance effective at 2 A. M. next Sunday and in force until the last Sunday in October. Mayor Thompson indicated that he would approve the ordinance.

Opposition to the measure came largely from organized labor under the leadership of John Fitzpatrick. Bankers, merchants and others, hampered by the fact that Chicago, as a result of the New York daylight saving law, is two hours behind the country's metropolis, urged the enactment of the ordinance and were backed enthusiastically by a large proportion of the population. Organized labor and the Janitors' Union declare they will disregard the new ordinance.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Seeing Things," a farce by Margaret Mayo and A. M. Kennedy, was produced in Long Branch last night by Wagenhals & Kemper. The cast included Frank McIntyre, John Westley and Dorothy Mackaye. It will probably be brought to the Playhouse next week.

"All Soul's Eve" will close at the Maxine Elliott Theatre on Saturday night. "East Is West" and "Buddies" will end their engagements a week from Saturday.

"Heaven," a serious play by Austen Strong, was produced by Jessie Bonstelle's stock company in Detroit last night, with Gilda Varesi and Louis Bennison in the cast. The play is the property of John Golden and will be presented in New York early in the new season.

"Transplanting Jean" will be the title of the comedy in which Arthur Byron and Martha Hedman will be seen next season. It is an adaptation by Hallam Thompson from the French of Caillavet and de Flers.

"Scandal," following a long season at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre, was transferred last night to the Shubert.

Vinton Freedley gave his first performance in the leading role of "My Lady Friends" last night.

The opening of the Ziegfeld "Follies" at the New Amsterdam Theatre is now definitely announced for Tuesday night, June 22.

MUSIC NOTES.

When the National Symphony Orchestra opens its ten weeks' season of seventy symphonic concerts at the City College Stadium on June 26, the players will occupy a newly constructed stage in the arena, backed by a scientific sounding board, so that the music may reach the audience in all parts of the Stadium.

Nicola Zarola, recently engaged for the Metropolitan, is to sing the tenor role of Verdi's "Otello" in a special performance arranged by the Italian Lyric Federation of this city to take place on Saturday evening, June 19, at the Lexington Theatre. The opera will be conducted by Adriano Ariani.

There will be a musical program appropriate to the theme at a lecture on "Palestine," on Monday evening, June 21, in Aeolian Hall. The speaker will be Dyr Henry Keller, who recently returned from that country after serving as chief of the Orthopaedic Department of the Zionist Medical Unit.

NIGHTSHADE'A GLOOMY PLAY

Author's Name Withheld from a Tale of Murder at the Garrick.

Another desperate attempt to elevate the American stage took place at the Garrick yesterday, when "Nightshade" began a series of four special matinees. The scenery and lighting were praiseworthy, but the play itself, a gloomy tale of murder in "a farm house in the hills," is impossibly stilted and heavy-footed.

A single moment of dramatic thrill in the last act owed as much to an excellent stage thunderstorm as it did to the author, whose name, by the way, was mercifully withheld. The acting could not have been as bad as the dialogue made it appear. An indecorous audience greeted the offering rapturously.

STILL COUNT EQUITY VOTES.

Brandon Tynan, a Teller, Obliged to Postpone His Wedding Day.

The tellers of the Actors' Equity Association election were still counting ballots yesterday, and no decision was forthcoming as to whether John Emerson or Wilton Lackaye had won the Presidency of the organization. It is probable that the result will not be arrived at until early next week.

One of the results of the prolonged count is the postponement of Brandon Tynan's marriage to Lily Cahill, which was to have taken place tomorrow in the rectory of St. Patrick's. Mr. Tynan is one of the official tellers, and his presence is required constantly at the Equity offices, where the tellers are working behind locked doors.

Two Revues on the Century Roof.

"Century Revue" and "Century Midnight Rounders" will be the respective titles of the 9 o'clock and 11:30 revues which the Shuberts will soon produce on the roof of the Century. The casts will include Harry Kelly, Jessica Brown, Georgie Price, Lew Hearn, Leo Beers, Rosie Quinn and others.

To Exhibit 'Gentleman's Wardrobe.'

"A Gentleman's Wardrobe," correct and complete costumes for the man of business and fashion for every hour of the day and every season of the year, will be the chief feature of the four-day exposition of the Merchant Tailors' Society of New York which will begin this morning at the Waldorf.

COLUMBIA CONCERTS BEGIN.

Great Throng Hears Goldman Band on University Campus.

Summeright music and glorious weather, with the long "daylight saving" hour of added twilight, all combined to attract a great throng last night to the third annual opening of free campus concerts at Columbia University. The players were those of the Goldman Concert Band, as heard for two Summers here and now conducted for a third season by Edwin Franko Goldman.

The band's program included Svendsen's "Coronation" march, Thomas's overture to "Mignon," a Bach air and bourree, Wagner's third act prelude in "Lohengrin," MacDowell's "To a Wild Rose," Hadley's "Irish" and Herbert's "American Fantasy." Ernest S. Williams gave the "Inflammatus" from Rossini's "Stabat Mater" as a cornet solo. Among lighter numbers the band played Zlehrer's "Waltz Girls of Vienna."

Tommorrow evening a second program at Columbia will include Johann Strauss's "Blue Danube," while on Friday's list Mr. Goldman has chosen excerpts from Sullivan's "Pinafore." The season will be twelve weeks, thirty-six concerts. In addition, the band plays each Tuesday and Thursday, or twenty-four concerts more, in the parks of various boroughs, starting today noon at the City Hall.

Storey Guilty in Securities Case.

Frank De R. Storey, who had been on trial a week in General Sessions on an indictment charging he had received securities valued at $10,000 stolen from the estate of John H. Gans, 10 Broadway, in November, 1919, was convicted last night, seventeen minutes after the case had been given to the jury. Judge Malone remanded him for sentence on Thursday. Storey is an attorney, 38 years old, of 11A South Elliott Place, Brooklyn.

Killed in Auto Collision.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., June 7.—Arnold Wolfe of 1,005 Simpson Street, New York City, was killed and Morris Wolfe of 1,805 Fifth Avenue, New York City, was severely injured when their automobile struck that of H. B. Springer of 167 Charleston Street, Newark, N. J., in a head-on collision on the road near Monticello today. Morris Wolfe is expected to recover.

"PILLBOXES" TRAP FORGER.

J. L. Kathon, Actor, Arrested Trying to Pass Check in Pacific Bank.

"It's a fine day," said Jackson L. Kathon, 24, an actor of 139 West Forty-ninth Street, as he presented a check for $25 yesterday to William M. Landres, paying teller at the Pacific Bank, Forty-ninth Street and Seventh Avenue. Landres saw the name of Louis Albert, a tailor of 131 West Forty-ninth Street, and recalled that other checks, bearing forged signatures of Albert, had been passed at the bank.

"In new bills, please," added Kathon. Landres pressed a button under his seat and the bank's doors closed. At the same time "pill boxes," installed for protection against hold-up men, dropped from above, and revolvers in the "pill boxes," within reach of guards, pointed toward the door. Kathon threw up his hands. Special Officer Frank Williams arrested him. In the West Side Court Kathon pleaded guilty to forgery, and was held for the Grand Jury. Kathon is charged with having forged Albert's name to three checks aggregating $175 and cashing them.

A New Play Soon

DANCING BLOOD

A Thrilling Romance of Heredity By Marjorie Rothrock.

B. F. Keith's PALACE B'way & 47 St. Mats. Daily 25c.-$1 — PAT. BROSNEY, MARION BENT & CO., Lydell & Macy, Hatoea Golden & Co. Sylvia Clark, others and MOSCONI BROS.

81 B. F. Keith's St. & B'way Popular Prices. — TRIXIE FRIGANZA, Allan Claire Vincent & Co. Fenton & Fields, others, & D. W. Griffith's Screen Masterpiece "THE IDOL DANCER."

COLUMBIA, B'way & 47th St. All Summer Show. FOLLY TOWN. Pop. Prices. Twice daily 2:15-8:15

Franklin Simon & Co.

Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Street

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Offer for a Limited Time an Opportunity to Save $3.75 to $5.75 on a Limited Number of

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IN MODELS FOR EVERY TYPE OF FIGURE

3.75	4.75	5.75
Regular price $7.50	*Regular price* $9.50	*Regular price* $11.50

Models that vary from the elastic top, lightly boned girdle for slender figures, to the well boned corset with straight hip and back for full figures.

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Closing-Out Art Needlework Department at 25% Discount

In order to devote more space to our Men's Furnishings Department, which has quite outgrown its present quarters, we are disposing of our entire stock of Art Needlework at a discount of 25% from the selling price at time of purchase.

Fancy Articles

Tapestry and Plush Scarfs and Pillows, Stamped Goods, and finished models.

Books of Directions

For the various kinds of Art Work.

Materials for Fancy Work

Embroidery Cottons and Silks; also Linen Threads.

Bag Frames.

Knitting Yarns in all weights and shades for Sweaters, Scarfs and Sacks. Needles of all sorts.

No C. O. D.'s — No Returns — No Approvals

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AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

Winter Garden REOPENING WEEK OF June 21 Cinderella on Broadway

Shubert Thos., 44th W. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Tom'w & Sat., 2:30. 10th Month. Charles Cherry and Frances Larrimore in the Famous Comedy SCANDAL

COMEDY 41st E. of B'way. Evs. 8:25. Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:25. MY LADY FRIENDS. AMERICA'S GREATEST COMEDY

MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th E. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. MATS TOMORROW AND SAT., 2:15. LAST WEEK This Season ALL SOULS' EVE With Lola Fisher and Cyril Keightley

NORA BAYES 44th W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Regular Mat. Sat. MAT. TOMORROW BEST SEATS $1.50. "LASSIE" The Season's Biggest Musical Hit!

ASTOR 45th & Broadway. Evs. 8:20. MATS. TOM'W & SAT., 2:20. Success of two Seasons EAST IS WEST With FAY BAINTER. LAST 2 WEEKS

LITTLE THEATRE 44TH ST., WEST OF BROADWAY. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. RICHARD BENNETT IN EUGENE G. O'NEILL'S GREAT DRAMA BEYOND THE HORIZON

REPUBLIC West 42d St. Evs., 8:30. Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. MARJORIE RAMBEAU In Channing Pollock's Great Melodrama. THE SIGN ON THE DOOR

ELTINGE Thos. W. 42nd St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. (Pop.) & Sat., 2:30. MARTINIQUE with Josephine Victor and Emmett Corrigan.

VANDERBILT THEATRE, W. 48TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat. THE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT IRENE

GARRICK Thos., 36th, Nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. and Sat., 2:30. Theatre Guild's Greatest Success JANE CLEGG

By St. John Ervine, Author of "John Ferguson." GARRICK — SPECIAL MATINEES TO-DAY: 2:30. Also To-morrow and Friday. "NIGHTSHADE" Produced by Henry Stillman.

SHUBERT-RIVIERA. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. NANCE O'NEIL in "THE PASSION FLOWER"

48TH ST. Thos., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. 295th Time. THE STORM With HELEN MACKELLAR

44TH ST. THEATRE, NEAR BROADWAY. Tomorrow Night 8:15. THE FALL AND RISE OF SUSAN LENOX The most wonderful story ever written. With ALMA TELL AND COMPANY OF SIXTY. SEATS NOW ON SALE.

BOOTH Thos., 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. The Charming Comedy Hit! Mat. Tomorrow 50c to $2.00. "NOT SO LONG AGO"

CENTURY THEA., 62d St. & Cent. P. W. Evs. 8:15. Mts. Tom'w & Sat., 2:15. MAT. TOMORROW. Best Orch. Seats $2. FLORODORA

Evs. 600 Good Seats at $2; 550 at $1.50; 700 at $1.00; 600 at 50c; others at $3.50 and $2.00. Branch Ticket Office Central Thea., 47th & B'way

CENTRAL Thos., 47th & B'way. Evs. 8:30. SAM BERNARD and IRENE BORDONI In "AS YOU WERE"

LYRIC Thos., 42d, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow and Sat., 2:30. Musical "Revelsal" Comedy Hit "What's in a Name"

BEST SEATS $2.00 Wednesday and Saturday Mats.

CASINO 39th & B'y. Evs. 8:15. Mts. W'd. & Sat. Pop. Mat. T'm'w. Best Seats $1.50. BETTY, BE GOOD The Musical Comedy Sensation.

FULTON West 46th St., Evs., 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. 3 BIG WEEK. POPULAR MAT. TO-MORROW.

"I ADMIT SHAME-FACEDLY THAT I LAUGHED AS MUCH AS THE REST OF THE AUDIENCE."—*Ds Fos, World.* AN INNOCENT IDEA

Eik't Emmett Keane & Great Comedy Cast "Unbelievably Funny."—MacGowan in Evs. Globe.

PLAYHOUSE Special Performance NEXT THURS. NIGHT. THE MERCHANT OF VENICE with Edward Waldmann, Laura Walker and other well Known Broadway Favorites. Benefit American Society for Control of Cancer. Prices 75c to $2.50. Seats Now.

SELWYN W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow & Sat., 2:30. DONALD BRIAN VIRGINIA O'BRIEN RALPH MORGAN in the Musical Hit, LAST 15 TIMES BUDDIES

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

LYCEUM Theatre, West 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. DAVID BELASCO Presents INA CLAIRE In "THE GOLD DIGGERS," by Avery Hopwood.

GLOBE Evs. 8:15 | First Mat. Tomorw. Best Seats $2.00. GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS OF 1920 with ANN PENNINGTON

GREENWICH VILLAGE 7th Ave., 11th St. & 7th Av. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. "Th. a. t. re."—Tribune. EMILY STEVENS, NORMAN TREVOR, O. P. HEGGIE And Brilliant Supporting Cast in "FOOT-LOOSE" By ZOE AKINS, Author of "Declasse."

KNICKERBOCKER B'WAY & 38th ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. Sunshiny Cape Cod Comedy. TONIGHT 183RD TIME SHAVINGS

HUDSON WEST 44TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. BOOTH TARKINGTON'S "CLARENCE"

BELASCO WEST 44th ST. Evenings 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. LAST 7 PERFORMANCES LENORE ULRIC In "THE SON-DAUGHTER" By George Scarborough & David Belasco.

CORT WEST 48th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. JOHN DRINKWATER'S ABRAHAM LINCOLN

HENRY MILLER'S THEATRE 124 W. 43rd St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. HENRY MILLER BLANCHE BATES in "The Famous Mrs. Fair" By JAMES FORBES

NEW AMSTERDAM WEST 42D ST. Evs. at 8:15. Mat. Tomorrow, 50c. to $2. No Higher. THE ED. WYNN CARNIVAL with ED. WYNN, "THE PERFECT FOOL"

ZIEGFELD ROOF ATOP NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE DINE IN THE OPEN AT 6:30 NIGHTLY UNTIL CLOSING ART HICKMAN ORCHESTRA A SENSATION Would Make a Wooden Indian Dance

ZIEGFELD MIDNIGHT FROLIC WITH EDDIE CANTOR AT 11:30

And All the Stars. 50 Most Beautiful and Talented Girls in America.

COHAN & HARRIS Th. W. 42. Evs. 8:30 Mts. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. DANCY WHIRLY MUSICAL SURLIE. SAM H. HARRIS presents the MUSICAL COMEDY SENSATION HONEY GIRL

GEO. M. COHAN B'y. 43d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tom'w & Sat. 2:30. SAM H. HARRIS Presents WILLIAM COLLIER In "THE HOTTENTOT." "It's a Hot."

GAIETY B'way, 46th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. JOHN GOLDEN presents FRANK BACON in LIGHTNIN

LIBERTY W. 42d St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. "THE NIGHT BOAT" "IT'S A JOY RIDE"

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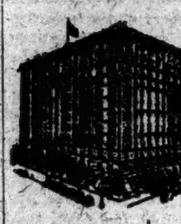

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PUBLISHED EVERY DAY IN THE YEAR BY THE NEW YORK TIMES COMPANY.
ADOLPH S. OCHS, Publisher and President.
B. C. FRANCK, Secretary.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 8, 1920.

OFFICES: [Telephone Bryant 1000.]

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END OF THE SALOON.

It is probable that the very lawyers who took the cases against the Prohibition Amendment to the Supreme Court expected to be beaten, despite their earnest and learned arguments. All the presumptions were that the Court would sustain the amendment. It had followed the customary forms. It had been ratified by forty-five States. The Judges would have had to be convinced by sound and convincing reasons to induce them to set aside the will of the chosen governments of the people, thus expressed. The Court could not go behind the formal facts of record to scrutinize methods and to pronounce upon motives. All that it could deal with was the regularity and legality of the procedure. The perfect understanding of this in advance was the cause of the general belief that the amendment and the law enforcing it would be held valid.

Some of the contentions in the briefs of counsel against the Government were apparently thrown in by way of good measure, and so that nothing might be omitted. For they were obviously strained arguments, and the Supreme Court made short work of them. It was maintained, for example, that because Congress had not in so many words declared the amendment "necessary," it had failed to comply with the constitutional provision covering the submission of amendments to the States. The Court holds that the necessity is implied in the very act of submission. Similarly, the point that there was required a two-thirds vote, not of a quorum of both houses of Congress, but of the full membership, was summarily brushed aside by the Judges. The established precedents were the other way. But all these and several similar matters were only the embroidery of the case. The substance of it lay in two main arguments.

These were (1) that the Prohibition Amendment asserted the police power for the Federal Government, to an extent undreamed of before, while interfering with the independent police power of the States; and (2) that the amendment had no proper place in the Constitution at all, since it was really not an addition to the organic act of government, but an actual piece of legislation. This was upheld by reasoning that was highly ingenious, but that had the air of making too many nice distinctions. Thus to overcome the seeming direct precedent of abolishing slavery by constitutional amendment—itself a violent interference with the States and also an act of legislation—it was subtly argued that what Congress really did was to assure to the States a "republican form of government." As this was impossible with slavery, abolition was decreed, and there was, according to the briefs, no direct dealing with slavery on the ground that it was an evil in itself to be done away with by constitutional amendment. The Court was plainly unable to follow these refinements. Without passing upon the wisdom of the Prohibition Amendment, it decided that it had in due form been made the supreme law of the land, to be enforced as truly as any other part of the Constitution.

The decision undoubtedly means the end of the open saloon in this country. To accomplish this a substantial majority of the people have voted, and, we believe, would vote again, if the issue were presented to them. Whisky drinking and the old-time saloon will henceforth be under the ban of prosecuting officers and the courts. Is there, however, no way under the Prohibition Amendment by which mild beer and light wines could be sold in restaurants and hotels and groceries? The Court itself indicates that there is. It had pointed out, in a previous decision, that to Congress was necessarily left the power to define "intoxicating liquors." This it now reaffirms, merely adding that "there are "limits beyond which Congress cannot "go in treating beverages as within "the power of enforcement." The way is thus open to such a plan as President BUTLER has urged upon the Republicans—namely, to declare for beer and light wines. If the Republicans will not take such a plank—as they almost certainly will not—the Democrats may. It would be a perfectly legal program. Many think it would be immensely popular. The probabilities are strong that, in one way or another, it will enter into the Presidential campaign.

GERMANY'S ELECTION.

While the returns from Sunday's voting for members of the new German Reichstag are still incomplete, they amply verify one prediction. This was that the group system of government would be emphasized. Seven or eight parties will have their representatives in the Reichstag. This division and subdivision is characteristic of the German political habit. BISMARCK said that, wherever you have three Germans, there you have at least four opinions. With all their genius for organization in commerce and industry—and war—the Germans seem to remain intensely individualistic in politics. It is a part of their clumsiness in political life which such men as Prince BÜLOW have publicly deplored. For a long time the Social Democratic Party was held together by external pressure. It furnished the only means of opposing militarism and Kaiserism. But with Germany conquered and the Hohenzollerns abdicated, the Social Democrats at once dissolved into several factions.

While the so-called Independent Socialists are the party of the Left and have gained seats, it was the Communist Party—over the edge of the Left—that was most feared as the possible harbinger of Bolshevism in Germany. But its vote turns out to be almost negligibly small. At the other extreme, the reactionary groups have not shown the strength which they expected to display. Thus it is, on the whole, the parties of middle-class opinion that will, together, control a majority of the Reichstag. It will not be easy to make out of these elements a strong Coalition Government. Yet the necessity of the case and the undoubted desire of the German people to maintain their national unity, and to do their best to stagger on beneath the heavy burdens which the war has piled upon their backs, should give the republic a longer prospect of life than its enemies have prophesied.

UNBOSSED.

The Republicans at Chicago have no leader; their convention is without a boss. This is not altogether due to the physical disability and absence of Senator PENROSE. It is a condition directly related to the prolonged and reckless efforts of the Republican Senators to deprive the Democratic President and the Democratic Party of the credit of concluding a peace to end one war, the greatest of all wars, and so far as is humanly possible, to prevent future wars. These men of the Senate could kill the Treaty; there their power ended. They have no capacity for party leadership, they have no control over the party or its delegates. They did something more than kill the Treaty. In that disgraceful wrangle in the Senate the principles and the very soul of the Republican Party shrunk and shriveled almost to the point of disappearance. As far as they are concerned, the party has but one principle—hostility to the Treaty and to the League of Nations. But to proclaim it in their platform would be fatal to their candidate.

Although there is no boss, no leader, it may be assumed that among the Republicans assembled in Chicago there is a board of strategy, men who have kept their heads and will do what they can to stay the organization in its headlong rush down the steep place into the sea. There are men like MURRAY CRANE and Governor BUCKMAN, who made himself their spokesman the other day when he boldly protested against the attempted domination of the Senatorial "ring." To those men the great body of uninstructed and unpledged delegates will give heed. It will be their purpose to avert party suicide through the nomination of Senator JOHNSON or any man like him. They will strive to prevent the making of a platform embodying the destructive principles of JOHNSON in respect to the Treaty and the Covenant. They will not permit the convention to declare it to be the intention of the Republican Party that the people of the United States shall henceforth live in a hollow tree.

No man can foretell the result as to candidate or platform. For the party and for the country the danger remains that the substance of principle will be sacrificed for the shadow of harmony. A compromising platform and a weak candidate would be the natural and usual outcome of a political situation where everything has been subordinated to the ambitions of a few men. Senator JOHNSON was ready on Saturday night to throw away his principles, but the arrival of Senator BORAH stiffened his backbone and he has reverted to his original uncompromising opposition to the Treaty. That certainly will not help him to the nomination, but it may enhance his nuisance value, and enable him to extort concessions that will prevent the nomination of such a candidate as the mass of the delegates must desire, a candidate to whom the party would give its hearty and unreserved approval. If there be such a board of strategy as we have imagined to exist it has work to do that will test the wisdom and strength of its members.

MAKE THE CENSUS ACCURATE.

If a mere question of local pride were at stake it would not be difficult to accept the returns of the census, considerable as the omissions appear to be. Even though our metropolitan district proved less than the largest in the world, water would still flow beneath the bridges, carrying a world-wide commerce; life would still pass to and fro in the streets. If the Borough of Manhattan is actually less populous than a decade ago by 47,489, and tending to fall behind the neighboring boroughs, many of its inhabitants would rejoice. For too many years it has been congested, unwholesome alike to body and to soul. It has been the hope of those who built up our system of rapid transit that slums might eventually be aired and an ever greater proportion of the people live in the open suburbs. The manifest destiny of the island is to serve as the workshop, perhaps also the cultural centre, of millions whose homes are in roomier, quieter places. But the census, as it happens, is more than a record of the increase or decrease of population; it is the basis of our national self knowledge, the statistical foundation of political and social thinking.

That very serious omissions have been made is beyond question. The inquiry made by THE TIMES resulted from the fact that in a small group of men there were a large proportion whose blanks had not been collected. Inquiries made at random over the telephone, from persons in widely separated localities, showed that over one-third of those questioned had not been counted. Local Census Supervisors state that they are still at work "mopping up" those omitted; but the Census Bureau at Washington was apparently under the impression that the returns were complete. President CURRAN of Manhattan says: "All "the evidence is that the borough has "grown considerably in the past ten "years, and probably a large num-"ber of people have not been "counted." Mr. STEWART BROWNE, President of the Real Estate Owners' Association, declares that from the start he saw that the methods of the census takers were "ridiculous" and was "convinced, before these figures "were made public, that at least 30 "per cent. of the people living in "apartment houses and hotels had not "been counted." He points out that whereas in 1910 the city was "overbuilt," many apartments being untenanted, there is at present a notorious shortage of housing—a shortage which the recent conversion of hotels and apartments to business uses would by no means exhaln. Mr. BROWNE is of the opinion that the defect in the census extends throughout the metropolitan district, the population of which, reported as 5,621,151, he estimates at over six millions.

The seriousness of even a much smaller error cannot be overestimated. Our entire system of political representation is based upon population; but that is the least of the evils. The census affords the basis of inquiry as to most of the great social problems—immigration and the distribution of peoples; the growth or decline of various racial elements; the numbers of illiterates and defectives; the proportion engaged in various vocations, health and the death rate. That such errors should stand is inconceivable. It may still be, of course, that present appearances are misleading; but the matter should be thoroughly sifted and no pains spared to make the record as accurate as is humanly possible.

THE RIGHT TO STRIKE.

President SAMUEL GOMPERS of the American Federation of Labor says that "the workers will not sacrifice "human progress for an abstraction "which is called public welfare," and he maintains that "the public has no "rights which are superior to the "toiler's right to live and to his right "to defend himself against public op-"pression." The rhetoric of Mr. GOMPERS, unfortunately for his reputation as a guide to organized labor, encourages men to strike to their own damage and demoralization, and the result may ultimately be the ruin of the industries upon which they depend for subsistance and happiness.

Consider what havoc the strikes affecting the coastwise shipping lines have caused in the last eighteen months. According to a statement issued by the Merchants' Association, the cost to the public, which includes, of course, the strikers, has been $85,959,970, divided as follows: Loss in wages, $12,255,000; loss of revenue to the carriers, $18,420,970; loss due to confusion, delay, congestion and destruction of perishable freight, $40,000,000; interest on the investment of the shippers in commerce tied up, $12,800,000; interest on the investment of the carriers in interstate commerce facilities, $2,478,000. That the piling of strike on strike, ordered by no less than fourteen different unions, is a fatuous policy may be seen in the pass to which matters have come: the present demands of the men are so exorbitant that the result, unless the leaders come to their senses, threatens to be the destruction of the coastwise shipping system.

The effects are far-reaching. All over the country tradesmen find their business at a standstill because they cannot get deliveries of the goods they deal in. The cost of living, in which the strikers find a justification for their intolerable demands, mounts higher, and in the end it is the consumers who will pay most of the losses of the industrial warfare. Mr. GOMPERS says with lame logic that strikes of magnitude temporarily affect the general public, but that this public includes all union men and women and is, in fact, fully one-fourth union. If the general public affected is 75 per cent. non-union—the proportion is really much greater—how can its welfare be "an abstraction"?

The proposition of Mr. GOMPERS that "the public has no rights which "are superior to the toiler's right to "live and to his right to defend him-"self against public oppression" would, if unqualified, lead him to approve of a general strike in which famine and disease might overwhelm his 75 per cent. of non-union population as well as the duped strikers. Moreover, has not the point come and been passed at which many strikes are not directed against oppression? In the 75 per cent. of the non-union population of Mr. GOMPERS there must be millions whose earnings are not equal to those of the members of unions when they work at current wages. Is the right to strike so sacred that no reason but a bad reason may sometimes be employed in calling men out to exist on distributions from the union fund and to lose millions of dollars in wages? Are the leaders of the unions always to have the exclusive right to decide when wages are below the level of the high cost of living? Is the high cost of living forever to be made higher by unintelligent and often fruitless strikes? If Governor ALLEN'S industrial court does not point the way to agreement between capital and labor for the good of both sides and for the public welfare which Mr. GOMPERS calls an abstraction, there should be sanity enough in the American people to work out the remedy. As the days go by and the remedy is not found society goes rushing on toward the brink of an abyss.

BUDGET THEORY AND PRACTICE.

There is a painful contrast between any of the proposals for budget reform and the "budget" just passed by the Congress which gave most attention to budget reform and came nearest to enacting it. It would almost seem that the intention was to provide a comparison by which to insure that no more budgets like the one just passed should be imposed upon the country. The situation is like that after the passage of the tariff of 1909, which the late Chairman of the Tariff Commission demonstrated to be an example of how a tariff should not be passed, but which was passed in what is our usual way, with tariffs and budgets alike.

Take, for example, Representative MONDELL'S proud claim that the Congress which has just adjourned made a saving of $2,874,460,017. The difference between the estimates of sums necessary and the sums appropriated is the claim for approval of Republican methods over Democratic. Every Congress reduces the requisitions of the departments, which are recognized as demands for all that can be hoped for from Congress and to have no just basis in merits of demands. Such claims to economy are customarily applauded in Congress and condemned elsewhere. It required nothing less than assurance for Representative MONDELL to put that in the forefront of the record that "commends Con-"gress to the favorable judgment of "the American people."

The departments are not to be unduly criticised for their individual enthusiasms in asking for funds individually, since none of them is charged with responsibility for the total of all demands. It is the least object of budget reform to accomplish the reduction of the estimates in the manner of the foolish boast. The decision of the total to be spent and the manner in which the funds are to be found and related to the total is matter of the highest policy and is not even hinted at in the Representative's boastful apology for what was done.

The British Admiralty has called the attention of Parliament to the excess of the naval expenditures of the United States over England's. When the army expenses are added, this country's military expenditures are running above Germany's when its preparations for domination were at their maximum. For war purposes alone the nation's war costs are above the total of the nation's ordinary pre-war expenditures, and the interest charges on the war debt are another very large increase. While these sums were being voted the navy launched the world's greatest warship, and there is now building on this side the sea the only one in the world which is larger. It would have been the function of a budget worthy the name to decide whether a limit was desirable upon activities which have aroused unfavorable comment throughout the world as inconsistent with our national professions of peaceful intentions.

Consider also the manner in which these huge sums were passed. The Senate added $39,000,000 to the House Navy bill and $42,000,000 to the Army bill. The Senate added $85,000,000 to the House Pension bill and passed it in three minutes. The merits of the totals or the increases are aside from the point that it is not possible to pass a good budget in this manner, where irresponsible additions and amendments are liable to be made without anything like the consideration the subject deserves. It is amazing that a demand for the country's approval shall be made on such a basis.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

It Wasn't So Very Surprising.

"Strange, bewildering fact!" exclaimed Mrs. CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT in the course of her speech congratulating the women assembled in Geneva on the attainment by their sex in many lands of the suffrage privilege—the privilege usually and incorrectly described by her and by them as "the right to vote."

The fact which Mrs. CATT finds strange and bewildering is that out of war, so hated of women, there has come to them what they had sought in vain through all the long years since the suffrage movement was started here in the United States by SUSAN B. ANTHONY and the group, so small but so determined, who worked with her in what then seemed to everybody else a hopeless cause.

To justify her feeling of strangeness and bewilderment, Mrs. CATT declared that war was "the undoubted original cause of the humiliating, age-old subjection of women the world around" and "the combined enemy of their emancipation." Had she read history better she could have recalled many instances when women, in spite of their inability, as a rule, directly to participate in military operations, had gained through war at least an approach to equality to men in political and social power, and she would have to search long before finding a single case in which what may be called the after-effects of war were not in one or another way advantageous to women—if they happened to be the mates of the victors. And therein they shared the lot of the men.

There is, therefore, no real cause for astonishment that this time, too, women have profited as well as suffered terribly from the thing which, in itself, they so abhor.

An Instinct Had to be Overcome.

What really prevented a woman as well informed and as highly intelligent as Mrs. CATT from seeing the reason for the phenomenon that amazed her is that she, like all her sisters in and out of suffrage circles, is by instinct and temperament inclined toward pacifism. To conserve, not to destroy, is the natural business of women in the world, and naturally they have difficulty in seeing, as normal men do, that whether war is right or wrong depends on the motive that inspires its participants—that there are worse ills than war and that for some ills war is the only possible or imaginable remedy.

Of course, innumerable women, and Mrs. CATT among them, have overcome their pacifist instinct as soon as their own country, or rather the men of their own country, was involved in war. Then the normal woman does her full part in the carrying on of the conflict, and what she then wants is not peace at any price, but victory at any price, even though the cost be the life of her own son.

What Mrs. CATT counts a strange, bewildering fact—that with the greatest of wars has come the enfranchisement of millions and millions of women—is easily enough explained. There were peculiarities about this war that made the assistance of women in its conduct more useful and more necessary than ever before. And they gave the assistance with a generosity, a courage, a forgetfulness of self that left less excuse than ever before for a further denial to them of political equality.

What the granted boon is worth to them and to the world remains to be proved, but from all present indications those who expect woman suffrage to bring in the millennium are going to be disappointed. The woman voter is strangely, bewilderingly like the man voter.

No Crime Worse Than This.

At almost any other time than just now the kidnapping of the Coughlin baby would have attracted an enormous amount of public attention, and even with so much of that attention diverted, much still remains fixed upon that cruel tragedy. Fathers and mothers everywhere take a deep interest in such a case, and their sympathy with the victims of such a crime and their indignation against its perpetrators have in them nothing of the impersonal and academic.

For completely to guard any baby or any child from determined abductors is next to impossible, and what the COUGHLINS are suffering is only too easily imaginable as happening anywhere to anybody. Such apprehensions, however, should be controlled. The kidnapping of children is among the very rarest of crimes, and the chance that any one child will be stolen isn't anything like as great as that it will be struck by lightning—which is negligible.

The motive for taking the Coughlin baby is not yet known, or at any rate has not yet been revealed. But had the purpose been to extort money the probabilities are that demands for it would have been made before now.

Whether or not, in case such a demand does come from the kidnapper, it should be paid—that is a question only theoretically open to discussion. To pay would have, of course, the bad effect of encouraging others to engage in similar enterprises, but no bereft father, and especially no mother, reasonably could be expected to think of anything except getting the lost baby back, and such a compounding of felony, though real, would never be punished or even criticised. The time for the law to get to work with all its severity is after the ransom has been paid and the child returned, and the object of its vehement and implacable search should be the kidnapper.

UNITY OF RUSSIA

Will Be Sought Along with the Regeneration of the Country.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

A great many years ago in the critical period of American history Russia, by her friendly influence, helped Abraham Lincoln in his struggle for American union. Friendship for friendship—and Russia in her present critical stage of history is looking for assistance from the United States in return. She believes that America will oppose the disintegration of the unity of Great Russia, and will help to preserve her territorial and political rights.

There are many countries which wish to use the present internal difficulties of Russia to further their own purposes, provoking the Separatist movements in the different border districts of Russia. This would fulfill the Separatists' ambitions and increase the period of internal trouble in Russia.

Apparently the allies of Russia have recognized the independence of the several parts of Russia and contemplate the recognition of others. This recognition deprives Russia of her various seaports situated in these dependencies. This will result in the disintegration of the backbone of the country, and will ruin her great national export and trade. The fate of these territories therefore can be determined by the Russian nation and by no others in the National Assembly, which is responsible for the disposal of land which from time immemorial has belonged to Russia.

The United States, a true ally of Russia, knowing all of the above facts, is strongly opposed to the recognition of the independence of these integral parts of the country. But soon the Allies might be willing to recognize the claims of Poland on purely Russian territory, White Russia, where the Poles are in negligible minority. Poland, it seems, also would like to take possession of this part of Russian territory even against the will of the inhabitants.

Contrary to the rest of the Allies (I except the United States), which increased their territory as a result of the war, Russia willingly decreased hers, giving independence to Poland. There are scattered in the fields of Poland and the woods of Prussia millions of graves of Russian heroes, by whose death Polish independence was bought. It is not only Poland, but the nations who were engaged from the beginning in the World War with Russia, who seem to have forgotten the importance of the part that Russia played and her sacrifices for the aid of the Allies. Is it really true that we were fighting for humanity and justice? Is it just for strong nations to deprive temporarily weakened Russia of her rightful territory without her consent?

Naturally it is difficult at present for Russia to protest against such acts of injustice. In view of her internal troubles she cannot reply according to her power and dignity. The time will come when the Russian nation will have the most convincing evidence of the friendship of the nations that were her real allies. It may be at the price of some sacrifice, but Russia will restore her political and territorial unity in her struggle for her national regeneration.

LT. WOLDEMAR DE SVESHNIKOFF,
former member Russian Military Commission to the United States.
Washington, June 4, 1920.

Men for the Presidency.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The gloomy view of Charles Strich's letter about the lack of great men for the Republican Presidential nomination is not wholly warranted. There is the New York delegation's choice, Dr. Butler; none can successfully dispute his title to consideration; he has a fine mind as well as great executive ability and a heart of patriotism.

And another son of the Empire State compares favorably with the greatest of our Presidents. I now speak of ex-Governor Hughes. After the convention turns from the men who are matching their money and their claims, after those who are seeking the office fail, then the office may seek the man, in accordance with the country's best traditions, and find this greatest of living Americans.

We did not fully know Hughes four years ago. He was defeated because modesty was mistaken for coldness and whiskers for something wrong. We have watched him more closely since then, and he has loomed like a great cathedral dome.

I am neither intimate with Judge Hughes nor in any sense hold his brief, nor have I any personal interest in the selection; but he has qualities of mind and heart which demonstrate his superiority over any living man to be President: to administer even-handed justice, to advise Congress, to best satisfy the "classes" in their relations with each other, to justify the nation's highest hopes and maintain its constitutional obligations.

W. M. K. OLCOTT.

New York, June 7, 1920.

Old Sea Captains.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

As one who well remembers many of that fine group of old New England sea Captains who navigated our American clipper ships throughout the seas of all the world, I would earnestly protest the description in this morning's TIMES of "the old-fashioned sea Captain" as one "who set forth his commands to the accompaniment of oaths and enforced them with the marlin spike." They have mostly gone now, but one has but to observe their many charming homes in our New England seaports—upon the Kennebec River, for example, where many of the finest ships were built—to realize that these men were by no means such as would be pictured from your description.

Your writer may have had in mind the dime-novel pirates. He certainly could not have known any of these resourceful seafaring men who took our cotton and other crops to England, Europe and the Orient, and there exchanged their cargoes for silks and teas and many other necessities and luxuries which we did not then produce.

The mates and crews of these days were the master's own kinsmen and neighbors, intelligent, often well read, and in line to become shipmasters themselves, and who would indeed resent any such description of their Captains. Is not the move referred to in your article rather an effort to regain once more our "old-fashioned sea Captain"?

Wallingford, Conn., May 30, 1920.

New York League Platform.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The League of Nations plank of the Virginia Democratic platform, so commended by President Wilson, is as follows:

"We advocate prompt ratification of the treaty without reservations which would impair its essential integrity."

In nearly identical thought, the Democratic organization of the State of New York three months ago (Feb. 26, 1920), in the declaration adopted by the last Democratic State Convention, said:

"We stand for the immediate ratification of the Peace Treaty and a League of Nations without destructive reservations."

Yet Judge Seabury was understood to have called the recent conference of New York Democratic national delegates for not declaring for ratification with the Lodge reservations, and to have maintained that such a declaration would be acceptable support of the President. ALBERT E. HOYT.

Albany, June 2, 1920.

THE DESTINATION.

(1900.)

"Over the hills to the Poor House"—
Alas! toward its portals we fare,
Where Charity offers us shelter,
With a crust and a bed and a chair.
And there in the shade of the willows
We'll sit and we'll dream of the past,
And envy the wealthy and happy,
With tears that flow bitter and fast.

(1920.)

"Over the hills to the Poor House"—
Hurray! for its doors we are bound—
The only cheap place in the country,
Where plenty and freedom are found!
And there, without worry or labor,
We'll loll in the shade of the trees,
And gloat as we think of the wealthy,
Who're taxed for our comfort and ease.

W. W. WHITELOCK.

SUFFRAGISTS LOST BAGGAGE

Delegates Besieged Geneva Shops on Their Arrival for the Congress.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, June 6.—The International Woman's Suffrage Congress was opened here today. Thirty-one countries were represented and thirty-six delegates from the United States were present. Most of the delegates arrived Saturday, many of them having lost their baggage on the journey through France. Consequently some had immediately to telephone to the dressmaking, millinery and other shops, begging them to reopen and supply their most urgent needs, the Geneva shops being closed Saturday afternoons. Some of the delegates, however, appeared at the reception and at the Cathedral service and meeting in their travelling clothes, as, on account of the high exchange in Switzerland, they couldn't afford to buy new outfits.

Many of the American delegates who had intended to spend some time travelling about the Continent say they will return home immediately, since conditions of travel in Europe are intolerable. Mrs. Josephus Daniels will sail June 19.

Suffragist Seirs Congress.

GENEVA, June 7 (Associated Press).—Mme. Dewitt Schlumberger, President of the French Union for Woman Suffrage, and French delegate to the International Woman Suffrage Alliance Congress, was loudly applauded at this morning's session when she declared that if all women had been possessed of suffrage before 1914 there would have been no war.

Mme. Schlumberger was one of ten women, representing as many countries, who spoke at the session, which was devoted chiefly to internal affairs of the Alliance. Announcement was made that since the last Congress was held at Budapest before the war, the women of twelve countries had obtained the vote.

The session was well attended, prominent among the delegates being ten Indians in their native costumes. Lady Astor and Mrs. Josephus Daniels, wife of the Secretary of the United States Navy, were absent.

Belgium is not represented at the Congress, because, it is said, the Belgian Woman Suffrage Association demanded that a resolution of regret for German atrocities committed in Belgium during the war. This, it is reported, the Germans refused to do.

A report was current this morning that Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, President of the Alliance, had decided to renounce her candidacy for the office during the coming term. The American delegates, hearing this, met and decided to try to prevail upon her to reconsider her decision.

Mrs. Catt later told the Associated Press that the reports of her resignation were premature and that she was still considering the question.

ELECT WOMAN PRESIDENT.

American Library Association Also Votes Carnegie "Patron Saint."

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., June 7.—The forty-sixth annual convention of the American Library Association concluded its five days' sessions here today when Miss Alice S. Tyler, Director of the Western Reserve University Library School at Cleveland, Ohio, was elected President, to succeed Chalmers Hadley of Denver.

Other new officers chosen were the First Vice President, H. H. B. Meyers, chief bibliographer in the Library of Congress; Second Vice President, Louise B. Kraus, librarian for H. M. Billesby & Co., Chicago; members of the Executive Board, George T. Utley, librarian of the Newberry Library, Chicago, and A. S. Root, librarian of Oberlin College, Oberlin, Ohio.

Chosen as members of the Council were Mary Eileen Ahern, editor of Public Libraries, Chicago; W. O. Carson, Inspector of Libraries, Toronto, Can.; Luther L. Dickerson, in charge library service for the United States War Department at Washington; C. F. D. Belden, librarian Boston Public Library, and Julia Ideson, librarian Houston Carnegie Library, Houston, Tex. The association elected as Trustee of its endowment fund W. W. Appleton of New York City.

Resolutions on the death of Andrew Carnegie, calling him the "patron saint" of American libraries, were adopted. Most of the delegates left tonight for Estes Park, where a week's conference will be held.

HEADS "MOTHER CHURCH."

Christian Scientists Choose W. P. Emery to Succeed J. W. Doorly.

BOSTON, June 7.—John W. Doorly, retiring President of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, Mother Church of the Christian Science faith, in his address at the annual meeting of the church today, declared that the meeting "sees the clouds which have threatened the Christian Science cause during the last year rolling steadily away." The retiring President said he had met with "unfailing courtesy" from the Board of Directors of the Church.

Willard P. Emery of Detroit was elected President to succeed Mr. Doorly. The term is one year. John Randall Dunn of St. Louis was elected first reader, and Miss Margaret Glenn of New York, daughter of Major General Edward F. Glenn, U. S. A., was elected second reader, each for a term of three years. Edward L. Ripley, Treasurer, and Charles E. Jarvis, clerk, were re-elected.

Mr. Jarvis reported to the Church that the growth of the movement "continues consistently in a gratifying manner," that war relief work was still being conducted in Europe, and that food was being supplied to the people of Denmark and Norway, and clothing to Berlin, Dennig and Vienna.

Religious and secular editors, in the main, are "sympathetic" toward the "apparent difficulties" of the Mother Church, according to the report of the Committee on Publication.

CONWAY BOOKS NET $7,545.

Kipling's Manuscript of a Jungle Story Is Sold for $4,000.

The sale of selections from the library of Eustace Conway, including books and manuscripts of the late Moncure D. Conway, brought $7,545.90 at the Anderson Galleries yesterday.

T. J. Gannon paid $4,000 for the original manuscript of the first story in Rudyard Kipling's "The Jungle Book." It contains the author's inscription on the first page, "Susan Bishop from Rudyard Kipling, February, 1895." It is said to be the most important Kipling manuscript ever offered at auction. This version differs from "Mowgli's Brothers," as published in "The Jungle Book," to such an extent that it is practically a different story. It was evidently Kipling's first conception, which he afterward condensed and changed throughout.

P. Sargent gave $600 for the original manuscript of Mark Twain's English edition of "Tom Sawyer." Moncure D. Conway represented Mark Twain in the publication in England of "Tom Sawyer." The American edition was issued about a year later.

W. W. Cole obtained for $133 a collection of autograph letters, portraits, etc., of Concord celebrities, including six pen-and-ink sketches of Nathaniel Hawthorne's "Old Manse." G. A. Baker & Co. paid $600 for the first issue of the first edition of Walt Whitman's "Leaves of Grass," with a letter of Whitman to Moncure D. Conway, inclosing his copy of Ralph W. Emerson's letter to him, highly commending the book.

URGES ADVERTISING AS CHURCH BENEFIT

New York Delegate to Indianapolis Convention Says They Should Announce "Goods."

CLAIM ADS REDUCE TAXES

Use of Posters and Films Is Upheld—Deny That Publicity Increases Article's Cost.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 7.—Delegates to the convention of the Associated Advertising Clubs of the World after a busy day took time off tonight and helped Indianapolis celebrate its centennial with a parade depicting the growth of the city from a lone log cabin in 1820 to its present population of 314,194.

Sectional meetings were held during the afternoon. One of the largest attended was on church advertising. William C. Freeman of New York declared there was no "merchandise" like that which the church had to offer and when the church advertises it is certain to achieve splendid results. Morse Sidener of Indianapolis said the big fault of the church today is that it is not sufficiently aggressive. "It has the 'goods,' but it has never told the world about them," Mr. Sidener declared.

A. C. Pearson of New York, addressing the business paper section, declared that it was only in rare cases that the greater use of advertising recently has been based upon the idea of investing funds in advertising rather than paying Government taxes. The importance of advertising during the war brought about the increase, he asserted.

Describes Successful Poster.

Poster advertisers were told by Samuel N. Holliday of New York that a successful poster should be "simple and bold in design, brief in text, understood at sight, pleasing and strong in color, balanced in composition and designed to attract attention in some particular."

The use of films in advertising was described by Harry Levey of New York, who declared that the firm which bought the first film for advertising purpose had had fourteen others made.

"It is entirely wrong to look upon the expense of advertising as one of the costs which add to the price," declared Joseph Pease Johnson, Dean of the New York University School of Commerce. "Without advertising large scale production is absolutely impossible and large scale production is the sine qua non of low prices. Furthermore, advertising sees to it that people shall get goods of the best quality. Advertising puts no royal crown on the head of a humbug."

L. D. H. Weld, manager of the commercial research department of Swift & Co., Chicago, stressed the importance of thorough analysis of product and market in planning sales and advertising campaigns.

"Reduces Costs to Make."

"There are still too many people who believe that advertising is more or less an expensive luxury, and that it is an expense that consumers must pay for if they buy advertised goods," Mr. Weld said. "Advertising not only reduces selling costs by producing a greater demand for the same expenditure but it also reduces manufacturing costs by making possible large scale production, by bringing about a standardization of commodities and by transforming seasonal demands into continuous and all-year demands."

A. H. Deute, advertising manager of a sales company of New York, and Tim Thrift, advertising manager of a sales company of Cleveland, told of the value and methods of interesting the workers in the factories in the advertising campaigns so that there would be no falling down in the products advertised.

A memorial in commemoration of the late William Woodhead, prominent in the work of the organization, was presented by William C. d'Arcy of St. Louis.

The convention will continue through Thursday.

DAVIS DINES ROYALTY.

King and Queen Guests at American Embassy in London.

LONDON, June 7.—Utmost simplicity marked the dinner given in honor of King George and Queen Mary by Ambassador John W. Davis and Mrs. Davis at the American Embassy tonight. There was but a small number of guests and only informal speeches were made. The King and Queen were accompanied by Princess Mary and Princess Victoria, and their attendants included Lord Ranksborough, lord-in-waiting to the King; Major Seymour, equerry-in-waiting, and Lady Ampthill, lady-in-waiting to the Queen.

Hugh C. Wallace, American Ambassador at Paris, and Mrs. Wallace came from Paris to be present at the function. Others at the dinner were the Archbishop of Canterbury and Mrs. Davidson, Arthur J. Balfour, M.P., and Lady Kirkwood, Earl and Countess Curzon, the Earl and Countess of Reading, the Earl and Countess of Midleton, Viscount and Viscountess Harcourt, Baron Hardinge, Sir John and Lady Ward, Sir Owen and Lady Phillipps, Captain Derry Portman, Miss Bonham Carter, Miss Julia Davis, Miss Beecher, niece of Ambassador Wallace, and Miss Katherine Watson.

After the speechmaking the younger guests danced to American Southern tunes, Princess Mary and Miss Beecher being the most popular partners.

Queen Mary wore a pearl-gray gown and a diamond necklace. Mrs. Davis's gown was of rose brocaded in silver, with tulle trimmings.

The function was concluded at midnight with the playing of "God Save the King."

One guest characterized the dinner as "a most informal formal affair." It was acclaimed a complete success and high tribute was paid to Mr. and Mrs. Davis.

Extreme cordiality marked the table chat. The guests had been seated at four round tables, a fact which is said to have been conducive to the informality.

PASSPORT STORY DENIED.

Tourists Not Forced to Buy Polish Bonds, Says Consular Official.

Denial was made yesterday by Joseph Kubies, Secretary to the Polish Consul General, Fifty-ninth Street and Third Avenue, of a report that the Consul had refused to vise passports for persons desiring to visit Poland unless they purchased a Polish bond in one of three denominations in which they are issued—$50, $100 and $500. He adm

MISS MAUD KAHN'S BRIDAL ON JUNE 15

Her Marriage to Capt. Marriott to be Held in St. John's Church, Cold Spring Harbor.

SISTER HER HONOR MAID

Maj. Gen. Bethell to be the Best Man and Members of British Embassy Staff the Ushers.

Plans have been completed for the wedding of Miss Maud E. Kahn, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Otto H. Kahn of 1,100 Fifth Avenue, and Captain and Brevet-Major J. C. O. Marriott, Scots Guards, which is to take place on Tuesday afternoon, June 15, at 4.30 o'clock, in St. John's Church, Cold Spring Harbor, L. I.

Owing to the limited capacity of the church, only relatives and a very few friends are to attend the ceremony, which will be followed by a reception at the country house of Mr. and Mrs. Kahn, at Woodbury, L. I.

Mr. Kahn will give his daughter in marriage. Miss Margaret D. Kahn is to be her sister's maid of honor, and the other attendants will include Mrs. Otis Guernsey, and the Misses Adelaide Sedgwick, Marianne McKeever, and Marion Tiffany.

Major-General Hugh K. Bethell, C. B., D. S. O., is to act as best man for Major Marriott. The ushers are all members of the British Embassy staff, of which Major Marriott until recently was a member, and will include Lieutenant Colonel Andrew Thorne, Air Commodore Leo Charlton, Captain J. F. Harker, and R. H. Hadow.

Major Marriott arrived here last week from England. Mr. Kahn is a passenger on the Celtic, which is due here on Thursday.

MISS EVELYN STARR TO WED.

Canadian Violinist Engaged to Captain George C. Boggs.

The engagement has been announced of Miss Evelyn Starr, the Canadian violinist, to George C. Boggs of Woodstock, N. Y. Miss Starr was a pupil of Professor Leopold Auer, and made her London début in 1914, appearing since in concert in Canada and the United States. She is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. C. R. H. Starr of Halifax, N. S., and a sister of Mrs. W. W. Fitzhugh, Jr., of Brooklyn.

Mr. Boggs was graduated from Dartmouth, class of '14, and served in France as a Captain for two years. He is a member of the Kingston Golf and Country Club. The wedding will take place early in September in Canada.

Edna Kellogg, Singer, to Wed Artist.

Arthur R. Friedlander, an artist, of 200 West Fifty-eighth Street, and Mrs. Edna Kellogg Brown of 246 West Seventieth Street will be married tomorrow at the Church of the Messiah, the Rev. John H. Randall officating. They obtained their marriage license yesterday. Mrs. Brown is a soprano, known as Edna Kellogg, a widow, and is 25 years old. She has been with the Metropolitan Opera Company. Mr. Friedlander is 47.

Engagements.

Dr. and Mrs. Johnston MacLeod of Flushing, L. I., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margaret MacLeod, to Erskine B. Van Houten, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. S. Van Houten of Nyack-on-Hudson.

Mr and Mrs. William F. Griffiths of East Orange, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marion Griffiths, to Edward Kingsbury Simpson, son of Mrs. Richard S. Storrs of Orange, N. J.

200 POLICE CHIEFS MEET.

Crime Wave as By-Product of War Cited by Convention Speaker.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., June 7.—Approximately 200 Police Chiefs, with others whose work is the detection and suppression of crime, met in the Hotel Statler today, when the twenty-seventh annual convention of the International Association of Chiefs of Police was opened.

Among well-known persons attending were Joseph Faurot, Deputy Police Commissioner of New York; William A. Pinkerton, Mrs. Mina C. Van Winkle, head of the Woman's Division of the Washington Police Department; Chief Frank T. Mooney of New Orleans, Chief F. C. Roach of Atlanta, and Major Richard Sylvester, former head of the Washington police.

Dr. James W. Inches, Detroit's Police Commissioner, welcomed the convention and Chief M. Quigley of Rochester, N. Y., called the meeting to order. Mr. Quigley said that in five years, in his opinion, the United States "will have a national police force."

No abatement in the present "crime wave" can be expected before 1927, and there will be no permanent lessening then unless criminal procedure discards old fogy ideas and realizes that it has stood still 150 years, while the world has moved forward," according to August Vollmer of the department of criminology of the University of California.

"We must allow ten years for the injuries done by war to those intimately related to it to spend their force," Mr. Vollmer said. "Crime probably then will reach its pinnacle, in other countries as well as the United States.

"The terms 'shell shock,' or 'anxiety neurosis,' are misnomers. What we really mean is that countless men and women were submitted during the war period to fatigue and worry beyond their endurance. Many reached the breaking point. It was the same as trying to pour a quart into a pint container.

"Crime is due mostly to sex, pugnacity or the fever for acquisition. Most of us have certain inhibitions; we curb our belligerency. But during the war certain nerve cells became diseased and, under the pressure, the inhibitory powers of many people collapsed. That is why crime has increased."

STAGE AIDS SALVATIONISTS.

Florodora Girls to Invade Wall Street in Home Service Drive.

"Florodora" girls from the stage and "doughnut" girls of the Salvation Army will invade the city today seeking subscriptions to the $10,000,000 Home Service Fund of the Salvation Army. The former have been assigned the task of visiting Wall Street and will go into the financial district tan strong on a motor truck. The squadron will then visit the hotels. The "doughnut" girls will stage offensives in Times Square, City Hall Park, Union Square, and Columbus Circle.

For the purposes of the drive the tambourine, recently retired with honors after years of use in Army warfare, has been taken off the shelf and 250 lassies went out yesterday to jangle them and ask for subscriptions to the fund.

Dinner for Leopold Auer, 75.

A dinner was given for Professor Leopold Auer at the Ritz-Carlton last night to commemorate the seventy-fifth anniversary of his birthday. More than a hundred, including pupils of Professor Auer, who now are famous as violinists, were present. Professor Auer gave each guest a Victrola record made by him, and an autographed photograph. There was a birthday cake with seventy-five candles. Among those present were Efrem Zimbalist and his wife, Alma Gluck, Sir Edgar and Lady Speyer, Fritz Kreisler and Mrs. Kreisler, Jasha Heifetz and Toscha Seidel.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

E. Francis Hyde of 36 West Fifty-eighth Street left yesterday for California, and will visit Yellowstone Park during his stay on the Pacific Coast.

Mrs. H. McK. Twombly gave a small dinner last evening at the St. Regis.

Mrs. James W. Burden has leased her house at 160 East Seventieth Street, to Lathrop Brown.

Mrs. Dallas Bache Pratt and Miss Beatrice Pratt have returned from Virginia and are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Dr. Ira Remsen of Baltimore, formerly President of Johns Hopkins University, is staying at the Hotel Buckingham.

David T. L. Van Buren, who is to marry Miss Mathilde Saportas tomorrow, will give his farewell bachelor dinner tonight.

Mrs. William Jay entertained at luncheon yesterday at Delmonico's, also Mrs. Frederick Kohl, who has recovered from her injuries received in a motor accident.

Mrs. Hugh D. Auchincloss and Miss Annie B. Jennings are leaving today for Europe for the Summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Grenville Parker have taken Mrs. Irving L. Terry's house at Southampton, L. I., for the season.

Henry Morgenthau, Ambassador to Mexico, and Mrs. Morgenthau are at Briar Cliff Lodge.

Miss Delphine Dodge, who is to marry James H. R. Cromwell at Grosse Pointe, Mich., on June 17, and her brother and sister-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Horace E. Dodge, Jr., are at the Ritz-Carlton. Mr. Cromwell also arrived at the hotel yesterday from Philadelphia.

Mrs. Joseph P. Knapp, Mr. and Mrs. Alvin W. Krech, Mrs. Henry D. Babcock, Mr. and Mrs. J. Searle Barclay and Leonard M. Thomas are among the recent arrivals at Southampton for the Summer.

Mrs. William T. Hildrup, Jr., arrived on the Pannonia yesterday from Italy, and is at the St. Regis. Mrs. Hildrup had just arrived in Italy when she received word of her husband's death and took the first steamer back to New York. Mr. Hildrup, who died on May 14 in Harrisburg, had planned to join his wife in Italy, where they were to reside indefinitely.

Washington.

Vice President and Mrs. Marshall left yesterday for North Carolina for a short stay prior to going to Evanston, Ill., and later to California, where the Vice President will be a delegate to the Democratic Convention. The Marshalls will be the guests of Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh, on her private car, from Evanston to San Francisco, also for a week or ten days, following the Democratic Convention when the Walsh party will visit Coronado Beach. The Vice President and his wife have relinquished their apartment and do not expect to return to Washington until December.

The British Ambassador and Lady Geddes were dinner guests last evening of Dr. and Mrs. Livingston Farrand, who entertained a company of twenty-six at their K Street residence. Dr. and Mrs. Farrand will bring their Washington season to a close in a few days, but will return to the capital next season, when they will present their daughter, Miss Margaret Farrand, to society.

The French Ambassador and Mme. Jusserand are booked to sail for France on June 10.

Mrs. Russell O. Leffingwell entertained at luncheon yesterday in compliment to Mme. Boris Bakhmeteff, wife of the Russian Ambassador. The latter has gone to Chicago, where he will be among the large number of diplomatic visitors at the National Convention.

George Oakley Totten was host at a garden party, with a short musical play and dancing, last evening at his studio home on Sixteenth Street. A temporary stage was erected for the play, "In Sherwood Forest," written by Mrs. Edouard Albion, and given by a cast which included Miss Abby Morrison, of New York; Miss Enid Sims, daughter of Representative Sims of Tennessee; the Duke Caffarelli, of the Italian Embassy; M. Lagerberg, of the Swedish Legation, and members of the Washington Opera Company.

Mrs. Robert McCormick left yesterday for York Harbor, Me., where she has a cottage for the Summer. Mrs. Charles S. Bromwell also went to New York, en route for York Harbor, where she will have a cottage for the Summer.

Dr. and Mrs. Duncan McKim have closed their house on R Street and will pass the Summer at Litchfield, Conn.

Mrs. William G. Johnson and her young daughters have gone to their Summer home at Spring Lake, N. J.

Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. Ormond G. Smith of New York have arrived for the Summer.

Stone Villa is being prepared for occupancy and Mr. and Mrs. William F. Whitehouse, who are at present at the Muenchinger-King, will take possession in a short time.

Former Governor Charles Warren Lippitt was in Newport on Sunday making an inspection of his Summer home, the Breakwater, which he and his family will occupy again a little later.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Whitney Carpenter have returned from New York and are at Cliff Lawn.

Mrs. Daniel B. Fearing will close her Newport residence for July and August and go to Bar Harbor.

Mrs. Charles F. Hoffman is to spend the Summer in London.

Miss Alice Preston and George R. Preston have arrived at Moorland Lodge.

Miss Margaret Dunlap has arrived from Philadelphia, joining Miss Julia Berwind at the Derham Cottage.

Hot Springs, Va.

Joseph B. Whitehead of New York has joined his mother, Mrs. Arthur Kelly Evans, at her cottage.

Baron and Baroness Rosenkrantz rode in from Roseloe yesterday for tea on the Casino lawn.

Dr. and Mrs. Dunbar Roy of Atlanta, Ga., and T. Saunders Foster of St. Louis are among the arrivals at the Homestead.

Mr. and Mrs. Edmund A. Lynch have returned to New York, after passing three weeks at the Homestead.

Joseph L. Werner has returned to his home in St. Louis.

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

Mrs. J. K. Wise of Wilmington, N. C., is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Lawrence Lewis, at Colonnade Cottage. Visiting Mrs. Lewis also is Mrs. George Kidder of Wilmington. Mrs. Wise entertained Mr. and Mrs. William Lewis, Mrs. George Kidder and Mrs. Lawrence Lewis at luncheon yesterday at the Casino.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. Hutchins of New York and Mrs. Walter M. Larus and Mrs. J. Clayton Strawbridge of Philadelphia were among the luncheon groups there.

Preas-Lyons Wedding June 16.

The wedding of Miss Gladys Foster Lyons, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. D. Stanley Lyons, and Dr. Bruce Bushong Preas will take place on Wednesday, June 16, at 7:30 o'clock, in the Marble Collegiate Church. A reception will follow at the home of the bride's parents, 223 East Thirtieth Street.

Nelson-Rosenquest Engagement.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Ogden Nelson of 1,226 Madison Avenue, announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Beatrice Berrien Nelson, to John Butler Rosenquest of Cleveland and Westchester, N. Y., son of Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Rosenquest of Westchester.

John W. Bunn.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 7.—John W. Bunn, a close friend of Abraham Lincoln, died today in Springfield, Ill. Mr. Bunn was 90 years old. He came to Springfield from New Jersey in 1847. He was the owner of the Illinois Watch Company, President of the Marine Bank in Springfield, President of John W. Bunn & Co. and a member of Selz, Schwab & Co. of Chicago.

SMITH M. WEED DIES IN PLATTSBURG

Politician and Lawyer Passes Away at His Home at Age of 86.

WAS SUPPORTER OF TILDEN

Also an Important Factor in the Nomination of Cleveland—Six Terms in Assembly.

Special to The New York Times.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., June 7.—Smith M. Wood, capitalist, lawyer and for many years a power in the Democratic Party, died at his home here this morning at the age of 86. Since 1883 he has been retired from active law practice, but for long after that date he retained many of his large financial interests. His death will recall several of the notable political events of the last half century, for he was one of the leading supporters of Samuel J. Tilden, representing him through the South in the famous controversy, and at the National Democratic Convention of 1884 he was a prime factor in the nomination of Grover Cleveland.

On two occasions Mr. Weed received the entire Democratic vote for United States Senator, and six times he was elected to the State Assembly. His business ventures, which were of wide range and generally successful, included railroads and iron works. He was President of the Hudson River Ore and Iron Company, the Chateaugay and Lake Placid Railroad, and the San Domingo Improvement Company of New York, and a Director of the Plattsburg Traction Company.

He was married in 1859 to Miss Catherine Lester Standish, a descendant of Miles Standish. She died some years ago.

MOSS FUNERAL TONIGHT.

Mayor Hylan and District Attorney Swann Among Pallbearers.

Mayor Hylan, Police Commissioner Enright and District Attorney Swann will be honorary pallbearers at the funeral services for Frank Moss this evening at 8 o'clock at the St. James Methodist Episcopal Church, Madison Avenue and 126th Street. The Rev. David G. Downey will officiate. Other honorary pallbearers will be former Justice John W. Goff, Justices Vernon M. Davis, Thomas C. T. Crain and Julius M. Mayer, Col. Thomas Snell, Charles R. Saul, Justice Benjamin Hoffman, Edward J. McGuire and Robert Maas.

Committees representing the Association of the Bar of the City of New York, New York County Lawyers' Association, Union League Club, National Republican Club, Society for the Prevention of Crime, will attend the funeral services.

Ex-Commander Henry E. Smith.

BOSTON, June 7.—Henry E. Smith, of Worcester, the oldest ex-Commander of the Ancient and Honorable Artillery Company of Massachusetts, died here late today, just after escorting Governor Coolidge into the State House. Mr. Smith was 79 years old.

Mrs. Fanny Andrews Shepard.

Funeral services were held yesterday for Mrs. Fanny Andrews Shepard of Aintab, Turkey, at the home of her sister, Mrs. Charles T. Kilborne of 84 Hillyer Street, East Orange, N. J. Mrs. Shepard's son-in-law, the Rev. Ernest W. Riggs, President of Euphrates College at Harpoot, Turkey, officiated. Mrs. Shepard practised medicine for many years at Aintab, and with her late husband, Dr. Fred D. Shepard, aided in the educational and economic improvement of the country.

Dr. Edward H. M. Sell.

Dr. Edward Herman M. Sell of 137 West 94th Street, the only survivor of the seven physicians who organized the American Academy of Medicine in 1876, died last night at the age of 87.

Before Dr. Sell entered medicine he studied at the Gettysburg Theological Seminary and spent four years as a Lutheran minister. In 1866 he was graduated from Bellevue Medical College in this city and then went abroad, establishing in 1871 at Vienna the first practical gynecological operative course in the world.

Theodore Habelmann Dies at 87.

Theodore Habelmann, who sang the role of Lohengrin in that opera at the Academy of Music in 1872, and was a well known performer of Wagnerian roles at the Metropolitan Opera House thirty years ago, died Sunday at his country home in Indian Orchard, near Honesdale, Pa. He was born in 1833 at Breslau, Germany, and for several years was the leading tenor of the Parepa Rosa Italian Opera Company. In 1902 he opened an operatic school here.

Obituary Notes.

Miss HELEN D. WINCHESTER, for twenty-four years a teacher in Public School 3, and an active woman suffrage worker in Brooklyn, died on Saturday at her home, 1,054A Sterling Place, Brooklyn. She was formerly Corresponding Secretary of the woman suffrage organization of the Eighteenth Assembly District.

VAL WINKLER, Minister of Agriculture for Manitoba, died suddenly at his home in Morden last night. He was elected to the Manitoba Legislature in 1892, and after the Norris Government came into power a seat in the Cabinet was given him. He was 56 years old.

ALEXANDER STEINERT, a merchant tailor in Manhattan and a resident of Brooklyn for forty years, died on Saturday at his home, 53 Decatur Street, Brooklyn. He was 73 years old.

GEORGE E. TILLY of Jamaica, a civil war veteran who had been a realty broker and a patriotic instructor in the public schools, died yesterday in Jamaica, aged 83 years.

CHARLES SIMON, founder of Auger & Simon and a Director of the National Silk Dyeing Company, is dead at his home in Paterson, N. J., aged 61 years.

JACOB PIDGE, who was nearly 100 years old, died suddenly yesterday at his home in South Killingly, Conn.

BARTHOLOMEW GRIFFIN, for many years with the Equitable Life Assurance Society and a brother of Daniel J. Griffin, former Sheriff of Kings County, died Saturday night at the age of 46. His home was at 367 East Thirty-fifth Street, Brooklyn.

JUDGE MERRITT W. PINCKNEY of the Chicago Juvenile Court died yesterday at his home in Chicago.

The Rev. THOMAS H. DOUGLAS of the New York Presbytery, formerly pastor of the old Fifty-first Street Presbyterian Church, died Saturday at his residence in Pasadena, Cal., aged 81 years.

BENJAMIN H. ATHA, purchasing agent for the Standard Textile Products Company, died yesterday in his 61st year at his home in Newark.

Mrs. ELLEN KAVANAGH, widow of J. J. Kavanagh, died suddenly yesterday at her home, 1,920 Anthony Avenue, Bronx, in her 69th year.

Colonel RICHARD C. CROXTON, U. S. A., retired, died yesterday morning in Roosevelt Hospital after an illness of three days, at the age of 67. His last command was at Fort Meade, where he organized the 63d Regiment.

Born.

SLOANE—To Adelaide Kerman and Charles O'Conor Sloane, on June 6, a girl, Harriet Kerman Sloane.

Confirmation.

LEVY—Mr. and Mrs. Leopold Levy (nee Ada V. Lesser), of 1,453 President St., Brooklyn, announce the bar mitzvah of their son Harold Leon on Saturday morning, June 12, 1920, at Temple Beth Elohim, Ocean Pkwy., at 9:30 A. M.

Engaged.

BERNSTEIN—KORNBAND—Mr. and Mrs. Maurice Kornband of 1,229 Park Av. announce the engagement of their daughter, Evelyn W., to Mr. David M. Bernstein, son of Mr. and Mrs. I. Bernstein of 8,055 21st Av., Bensonhurst.

STAIGHT—CONNELL—Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Connell announce the engagement of their daughter, Marjorie, to Mr. Eric W. Staight of Manila, P. I.

Married.

CONGDON—LINN—On June 5, at the Congregational Church, Glen Ridge, New Jersey, by the Rev. Dr. Clarence H. Wilson, assisted by the Rev. Frank N. Townley of Brooklyn, Dorothy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Linn, to Ernest W. Congdon, Jr.

FITCH—DORION—On June 7, 1920, at New York City, by Rev. Edgar W. Work, D. D., Abby Beers Norris Dorion to George Fitch of Denver, Colorado.

KENNEDY—CAMP—Mr. and Mrs. Charles Foster Camp, formerly of New York, are announcing the marriage of their daughter Natalie to Captain John Kennedy on June 5 at Washington, D. C.

KERNER—KOERNER, GOTTLIEB—KOERNER—Mr. and Mrs. Solomon H. Koerner of 601 West 137th St., New York City, announce the marriage of their daughters, Miss Antoinette Koerner, to Mr. Jack A. Kerner and Miss Sophia B. Koerner to Dr. Bernhardt S. Gottlieb, on June 6, 1920. Rev. Dr. A. Eiseman of Mount Neboh Temple officiated.

KETCHAM—PRAY—On June 8, 1920, at 153 Ayeiga Av., Passaic, N. J., by the Rev. Edward Dawson, Gladys Pray, only daughter of Mrs. J. Parker Pray and the late Dr. Pray, to Mr. Horace A. Ketcham, son of Mr. and Mrs. Harry J. Ketcham, also of Passaic.

KLOTZ—IMERNAN—Mr. and Mrs. David Imernan announce the marriage of their daughter Selma; to Mr. Herman Klotz, on Sunday, June 6, by the Rev. Dr. Kreskolopf.

MILLER—RUSHMORE—At her home, Ridgedale Avenue, Madison, N. J., Alice, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles T. Rushmore, to Edward B. Miller of Madison.

ROSE—COHN—Mr. and Mrs. William Cohn of 50 East 96th St., announce the marriage of their daughter Edith to Mr. Joseph Rose, son of Mrs. Carrie Rose of Woodmere, L. I., at the Hotel St. Regis, Monday, June 7, 1920.

Died.

ALBERT—On June 7, 1920, Margaret, beloved wife of Andrew Albert, mother of Catherine Hartmann and Frank Albert and grandmother of Benedict Hartmann, aged 68 years. Funeral from her late residence, 242 West 30th St., Wednesday, June 9, at 9:30 A. M.; thence to St. John's Baptist Church.

ALLEN—June 7, at House of Calvary, Featherbed Lane, Mrs. Rose S. Allen of 62 West 40th St.

ATHA—At Newark, N. J., on Monday, June 7, 1920, Benjamin H. Atha, husband of Helen Kimball Atha. Funeral service will be held at his late home, 24 Waverly Av., Newark, on Wednesday, June 9, at 2:30 P. M.

AUCHAMPAUGH—Suddenly, on Sunday, June 6, 1920, Francella S. Interment at Saratoga Springs, N. Y.

BIRDSALL—June 7, 1920, Katharine Hubbell, wife of James T. Birdsall. Funeral services 9 A. M., June 9, at 201 West End Av., Haddonfield, N. J. Interment 2:30 P. M., Somerville, N. J.

BROPHY—On Monday, June 7, 1920, Katherine R., wife of the late John A. Brophy and mother of the Rev. Joseph F. Brophy. Funeral from the late residence, 64 Lincoln Place, Brooklyn, on Thursday, June 10, at 9 A. M.; thence to St. Augustine's Church, 6th Av. and Sterling Place.

CHURCH—At Orange, N. J., on Monday, June 7, 1920, Annie Caroline Osborne, wife of the late Edward Wilson Church and youngest daughter of the late Abner and Louisa Hart Osborne. Notice of funeral later.

COHEN—Beckie, dearly beloved wife of Harry and devoted mother of Carl, Isidor and Fannie, in her 48th year. Funeral from her late residence, 247 Hart St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, June 8, 2 P. M.

COHEN, Hyman—
Congregation B'nai Jeshurun:

At a special meeting of the Board of Trustees held June 7, 1920, the following minute was unanimously adopted:

"Once again the grim reaper has summoned one of our loved leaders. Hyman Cohen faithfully and loyally served this Congregation as Trustee and as Vice President for many years. God spared him to see the work which he loved crowned with His blessing. We, his associates, shall truly miss his genuine helpfulness, his untiring leadership, but in thanksgiving we raise our prayers to our Heavenly Father for His goodness in permitting us, with him, to serve and to upbuild.

"To his loved helpmate and to his children we extend the sincere sympathy of the entire Congregation—old and young—and we pray that the Eternal may comfort and sustain them with His fatherly benediction. Blessed was he in his coming in, blessed is he in his going out.

Sol M. Stroock, Honorary Secretary.

COHEN—
Almighty God, in His wisdom, having decreed to call from our midst our well-beloved and highly esteemed friend and former employer, Hyman Cohen,

Be it Resolved, that we, the employes of Cohen, Goldman & Co., in meeting assembled and in remembrance of his very great service for our welfare and happiness, respectfully present this testimonial of our great regard and reverence for his memory, and as a slight though very sincere token of our appreciation of his noble example.

Employes of Cohen, Goldman & Co.

COHEN—Hyman, dearly beloved husband of Hannah and devoted father of Norman, Joseph, Harry and Helen, in his 65th year. Funeral services at Temple B'nai Jeshurun, 257 West 88th St., on Tuesday, at 10 A. M. Please omit flowers.

COHEN—Congregation B'nai Jeshurun, members and seat-holders, are respectfully requested to attend the funeral services of Hyman Cohen, for many years Vice President of our congregation, on Tuesday, June 8, 1920, from our temple, 257 West 88th St., at 10 A. M.

Sol M. Stroock, Honorary Secretary.

COHEN—The members of the B'nai Jeshurun Sisterhood are respectfully requested to attend the funeral services of Hyman Cohen, beloved husband of our esteemed President, on Tuesday, June 8, 1920, at the temple, 257 West 88th St., at 10 A. M.

Mrs. Emma Hain, Vice President.

COLES—Suddenly in Boston, June 5, Bessy C. Coles, widow of Edward Coles, daughter of St. George T. Campbell. Services at Christ Church, 2d St., Philadelphia, Tuesday, June 8, at 3 o'clock. It is requested no flowers be sent. Burial private.

CUMMINGS—On June 6, at 457 Dunham Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., after a short illness, Helen Louise, beloved child of Noah and Louise Cummings (nee Lerch), aged 3 years and 2 months. Funeral private.

DOUGLAS—Rev. Thomas, in Pasadena, Cal., Saturday, June 5. He was born in Scotland May 11, 1840, and was formerly of Boston and New York. Boston papers please copy.

DUSTAN—At Demopolis, Ala., June 6, Edith Louise, daughter of the late Charles W. and Edith Whitfield Dustan. Funeral service in Church of the Heavenly Rest, Wednesday, June 9, at 11 A. M. Interment private.

EVANS—William, June 6, 1920, beloved husband of Annie F. (nee O'Connor), and father of Mrs. Edward Thorp. Funeral from his late residence, 3,324 University Av., Bronx, Wednesday, 9:30 A. M., thence to Church of the Holy Spirit.

GETHENS—Margaret, on May 31, at the home of her niece, Mrs. Martin, 249 George St., New Brunswick, N. J.

GUSTOW—On June 7, 1920, Evelyn Anne Gustow, beloved daughter of Herman and Corinne Gustow. Notice of funeral hereafter.

GUTTENTAG—Dorothy Guttentag (nee Harris), beloved wife of Max and devoted mother of Marvin and Alfred, on June 7. Funeral services at her late residence, 2,107 Beverly Road, Brooklyn, on Wednesday, June 9, at 2 P. M.

HAMILTON—On June 6, 1920, at Southampton, L. I., Adelaide D. Hamilton, wife of William H. Hamilton and mother of Mrs. Francis Smyth, in the 72d year of her age. Funeral service at St. James's Church, Madison Av. and 71st St., on Wednesday, June 9, at 10:30 A. M.

HOWE—Elizabeth A., wife of the late Levi B. Howe, on June 6. Funeral private. Services at Greenwood Chapel on Tuesday, June 8, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

KATANOSAKA—Henry. Funeral Campbell Funeral Church Tuesday, 8 P. M.

KENNEDY—Michael J. Funeral from his late residence, 100 West 67th St., Wednesday, 10 A. M. Yonkers papers please copy.

KENNEDY—Officers and Members of New York Lodge No. 1, B. P. O. Elks: You are hereby summoned to attend the funeral services of our Order over the remains of our departed brother, Michael J. Kennedy, 100 West 67th St., Tuesday, June 8, at 8 P. M. Yonkers papers please copy.

James P. Walsh, Exalted Ruler.
Wm. T. Phillips, Secretary.

KIRSCHNER—On June 7, Augusta, widow of the late Michael Kirschner, devoted mother of Carrie Katz, Ida Berle, Helen Goldsmith, Betty Henriques, Berthe Goldstein, Jenny Pinto, Jack and Leo Kirschner. Funeral from her late residence, 1,128 Park Av., on Wednesday, June 9, at 2 P. M.

Died.

LOEB—Herman, beloved husband of Hermine and father of Isaac Warberg, passed away, in his 59th year. Funeral services at his late residence, 162 West 84th St., on Wednesday, June 9, 10:30 A. M.

LOEB—Herman. Members of Palestina Lodge, No. 36, I. O. F. S. of L., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral of our late brother, Herman Loeb, on Wednesday, June 9, at 10:30 A. M., from his late residence, 162 West 84th St., City. S. M. Goldsmith, President. M. Serating, Jr., Secretary.

LOOMIS—At New York on June 5, 1920, Helen, daughter of the late Rev. Henry and Frances E. Loomis. Interment at Poughkeepsie Rural Cemetery on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Station at 1 P. M., standard time, Tuesday.

McGINLEY—On Sunday, June 6, Patrick McGinley, Lieutenant of Police, retired. He was a member of the Lieutenants, Sergeants, Patrolmen, and Veterans Association. Funeral from his late residence, 645 9th Av., on Wednesday at 9:30 A. M.; thence to Holy Cross Church. Interment at Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege. Kindly omit flowers.

MOSS—Frank, suddenly, after a prolonged illness, Saturday evening, June 5, at his residence, 23 East 127th St. Funeral service at St. James's M. E. Church, Madison Av. and 126th St., on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Kindly omit set floral pieces.

MOSS—George White Alumni Association. By order of Executive Committee, members are invited to attend the funeral of our honorary member, Hon. Frank Moss, at St. James's M. E. Church, Madison Av. and 126th St., on Tuesday evening, June 8, at 8 o'clock. Residence, 23 East 127th St. Cordially, Perry A. Weinberg, President G. W. A. A.

Mrs. John J. Cody,
Secretary-Treasurer G. W. A. A.

NELSON—Suddenly, on Sunday, June 6, 1920, Erasmus Nelson, beloved husband of Maren Nelson (nee Bertalsen). Funeral services at his late residence, 355 Communipaw Av., Jersey City, on Tuesday, June 8, at 7:30 P. M.

PARMELEE—Suddenly, at Oradell, N. J., on June 7, Charles W. Parmelee, survived by his wife, Fannie Parmelee and his daughter, Doris Parmelee. Funeral private.

PHELPS—Millicent Augusta, beloved wife of Eugene B. Fuller, entered into eternal life on Sabbath evening, June 6, 1920. Funeral services at her late residence, 30 McClellan Av., Vernon Heights, Mount Vernon, N. Y., Wednesday evening, June 9, at 8 o'clock. Burial at Holy Cloud Valley Cemetery, Franklin, N. Y. Salamanca and Elmira papers please copy.

PHINNEY—Arthur S., beloved husband of Dora de Phillippe Phinney and beloved son and brother of Addie N. and Fred S. Phinney, passed away Sunday morning, June 6, at 600 West 186th St. Services on Tuesday at 2 P. M. at Fort George Presbyterian Church, West 186th St. and St. Nicholas Av. Interment private.

PORTER—Suddenly at Hackensack, N. J., June 6, 1920, Carrie Porter (nee Dunbar), beloved wife of Henry C. Porter, aged 56 years. Funeral service at her late residence, 39 Clinton Place, Hackensack, N. J., on Tuesday evening, June 8, at 8 o'clock. Interment Greenwood Cemetery, Wednesday morning, at 11 o'clock.

ROCKWELL—On Monday, June 7, 1920, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. S. F. Butterworth, Bloomfield, N. J., Harriet Rebecca, widow of Augustus P. Rockwell of Bronxville, N. Y., in the 84th year of her age. Funeral private.

ROWE—June 4, George A. Masonic services Stephen Merritt's Chapel, 223 8th Av., near 21st St., Tuesday, 8 P. M.

SCHNEIDER—On June 6, at 2,565 Grand Concourse, Marie A., beloved wife of the late Anton Schneider and beloved mother of Mrs. William Jeffers, Mrs. Frank H. Earl and Miss Helen Schneider. Funeral from her daughter's residence, 1,848 Monroe Av., Wednesday, June 9, 9:30 A. M., thence to Church of Our Lady of Mercy, Marion Av., near Fordham Road, where a solemn high mass will be offered for the repose of her soul at 10:30 A. M. Interment Calvary. Automobile cortege.

SHIL—Dr. Edward H. M., on June 7. Services, "The Funeral Church," Campbell Bldg., Broadway at 66th St., Wednesday, June 9, 8 P. M.

SMITH—On June 6, Rev. Michael Paul Smith, C. S. P., in his 69th year. Office of the dead Tuesday, June 8, at 8 P. M. Solemn mass of requiem Wednesday, June 9, at 10 A. M., Church of St. Paul the Apostle, 60th St. and Columbus Av. Reverend clergy and laity are invited to attend.

SMITH—Kate J., at her residence, 5,640 Bay 19th St., Brooklyn, daughter of the late Rev. W. Everit and Eleanor V. D. Smith, sister of Mrs. Peter Vogard and Mrs. William F. Cameron. Services at New Utrecht Reformed Church, 84th St. and 18th Av., Tuesday, June 8, at 2:30 P. M. Take West End subway to 18th Av. Interment Greenwood Cemetery.

STITZER—On Sunday, June 6, in his 68th year, George W. Stitzer, beloved husband of Cecilia and father of Estelle G. Funeral services at his late residence, 18 West 129th St., Tuesday, June 8, at 2 P. M. Interment private. Brooklyn papers please copy.

SCHWARZ—Suddenly, on June 5, Lena, wife of Louis C. Schwarz. Funeral service at her late residence, 156 West 96th St., Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock. Funeral Wednesday, June 9, at 2 P. M.

TILLY—At Jamaica, N. Y., on June 7, 1920, George E. Tilly, aged 84 years. Funeral service will be held on Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the First Methodist Church, Jamaica.

VAN THUN—Captain William Van Thun, husband of Margaret Van Thun, who died in France, was interred yesterday in St. John's Cemetery.

VAUGHAN—On June 5, 1920, George W. Vaughan, Sr., beloved husband of Fannie Minton Vaughan. Funeral services at his late residence, 105 Lorraine Av., Mount Vernon, N. Y., on Tuesday, June 8, 2 o'clock P. M.

VERNAM—Suddenly, on Sunday, June 6, 1920, Douglas C. Vernam, beloved husband of Mary Imogen (nee Kelly). Funeral services on Wednesday, June 9, 2 P. M., at Jeroloman's funeral parlors, 2,157 7th Av.

WISSEMANN—Suddenly, on Saturday, June 5, 1920, William A. Wissemann. Masonic services at W. J. Matthews's Funeral Parlor, 233 Lenox Av., Tuesday evening, 8 o'clock.

ZINEMAN—Jacob, son of the late Louis Zineman of Philadelphia. Funeral from the home of his sister, Mrs. Simon B. Trauerman, 34 Hamilton Terrace, on Wednesday, June 9, at 10 A. M. Darcy Lodge F. & A. M., also relatives and friends invited to attend. Philadelphia papers please copy.

ZINEMAN—Brethren of the Darcy Lodge, No. 187, F. and A. M., are requested to attend the funeral of our late brother, Jacob Zineman, from 24 Hamilton Terrace, Wednesday, June 9, at 10 A. M.

Isaac Pennhascour, Master.
William A. Miller, Secretary.

In Memoriam.

ACKERMANN—Bernard L., June 8, 1901, loving memory. His wife, Marie Ackermann.

STICH, JOHN—In loving memory of my dear husband and loving father, who passed away June 13, 1919. Services will be held Sunday, June 13, 1919, at 2:30 P. M. at Bayside Cemetery.

TISCHNER—In loving memory of Charles F. Tischner; died June 6, 1915.

WINTER, JOSEPH—In loving memory of my beloved husband and own dear father, who departed this life five years ago today. May his soul rest in peace.

In Case of Death, Call "Columbus 8200"
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YANKS TAKE LEAD AND THEN LOSE IT

Gain Top of Standing for Two Hours After Beating Athletics by 3 to 1.

DROP SECOND GAME, 6 TO 5

Defeat Sends Them Six Points to Rear of Cleveland — Mackmen Fight Hard in Both Encounters.

Yesterday was moving day for the Yankees at the Polo Grounds. About mid-afternoon the Huggins maulers moved into undisputed possession of first place and decided that the new quarters were entirely satisfactory. About 5:30 o'clock they moved right out again, the eviction notice being served by Connie Mack's Athletics. An hour later the Yanks moved out of the city, catching a train for Detroit, where they are to open their first Western engagement of the campaign.

About 26,000 rabid rooters turned out to see Babe Ruth and supporting cast feast on the lowly Mackmen and break the tie with the Cleveland Indians for league leadership. The tie was broken all right in the opening engagement, which went to the credit of the Yanks by the score of 3 to 1. It was anything but the sort of a picnic which the Hugmen looked for and the fans expected. In this battle the Quakers were within one single of tying up the game when the last batsman was retired in the ninth, runners being stranded at third and second bases. This victory put the Yanks in front, but, when they failed in the second section, they dropped below the Indians and now repose in second place, six percentage points behind the leaders. The score was 6 to 5.

The finish of the second battle threw the big crowd into a delirium, as the Yankees picked up two runs and had the tying marker on second base when Wally Pipp lined hard to Galloway for the final out. Babe Ruth was hanging around the plate, ready to end the affair if Pipp got on the bases, but Wally's clout was not high enough to carry to the outfield and Babe had no opportunity to turn the contest into the New York victory column.

Final Rally Falls Short.

Duffy Lewis opened New York's ninth inning with a line smash to left centre for a base, and Ruel checked the advance toward the gates by slapping a single to right field. O'Doul, hitting for Shawkey, rolled lightly along the carpet and was thrown out at first base while the other runners advanced. This brought the top of the Yankee batting order into prominence and revived the dying hopes of the fans. They drooped considerably when Peck popped to Thomas for the second out, and then bedlam broke loose when Meusel's roller drifted over third base for a double. Thomas let the ball alone in order that it might roll foul and there was a big roar from the Mackmen when Umpire Hildebrand called it fair. Lewis and Ruel raced home on the hit and Meusel pulled up at second base. A hit here meant a tie score and a chance for Ruth to settle the game with one of his special slams. Pipp lined to Galloway and the Yanks sank back into second place.

This closing engagement gave Rip Collins, the Texas ranger, his opportunity to start in a top-line game. Yesterday Rip's experience as a Yankee pitcher had come in games which another pitcher had started but could not finish. Collins breezed along like a champion for six innings, during which the Mackmen got to him for only two singles and no runs. Four Yankee hits and three errors by the Mackmen had combined to give the home team three runs in the fourth inning, and this advantage loomed up as big as the Woolworth Building had appeared when Rip first eased on it in April. In the seventh, however, a pass and a triple started the visitors along to their first run, and in the eighth the first three batsmen hit safely. Then Rip got the office to his himself to the club house, while Bob Shawkey tried to save the game. Bob wasn't much of a rescuer this time. A fielder's choice, a pass and a double sent over three more runs and they were just enough to settle the game.

Skillful Pitching for Harris.

Bryan Harris, one of the new members of the Mack flinging force was the cruel sheriff, who served the dispossess notice on the Yanks. Harris, the tallest pitcher in the Majors today, was held lightly by the Yanks at the start of the engagement, but his rating improved greatly by the time the game were on. In the only two innings where the home hitters able to do much damage to the assortment of speed and benders which he served, The Hugmen got to him for eleven hits, but aside from the two innings mentioned, they caused him no real uneasiness.

Pipp's double, singles by Ruth and Pratt, errors by Welsh and Dugan and a single by Ruel gave the Yanks three runs in the fourth. Ruth did some fancy base running in this frame, when he raced in from second on an infield hit by Pratt. Thomas held the ball as first base was left uncovered and Ruth dashed past him to the plate. Thomas, awakening to what was going on, threw to Myatt as Ruth slid for the plate. The Philadelphia catcher was spiked and had to retire, Perkins replacing him.

The Mackmen were tamed by Collins up to the seventh when a pass by Rip, which opened the inning, led to trouble. Ruth made a brilliant catch off Burrus, the best fielding play of the double header, after Witt drew the pass. Then Welsh hit to centre field for three bases and the run went over. In the eighth, Galloway singled to left, Thomas bunted safely and Strunk singled to right, scoring Galloway and putting Thomas on third. This marked the finish of Collins and brought Shawkey into the game.

Thomas brought in the tieing run while Dugan was forcing Strunk at second. A pass to Witt and a double to left by Burrus added two more runs. Shawkey prevented further scoring after an error by Meusel had put two on the bases. In the ninth, Bob escaped more trouble after the bases had been filled with two out on a single and two passes. Then the Yanks made their final gasp but fell short by a run.

A Pitching Duel.

The opening game was a tight pitching battle between Jack Quinn and Rollie Naylor, with the Yankee veteran having the better of the engagement. Jack allowed only five hits, a double and a single in the fifth inning coming together for a run. The victory was the eighth straight for Quinn. Naylor was touched up for an even dozen hits, but he kept them so well scattered that the Yanks had to be content with a run at a time and the issue remained in doubt up to the final play of the game. The Hugmen got to Naylor for at least one hit in every inning but never got more than two in any one frame.

The Yanks picked up a one-run lead in the fourth inning. Ruth walked and Pratt sacrificed him to second. After Bodie had gone out on strike, Lewis slashed a line drive to left field for a base and Ruth trotted over the dish.

The Mackmen matched this run in the fifth. Witt started the inning with a double to right, reached third on an infield out and sauntered home on a single to right by Burrus.

There was no break in the deadlock up to the Yankees' seventh and then a little pop fly from Quinn's bat paved the way to the winning run. The ball dropped close to the right field line with three Mackmen closing in. Pack's single to right sent Jack skipping along to third and he scored on a sacrifice fly to left by Meusel.

In the eighth Ruth doubled to right, Pratt sacrificed Babe to third and Bodie sent him home with a single to centre.

The scores:

FIRST GAME.

NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
P'k'p'gh,ss	4	0	2	2	0	Galloway,2b	3	0	0	5	1
Meusel,3b	2	0	2	0	0	Thomas,3b	4	0	0	0	2
Pipp,1b	4	0	1	7	0	Strunk,lf	3	0	1	3	0
Ruth,rf	3	2	2	2	0	Dugan,ss	4	0	1	4	3
Pratt,2b	2	0	0	5	0	Witt,rf	4	1	1	1	0
Bodie,cf	3	0	2	2	1	Burrus,1b	4	0	0	6	2
Lewis,lf	4	0	1	1	0	Welsh,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Hannah,c	4	0	1	2	1	Perkins,c	4	0	0	2	0
Quinn,p	3	1	1	0	3	Naylor,p	3	0	1	0	1
Total	29	5	12	27	17	Total	31	1	5	24	11

New York ..... 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 1 0—3
Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0—1

Two-base hits—Witt, Ruth. Stolen bases—Lewis. Sacrifice hits—Pratt (2), Meusel. Double plays—Galloway, Dugan and Burrus; Dugan and Burrus; Pratt, Peckinpaugh and Pipp. Left on bases—New York 8, Philadelphia 6. Bases on balls—Off Quinn 3, Naylor 3. Struck out—By Quinn 3, Naylor 3. Umpires—Evans and Hildebrand. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Galloway,2b	4	1	1	2	3	P'k'p'gh,ss	5	0	1	1	1
Thomas,3b	4	1	1	3	4	Meusel,3b	3	0	2	2	1
Strunk,lf	5	0	3	2	0	Pipp,1b	5	1	2	7	0
Dugan,ss	5	1	1	4	2	Ruth,rf	5	1	1	4	0
Witt,rf	3	2	0	1	0	Pratt,2b	4	0	1	2	3
Burrus,1b	5	0	1	7	0	Bodie,cf	4	1	0	2	0
Welsh,cf	3	1	1	1	0	Lewis,lf	4	1	2	1	1
Myatt,c	1	0	0	0	0	Ruel,c	4	1	3	6	2
Perkins,c	3	0	0	2	0	Collins,p	3	0	1	0	2
Harris,p	4	0	0	0	0	Shawkey,p	0	0	0	0	0
						a'O'Doul	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	6	8	27	13	Total	38	5	11	27	10

a Batted for Shawkey in ninth.

Errors—Galloway, Dugan, Welsh, Meusel, (3), Lewis, Ruel.

Philadelphia ..... 0 0 0 0 0 0 3 4 0—6
New York ..... 0 0 0 6 0 0 0 0 2—5

Two-base hits—Pipp, Burrus, Meusel. Three-base hit—Welsh. Stolen bases—Peckinpaugh. Double plays—Pratt, Peckinpaugh and Pipp; Galloway, Dugan and Burrus. Left on bases—New York 7, Philadelphia 9. Base on balls—Off Collins 3, Shawkey 3, Harris 1. Hits—Off Collins 6 in 7 innings (none out in eighth), Shawkey 2 in 2. Hit by pitcher—By Collins (Welsh). Struck out—By Collins 4, Harris 1, Shawkey 2. Passed ball—Myatt. Losing pitcher—Collins. Umpires—Hildebrand and Evans. Time of game—Two hours.

WHITE SOX HIT HARD.

Pound Three Detroit Boxmen and Win Game, 10 to 3.

CHICAGO, June 7.—Three Detroit pitchers were found for sixteen hits today by Chicago, and the White Sox won an easy game, 10 to 3. Ty Cobb, who was injured Sunday in a collision with Flagstead, will be out of the game for about ten days. An X-ray examination today revealed torn ligaments in the left knee.

The score:

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	DETROIT (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,rf	4	0	0	1	0	Young,2b	5	0	3	2	1
E. Collins,2b	4	1	1	2	3	Jones,3b	5	1	0	2	3
McMullin,2b	1	0	0	1	0	Shorten,cf	4	0	2	2	0
Weaver,ss	3	2	2	3	4	Veach,lf	4	1	2	3	0
Jackson,lf	4	3	3	0	0	Hellman,1b	4	1	1	7	0
Felsch,cf	5	1	2	4	0	Flagstead,rf	5	0	0	2	0
J. Collins,1b	5	2	4	11	0	Bush,ss	3	0	1	1	5
Risberg,ss	4	1	2	3	5	McAlmaith	3	0	0	1	0
Schalk,c	4	0	1	2	1	Pinelli,ss	0	0	0	1	0
Faber,p	2	0	0	0	2	Woodall,c	4	1	1	4	1
						Leonard,p	2	0	0	0	0
						a Hale	1	0	0	0	0
						Ayers,p	0	0	0	0	0
						bEllison	1	0	0	0	0
						Alten,p	0	0	0	1	0
Total	38	10	16	27	12	Total	37	3	10	24	7

a Batted for Leonard in seventh.
b Batted for Ayers in eighth.
c Batted for Bush in eighth.

Errors—J. Collins, Risberg, Faber, Veach.

Chicago	0	2	0	0	2	3	4	0	—	10
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0—	3

Two-base hits—Jackson, J. Collins, Young. Three-base hits—Risberg, Schalk, Weaver, Collins. Home run—E. Collins. Sacrifice hits—Shorten, Flagstead, Leibold. Double play—Veach and Young. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Detroit, 10. Based on balls—Off Faber 1, Leonard 3. Hits—Off Leonard 7 in 6 innings, Ayers 8 in 1, Alten 4 in 1. Struck out—By Faber 3, Leonard 2, Ayers 1. Winning pitcher—Faber. Losing pitcher—Leonard. Umpires—Nallin and Dineen. Time—One hour and forty-eight minutes.

Eastern League.

New Haven 8, Bridgeport 2.
Springfield 2, Worcester 2.
Hartford 5, Pittsfield 1.
Albany 5, Waterbury 3.

Curves and Bingles

Ruth did not unbolt his sixteenth home run but he batted at a .800 clip in the twin bill. Babe toed the plate eight times and collected a double, two singles and two passes. He scored three of New York's eight runs.

Harris, with the best strike-out range in the league, fanned three times. He measures almost five feet from knees to shoulders.

Bob Meusel shows no let-up in his stickwork. In seven times at bat he delivered a double and three singles. His fielding slumped in the second game, when he dropped a high fly and made two poor throws.

Connie Mack has no complaint. He can remember many an afternoon when he has lost two games before crowds of one-tenth the size of yesterday's gathering. The Mackmen played to 12,000 fans in their series here.

Ruth furnished the longest drive, the prettiest catch and the best bit of base running. His drive carried almost to the right field gate, but Witt had gone far back and he caught the ball.

After hitting safely in ten straight games Peckinpaugh failed to get a hit in the second game of the double header. In the ten games he had made 20 hits in 43 times at bat for a mark of .465.

Collins allowed only five singles up to the time he was taken out in the eighth inning, but it was a close game and Rip had to go when real danger threatened.

The Giants now come to the Polo Grounds for a home stand of almost three weeks. The world's champion Reds will open a four-game series this afternoon.

The Yanks know how first place looks anyway. They had sole possession for two hours Sunday afternoon and for the same time yesterday.

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York, 3; Philadelphia, 1. (First game.)
Philadelphia, 6; New York, 5. (Second game.)
Chicago, 10; Detroit, 3.
Other teams not scheduled.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Brooklyn, 4; New York, 2.
Other teams not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Cleveland	28	16	.636
New York	29	17	.630
Chicago	25	19	.568
Boston	22	16	.550
Washington	22	20	.524
St. Louis	17	25	.405
Philadelphia	16	29	.356
Detroit	14	29	.326

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
Brooklyn	26	15	.634
Cincinnati	25	17	.595
Chicago	24	21	.533
Pittsburgh	20	19	.513
St. Louis	22	22	.500
Boston	19	23	.452
New York	16	25	.419
Philadelphia	15	27	.357

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Detroit.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.
Washington at St. Louis.
Boston at Chicago.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati at New York.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
St. Louis at Brooklyn.
(Game starts at 3:30 P. M.)
Pittsburgh at Boston.
Chicago at Philadelphia.

GIANTS TROUNCED AGAIN BY DODGERS

McGraw's Men Lose Fifth Straight to Manageriess Brooklyn Team, 4 to 2.

ROBINS HIT IN THE PINCHES

Toney and Hubbell Fail to Mystify in the Crises—Bancroft Makes Debut in Short Field.

The Giants don't like Brooklyn. They don't get any pleasure out of going over to Charley Ebbets's back yard to play with his youngsters. Uncle Wilbert Robinson's little nephews get rough and treat their relatives from Harlem with anything but a friendly spirit. And the Giants are getting tired of it. It's hard to say what they are going to do about it, but they are perfectly willing to let it be generally and widely known that they don't like it. The Giants went over to Flatbush again yesterday afternoon to visit with the Robins, and they came away with their hair all mussed and their spirits bruised. Brooklyn won the ball game by a score of 4 to 2, its fifth straight victory over the Manhattanites.

In an effort to try to break the monotony with which the Brooklyns have been defeating his pets lately John McGraw rushed David Bancroft, his latest acquisition, from Philadelphia, into the pastime. Banny was sent in to play shortstop and bat second, but it didn't do any good. The Dodgers won just the same. The Superbas bunched their hits off Fred Toney and Wilbert Hubbell in three innings, with disastrous results, from a Manhattan viewpoint.

Uncle Wilbert Robinson was not present at the game. Robby has rheumatism but his little nephews haven't. They aren't afflicted with anything but pennantitis, and that isn't interfering with their playing any, not so far as the Giants can notice it. In the absence of Uncle Robby Hy Myers acted as manager of the Dodgers.

Bancroft Shines in Short Field.

Bancroft played quite a game around short field for the Giants. He covered all sorts of real estate, making nifty stops and niftier throws, but his bat wasn't the right size to fit Rube Marquard's curves, and, besides, Banny couldn't do it all alone, anyway. Banny had seven chances during the afternoon, and hes howed his appreciation of getting his freedom from Philadelphia by accepting them all without a single miscue. He shut off a couple of rids for hits by Brooklyn batters, and in this way did his bit for New York's needy cause. Bancroft is elated over his release from Philadelphia and is convinced that he will be able to play a lot more baseball in a New York uniform.

It wasn't lack of support that caused the downfall of Toney and Hubbell. It was simply that they could not slip the ball past the Brooklyn bats in the pinches. It was weak pitching that lost the game for New York and nothing else.

Rube Marquard was hit almost as freely as were Toney and Hubbell, but Brooklyn's southpaw was able to keep the Giants from bunching their bingles to advantage in all but two innings.

Brooklyn lost little time getting the range of Fred Toney's slants. Fred started the game for the Giants and eased his way through the first inning without getting into trouble, thanks to a great catch by George Burns. With two out in the opening session, Johnston jammed a triple to right centre. Then Myers made a long fold for a hit. For a time it seemed as if the clout would be good for at least two bases, and possibly three, but Burns dashed back close to the fence and pulled the ball down.

In the second inning the Dodgers jumped into the lead by cashing in three hits for two runs. Griffith started the round with a single. Schmandt sacrificed, Kelly making the putout unassisted. Kilduff tripled to right, scoring Griffith. Kilduff slid into third base and injured his leg. He seemed to recover, however, and continued to play. Miller singled to centre and Kilduff counted. Marquard forced Otto Miller, Bancroft to Doyle, and Olson ended the uprising by lifting a high one to Burns.

Kelly Scores First Giant Run.

The Giants scored their first run in the third round. Two hits manufactured the tally. Kelly led off with a double to left. He scooted to third after Myers caught Snyder's long fly. Toney doubled to right and Kelly scored. Burns filed to Myers and Toney skipped to third. Bancroft put the quietus on the rumpus by being thrown out by Marquard.

Kilduff felt unequal to continuing in the game, and he retired as the Giants went to bat in the fourth. Olson moved over to second base and Chuck Ward began shortstopping. The Giant threatened Brooklyn in this round with a rush with one out, Doyle and King singled in succession, but Lear punctured the bubble by hitting into a double play, Ward to Olson to Schmandt.

It was in the last half of the fourth that Brooklyn plucked its third run by combining a single and a double. Griffith popped to Lear at the outset and Schmandt filed to King. Toney shoved his bare hand in front of one of Catcher Snyder's returns and split one of his fingers. Time was called, but after the digit had been bandaged Toney continued to pitch. The blow did not do his curves any good, and Ward dropped a single back of second base. Otto Miller followed with a double to right and Ward scored. Marquard walked, but Olson popped to Bancroft.

At the start of the fifth inning Ward decided that he was not yet fit to play and he retired. Olson shifted back to shortstop, and McCabe, who usually does his playing in the outfield, covered second base.

A combination of three hits gave the Dodgers another run in the last half of the fifth inning. Hubbell took up the pitching burden for the Giants, and Mitchell greeted him by singling to right. Johnston filed to Burns, Young lost Myers's long fly in the sun and it fell safe for a single. Griffith singled to right, and Mitchell scampered across the plate. Schmandt fouled to Lear. McCabe filed to Young.

At the start of the seventh inning the Giants broke into the scoring column again, grabbing their second and last run on a combination of two hits and a base on balls. Snyder started the session by flying out to Mitchell. Hubbell grounded to Jimmy Johnston, and the latter mussed the ball around, but the official scorer credited Hubbell with a hit. Sometimes official scorers are very lenient. Burns strolled and Bancroft filed to Griffith, Hubbell taking third after the catch. Young made good in the pinch by hitting to centre for a base, and Hubbell rode home on the crash, while Burns skipped to third. Doyle ended the rally by flying to Griffith.

The score:

BROOKLYN (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A	NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Olson,ss,2b	4	0	0	2	3	Burns,lf	4	0	0	4	0
Mitchell,lf	4	1	2	3	0	Bancroft,ss	4	0	0	2	5
Johnston,3b	3	0	1	0	2	Young,rf	4	0	1	1	0
Myers,cf	4	0	1	3	1	Doyle,2b	3	0	1	1	1
Griffith,rf	4	1	2	2	0	King,c	4	0	0	4	1
Schmandt,1b	3	0	0	8	0	Lear,3b	4	0	1	2	0
Kilduff,2b	1	1	1	0	2	Kelly,lb	4	1	1	8	1
Ward,ss	3	1	1	0	1	Snyder,c	4	0	1	3	0
McCabe,2b	2	0	0	0	1	Toney,p	1	0	1	0	2
Miller,c	3	0	2	3	0	Hubbell,p	1	0	0	0	1
Marquard,p	2	0	0	0	0	aMcCarty	1	0	1	0	0
						bKauff	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	4	10	27	9	Total	34	1	7	24	10

a Batted for Toney in fifth.
b Batted for Hubbell in ninth.

Error—Young.

Brooklyn	0	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	x—	4
New York	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0—	2

Two-base hits—Kelly, Toney, Miller. Three-base hit—Johnston. Sacrifice hits—Johnston—Schmandt. Double play—Ward, Olson and Schmandt. Left on bases—New York 8, Brooklyn 7. Bases on balls—Off Toney 1, Marquard 2. Hits—Off Toney 6 in 4 innings, Hubbell 4 in 4. Struck out—By Toney, Hubbell 2, Marquard 5. Winning pitcher—Marquard. Losing pitcher—Toney. Umpires—Messrs. Moran and Rigler. Time of game—One hour and thirty-six minutes.

American Association.

Toledo 4, Kansas City 3.
Minneapolis 7, Columbus 4.
Louisville 10, St. Paul 5.
Other teams not scheduled.

Baseball Today, Ebbets Field, Brooklyn vs. St. Louis, 3:30 P. M.—Adv.

Leading Batsmen of the Major Baseball Leagues

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player.	Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Hornsby,	St. Louis..	44	178	33	69	.388
Groh,	Cincinnati.....	41	160	33	57	.356
Robertson,	Chicago...	38	142	19	50	.352
Daubert,	Cincinnati..	40	158	29	53	.346
Roush,	Cincinnati....	42	155	26	53	.335

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player.	Club.	G.	AB.	R.	H.	PC.
Speaker,	Cleveland..	44	164	43	64	.390
Jackson,	Chicago....	40	166	25	62.	.373
Sisler,	St. Louis.....	42	170	31	63	.371
Johnston,	Cleveland..	43	162	44	56	.406
Hendryx,	Boston.....	41	156	26	55	.352

FLETCHER TRADED FOR DAVE BANCROFT

McGraw Gives Veteran Infielder for Younger Star of the Philadelphia Club.

Arthur Fletcher, field captain and shortstop of the Giants, was traded yesterday to the Philadelphia National League club for Dave Bancroft, the peppery little shortfielder of the Phillies. Officials of the Giants insist that there was no other consideration, and that it was a straight man for man trade. However, John Rawlings, a member of the Boston Braves, was mentioned as going to the Phillies, presumably after purchase by the Giants, in the deal.

Secretary O'Brien of the Giants, last night denied that Rawlings was in any way connected with the deal and it was also denied that the Giants had given some cash as well as Fletcher for the nimble footed Quaker. It is known that McGraw several days ago made an offer to purchase Rawlings from the Boston club but, according to George W. Grant, president of the Braves, he has not heard anything from the New York club since he set a price on the player.

The Bancroft-Fletcher deal came as a great surprise. McGraw has been trying for some time to acquire an infielder for two to bolster up the Giants and, while Bancroft had been mentioned as a possibility, President Baker of the Phillies, was quoted as having said that he would not part with Bancroft for any price. The chances are that he changed the mind in the case when Bancroft and Manager Cravath got into a jam in Chicago recently. At that time Cravath is alleged to have charged the player with not doing his best work. They are said to have had some words which resulted in Bancroft being taken out of the game.

There is little doubt that Bancroft, who is rated as one of the best shortstops in the National League, will strengthen the Giants. The New York infield has been a source of worry to McGraw ever since Frisch was operated on for appendicitis. The New York manager has tried to purchase several infielders, but until yesterday all of his efforts had been in vain. He was quoted as having offered the Louis Cardinals $150,000 for Rogers Hornsby, but the offer was declined by the Missouri City club.

Fletcher had been a member of the Giants for eleven seasons. He was purchased by the New York club from the Dallas team of the Texas League at the close of the 1908 campaign and joined the Giants in 1909. He became the regular shortstop of the club in 1911. Fletcher is 34 years old. He started his professional baseball career in his home town, Collinsville, Ill., in 1907.

Bancroft began his professional baseball career in 1909, in the Minnesota-Wisconsin league with the Duluth and Superior clubs. Dave's next venture was with Portland of the Pacific Coast League, with which club he played until 1914. He was transferred under an agreement to the Phillies at the close of the season. He has been with the Quakers since that time. Bancroft this season has played 42 games for Cravath, making only five errors. Dave played 28 errorless contests, till May 22, when he fooxled twice against the Cubs, after accepting his first 188 chances without erring.

Bancroft's major league record follows:

Year.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	Bat. F.C.	Field. P.C.
1915	153	563	85	143	.254	.928
1916	142	477	81	101	.212	.926
1917	156	476	56	116	.243	.936
1918	125	490	69	132	.265	.928
1919	92	335	45	91	.272	.951
1920	42	174	23	49	.281	.943
Totals	681	2,536	331	632	.250	.936

INDIANS DOWN PIRATES.

American League Team Wins 5 to 3 Verdict in Exhibition Game.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, June 7.—The Cleveland Americans defeated the Pittsburgh Nationals in an exhibition game here today, 5 to 3. Each club tried out a recruit pitcher, Odenwald, an 18-year-old southpaw from Hudson, Wis., pitched for Cleveland and showed to advantage. Wisner, the Pittsburgh pitcher, was wild. Evans's batting and the fast fielding of Pittsburgh featured.

The score by innings:

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland (A)	0 1 0 3 0 0 1 0 —5	8	0
Pittsburgh (N)	0 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 0—3	8	1

Odenwald and Thomas; Wisner and Haeffner.

DE LA SALLE NINE WINS.

Claims City Baseball Title by 4 to 1 Victory Over Clason Point.

The De La Salle School baseball nine defeated Clason Point by a score of 4 to 1 yesterday afternoon at Catholic Protectory Field, Van Nest, and by its victory claims the New York City school championship. De La Salle has won 14 games and lost 2, and Clason Point has also had an enviable record, including the High School of Commerce, Xavier and Horace Mann among its victims.

Graham pitched a star game for De La Salle yesterday, striking out thirteen men and allowing but two hits. Both of these were scratch infield hits. Clason knocked only one ball past the infield and that was a fly which was easily caught. Graham, Moeschen and Brophy knocked out two-baggers, which played an important part in De La Salle's runs.

The score by innings:

De La Salle	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0—	4	0
Clason Point	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0—	1	2

Umpire—Mr. Best, Marquand School.

Springfield Checks Californians.

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., June 7.—Springfield Y. M. C. A. College halted the University of California's winning streak today, defeating the Westerners 11 to 2. The score:

	R.	H.	E.
Springfield	2 3 0 3 0 0 3 —	11	2
California	1 0 1 0 0 0 0 —	2	5

Carlson and Crook; Shepard and Toomey.

OTHER INTERNATIONAL GAMES.

	R.	H.	E.
Syracuse	1 1 0 1 0 0 0 2 —5	8	1
Reading	1 0 1 0 2 0 0 0 —4	10	4

Batteries—McGrather and Madden; Brown, Karpp and Konnick.

	R.	H.	E.
Akron	0 1 1 0 0 0 1 1 —4	7	2
Rochester	0 0 1 0 1 1 1 0 —5	15	2

Batteries—Pinneran and Smith; Clifford and Manning.

	R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0 3 0 0 1 0 3 1 —7	12	1
Buffalo	0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 —1	5	1

Ryan and Sandberg; Thomas and Bengough.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	Won.	Lost.	P. C.
Buffalo	31	13	.705
Baltimore	26	16	.619
Toronto	27	18	.529
Akron	24	19	.558
Reading	20	23	.476
Jersey City	16	26	.381
Rochester	16	29	.356
Syracuse	11	31	.262

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

Jersey City at Baltimore.
Rochester at Akron.
Buffalo at Toronto.
Reading at Syracuse.

Giants vs. Cincinnati Today, 3:00 P. M., Polo Grounds. Adm. 75c & $1.10, incl. tax.—Adv.

MAGEE SUIT BEGUN IN DISTRICT COURT

Mathewson Among Those Who Testify in Player's Action Against Chicago Club.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, June 7.—The hearing of the suit entered by Lee Magee against the Chicago National League Baseball Club, of which he formerly was a member, was begun here today in the United States District Court.

James Costello, proprietor of a billiard room in Boston, testified that Magee, with Hal Chase, bet against the Cincinnati Nationals while both were members of the latter team.

Costello testified that Magee came to him on the evening of July 24 and said that he had a proposition of "tossing" the ball game the next day. Magee then was with the Reds. Costello said: "Before Magee left he said that he would see me the next morning, with more details. They met next morning Magee and Hal Chase, who then was the first baseman for the Reds, visited me. I told them that they would have to bet some of their own money, and that the gamblers would not bet unless they did. 'How much do you want to bet?' I asked them. They told me that they didn't have any money with them, but that they would give me checks. I accepted them.

"If the game was won they were to get even money plus one-third commission on all bets collected. They filled out two of my blank checks for $500 each. Magee and Chase both said that they had the pitcher fixed. They said that the pitcher's name was Schneider. I told them that between them and the pitcher it ought to be soft. The pitcher was changed, though, and when I went to the ticker I saw that the Reds had won. Chase told me that they tried hard and hoped for better luck next time. Chase's check went through all right, but Magee stopped payment on his."

Christy Mathewson, who was manager of the Reds in 1918, testified that on July 25, in the first game of the double header between the Reds and Boston, the Reds were in the lead 2 to 1 in the ninth inning, with two out, when a Boston batter hit an easy grounder to Magee at short. He said Magee threw the ball over the second baseman's head. Mathewson said that he became suspicious and decided to watch Magee. Boston tied the score.

In the Reds' half of the thirteenth inning two of the Reds were out when Magee came to bat. He hit to short, an easy grounder, which, however, took an awkward bound, hit the Boston shortstop in the nose and bounded into centre. He said that Magee did not obey his signal to steal. Then Roush hit a home run and scored Magee ahead of him. In the Boston's half of the thirteenth Mathewson said that Magee duplicated his earlier error by throwing wild over the second baseman's head on an easy grounder.

Magee himself was his only witness. His testimony related to his professional career, largely. His testimony was broken into frequently by arguments of counsel relating to the contract between him and the Chicago club and the date on which the 1920 contract became effective. Magee said it became effective April 14, the date of the beginning of the playing season, while Attorney Murray Seasongood, for the defense, in arguments to the Court, declared a contract made for the entire playing year and that a club may exercise its cancellation rights at any time whether it be before, during or after the close of the playing season.

At the conclusion of Magee's testimony, Seasongood made a motion for a directed verdict in favor of the defendant, but Judge Peck overruled it.

SKEETERS LOSE IN TENTH.

Baltimore Pulls Out Victory, 9 to 8, in Overtime Battle.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., June 7.—After a mighty Ruthian clout by Jacobson, with a runner on first, had tied the score in the ninth, the Orioles today nosed out Jersey City, 9 to 8, in the tenth. Casey, in the pinch-hitting rôle, put the single through Baumann which decided the most thrilling struggle on the local diamond this season. From early in the game, the Orioles fought desperately. Manager Dunn used four hurlers and a pinch hitter in turning what appeared to be a complete rout into a victory.

The Jersey City's right fielder took much of the joy out of life for the local followers in the fifth, when, with the bases full, he batted one of Jack Ogden's fast ones for the longest hit made on these grounds this season. The ball soared high into the air and dropped far upon the roof of the first-base house just back of the right field fence.

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VANITIE VICTOR IN SECOND OF TRIALS

Turns Tables on Resolute, Winning by One Minute and Thirty-four Seconds.

COMES CLOSE TO RECORD

Nichols Yacht Leads from Start to Finish of Thirty-Mile Course—Another Race Today.

RESULTS OF RACES BETWEEN RESOLUTE AND VANITIE.

First Race—Called off when Resolute lost her mast.

Second Race—Won by Resolute. (Windward and leeward course 30 miles.)

Third Race—Won by Vanitie. (Triangular course 30 miles.)

NEWPORT, R. I., June 7.—Vanitie turned the tables on Resolute today by defeating her in the second trial race held off here for the selection of an America's Cup defender. It was a triangular race over a thirty-mile course, and a brisk no'wester sped the two big single-stickers on their way. Vanitie defeated Resolute by three minutes and sixteen seconds actual time, but, allowing the Herreshoff sloop one minute and forty-two seconds, she won by one minute and thirty-four seconds.

Two legs of the triangle were reaches, and it is on this point of sailing that the beautiful bronze sloop is at her best. Nevertheless, her best showing was on the weather leg. Vanitie's elapsed time was three hours, thirteen minutes and thirty-eight seconds, which has been exceeded in a Cup race on only one occasion. That was on Oct. 3, 1901, when Columbia, in competition with Shamrock II., covered a thirty-mile triangular course off Sandy Hook in twenty seconds less time than it took Vanitie to do it today. The next nearest approach was by Reliance, on Aug. 25, 1903, when, in competition against Shamrock III., she covered a like course in three hours, fourteen minutes and fifty-four seconds. Both Columbia and Reliance, however, were ninety footers, instead of seventy-five footers.

When Resolute made her appearance this morning off the Brenton Reef light vessel, where the starting line was established, she had her new steel mast and new gaff in place of the aluminite one that went out of commission last Thursday. The new mast is said to be two feet longer than its predecessor. Vanitie had the same mast and spars she started her racing season with.

The start was at 11 o'clock, and as the time to get away approached it was easy to see that the crew of the Gardner creation, realizing that conditions were ideal for her and smarting under the defeat of last Thursday, was impatient to get into action. At any rate, they showed much more speed and better team work in sail handling than they had heretofore.

Vanitie Is Never Headed.

Commodore Nichols had timed the start of Vanitie to a nicety, and two seconds after the signal was set aboard the committee yacht she shot across the starting line, with Resolute so close astern that she was timed as having started just four seconds later. It was a broad reach down past old Point Jude, and the great silken ballooners of both yachts were tugging them along at a great speed; but on this occasion Vanitie, having started first, was never headed from start to finish. It was the kind of race to give fresh courage to the crew of the bronze sloop.

The times at the first mark were: Vanitie, 11:48:55, and Resolute, 11:49:40.

Vanitie had the better of it at this mark by forty-five seconds, having gained forty-one seconds in that first broad reach. Then, having rounded the mark, short tacks were hailed for the closer reach to the second mark, and it was a repetition of the first leg, with Vanitie scooting like a thing afraid and Resolute hanging on like grim death. But the bronze sloop kept edging ahead inch by inch as they proceeded toward that second mark, which they rounded as follows: Vanitie, 12:46:42, and Resolute, 12:48:08.

Vanitie had extended the lead to one minute and twenty-six seconds, which showed a gain of forty-one seconds over her advantage at the first mark, and, rounding that second mark, the windward work started. That is generally recognized as Resolute's strong point. Could the white Bristol craft make up that difference, so as to keep a clean slate without depending on her allowance? That was one question, but another one in which more particularly concerned those aboard and interested in Vanitie was whether she could not only hold the lead, but add another seventeen seconds to it, which would be necessary to overcome the time she had to allow Resolute, as well as those extra four seconds which Resolute had to her credit at the start on actual starting time.

Breeze Slowly Loses Velocity.

Ten miles was all the distance in which to do it, and no more willing crew or more enthusiastic afterguard has been seen aboard any yacht in many years than those on the Vanitie's deck as she started on the third and last leg of this eventful contest. With her good lead and in the fresh but lightening breeze Commodore Nichols had all the opportunities in the world to show his skill in straight windward work with nothing to bother him.

The breeze kept slowly but surely losing its velocity as the two sloops made for the finish line off the Brenton Reef Light Vessel. The time in which they crossed the finish line tells the story of how Vanitie went on gaining on that last leg to windward, in which point of sailing she has not been supposed to equal Resolute. And still a rapidly dropping breeze has more than once left a following yacht nearly helpless with the finish line close at hand. However, Vanitie showed her speed on all three legs of the course today, and there can be no question of how speedy she was when it is considered that she eclipsed all but one of the 90-footers' times in an international event off Sandy Hook.

Vanitie finished at 2:13:40 and Resolute at 2:27:00 flat. Three minutes and twenty seconds separated the two at the finish. On that last leg of ten miles to windward Vanitie not only held her own, but actually gained 1 minute and 56 seconds on Resolute. That tells the whole story of a victory at last, and a happy crew and afterguard.

Another race is scheduled for tomorrow, and the chances are that it will be a windward and leeward course of fourteen or fifteen miles to a leg, depending on the direction of the breeze, the shorter course being necessary in the event of the wind's direction taking them out toward Block Island. It is safe to say that the Vanitie's crew will be very much alive and on the jump to keep up the creditable showing started today.

The summary:

	Start.	Finish.	Elapsed Time.	Corrected Time.
Yacht.	H.M.S.	H.M.S.	H.M.S.	H.M.S.
Vanitie	11:00:04	2:13:40	3:13:36	2:15:18
Resolute	11:00:00	2:27:00	3:26:54	2:16:52

Vanitie allows Resolute one minute and forty-two seconds.

Flushing Defeated by Commerce.

The High School of Commerce baseball team gained an easy triumph yesterday afternoon over the Flushing High School nine in the Interborough Baseball League at Dexter Park, Brooklyn, by a score of 7 to 2. The pitching of Jacobs and three-baggers by Bunors and Gherigh for the winners were the outstanding features of the contest. The High School of Commerce can capture the championship honors of the league by defeating the Commercial High School in their scheduled game on Friday.

Joe Dumoe Is Engaged as Fordham Football Coach

Jack Mulcahy, the graduate manager of athletics at Fordham University, announced last night that Joe Dumoe, the former Lafayette College football star, will coach the Maroon eleven next Fall. It was definitely decided last week that the Bronx institution would be represented on the gridiron this year. Dumoe was one of the mainstays of the Fordham football aggregation in 1917 and his brilliant playing at left end was a potent factor in all of the team's victories during that season. He had previously played the same position on the Syracuse eleven. The list of games for next season will be announced within the next fortnight. Dates have already been carded with Boston College, Georgetown and Holy Cross.

NEW MAINSAIL FOR LIPTON'S SHAMROCK

Challenger Also Has Gaff Changed—Work of Preparing 23-Metre Yacht Progresses.

Shamrock IV. did not have a trial spin yesterday and the 23-metre "trial horse" has not yet had her jury rig removed. The reasons for there being no trial were that a new mainsail as well as the new gaff were fitted to the challenger and then the wind, which was anything but steady and from the north to northwest, attained a velocity of nearly 40 miles an hour in puffs. That in itself was sufficient reason for not subjecting the challenger to conditions which might result disastrously. The carrying away of the Resolute's mast and gaff jaws, as well as the Shamrock's gaff having snapped on Sunday has made the invading yachting experts unusually careful. In fact, one of them remarked yesterday that the winner of the Cup would be the one able to carry her canvas without carrying away some spar.

The 23-metre craft had three large water tanks, many strengthening joists and other paraphernalia below decks for the voyage across, and all these had to be removed before the work of putting her in racing trim could start. That work kept the crew busy yesterday, and early this morning her jury rig will be removed and her racing mast stepped. Then she is to be hauled out, scraped down, rigged and freshly painted. Her beautifully shaped hull shows plentiful signs of her long voyage across, but only in the way of lack of paint and tarnished bright work. Aside from that she is as sound as a rock and about as able a yacht as ever has been seen in American waters.

Not a Mere Racing Craft.

Instead of having the snubbed stem and squared off stern of the challenger, hers is a long, graceful and pointed stem with an equally graceful stern and transom. Her deck houses are most substantial looking, and below decks she is a real comfortable yacht rather than a mere racing machine. Numerous substantial bulkheads, roomy and attractively finished staterooms, baths, a big galley and a fo'castle possessing both ample room and most comfortable accommodations for the crew place her in a class apart from the challenger, in which every possible ounce of weight has been dispensed with. The deck of the "trial horse" is of white pine laid in narrow strips and solid as a roadway, while the canvas covered, laminated light deck of the challenger has the give of a spring board, and still this latest addition to Sir Thomas's fleet in this country is said to be a most speedy craft.

In the main saloon of the 23-metre craft are to be seen several wonderfully carved panels in white mahogany, framing rich embroidered silk panels, the woodwork being in white mahogany, while the baths and all interior hardware are in silver plate. The mast is a solid one, as prescribed by the international rules.

Lipton Will Arrive This Week.

Commodore Lipton is expected to arrive in this country on Thursday or Friday and the steam yacht Victoria, which he has chartered for the Summer, will then be turned over to him. The Lipton marine menage then will consist of the challenger, the 23-metre craft, the steam yacht Victoria, the houseboat Killarney, the motor boat Colleen and two tugs, all of which are to be quartered within the Horseshoe at Sandy Hook. The challenger will live aboard the Killarney, while the 23-metre craft's crew will live aboard her.

Charles E. Nicholson, designer of the challenger, was busily engaged in supervising the alterations and changes in her sails and spar yesterday, while Colonel Neill supervised the work aboard the 23-metre craft. Mr. Burton, amateur skipper of the challenger, and Claude Rickman, her navigator, spent most of the day on the links, while Captain Turner found plenty of work to keep him busy aboard the challenger. Captain Diaper took a day off to see the sights of New York, leaving Captain Cameron to care for the challenger.

Aemilius Jarvis, the well-known Canadian Corinthian, who is to assist in sailing the 23-metre craft, arrived at City Island yesterday. He has ordered to be sent to this city a timber of rock elm from the Blue Hills of Ontario which is to be used in the new spreaders for the challenger. It is 18 feet long and 10 by 10 inches. The substitute spreaders of Douglas fir are to be used until the timber arrives and is made into the new spreaders.

In speaking of the voyage of the 23-metre Shamrock across the ocean Captain Cameron, the only Scotchman aboard, all the crew being Englishmen, said that in the twenty-fou hours during which time she was crossing the Gulf Stream she covered 240 miles, or at a rate of ten knots, but, of course, she had the strong stream with her.

The challenger is to be given another trial spin on Long Island Sound this morning.

VOGEL WINS FAST BOUT.

Defeats Schrum in N. Y. A. C. Boxing Tilt—Finals in Four Classes.

The monthly boxing tournament of the New York A. C., held last night in the gymnasium of the Mercury Foot organization, attracted sixteen amateur boxers, who contested final honors in four classes. Two of the final bouts were marred by defaults. Harry Levine of the Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A. was prevented by illness from appearing against Sam Vogel in the 115-pound class. John Ello of the Central A. C. also failed to show up for his 126-pound final with Sol Seeman of the Brooklyn A. A.

The summaries:

112-Pound Class, Triale—W. Hausner, Clark House A. A., defeated T. Moran, St. Vincent Ferrer, three rounds, judges' decision; Louis Schulkin, Rutgers Gymnasium, defeated M. Ginsburg, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., three rounds, judges' decision.

Final—Schulkin defeated Hausner, three rounds, judges' decision.

115-Pound Class, Triale—H. Levine, Clark House A. A., defeated C. Sallsbury, Harlem Y. M. C. A., three rounds, judges' decision; Sam Vogel, Pastime A. C., defeated J. Schrum, East Side House, three rounds, judges' decision.

Final—Vogel won by default.

126-Pound Class, Triale—S. Seeman, Brooklyn A. A., stopped M. Nelson, Yager's Gymnasium, in second round; J. Ello, Central A. C., defeated J. Mosco, South Brooklyn A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

Final—Seeman won by default.

135-Pound Class, Triale—J. Morris, Prospect Y. M. C., defeated Johnston, unattached, three rounds, judges' decision; M. Boston, Ninety-second Street Y. M. H. A., defeated J. McGuire, Central A. C., three rounds, judges' decision.

Final—Bloston defeated Morris, three rounds, judges' decision.

CHAMPION LEADS IN GOLF TOURNEY

Mrs. Barlow Heads Field in the First Day of Play for Women's Eastern Title.

MRS. GAVIN MAKES AN 89

Finishes in a Tie for Second Place with Miss Gordon—Other New Yorkers Less Successful.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. MARTINS, Pa., June 7.—Former national champions, runners-up and other semi-finalists are just swarming over the links of the Philadelphia Cricket Club this week at this fashionable suburb of Quakertown. The occasion is the women's Eastern golf tournament, annually an event of importance, but this Spring trebly so because of the quality and representation of the field. Seventy-five linkswomen, entering from clubs in New York, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Delaware, played the first eighteen holes today of the thirty-six-hole Eastern event. They will finish the competition tomorrow, and most of them will play on the district teams from Boston, New York and Philadelphia in the famous Griscom Cup matches on Wednesday, Thursday and Friday.

Headliners from the metropolitan district, who arrived Saturday and yesterday for practice over the Cricket Club course, strange to most of them, prepared to romp away to a safe lead over the Quakers and hold it. They have been victims of too much hearsay evidence, however. They had been told that Mrs. Ronald H. Barlow of Philadelphia, the Eastern champion, who won her title last season at Apawamis with a total of 177 strokes, was casting aside her laurels for the asking. But evidently this report got to Mrs. Barlow's ears, for today she had every bit of her old-time steadiness and led the field with an 87. The Philadelphia veteran of many a battle against par and bogey has lost this Spring both her North and South titles and her Quaker district championship, but the brilliance with which she circled the course today indicated that she treasures this Eastern crown above all and intends to retain it.

Mrs. Gavin in a Tie for Second.

Mrs. William A. Gavin, the New Yorker, who has startled a serene golfing world within the last few weeks by twice defeating low-handicapped men players at Belleclaire, finished in a tie for second with a 89, the best returned by any metropolitan invader. Two holes only blocked Mrs. Gavin's chances of contributing a low score, whereas the rest of her round was either strictly par golf or else close enough to regulation figures to send a shiver of frigid among her rivals. Mrs. Gavin is easily one of whom Mrs. Barlow will watch most closely tomorrow. Even today the gallery flocked to the home hole eager to hear whether she had bettered the mark of the champion.

A high wind swept the links throughout the day, necessitating the most expert use of iron sticks. Mrs. Gavin was strongest with these weapons, although her best shots were of more than the average length for a woman player, when in the rough she was readily out of trouble by her mid-iron and mashie wallops. An 8 for the sixteenth hole looks strange on her card of otherwise low scores. Here the wind took her tee shot, twisting and dropping it to the rough at the left. She came to play around a high bunker and her second, a little too strong, traversed the fairway and to a fringe of tall grass to the right, less than six inches from being out of bounds. The lie was bad and she was out by only a few yards.

Then she smashed a long brassie shot straight up the alley, but unjudged a pitch to the green, landing in a deep pit. She was out and on the green in 6 and needed 2 putts. At the eighth she wasted at least two strokes taking a 7. Her drive again was longer than ordinary, but her second was left on a downward slope with a hanging lie, and she played safe for her third. She topped her fourth, but it carried the green, where for the one time during the match her putting was weak and she needed 3 to hole out.

Tied with Mrs. Gavin at 89 is the brilliant young Providence girl, Miss Elisabeth Gordon, who had identical scores for the round, 46 and 43. Her Metacomet clubmate, Miss Glenna Collett, failed to redeem the confidence placed in her, and she needed 47 and 49 for a total of 96. Miss Collett is the newcomer who proved a sensation for a couple of days at the national tourney last September at Shawnee. Her one brilliant feat today was in getting a par 5 on the 487-yard tenth, where Mrs. Gavin took 6 and Mrs. Barlow 7.

The scores of Mrs. Barlow, Mrs. Gavin and Miss Gordon, compared with the Cricket Club par, follow:

Out—										
Par	4	4	5	3	4	5	4	4	4	—37
Mrs. Barlow	6	5	5	4	5	4	4	4	4	—41
Mrs. Gavin	5	4	5	3	5	5	4	5	4	—40
Miss Gordon	6	5	5	4	5	5	5	5	6	—46
In—										
Par	5	4	5	3	5	4	4	5	3	—38—75
Mrs. Barlow	7	4	4	3	5	4	4	4	4	—39—80
Mrs. Gavin	5	4	5	3	5	4	5	4	4	—39—79
Miss Gordon	7	5	4	3	5	4	4	4	3	—39—85

Other New Yorkers Trail.

Scores of other New Yorkers were unusually high for the first day, except those of the two former English golfers, Mrs. Charles Knight and Miss Daisy Alvey, who are now playing from Garden City. Each had a 93. Mrs. H. Arnold, Jackson, who recently joined the Metropolitan group and who is now playing from Greenwich, was a disappointment. This twice national champion needed 98. Mrs. Joseph E. Davis of Piping Rock, Captain of the Long Island team in the recent inter-district match, also had 98 as did Mrs. F. E. DuBois of Baltusrol. Mrs. Alfred S. Rossin of Century went around in 103, Mrs. E. S. Knapp of Westbrook in 109 and Mrs. S. R. Beresford, also of Westbrook, in 110.

The playing of other former national finalists was surprisingly poor despite the condition of the course, for Cricket Club has a set of greens fully a month ahead of most of those in the New York neighborhood. Mrs. Caleb F. Fox of Philadelphia had 95, Miss Margaret Curtis of Boston 100 and Miss Harriot S. Curtis, 90. Mrs. G. Henry Stetson of Philadelphia, with 92, appears to be still within striking distance of the title. Miss Ruth Underhill defeated Mrs. Harlow last month for the Philadelphia championship, had 95. The Countess von Holstein, playing from Huntingdon Valley, had the liberal total of 110.

Scores of the more prominent among the leaders follow:

Mrs. R. H. Barlow, Merion	46, 41—87
Mrs. W. A. Gavin, Belleclaire	46, 43—89
Miss Elisabeth Gordon, Metacomet	46, 43—89
Mrs. G. H. Statson, Hunting. Val	47, 46—93
Miss Daisy Alvey, Garden City	47, 46—93
Mrs. Charles Knight, Garden City	47, 46—93
Mrs. C. F. Fox, Huntington Valley	49, 46—95
Miss May Bell, Phila. Cricket	49, 46—95
Miss Glenna Collett, Metacomet	47, 49—96
Miss Harriot S. Curtis, Essex Co	49, 47—96
Mrs. H. A. Jackson, Greenwich	51, 47—98
Mrs. F. E. DuBois, Baltusrol	52, 46—98
Mrs. Jos. E. Davis, Piping Rock	50, 48—98
Mrs. E. L. Betz, Phila. Country	51, 48—99

TWO TIED IN GOLF PLAY.

Walling and MacRae Divide Low Net Honors in Newspaper Tourney.

Low net honors were deadlocked at Van Cortlandt Park yesterday in the June handicap tourney of the New York Newspaper Golf Club between Alfred F. Walling and Ernest S. MacRae with 69. Twenty reported for the event, but five saw fit to withhold their cards and one eye was necessary in the draw for match play. The Summer greens were open for the first time, bothering the players who have been trying to sink putts on those atrocious half-grass half-sand surfaces in use for the last two months.

Coaching by Caddies Barred In Women's Golf Tournament

The caddy problem and accompanying charges that one player is getting better coaching than another by using a veteran bag carrier are to be sidestepped next week in the women's metropolitan golf championship tournament at Greenwich. Strict notice is given on the program, just issued by Mrs. R. Percy Thompson, Secretary of the W. M. G. A., that no competitor may use other caddies than those supplied by the Greenwich Club. Many local linkswomen, and for that matter men as well, make a practice of taking their own caddies to tournaments. Some have been subjected to criticism because of the coaching and sound advice imparted during the progress of play by these caddies, many of whom are not youngsters, but men long in the business. They are not star players themselves, but are quick to detect weaknesses, and their counsel is generally helpful.

NEWTON LOSES IN ENGLISH TOURNEY

Staten Island Golf Champion Eliminated in Title Play—Stickney Survives.

MUIRFIELD, Scotland, June 7.—Three of the American golfers entered in the English Amateur championship tournament, which began here today, were eliminated early in the opening round. J. F. Byers of Pittsburgh, United States champion in 1906, was defeated by G. C. Manford of Luffness, 5 and 4; G. H. Walker of St. Louis lost to A. E. Phillips of Porterspark, 3 and 2, and D. W. Smyth of County Down defeated Findlay S. Douglas of New York, United States champion in 1898, by a score of 5 up and 2 to play.

Stewart G. Stickney of the St. Louis Country Club, Clayton, Mo., was the first American player to win a match. He defeated Bertrand Bannerman of Yelverton, 7 and 5. In another first round match F. C. Newton of the Richmond County Country Club, New York, the Staten Island titleholder, finished all square on the home green, but his opponent, F. Caldwellker, beat him playing the extra hole and won, 1 up (nineteen holes).

Former President Frederick S. Wheeler of the United States Golf Association did not win a hole in his match against Captain E. F. Porter of the Royal Portrush Club, Ireland. The Captain won every hole to the finish.

All the Americans were at a disadvantage today from lack of practice on the course. They reached here only on Friday and had no time to get accustomed to the turf, which they found of a totally different type than their own. In consequence, their approaching was invariably short, and they had too much to do on the green.

The strongest of the American representatives will not be called upon to play until the second round. S. G. Stickney, the sole American survivor of today's contests, played an excellent all-around game, but he will have a harder task tomorrow when he meets Geoffrey Tweedale, who today beat Macfarlane, the Scottish international. In the last British championship Macfarlane beat Chick Evans of Chicago.

As the number of entries this year is smaller than that of 1914, no qualifying round is necessary, and it is expected the final round will be reached by Friday.

STAR GOLFERS SEEK TITLE.

117 of Best Are Entered In Metropolitan Championship.

From 8 o'clock tomorrow morning until nearly dusk every golfer from these parts with the slightest chance at all of carrying off the Metropolitan amateur championship will be slashing away on the links of the Apawamis Club at Rye in the thirty-six hole qualifying test. A. H. Pogson, Secretary of the M. G. A. and himself an entrant, divulged yesterday the full list of 117 names. It is a revelation. From Oswald Kirkby, the present champion, right on down the list all of the best golfers have been nominated. Except for the four local players who are in Scotland seeking greater honors at Muirfield this week there are no absentees of note.

The full list of entrants, pairing arrangements and starting times follow:

8:00—W. H. Conroy, Apawamis, and R. P. Walden, Apawamis; 8:05—W. S. Wonham, Apawamis, and Robert F. A. Banks, Green Meadow; 8:10—Basil Harris, Apawamis, and C. H. Peacock, Apawamis; 8:15—R. D. Lapham, Apawamis, and W. Baldiaw, Apawamis; 8:20—C. H. Conner, Apawamis, and W. H. Buchanan, Fort Chester; 8:25—H. A. Goode, Apawamis, and N. Squire, Apawamis; 8:30—James Bertram, Wykagyl, and Fred Scholle, Century; 8:35—E. S. Tenney, Greenwich, and Francis C. Robertson, Green Meadow; 8:40—Robert J. Morse, Manhattan, Golf, and H. L. Ehrich, Mount Vernon; 8:45—F. Raymond Holland, Wee Burn, and H. G. Mitchell, Siwanoy; 8:45—Artemas Holmes, Wee Burn, and William R. Nicholson, Wykagyl; 8:50—H. L. Phillips, Siwanoy, and Samuel N. Pierson, Wee Burn; 8:55—H. I. Monaff, Siwanoy, and Ray Thornton, New York Golf; 9:00—C. V. Benton, Hudson River, and George B. Carhart, Greenwich.

9:05—A. J. Mendes, Siwanoy, and Allan F. Potter, New York Newspaper Golf; 9:10—John T. L. Hubbard, Brooklawn, and William Wallace, Scottish-American; 9:15—J. D. Chapman, Greenwich, and A. E. Ranney, Greenwich; 9:17—John J. Topping, Greenwich, and R. M. Lewis, Greenwich; 9:21—Dr. Morris Carpenter, Oakland, and Frank M. Gould, New York Newspaper Golf; 9:26—S. Plummer, Apawamis, and Prescott Metcalf, Apawamis; 9:30—Bernard R. Hodges, Traditional, and Harold Rowe, Cherry Valley; 9:35—C. G. Comstock, Jr., Sleepy Hollow, and J. L. Conley, Siwanoy; 9:30—Charles G. Waldo, Brooklawn, and Carlos M. Fetter, Upper Montclair; 9:44—L. E. Dorwart, Apawamis, and Dr. Allen T. Haight, Belleclaire; 9:49—J. H. Turner, Fox Hills, and A. H. Pogson, Fox Hills; 9:55—H. K. B. Davis, Engineers, and A. L. Walker, Jr., Richmond County; 9:57—D. R. Sawyer, Siwanoy, and William Reckie, Upper Montclair.

10:02—J. G. Anderson, Siwanoy, and T. Y. Berningham, Wykagyl; 10:06—J. M. Brander, Fox Hills, and Ray W. Thompson, Engineers; 10:11—Jerome D. Travers, Upper Montclair, and Oswald Kirkby, Englewood; 10:16—H. S. Graves, Apawamis, and C. J. Sullivan, Garden City; 10:21—Dudley Dean, Princeton, and Gardiner W. White, Nassau; 10:24—John N. Stearns, Jr., Nassau, and A. G. Parry, Fox Hills; 10:29—S. R. Holander, Siwanoy, and Leo E. Leventritt, Westchester; 10:36—R. A. Haight, Princeton, and Frank W. Dyer, Upper Montclair; 10:39—J. D. Newman, Fox Hills, and M. W. Littleton, Jr., Princeton; 10:42—R. P. Mayo, Commonwealth Country Club, and Samuel L. Hills; 10:47—Charles H. Brown, Hudson River ... Worthington, Siwanoy, 10:51—John M. Ward, Garden City Golf, and Grant A. Peacock, Cherry Valley; 10:56—D. W. O'Connor, Essex County, and Pierre A. Preal, Deal.

11:00—C. E. Van Vleck, Jr., Greenwich, and E. H. Driggs, Jr., Engineers; 11:05—Granland Rice, Englewood, and E. Kent Swinnerton, Greenwich; 11:09—Eric Adams, Essex County, and George T. Brokaw, Piping Rock; 11:14—Julian T. Bishop, Green Meadow, and Charles D. Lima, Hahepaq; 11:19—George A. Jepson, Essex County, and Merton W. Peary, Garden City Golf; 11:26—Dr. D. W. Granberry, Essex County, and Spotswood D. Bowers, Richmond County; 11:37—C. C. Gregson, Belleclaire, and Frederick Sears, Garden City Golf; 11:39—William F. Ladd, Rockaway, and David H. McAlpin, Morris County; 11:46—G. Clinton Miller, Rockaway, and Fred B. Richardson, Morris County; 11:41—F. M. Hale, Glen Ridge, and Harry Schatzl, Scotch-American; 11:45—F. S. Schley, Somerset Hills, and Edmund W. Nash, Rockaway; 11:50—Fred F. Turrell, Morris County, and W. B. Sparks, Princeton; 11:54—J. Appleton Allen, Hempstead, and Dr. Wm. H. Irvine, Cherry Valley; 11:59—A. M. Robbins, Garden City Golf, and Edward H. Coy, Rockaway.

12:03—Richard Sanderson, Upper Montclair, and John T. Cherry, Belleclaire; 12:08—Dr. F. M. Bulles, Englewood, and Theodore Bordell, Cherry Valley; 12:13—J. T. Tunis, North Jersey, and W. H. Wallace, Jr., Apawamis; 12:17—H. E. White, Apawamis, and Herbert Buchanan, Shackamaxon; 12:21—E. B. Sturges, Scarsdale.

ALIBI WINS AGAIN AT BELMONT PARK

Proves Courage by Scoring Victory After Being Bumped in Little Neck Handicap.

Sam C. Hildreth's Alibi, which was brought back to the races this season after being on the shelf for two years, has finally convinced local racegoers that he is not only a high-class performer but a better horse than perhaps even his owner thought him to be. He proved this quite conclusively at Belmont Park yesterday when he won the Little Neck Handicap at a mile with a remarkable exhibition of gameness and courage after he had been all but knocked out of the race at the turn into the stretch. He recovered from his mishap to go on and win by four lengths from R. T. Wilson Jr.'s Thunderstorm with G. W. Loft's Donnacona third among seven starters.

Because he had defeated Thunderstorm by only a nose in their last meeting and was yesterday giving Thunderstorm more weight, Alibi was not believed to have much of a chance and was the third choice in the speculating. Donnacona, the star of the Loft stable, was made the favorite, with Thunderstorm in strong demand as the second choice. The remaining four did not cut much figure in the contest and were almost entirely neglected.

Thunderstorm broke in front and raced into the lead at once, setting a fast pace, with Tetley and Gloomy Gus close at his heels. Donnacona and Alibi were among the last to leave the barrier, but they quickly raced up, and the entire field was well bunched on reaching the first turn.

Tetor was forced to go to the outside with Alibi and, making the big turn, he moved up until he was just behind Thunderstorm and on the outside of him at the turn into the stretch. Thunderstorm went quite wide at the turn, and as he did so he bumped into Alibi, which was almost tapped on him, and knocked the Hildreth horse out of his stride and several feet out in the track.

It seemed that Alibi was but of the race for in the meantime, Donnacona had slipped through on the rail and was giving Thunderstorm a battle. The latter had gained little by the bumping, but he straightened out at once and remained in his stride. Alibi struggled back into his stride at once and, though two lengths back of the leader, he charged them with a tremendous burst of speed and a remarkable show of courage. Tetor touched him just once with the whip and he bounded along until at the sixteenth pole he was moving faster than any other horse in the race. In the space of 100 feet he caught and passed Thunderstorm and went on to score an easy victory by four lengths. Had he not suffered the accident at the turn and been able to come around his field with clear sailing there is no telling how far he might have defeated his rivals.

Thunderstorm tired just at the end, but lasted long enough to save second place from Donnacona by a neck. The latter was moving up on the rail, but could never make the needed spurt. Gloomy Gus, still showing signs of a need of training, raced with fine speed for half a mile, but could not maintain the pace against such good horses.

As Alibi won handily despite his mishap, there was probably little occasion for a disqualification, yet Thunderstorm deserved such a penalty, and probably would have received it had he led the Hildreth horse home.

The Beldame Handicap for fillies and mares at six furlongs, which closed the card, was one of the features of the day and also provided one fo the best contests. It was won by J. H. Rossiter's Passing Shower, a 10 to 1 shot.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,074. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Cherubino	110	Zoeller	4-1	1¹
Court Fool	115	Corey	4-1	2¹½
Locust Leaves	110	Turner	6-1	3nk
Clare Booth	110	Fator	15-1	4
Lady Archie	110	McAtee	7-2	5
Prim III.	115	Barrett	30-1	6
Leo L.	115	Johnson	8-1	7

Time—1:42 4-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place same. Cherubino, b. g., by Chancer—Seraphine; owned by W. S. Kilmer and trained by J. S. Healy.

SECOND RACE.

Steeplechase, for four-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000. About two miles.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Reliance	150	Bush	1-2	1
Frank B.	136	Obert	5-2	2

Time—4:20 2-5.

Start good; won easily. Reliance, b. g., by Star Ruby—Lina Holliday; owned by W. Wick and trained by S. Bush.

THIRD RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward, to be ridden by maiden jockeys; purse $1,074. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Dorcas	107	E. Moore	5-1	1½
Sundial II.	100	N. Collins	9-5	2¹
Tattle	106	T. Jarvis	4-1	3¹½
Huron II.	112	G. Rabin	7-1	4
Phalaris	112	S. Bushman	12-5	5

Time—1:40 2-5.

Start poor; won ridden out; place easily. Dorcas, b. m., by Ildrim—Dawtie; owned by W. H. Fizer and trained by F. Randolph.

FOURTH RACE.

The Little Neck Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; $1,274 added. One mile.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Alibi	118	Tetor	5-2	1
Thunderstorm	111	Turner	3-1	2nk
Donnaeona	108	Barrett	9-5	3¹
Totley	95	Coltiletti	50-1	4
Thrift	100	Callahan	20-1	5
Gloomy Gus	106	McAtee	15-1	6
Le Glorieux	97½	Mooney	50-1	7

Time—1:38 1-5.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Alibi, br. h., by Tracery—Amicitia; owned and trained by S. C. Hildreth.

FIFTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,074. Five furlongs, straight.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
*Hildur	105	Kummer	9-20	1¹⁰
Curfew	105	Myers	20-1	2nk
*Sister Flo	102	Peters	30-1	3¹½
*Bluffer	107	McGraw	8-10	4
Sammy Boy	107½	Heider	100-1	5
Joe	119	Kelsay	3-1	6
Musty	107½	Schuttinger	20-1	7
Miss Polite	102	Callahan	30-1	8
Turnabout	102	McAtee	15-1	9

*Coupled.

Time—1:02 1-5.

Start good; won galloping; place driving. Hildur, b. c., by Star Shot—Shelby Belle; owned by J. E. Madden and trained by W. S. Walker.

SIXTH RACE.

The Beldame Handicap, for mares and fillies, three years old and upward; $1,274 added. Six furlongs, main course.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Passing Shower	112	Johnson	10-1	1¼
Uncle's Lassie	107	Schuttinger	10-1	2¹
Lucia	100	McAtee	7-2	3¼
Lunetta	109	Weiner	9-2	4
Lady Gertrude	117	Turner

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday—7% per cent. for the best names. Saturday—7% per cent. for the best names. The quotations are for six months' paper.

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After Retail Sales Managers.

Several advertisements have appeared for retail sales managers who are wanted by wholesale concerns. The inference is that these wholesalers desire to sell out their stocks to retail customers and believe that the best results can be achieved by having experienced retail salesmen in charge. A survey in the wholesale garment and clothing lines would lead the observer to the conclusion that the signs which state that no goods are sold at retail mean very little at present. The same canvass will show that the ranks of the wholesalers who are selling to retail customers have been considerably augmented by present conditions in the apparel trades.

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Will Create Furriers Division.

An organization meeting this evening at the Hotel Astor will decide just what arrangement is to be made to form a furriers' division of the National Garment Retailers' Association. This organization at present is composed of stores specialising in women's garments, and as a subsidiary body has the leading dressmaking houses organized as the Couturiers' Division. By the admission of the retail furriers and the creation of a furriers' division, the specialty store field in women's apparel lines will be well covered. The main organization meeting will occur at 8 o'clock, and there will be a meeting of representative furriers at 6 o'clock to outline plans.

***

Offer Navy Moire Hats for Fall.

Navy blue moiré promises to be one of the most favored materials in early Fall hats, many numbers in some of the leading lines making use of it. Models of this fabric, combined with duvetyn and trimmed with lamé, a silk fringe and silver ribbon, are particularly adaptable for wear with tailored dresses or suits. One of the models shown here, on the order of a "Chin Chin," has a rolled-up brim adorned with a Grecian border of lamé. Flowers of silver ribbon festoon the crown and brim of a broad sailor shape. White fringe, caught by gold threads, hands the edge of the brim of a third moiré hat, the broad flaring lines of which show the Spanish touch.

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Aquamarine "Rough" Scarcer.

The great demand for aquamarines and the constantly increasing scarcity of the better kinds of "rough" supply the chief features of the colored gem business at the moment. So marked has the shortage of the "rough" become that one of the leading cutting concerns has sent a special buyer to Brazil to see what he can find. This is the second trip he has made in a comparatively short time. Were it not for the paucity of good uncut stones the lapidaries could work overtime for a considerable period ahead, as there is no dearth of orders for the finished goods. Fine jade and green tourmalines are also in good demand, but the call for other gems, particularly the finer ones, is reported to be a bit uneven.

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Style Display at Race Track.

It was planned to have a display of Fifth Avenue fashions on mannequins visit the Belmont race track on Saturday. The weather, however, prevented and the trip was postponed until the coming Saturday. About fifty models will be presented by the leading houses. The plan follows that which the Parisian dressmakers have found so effective in presenting their ideas of the fashions. At the offices of the Couturiers' Division of the National Garment Retailers' Association yesterday, it was said that quite a fair demand has developed already for tickets to the Fashion Show to be given on July 14 at the Commodore Hotel. Guests at the last review, who were well pleased with the affair, are sending in larger orders.

***

Buyers Still Delay.

Garment buyers, according to a man in close touch with them, show no disposition to change their minds about holding off their purchases. In the wholesale market it was thought that this week might see a start made. This, however, has not materialised, and the prediction is made now that the market may not actually be active until the first of August. To the manufacturers who argue that prices cannot be reduced further because materials and labor have not come down, the buyers, it seems, have but one answer, which is that the public will not buy at high prices. In short, unless they can purchase garments at levels they believe are attractive to the consumer, there will be no buying done.

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Inquiry for Burlaps Is Larger.

The inquiry for burlaps in this market yesterday was better than for some little time but, because buyers did not find prices as much to their liking as they did last week, not a great deal of actual business was put through. Prices were somewhat firmer, and although spot 8-ounce 40s were sold here last week under 8 cents—the goods evidently having been of a "distress" nature—buriaps of this weight were quoted around 8.10 cents yesterday. For 10 1-2 ounce cloths of the same width sellers were asking 11 1-2 cents. Were 8-ounce burlaps as scarce for prompt shipment as 7 1-2-ounce fabrics, it was said, much firmer prices would be seen. News of interest from the primary markets during the day was reported lacking.

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Gray Goods Sales Were Fair.

A fair amount of business was put through in the local gray goods market yesterday, the feature of the day being the report that one of the principal printers was in the market with bids of 22½ cents for large quantities of 38½-inch 64-60s for delivery in August and September. While it was practically certain that some goods were sold at that price, there was no real way of judging just how successful the bids were. The business in Eastern 38½-inch 64-60s was done at 24 cents, and the same price was paid for Southern 39-inch 68-72s for shipment through the remainder of this month. June-July deliveries of Eastern 38½-inch 60-48s were sold at 21 cents. Sales of June and July lots of 5.50 and 56-60, 4-yard sheetings were reported at 17 and 23½ cents, respectively.

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Important Meeting of Clothiers.

Much is expected from the joint conference of the wholesale and retail clothiers at Atlantic City tomorrow and Thursday. The meeting was scheduled for last week, but was postponed. If it accomplishes what the wholesalers feel can be cleared up by a conference of the sort a great deal of stability, it is believed, can be given to the present unsettled state of the clothing market. Among various clothing interests yesterday it was felt that the question of most importance at the moment involves the future course of business and particularly the price situation. The retailers may be expected to emphasize the necessity of lower prices, and what remains to be seen is whether the manufacturers will consent to a revision downward of values. There was a feeling yesterday in the trade that the meeting will present a graceful means for the wholesalers to lower their notion of prices a peg or two.

***

Should Business Wait?

On the eve of the opening of the Republican Convention at Chicago, more talk was heard in the dry goods trade yesterday about the probable effect of the "Presidential year" on business than at any time since early in 1912. In that year, it was pointed out, business was interfered with less by politics than at any other recent time when a Presidential election impended, and it was then thought that a movement instituted at the time to divorce the two for all time had been successful. In 1916, war conditions took away any chance there might otherwise have been of seeing whether the 1912 belief was right or not, but it seems to be in for a sharp test this year. Strangely enough, however, it is the sellers who seem to be talking most about taking things easy in a business way until after the conventions are over. Buyers, for the most part, have not thought much about it as yet, seem inclined to be governed in their actions more by the consumer demand than by any amount of political comment.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Department store, busiest section of Brooklyn, will lease the piece goods, glove and hosiery, neckwear and ribbon departments after Aug. 1 to responsible merchant on a percentage basis. D. S., 294 Times.

To Lease—Store, size 105x110, in the best business section of the fastest growing city in New Jersey, for a long period of years. Y 2216 Times Annex.

Advertise in German trade papers for German connections; rates low. M. J. Klein, World Building, Beekman 8432.

Excellent Opportunity—Up-to-date ladies' specialty shop for sale; fine business location; reasonable rent. Call Fordham 3527.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

Wanted, small dry goods, infants' and ladies' wearing apparel business, New York or Brooklyn, residence section; living quarters attached; submit full particulars. Feinman & Feebles, Inc., 145 West 45th St.

Have you any proposition to offer me for the Summer? I am a man of personality, Jewish, 33, and can make small investment. B 883 Times Downtown.

Will invest $3,000 to $5,000 in established silk, woolen, cotton business as active partner; have manufacturing and retail trade for these lines. D 373 Times.

CAPITAL WANTED.

NEW YORK AND NEW JERSEY DISTRICT MANAGERS to represent a large jobbing house; these districts will not competent, live business men good income from the start; this service is far in advance of any chain store system, and is supplied, backed and indorsed by large manufacturing concerns of this country; an investment of $2,000 to $5,000 required for merchandise that any bank or business man of your city should indorse; offers accepted on large scale for New York City territory. Apply by letter, stating age, past experience &c., to

SILVER QUARTER SERVICE,
565 Boylston St., Boston, Mass.

If you have one thousand dollars to invest and are capable of taking charge of branch office and sales force I can interest you; business established; investment well secured; good opportunity to develop your earning power; large net profits; over $200. Apply G. H. MacLeod or E. F. Caldwell, care of Eastman Rubber Works, 213 West 40th St.

Large manufacturing corporation wants capable man to open branch office and manage salesmen; $500 to $2,000 necessary; exclusive rights to patented article; money-making possibilities unlimited; will pay expenses to Baltimore if you qualify. Address Mr. Clemmer, Sales Mgr., 416 North Howard St., Baltimore, Md.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

Managers; reliable men for branches Eastern and Southern cities by Cleveland manufacturer; our branches are paying $300 monthly; requires $600; capital fully secured, he controls. See Mr. Howard, 400 West 23d, Room 301.

Lines wanted—Live-wire organization open to represent several high class houses on a commission basis; particularly interested in piece goods, but able to handle any good lines for Middle Western territory. Address Post-Office Box 1007, St. Louis, Mo.

Hotel man, with large experience in both front and back of house; is open for the management of a first class hotel or club either in New York or elsewhere; has lived in Spanish countries and speaks the language. J 124 Times.

Let us do your manufacturing and you do the selling; we want quantity work in metal stampings or drilling, polishing, grinding, assembling, acetylene welding. S. Wetzler, 34 Union Square.

Southern importer of aluminum wants to get in touch with foreign manufacturer of aluminum cooking utensils; purchases a million dollars a year. Southern Aluminum Company, New Orleans, La.

Nearly long-established truck manufacturer will locate factory in Nassau County; well-known, splendid product; a genuine profit-offering business opportunity. Y 2219 Times Annex.

Let us do your manufacturing and you do the selling; we want quantity work in metal stampings or drilling, polishing, grinding, assembling, acetylene welding. S. Wetzler, 321 East 148th.

Shirt manufacturer or contractor in a position to turn out a large quantity of silk shirts for a silk manufacturer at once. Communicate Y 2281 Times Annex.

Established sales company desires connection with firm seeking agent for sale of their goods in New York City. A 1047 Times Harlem.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS WANTED.

ATTENTION OF EXPORTERS.

Nattaly Brothers, for many years actively engaged in commercial business in various parts of the Far East, are leaving in August for a trip into China, the Philippines, Straits Settlements, India, Sumatra, Java, Federated Malay States, Cochin China, Australia and New Zealand. They will solicit business in general merchandise and jewelry and are interested in entering into arrangements for representing American suppliers in these markets. Both of these gentlemen, though American born, are well versed in the languages of the countries mentioned through residence and commercial travel therein, and are well equipped to handle extensive business. They will be glad to meet by appointment suppliers interested in extending their trade in these markets, and may be addressed in care of I. Beck, Inc., 83 Beaver St., who are in position to make appointments by telephone, Hanover 6068.

Sales organization in Chicago and Middle West calling on banks, brokers, bond houses and insurance agencies is willing to solicit orders for financial publications, novelties, pocket books, calendars, &c.; submit samples and terms. J. J. Fitzgerald, 208 South La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

FOR SALE.

BRASS ELECTRIC FIXTURES MANUFACTURING PLANT—Exceptional opportunity to purchase a plant and equipment, inclusive of finest machinery which would cost $85,000 to install at present; old-established concern, making goods of highest quality, for which there is a tremendous demand, doing a splendid business, with net profits of more than $4,000 per month, which could be doubled immediately by new management; orders on hand at present that cannot be filled in three months; illness of owner makes immediate sale imperative; terms can be arranged for responsible parties; asking price $150,000; a business that will stand the closest investigation, which can be had by communicating with Horton-Gardner Corporation, Union Trust Company Building, Providence, R. I.

For Sale—Excellent brick plant in Pennsylvania, operating under liberal charter; equipped to the minute; capacity eight (8) to ten (10) millions per year; has orders on hand at high market price and ready; this plant in operation for one year; excellent railroad facilities; assets approximately $200,000.00; liabilities none; any offer, therefore, other than cash, will not be considered. Address Brick Plant, Y 2198 Times Annex.

For Sale—Article already on market; can show big sales; will sell stock, including formula, office furniture; now doing business on lower Broadway; wonderful possibilities for live wire; $2,000 will handle. Cal Barclay 3183.

For Sale—One Lamson pneumatic tube system, consisting of a central station, 14 substations and 2½ miles of tube; can be purchased cheap; provided buyer removes same from premises. Spicer Mfg. Corp., South Plainfield, N. J.

A good business without capital, new, honorable, true and straight; worthy of investigation; turn it over and under, inside and out, up side down, a clean, high-class business proposition; particularly interested in piece goods, but able to handle any good lines for Middle Western territory. Address Post-Office Box 1007, St. Louis, Mo.

Chiropodist—Old established office space in barber shop, financial district, at reasonable price, on account of death. Inquire Dr. J. Morris, 153 Broadway.

EMBROIDERY store for sale, good business, splendid location, yarns, silks, stamped goods and infants' wear; personal reasons. A. A., 512 Times.

Garage for sale, business, property and stock; lease with option to buy; money maker; act quick. T. F. Archer, 40 New York Av., Jamaica, N. Y. Telephone 660.

Tea room and restaurant, Washington Square district, Norah Maclaren. Telephone Spring 1602.

$20,000 will secure my interest in garage; same is leased for ten years; net income over 15 per cent. F 831 Times.

51 per cent. interest in A1 concern for sale, large orders at hand seldom offered chance. C F., 10 Union Square.

I have a (Vanderbilt cail) telephone contract for sale. Apply 20 East 35th.

Running business for sale with ownership; two patent rights. F 839 Times.

BUSINESS LOANS.

Money loaned to merchants, manufacturers, reasonable rates, no accounts, acceptances, nor other collateral. F 173 Times.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Loans—Machinery, automobiles, trucks; notes discounted; quick action. J. C., 55 Times.

BUYERS' WANTS.

Thirteen cents per word each insertion.

ALTO BEAVER Wanted—Also Deland 9800 Pekin and reindeer. Rosenfeld & Son, 115 West 29th. Watkins 4284.

BARONETTE DUPLANS Wanted—In white or colored. Chelsea 7097.

BATHROBE Cloth Wanted. Trussel Skirt, 127 West 25th St.

BATISTE Wanted—Cotton warp. Wiesenberg & Palmer, 263 West 54th St. Greeley 6658.

BATISTE Wanted—Flesh, 72-60 36 inch. Madison Square 5865.

BOLIVIA Wanted—All makes, also Stevens silvertone 4318. Madison Square 9067.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Sisters 2192, black velour 2422, navy Botany 558, green, 11432 navy, Hyman Cohen & Sons Inc., 35 West 21st St., Chelsea 9865, Department A.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Will exchange Botany 515 Navy for black. L. K. Shapiro, Chelsea 6.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Juilliard 110, brown, quantity for reasonable price. Chelsea 6538.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—Duplan 2322, Reiling & Schoens 1271, georgette and crepe. Madison Square 2596.

CHARMEUSES Wanted—Open for quantity. S. Tanenbaum, 39 West 29th St.

CHARMEUSE Wanted—1630, 1571, black, navy. Madison Square 8789.

CHINCHILLA Wanted — Mackay's 30-inch brown. Madison Square 5546.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall lines; will place quantity orders. N. Brody & Co., 12 West 27th St.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at medium and high priced Fall samples. 29 West 30th, 9th floor.

COATS AND SUITS Wanted—Jobber looking at snappy styles. 5th floor, 45 West 37th.

COATS Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall cloth coats of the better grade. 194 West 26th St., 6th floor.

COATS Wanted—Looking at popular priced Fall coats. Call mornings, 12th floor, 122 West 27th.

COATES Wanted—Velours and polos, will pay cash. Lark, 25 West 27th., Chelsea 251.

COATS, SUITS Wanted—Snappy styles, placing orders. 40 West 37th, 4th floor.

COATS, Suits, Dresses Wanted—For cash; quantity and price. F 537 Times.

COATS Wanted—Jobbers looking at Fall styles. 48 West 22d, 6th floor.

COATS Wanted—Better line of Fall coats. 5th floor, 150 West 22d St.

COTTON SERGE Wanted—All colors, also 54-inch cotton Shepherd check; can use large quantity at price. Samuel Bolis, 16 East 18th.

COTTON GOODS Wanted—Spot cash for any quantity. Kaplan Bros., Canal 9520 and 8279.

COTTON PLUSHES Wanted—Burgundy and black, 54 inches only. Chelsea 9088.

CREPE DE CHINE, Charmeuse and Georgettes Wanted—At a price for cash. Call with samples. 38 East 22d. Gramercy 941, 5833.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Georgettes, cash. 324 Fourth Av., Room 503, Madison Square 5667.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—White, three-thread. Call Watkins 5009. Ask for Mr. Siegel.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Open to buy 3 or 4 thread crepe de chine; spot cash. Madison Square 1803.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—In all colors for spot cash. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—4-thread white, flesh, turquoise; hundred pieces; $1.40 or less. National Textile Mill, 288 4th Av.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—3-thread 68, pink, white, flesh; cash. Schechtman & Son, 537 Broadway. Spring 8102.

CREPE DE CHINES and Georgettes Wanted; all colors; must be cheap. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

CREPE DE CHINES Wanted—4 thread and 3 thread, 68 or 72 threads flesh; spot cash. Jaffin, 151 West 30th.

DOTTED SWISS Wanted—Navy ground with white dot. Madison Square 8357.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber will buy for spot cash any quantity organdies, voiles, georgettes, satin and beaded taffetas, charmeuse dresses. Submit samples to Mr. Goldman, 34 West 32d, fourth floor; freight elevator. Phone Madison Square 3941.

DRESSES Wanted—Western jobbers open to buy dresses of all kinds at a price; cash; voiles, organdies, silk and voiles; bring samples. 4th floor, 48 West 25th St., Tuesday and Wednesday, 10 to 1 only.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber will buy spot cash jobs any quantity taffeta, georgettes, sports and wash dresses; submit samples; 9 to 5 daily. 5th floor, 29 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Will buy satin and taffeta, also jobs of Summer silks, contractors apply mornings with samples. 21st floor, 9 and 9 East 27th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at popular priced Fall models, serges, tricotines and satin. Call with new models only, 147 West 25th, 9th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders snappy Fall styles; satins, tricotines and serges. Call afternoons, Anchor Dress Co., 3 West 29th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber open for georgette, satin, serge and tricotine; snappy styles for Fall. Call all week, 34 floor, 109 West 32d St.

DRESSES Wanted—Suits, Winter coats, waists, skirts, silk underwear; better trade jobs; cash. National, 19 Lispenard. Canal 1447.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on high-class cotton and satin dresses. Call with samples, 9 to 12, 122 West 26th, 6th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for jobs of georgettes and taffeta dresses; only better grade merchandise. Call 4th floor, 51 West 24th St.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open for Fall line of serge tricotine, satin and georgette. Roth Bros., 11 East 20th.

DRESSES Wanted—New Fall styles in silks; popular priced. Call all week, 5 West 32d, 15th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers placing orders on snappy Fall styles, serges and tricotines. 11 East 31st, 2d floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobbers placing orders high class tailored. 5th floor, 56 West 24th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at new Fall models, satins, taffetas, georgettes. 18 West 27th St., 10th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on taffetas, satins and cheap serges. 10th floor, 40 West 27th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall serge, tricotine and satin. 148 West 23d, Room 401.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs in silks and georgette; any quantity for cash. 3d floor, 153 West 27th St. Chelsea 7385.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on satins in new models. Scharfman Bros., 26 West 26th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders snappy Fall styles, serges, tricotines. Call afternoons, 113 West 31st, first floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking for high class charmeuse dresses. Call 11th floor, 38 West 32d, freight entrance.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing stock orders for Fall, call with samples, 147 West 29th St., one flight up.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs, on Georgette, satin and taffeta; ladies' dresses; big quantities no object. 6th floor, 20 West 20th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on tailored tricotine and serge dresses. 137 West 27th, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on new Fall styles of tricotine and serge. 6th floor, 22 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber looking at Fall styles; serges, tricotines, charmeuses. 52 West 27th St., first floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Satins, serges, taffetas, tricotines, georgettes at the price; stouts. Skudowitz, 129 West 29th.

DRESSES Wanted—Wash dresses of the better kind for cash. Lark, 25 West 27th St., Chelsea 251.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on better grade silk dresses. 10 West 23, 1st floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber open for wash dresses for spot cash. 3d floor, 28 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobs of silk dresses. Michael Simon, 334 5th Av.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing orders on Fall dresses. 3d floor, 1,140 Broadway.

DUVETYLAINE Wanted—Geras 50853, shade 884, reindeer. Gramercy 289.

EMBROIDERY Wanted—40 inches printed georgette crepe de chines. Sonners & Levine, 1,161 Broadway.

FUR Wanted—Open for jobs of kid cossey coats, also raccoon and nutria collars for cash. 9th floor, 32 East 31st.

GEORGETTES, Crepe de Chines, Wash Satins, Taffetas and Messalines Wanted—Will buy any quantity at a price only; will pay spot cash; no small quantities considered; don't answer unless you care to sell at a price to warrant large transaction; Address for interview W 172 Times.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Will buy large quantity of georgette, all constructions, at a price; call with sample pieces. Lyonette Silk, Inc., 152 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 4688.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Open for quantity heavy quality 3x3 georgettes, also heavy 5-thread crepe de chine; bring sample pieces. Al Levy & Bros., 33 East 32d.

GEORGETTE, Crepe de Chine Wanted—Good quality, at a price; cash; terms. Feltason Mfg. Co., 703 Lucas Av., St. Louis, Mo.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Printed, open for big quantity; will only look at sample pieces. Dorfman & Wilson, 10 West 25th.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Open to buy quantity in the grey for cash. Mr. Harold, Stuyvesant 107.

GEORGETTES Wanted for cash. Trojan Textile, 1,123 Broadway. Call before 11.

BUYERS' WANTS.

GEORGETTES Wanted—2x2 and 3x3; open for large quantity; greige and finished Herbert B. Lederer Co., Inc., 95 5th Av.

GEORGETTES and Crepe de Chines Wanted—Large quantity, for cash. Priest & Rates, 15 West 20th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—For spot cash; only good cloth. Strulson & Goldman, 42 West 34th. Pennsylvania 2231.

GEORGETTE Wanted—1,000 pieces, all colors, under $1 a yard; positively cash paid. Rimler, Murray Hill 8251.

GEORGETTES Wanted — Quantities; all shades; cash. S. Phillips & Son, 14 East 32d. Madison Square 49615.

GEORGETTE Wanted—Will buy for cash at a price, quantity, 3x2. Joseph Goldman, 127 West 25th.

GEORGETTES Wanted—Any quantity for cash. Call Litsky & Klein, 30 W. 23d St. Gramercy 6076.

GEORGETTE and Crepe de Chine Wanted—Light and dark colors; 2x2. 215 4th Av., Room 807.

HOSIERY Wanted—Ladies' 176 needle cutsae, 1 lb. to 1 lb. 4 os., white, black; 220 needle, combed, 1 lb. 2 os., similar; Ipswich 223. H. Konnal & Son, 519 Broadway.

JAP SILK Wanted—3½ mme; interested if cheap price. Watkins 9060.

KUMSI KUMSA, Mallison's, Wanted—In white and colored, for cash. Chelsea 7067.

MALINES Wanted—Any quantity, for cash. Phone Madison Square 6706.

LACES Wanted—Val edges, white ecru; also cotton net 54 count, white, ecru; spot cash paid. G. Roecher, 49 East 21st St.

LACES, Ladies' Neckwear, Boudoir and Dusting Caps Wanted—Job lots. D 385 Times.

LININGS Wanted—Quilted lining, cheap. Telephone Chelsea 9088.

ORGANDIE Wanted—Open to buy large quantity Swiss organdie in brown and colors. Adelson & Weinberg, 5 West 21st St., 5th floor.

PALM BEACH CLOTH Wanted—Genuine; open for large quantity 54 inch, light, plain shades. Whitehall 740, Extension 22.

PALM BEACH, Panama or Bermuda Cloths Wanted—All shades. Heisten, Young & Co., 24 West 27th St.

PEAU DE CYGNE, Charmeuse and Crepe de Chine Wanted—Will buy 100 pieces. Madison Square 8089.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted—Good quality; grey, brown. Bernstein, 63 West 26th.

PEAU DE CYGNE Wanted—All colors at the price, cash. Ideal Silk, 30 East 21st.

PLUSHES Wanted—Peco; also satin de chine; any quantity. B. A. Wechsler, Madison Square 435.

PLUSH Wanted—Open for peco plush; will pay cash. Phone Stuyvesant 2546.

POCKETING Wanted—Shrunk in pearl, for cash. Sander-Pinsker, 631 Broadway. Spring 6226.

PONGEE Wanted—12 momme pongee; will pay cash, any quantity. Madison Square 1803.

PONGEE JAP Wanted—12 momme, first American choice. Stuyvesant 1016.

PONGEES Wanted—12 mme, natural. Madison Square 4540 Extension 14.

PONGEE JAP Wanted—12 momme. M. H. Block & Co., 220 Broadway.

POPLINS—Susquehanna wanted, 171 quantity, at a price. Madison Square 842.

POPLINS Wanted—Susquehanna 171, for cash. Trussel Skirt, 127 West 25th St.

RIBBONS Wanted—Suitable camisoles; any quantity; right price. Phone Greeley 2155.

SATINS Wanted—36-40 inches wide, satins to use as charmeuse; also quality 2332 at the price for spot cash. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

SATINS AND CHARMEUSE Wanted—Any quantity, must be cheap. Schartman Bros., 26 West 26th.

SATIN Wanted—Baronette, Dew-Kist, Kumsi-Kumsa, all colors; must be cheap. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

SATINS Wanted—Black, good quality. Neptune Dress, 23 East 26th.

SERGES Wanted—Will buy for cash 7301, 54289, 104; must be cheap. Rich Dress and Skirt Co., 153 West 27th. Watkins 2044.

SERGES Wanted—Whitman 5, spot cash, quantities only; price must be attractive. Madison Square 6706.

SERGES AND TRICOTINES Wanted—For cash; 9, 11, 104, 54289, 10854, 907, 09077, Spring 5372.

SERGES, TRICOTINES Wanted—104, 11433, 7120, 54289, 8304. Stuyvesant 5958, Extension 2.

SERGES Wanted—Whitmans 2004, for cash. Sander-Pinsker, 631 Broadway, Spring 6226.

SERGES Wanted—25 pieces Whitman's 104; cash, $2.20. 1,182 Broadway, Room 1307.

SERGES Wanted—Pacific, CSC, 36 inch, navy only, 215 4th Av., Room 807.

SERGES Wanted—104, navy, original mill condition; net cash. Chelsea 4168.

SERGE Wanted—0809 Americans. 30 East 20th St., Stuyvesant 8733.

SERGES Wanted — Open for 4061. Brown, Stuyvesant 9246.

SERGES Wanted—780, Botany, black. Call Chelsea 2257.

SERGES Wanted—1210, 7120, black 104, black and navy 907. Madison Square 842.

SHANTUNG Wanted—Suiting weight, open for quantity at price, cash. Etkin Co. 147 West 23th St., Watkins 4546.

SHIRTS and DRAWERS Wanted—Fleece lined; seconds; large quantity. Room 917, 1123 Broadway.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Crepe de chine, radium, in any quantity, for spot cash. Call with samples. Store, 34 East 29th.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Open to buy all kinds of silk shirtings; spot cash. Madison Square 1804.

SHIRTINGS Wanted—Silk shirtings, good quality only, at a price. Harry Berger Shirt Co., 76 5th Av.

SILK Wanted for Shirts—We are open to buy any quantity in jersey, wash satin, striped crepe de chine, broadcloth or radiums at the proper price. Rainbow Shirt Corporation, 189 Greene St., near Bleecker. Phone Spring 6625.

SILKS Wanted—Crepe de chines and striped taffeta, georgetta and striped tub silks, also satins; must be cheap, for cash. M. Schoenfeld & Co., 718 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa.

SILKS Wanted—Will buy for cash quantities Kumsi Kumsa, Wantasi, Tricolettes, Dew-Kist, Baronet satin; also silk poplin. Thomas Posner & Bros., 114 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—Will pay cash for taffetas, messalines, crepe de chines, good georgettes and ponges if price is right. Onyx, 126 Madison Av. Madison Square 3656.

SILKS Wanted—Open for quantity taffetas, messalines, peau de cygne, 4-thread crepe de chines, all colors. P. Pressman Co., 425 4th Av., corner 29th.

SILKS Wanted—Georgettes, crepes, taffetas, peau de cygnes, at a price for cash. Levy & Bernstein, 17 Madison Av.

SILKS Wanted—Quantity fancy and plain, including radiums. Isaac Loewenberg & Co., 1,140 Broadway.

SILKS Wanted—12, 14 and 16 momme, pongee; large or small quantities for cash at the price only. Madison Square 2073.

SILKS Wanted—Dew-Kist, Kumsi Kumsa, Foularde, 1 and D. 300, Duplan Baronet satin, 40-inch poplin. Watkins 5068.

SILKS Wanted—Duplan's baronet, fantasi, kumsi-kumsa, dew-kist, at a price for cash. Chelsea 440.

SILKS, Taffetas, Poplins, Peau de Cygnes and Crepe de Chines Wanted—At a price. 244 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Open to buy 3-thread crepe de chines, all colors. Madison Textile Corp., 112 East 23d.

SILKS Wanted—All kinds lining, silks, fancies; good grade only. S. & W. Silverstein, 12 West 27th.

SILKS Wanted—High grade shirtings and heavy crepe de chines wanted. Call Madison Square 276.

SILKS Wanted—Quantity fancy linings at a price; spot cash. Monarch Garment Co., 236 5th Av.

SILK JERSEY TRICO Wanted—Any quantity, at a price; spot cash. Ideal, 127 5th Av.

SILKS Wanted—Will pay cash for Fantasi or other silk shirtings. Mad. Square 2935.

SILK, Wanted—Artificial, American Viscose; cash. Spring 8276.

SILK, ARTIFICIAL, Wanted—Large quantity; cash. Phone Murray Hill 2899.

SILK Wanted—Glove, flesh, all widths, quantity. 6 West 32d, 14th floor.

SILK, Jap, Wanted—Quantity, 5 mme. Kagi at a price. Gramercy 3589.

SILKS Wanted—Plaids and checks. 230 5th Av., Room 507.

SILK, Jap, Wanted—3 momme. Samuel Ullman, 23 West 23th.

SILVERTONES Wanted—A. L. F. Hug, Orrtaschehe or similar. Blamberg & Friedman, Stuyvesant 7332.

SILVERTONE Wanted—15053 and Sundine 18058, brown; must be cheap. Murray Hill 1169.

SILVERTONE Wanted — American 19007, Copen or Pekin. Watkins 4016.

SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber placing large orders Fall skirts. Call with samples, Leon Mark & Son, 461 Broadway.

SKIRTS Wanted—Jobber buying form numbers. First floor, 19 West 35th.

SUEDINES Wanted—Am 18068, also tinsel tones. Heft. Watkins 6134.

SUITS Wanted—Jobber placing orders on suits, coats and cloth dresses. Call with samples all week. 8-10 West 19th, 9th floor.

SUITINGS Wanted—Stursberg shall oxfords, style 401-1. H. Ginsburg & Co., 115 West 30th.

SUITS Wanted—Looking at Fall samples, also coats. Call 2 to 4 P. M., 34 West 27th, 5th floor.

SUITS Wanted—Looking at popular priced Fall suits; call mornings, 12th floor, 122 West 27th.

SUITS Wanted—Misses' styles; jobber placing Fall orders. 1,140 Broadway, 24 floor.

BUYERS' WANTS.

SWEATERS Wanted—Union, men's, cotton, small; large quantity; $10.50. W., 1,416 5th Av.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Open for big quantities of navy and black, below market prices. Dortman & Wiesen, 16 West 26th.

TAFFETAS Wanted — Stehlin 3240, Darye 336 R or similar qualities wanted for cash. Madison Square 3612.

TAFFETAS Wanted—All colors, at the price, spot cash. Store, 34 East 29th. Call with samples.

TAFFETAS Wanted—Stahli 3240 or similar, navy and black; quantity. Harry Eldinger, 20 West 27th.

TAFFETA Wanted—Black; can use quantity, $1 per yard. Rabinowitz Dress, 38 W. 32d.

TAFFETA Wanted—Open for big quantity, all colors. Desmonde, 1,120 Broadway.

THIBETS Wanted—Stoney & Starkey, Newhouse or McKennedy or silvertone, all shades. Madison Square 8160.

TRICOLETTE Wanted—Imported, any quantity, any color; cash if necessary. Blau & Hirsch, 143 Madison Av.

TRICOLETTES Wanted—Plain and fancy, all colors; must be cheap. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th St.

TRICOLETTE Wanted—Fancy weaves; can be odds and ends; at a price. B. H. Simon Co., 27 West 27th.

TRICOTINE Wanted—At price, 5783, 4718, 9541; H. L. Tinseltone, Stevens Bolivia, Botany, Palama, reindeer, velour, manufacturer, Vandebbilt 4634, 1389.

TRICOTINES Wanted — American 6630 or 0977. Also several hundred pieces. Rabinowitz Dress, 38 West 32d.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Open for quantity 36-inch cotton warp, black. Block & Schiller, 143 West 29th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Americans, navy and black; spot cash. H. Klavans, Watkins 6196.

TRICOTINE Wanted—American, black, any number. Premier Garment Co., 148 West 28th.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Andrews 5783; other fine qualities. Morris Haft, Watkins 6134.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Open to buy tricotine; call with samples. Goldstein, 46 West 26th.

TRICOTINES Wanted — Forstman-Huffman 10140, tricofina. Watkins 3061.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Will buy for cash; must be cheap. Gramercy 3179.

TRICOTINE Wanted—All makes, navy, for cash. Madison Square 8160.

TWEEDS Wanted—Seconds; Fisher and Kennedy, 1000-3400; brown and green velour. Phone Spring 7535.

VELOURS Wanted—Stevens, style 4514, shade 552 brown; also Yalama and Duvet de Laine. Madison Square 3116.

VELOURS Wanted—Lightweight, navy and tan; spot cash. Etkin Co., 147 West 26th. Watkins 4546.

VELOURS Wanted—3016, dark brown, reindeer, rookie, dark pekin. Madison Square 6688.

VELOUR Wanted—Cotton warp; assorted shades; must be suit weight. Stuyvesant 7804.

VELOUR Wanted—Slaters, in all colors. Ulin & Einstein, 39 West 19th.

VELOURS Wanted—Open for all wool. 5 West 30th, 6th floor.

VELOUR Wanted—Brown American, 6300 or similar. Watkins 186.

VELOURS Wanted—715 or similar. Ohringer, 19 West 20th.

VENETIANS Wanted—Black; must be very reasonable. Zimmerman & Carrier, 48 West 23d.

VOILES Wanted—Extra hard twist, white; will pay cash. S. W. Waist Co., 36 West 24th St.

WAISTS Wanted—We are open for a line of waists, dresses, coats, wash skirts, petticoats and suits, also kimonos. Salan & Wit, 12 West 31st.

DRESSES—Contractor has 500 printed voile and lingne dresses to close out at a sacrifice; several styles. B. & D. Dress Co., 24 West 20th St. Chelsea 5239.

DRESSES—10,000 wash and printed voiles, $2.50 to $6.75, also printed georgettes, silk lined, $8.50, for immediate delivery. Pan American, 12 West 21st St.

DRESSES—Printed georgette, foulard and crepe de chine; sport models; exceptionally low prices; immediate delivery. I. Rand & Co., 37 West 20th St.

DRESSES—Stouts; manufacturer is closing out voiles from $3.75 up; Susq. poplin, $8.50; also satins and georgettes. Liman Dress, 17 West 17th.

DRESSES—Contractor sacrificing prices on high grade organdie and voile dresses; over 20 styles; worth your while to inspect. 134 West 29th, Room 304.

DRESSES—Printed voiles and organdies, snappy styles, real sellers at a price for immediate delivery; it will pay you to give us a call. Stanley Dorf, 12

Wholesale Only

SALES STIMULATORS FOR SUMMER

COTTON DRESSES

"Styled to the moment" "Priced to meet present day demands"

Junior—Misses'—Ladies'
white embroidered and fancy voiles, organdies, nets and dotted Swisses

On the racks
for immediate delivery

To close out at a price	500 party dresses, chiffons, taffetas, silknet.

Greenberg Wiener & Co.,
31 West 27th St., New York

Wholesale Only.

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TEXTILE CORP.
122-124-126 FIFTH AVE.
New York

When you sample up on wash goods be sure that SCHWARZ quality wash fabrics are among them.

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5000 Dozen
WAISTS

Immediate Delivery

$9.00 Per Doz.

New styles, Voiles and Organdies, white and colors, short and long "set in" sleeves. Not "odds and ends," "jobs" or "left overs"—all new, snappy styles.

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Cotton Waists Exclusively
119-125 West 24th St. N. Y.

Wholesale Only

10,000
Cotton Voile
DRESSES
$2.50 up
5,000 Silk Dresses
Immediate Delivery
JACOBS BROS.,
34 W. 32nd St.

Wholesale Only.

To Close Out
400
SPRING SUITS
Good Styles.
KARL LIGHT
Watkins 4851. 129 W. 27th.

SILK FABRICS
FOR THE
WHOLESALE TRADE
LIONDALE MERCANTILE CO. INC.
Importers. Converters.
24 West 23d St., N. Y. C.
Phone Madison Square 8218.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

AKRON, Ohio—M. O'Neill Co.; H. G. Cameron, children's, misses' ready-to-wear; 37 W. 20th.

AKRON, Ohio—C. H. Yeager Co.; Frank Hook, silk shirts, underwear; Waldorf-Astoria.

ALBANY, N. Y.—Gold's Stores; J. Leif, jobs sport dresses; L. Gold, bathing suits, sweaters; 366 5th Av., Room 715.

ALBANY—Sporberg Millinery Co.; E. A. Sporberg, silks, flowers, feathers; 611 B'way; Pennsylvania.

ATLANTA—The Fair; S. Saul, ready-to-wear; Pennsylvania.

ATLANTA—J. Saul & Co.; J. Saul, men's clothing; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Stewart & Co.; Mrs. M. Lannon, waists, muslin underwear, negligees, infants' wear; 9 W. 57th.

BALTIMORE—Cahn-Coblens Co.; S. Blum, jewelry, silverware, toys; 220 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.

BALTIMORE—Levis Bros.; S. Levin, clothing materials; Breslin.

BALTIMORE—H. Sonnenborn & Co.; B. Makover, woolens; the Annex.

BALTIMORE—Spiro & Co.; Miss Spiro, jobs silk, cotton dresses; 1,170 B'way, Room 610.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala. — Alabama D. G. Co.; M. N. Kneeneberg, women's ready-to-wear, hosiery; men's shirts, furnishings; McAlpin.

BOSTON—Jordan Marsh Co.; E. A. Pendergast, mdse. manager; E. A. Pitman, books; P. McHugh, silks, dress goods; R. A. Bedley, laces; Mrs. L. Altimas, women's coats, skirts; Miss A. V. Burns, house dresses; W. T. Mosman, silk waists, sweaters; F. A. Burdick, women's coats, bathing suits, dress skirts; J. T. Donovan, men's hosiery, underwear; E. H. Bell, upholstery, lace curtains, portieres; D. E. Walsh, linings, wash goods; G. H. Guest, house furnishings, hardware, baskets, woodenware, electrical goods; W. J. Brooks, silverware, clocks; Miss M. Sweeney, women's tailored and high grade suits; Miss L. McCarthy, silk waists, cotton waists, children's waists; C. J. Brady, mdse. manager; Miss M. E. Mahoney, misses' dresses; W. S. Tufts, mdse. manager; C. H. Hurd, women's hosiery, knit underwear; R. G. Hawkins, rugs, oil cloths, carpets; P. F. Keefe, misses' coats, skirts, bathing suits, children's furs; 433 4th Av.

BOSTON—Gilchrist Co.; upstairs, Miss Hornstein, fur coats; Miss E. Minahan, wash, fancy dresses; basement, A. Cohen, coats, suits, skirts, dresses, baby suits; G. Winchester, silk, cotton waists; Miss E. Keltner, muslin underwear, aprons, house dresses, corsets, petticoats, infants' wear; Miss Rubin, millinery; A. S. Aronson, boys' clothing, furnishings; Miss R. Rice, gloves, hosiery, knit underwear; 200 5th Av.

BOSTON—Wm. Filene's Sons Co.; upstairs, Miss O'Regan, misses' coats; Mrs. Bogle, silk and muslin underwear; Miss Gilman, childrens, juniors', girls' dresses, raincoats, skirts; Miss Morrissey, women's skirts; J. Miller, boys' clothing; F. Phillips, women's coats and suits, skirts; Mr. Bradley, men's merchandise manager; basement, Miss J. Callahan, silk and muslin underwear; Mrs. Ring, women's and misses' dresses; Mr. O'Brien, women's and misses' coats and suits; Miss A. Golding, waists; Mrs. Kasanof, women's neckwear; Miss Greenberg, millinery; Mr. Goldberg, men's furnishings; C. O. Cooper, general merchandise; H. Levy, waists; 225 5th Av.

BOSTON—Sylvia-Coppinger Co.; F. L. Sylvia, dry goods; 54 Leonard.

BOSTON—E. T. Slattery Co.; Miss Hutchins, moderate price dresses; 10 E. 23d.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—L. S. Given; Mr. Diamond, jobs, ready-to-wear; 37 W. 20th.

BUFFALO—Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Co.; W. Brydon, linens, prints; Miss M. Galligan, muslin underwear; Miss J. MacLaren; waists, silk, petticoats, sweaters; 230 5th Av.

BUFFALO—Wm. Hengerer Co.; Miss Jackson, muslin underwear, negligees; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO—J. N. Adam & Co.; Miss Dooley, muslin underwear, negligees, corsets; 2 W. 37th.

BUFFALO—Hens & Kelly Co.; A. E. Vetter, ready-to-wear; 1,164 Broadway.

CHARLESTON, S. C.—M. Marks & Sons; M. M. Marks, holiday and fancy goods; Commodore.

CHARLESTON, W. Va.—H. H. Noel Co.; H. H. Noel, jobs silk, cotton dresses; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.

CHICAGO—Marshall Field & Co.; F. O. Stevens, T. V. Hinako, Oriental rugs; W. V. Mesriman, women's hosiery; 1,107 Broadway.

CHICAGO—L. Klein Co.; L. Lebosky, women's misses' ready-to-wear; 1,164 Broadway.

CHICAGO — Hillman's; H. M. Hillman, ready-to-wear; Ed. Levy, jewelry, toilet articles, leather goods, silverware, drug sundries; Miss Ewing, jobs waists; Miss Carey, silk, muslin underwear, infants' wear; silk kimonos, house dresses, silk petticoats; 227 5th Av.

CHICAGO—Morris, Mann & Reilly; H. Morris, leather goods, jewelry, women's neckwear, knit goods, infants' wear, imports; 27 W. 34th.

CHICAGO—J. V. Farwell Co.; E. T. Fogerty, white goods; 72 Leonard.

CHICAGO—Emporium Millinery Co.; E. A. Barnum, millinery; 631 B'way.

CHICAGO—North Shore Fashion Shop; B. Neiger, ready-to-wear; 145 W. 33d, 2d floor.

CHICAGO—Carson, Pirie & Scott Co.; Miss G. Ray, women's suits; 404 4th Av.

CHICAGO—Mandel Bros.; Mrs. N. Yandell, infants' wear, petticoats, house dresses, kimonos, aprons; 13 E. 22d.

CHICAGO—Gordon Cloak House Co.; E. E. Gordon, Fall coats, suits, dresses; 15 E. 26th, Room 910.

CINCINNATI—Fair Store Co.; H. Alexander, cotton piece goods; 36 E. 26th.

CLEVELAND—Bailey Co.; W. H. Gerber, laces, embroideries; 37 W. 20th.

CLEVELAND—May Co.; J. E. Williams, books, stationery; A. N. Oldriew, hosiery, underwear; C. E. Elkington, ribbons, laces, neckwear; 37 W. 20th.

CLEVELAND—Hirsch Co.; P. Hirsch, jobs cotton dresses, basement; Miss E. Cohen, jobs silk dresses; 1,261 B'way.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Armbruster Co.; H. E. Armbruster, hosiery, underwear; knit goods, 353 4th Av.; Penn.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—F. & R. Lazarus & Co.; Miss Winkler, waists; 225 5th Av.

COLUMBUS, Ohio—Morehouse-Martens Co.; J. A. Grimes, cotton, silk dresses; Miss A. Ayers, assisting; 6 West 32d.

DAVENPORT, Iowa—R. & H. Abrahams; B. M. Abrahams, women's, misses' coats, suits, 303 5th Av.; Penn.

DAYTON—Rike-Kumler Co.; A. W. Nack, hosiery, underwear; 225 5th Av.

DAYTON—Dayton Clothing Mfg. Co.; J. B. Richards, clothing; Wellington.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; Miss M. Osborne, dresses; Miss Tansey, toilet articles; 225 5th Av.

DETROIT—Crowley-Milner & Co.; Miss A. G. Anderson, specials, muslin, silk underwear; J. T. Dennis, books, stationery; Miss B. T. Thompson, specials, house and porch dresses; 120 W. 22d.

DETROIT—J. L. Hudson Co.; A. H. Schraubun, leather goods, jewelry, silverware, 225 5th Av.; Penn.

EVANSVILLE, Ind.—Max De Jong & Co.; M. De Jong, ready-to-wear; 120 W. 23d, 14th floor.

FT. DODGE, Iowa—Tuerke Merc. Co.; Mr. Seidler, hosiery, men's clothing, boy's wash suits, leather goods; Mr. Smokspad, waists, skirts; 353 4th Av.

HAGERSTOWN, Md.—Brown's Smart Shop; C. F. Hoffman, jobs silk skirts, waists; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.

INDIANAPOLIS—Pettis D. G. Co.; C. W. Gay, waists, corsets, infants' wear; 200 5th Av.

JOHNSTOWN, Pa.—M. Nathan & Bro.; J. M. Lloyd, Spring coats, suits, wash dresses; 37 W. 20th.

KANSAS CITY—Smith, McCord & Townsend D. G. Co.; F. C. Barbee, silks, dress goods; 72 Leonard.

KANSAS CITY, Mo.—Berkson Bros.; Miss R. Frank, jobs waists; 16 W. 36th.

KANSAS CITY—Spalding Cloak Co.; R. S. Fisk, ready-to-wear; 305 5th Av.

KANSAS CITY—Fitts, Smith D. G. Co.; J. C. Fitts, domestics, dry goods; 43 Leonard.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine; H. Kehn, silks, dress goods; 230 5th Av.; Pennsylvania.

LINCOLN, Neb.—Miller & Paine; G. Watkins, women's neckwear, hosiery; 230 5th Av.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark.—Gus Blass Co.; A. E. Sparling, ready-to-wear; 1,150 B'way, 8th floor.

LOS ANGELES—A. Hamburger & Sons; W. W. Taylor, hosiery, underwear, waists, men's, boys' clothing, furnishings, basement; 225 5th Av., Room 535.

LOS ANGELES—Broadway Department Store; Miss B. Kampf, blouses, middies, porch dresses, kimonos; 95 Madison Av.

LOS ANGELES—Bullock's; Mr. Bennett, shoes; 225 5th Av.

MILWAUKEE, Wis.—Ed. Schuster & Co.; H. Greenblatt, merchandise manager; 16 W. 36th.

MILWAUKEE—A. Landauer & Co.; A. Landauer, piece goods; 395 B'way.

MINNEAPOLIS—Powers Mercantile Co.; Miss M. Garry, muslin underwear, house dresses, negligees, bathing suits, petticoats; 2 W. 37th.

MINNEAPOLIS — Wyman-Partridge Co.; H. L. Gearhart, housefurnishings; 43 Leonard.

NEW HAVEN—Mendel & Freedman; Mr. Shenker, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d.

NORWICH, Conn.—Reid & Hughes Co.; W. H. Cruikshank, mdse. manager; 404 4th Av.; Continental.

PASSAIC, N. J.—Goldman Fashion Shop; L. Feigenbaum, jobs silk, cotton dresses, wash skirts; 9 W. 20th, 4th floor.

PAWTUCKET, R. I.—Shartsenberg & Robinson Co.; D. F. Campbell; upholstery; 404 4th Av.

PETERSBURG, Va.—A. Rosenstock & Co.; Miss F. O. Farthing, ready-to-wear; 44 E. 23d.

PHILADELPHIA—N. Snellenburg & Co.; Miss R. Cohen, jobs waists, dresses; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Strawbridge & Clothier; G. A. Ford, Miss Hankry, waists, dresses; 230 5th Av.

PHILADELPHIA—Blauner's; Miss Schenk, jobs silk skirts; L. Herschl, jobs girls' Summer dresses; 120 W. 23d, 14th floor.

PHILADELPHIA—Schor's Specialty Shop; I. Schor, jobs better grade charmeuse, satin dresses; 1,204 B'way, Room 400.

PHILADELPHIA — Adler Stores; G. Adler, women's, misses' silk, cotton dresses; 1,170 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Mendall's; Mrs. Freedman, jobs women's georgette, cotton dresses, children's wash dresses; M. Hirsch, jobs tricolette blouses; 1,170 B'way, Room 902.

PHILADELPHIA — Lit Bros.; M. Feldman, jobs skirts, dresses; 1,261 B'way.

PHILADELPHIA—Gimbel Bros.; Miss A. McLaughlin, women's Fall dresses; R. P. Montague, gloves; D. E. Scott, men's furnishing goods; V. Zehner, candy; B'way and 33d.

PHILADELPHIA—Hirsch's; Mrs. Dorshaw, M. Einhorn, jobs silk, cotton dresses, basement; 37 W. 20th.

PHILADELPHIA—M. Fuhrman, woolens; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—A. Hyman & Co.; A. Hyman, carpets; Breslin.

PHILADELPHIA—Jamison Brothers; S. Jamison, pants materials; Flanders.

PHILADELPHIA—Reliance Skirt Co.; M. Kramer, skirtings; Aberdeen.

PHILADELPHIA—Maxwell & Polin; W. J. Maxwell, dress goods; Breslin.

PITTSBURGH—Frank J. Seder; E. Frank, jobs waists, dresses, underwear; A. Attfield, shirts; H. J. Chambers, furs; 16 W. 36th.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann's Dept. Store; A. B. Kuehn, H. Heyman, Miss L. Ratsky, jobs dresses; 1,261 B'way.

PITTSBURGH—Kaufmann & Baer; H. Katzman, jobs high-grade silk, cloth dresses; 404 4th Av.

PITTSBURGH — Rosenbaum Co.; Miss C. Meade, gloves, women's neckwear; 120 W. 23d.

PITTSBURGH—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.; W. McKelvy, fancy goods, notions; 43 Leonard.

PROVIDENCE—L. Shuman Co.; S. Hirsch, jobs silk dresses, 120 West 36th, 8th floor.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—McCurdy Co.; Miss L. Skeels, dresses; McAlpin.

SALT LAKE CITY—Knight Woolen Co.; G. Pittenkeimer, representing; 366 B'way.

SAN FRANCISCO—Mal Furs; L. Hart, Fall dresses; 225 5th Av., Room 739.

SCRANTON, Pa.—Wyoming Garment Co.; L. Harris, jobs silk skirts, wash dresses; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo.—Kest & Rountree; G. L. Campbell, factory dept.; R. Poucher, dress goods, silks; 72 Leonard.

ST. LOUIS—Famous & Barr Co.; O. D. Heflin, domestics (basement); H. S. Kline, linens, stationery; 37 W. 20th.

ST. LOUIS—Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co.; T. F. Tracey, mdse. manager, ready-to-wear; Miss G. Newman, jobs women's cotton dresses; Miss Saumon, negligees, bathrobes, bathing suits; Miss J. Baron, gloves; Mrs. H. W. Schults, jobs women's neckwear; 1,107 B'way.

ST. LOUIS—Scruggs-Vandervoort-Barney; Miss A. F. Hall, misses' dresses; 225 5th Av.

ST. LOUIS — Famous & Barr Co.; J. Jonas, hats; 37 W. 20th; The Annex.

ST. LOUIS—Thos. W. Garland; Miss R. House, dresses, costumes; Collingwood.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Shapiro Co.; S. Shapiro, boys' pants materials; 740 B'way.

SYRACUSE, N. Y.—Peerless Cloak and Suit Co.; Miss Mara, waists; Pennsylvania.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind.—Petersdorf Co.; S. Petersdorf, Fall suits; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.

TOLEDO—W. L. Milner & Co.; E. C. Camper, wash dresses; E. A. Bessire, wash goods; 120 W. 23d.

TOLEDO—Lasalle & Koch Co.; W. H. Campbell, linens, wash goods; 225 5th Av.

TOLEDO—Thompson Hudson Co.; C. M. Forr, domestics, linens; 200 5th Av., Room 514.

WASHINGTON—Woodward & Lathrop; Miss J. Alder, corsets; J. A. Hobson, curtains, draperies, upholstery goods; G. Louis, toys, sporting goods, trunks, candies, musical instruments; 534 4th Av.

WATERTOWN, N. Y.—Frank A. Empsall & Co.; L. R. Carpenter, millinery; 120 W. 23d.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Wilkes-Barre D. G. Co.; I. Jones, piece goods; 22 E. 26th.

WILKES-BARRE, Pa.—Wyoming Garment Co.; H. Krueger, jobs silk waists; 120 W. 36th, 8th floor.

WORCESTER, Mass.—Barnard, Sumner & Putnam Co.; Charles Heller, cloaks, suits, furs; 404 4th Av.

YOUNGSTOWN—S. K. Siegel & Co.; W. J. Fry, general mdse.; 366 5th Av.

Cotton Congress Opens Tomorrow.

HERNE, June 7.—One hundred and thirty delegates representing fourteen countries will participate in the deliberations of the first after-the-war Cotton Congress, which will be held in Zurich from June 9 to June 11. Problems of exchange, progress made in the culture of cotton and the assistance given by scientists in the industry will be discussed. Proposals have been made for an arbitration tribunal which will work for better legislation governing the industry and which will strive to improve the condition of workers.

BUSINESS RECORDS

In Town.

SCHUMAN BROS.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against David, Bernhard and Abraham Schuman, trading as Schuman Brothers, furriers at 312 Seventh Avenue, by these creditors: Carl Dernberg & Son, $200; Jacob Benjamin, $2,500, and Kramer & Wallin, $1,900. Liabilities are stated to be about $80,000 and assets about $50,000.

LAUREL WOOLEN MILLS—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Herman Gersten, trading as Laurel Woolen Mills, jobber in woolens, at 229 Fourth Avenue, by these creditors: Charles Globus, $100; David Weiss, $90, and M. Dunst, $500. It is stated that the liabilities are approximately $30,000 and the assets about $5,500.

CRAVEN & WESTERFIELD—William A. Craven and George E. Westerfield, trading as Craven & Westerfield, at 34 Riverdale Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y., have filed a petition in bankruptcy here, with liabilities of $9,192 and no assets. Among the creditors are the Yonkers Builders' Supply Company, judgment claim for $6,784; William Kay, Yonkers, N. Y., $408, and H. W. Heath, Yonkers, N. Y., $400.

MILDRED YOUNG AND YOUNG AUCTION ROOMS—Mildred Young and Frederick C. Young, trading as Mildred Young and Young Auction Rooms, crockery, &c., at 114 West 125th Street, have filed schedules in bankruptcy, with liabilities of $5,058 and assets of $2,500, consisting of stock $1,500 and fixtures $1,000. Among the creditors are A. Ash, $1,150; Moninans Brothers, $436, and Jacob J. Schukler, $670. The stock and fixtures were assigned to Edward W. Honig.

DISCHARGES FROM BANKRUPTCY—Judge A. N. Hand has granted discharges from bankruptcy to the following named: Aubrey B. Sims, trading as Aubrey B. Sims & Co., stock broker, at 111 Broadway, liabilities were $20,840; Harris Seal, 205 East Broadway, liabilities were $105,542; Philip Englander, builder, 45 West 143d Street; Nathan Frank, manager, 274 Third Avenue; Abraham Sternlieb, manager restaurant, 877 Intervale Avenue; Edwin French, manager linen department, Waldorf-Astoria Hotel; Louis Rosenblum, painter, 852 East 172d Street; Max Rosenbaum, painter, 75 West 118th Street; Samuel Libowitz, real estate, 1,880 Park Avenue; Bertha Blumenfeld, manufacturer infants' wear, 179 Amsterdam Avenue; Julius Thurman, salesman, 251 West Seventy-ninth Street; Samuel Rubenstein, hat frames, 1,838 Third Avenue; Nathan Blank, Port Chester, N. Y., and Harry Herson, Spring Valley, N. Y.

JUDGMENTS.

Filed yesterday; the first name being that of the debtor:

In New York County.

Arlock, Morris—A. Glovine.....$325.41
American League Baseball Club of N. Y.—H. Ramos.....596.55
Burstein, Morris—A. M. Majano.....120.42
Baiser, Isadore—L. Silberman.....100.70
Baxter, Abraham—N. Bender.....315.20
Bagdade, Joseph—M. Dinits & Son.....500.78
Brontheis, Addison and John O'Hare—Morris Plan Co. N. Y.....215.30
Blackhall, Walter and Walter L.—Morris Plan Co. N. Y.....113.90
Bangs, Richard C. and Max—Morris Plan Co. N. Y.....113.90
Blankstein, Edward—C. T. Hanscom.....235.41
Cusumano, Salvatore, Benny Cusumano and Alois Mertzel—E. McGowan.....501.99
Chenar, Leo—M. Myionas.....437.30
College of the City of N. Y.—C. G. Mandeville.....476.30
Community Development Corp.—John Simmons Co.....113.25
Cole, Chas. E.—Van Beuren and New York Bill Posting Co.....527.20
Cohen, Albert—I. E. Cohen.....397.20
Chazan, Harry—B. Ellman et al.....266.53
Cutler, Max—Nazis Packing Co.....255.65
Dodge, Edward R.—H. Altman & Co.....100.28
Dunn, Charles—J. Werkeman et al.....284.14
De Otmone, Guiseppe—Commonwealth Finance Corp.....651.30
Egan, Michael, Thomas Egan, Francis and Bernard D.—D. J. Corbett.....505.60
Fleitman, Watjen & Co. Inc.—Bronx Provision Corp.....18,188.92
Freighters Transportation Co., Inc.—Columbia Naval Stores Co.....73,590.12
42d St., Manhattanville and St. Nicholas Avenue Railway Co.—P. Wichowski.....600.00
Goodman, Samuel—H. H. Pieser.....316.30
Goldston, Michael—A. Balsam et al.....123.93
Hudson Motor Specialties Co., re Penn. Corp. and William P. Hudson Co.—H. C. Reich.....180,347.68
Howard, Taylor W.—Hanhouw Realty Co.....190.18
Hirshberg, James—L. Furiestein.....400.77
Horan, Francis J.—Clark & Hutcheon, Inc.....488.44
Hahn, Bernard—M. Reilly.....120.30
H. & L. Feldman Contracting Co., Inc.—L. Waller, costs.....132.70
Jackson Style Co., Inc.—Zendman Sons & Co., Inc.....504.97
Johnson, James—People &c.....300
Jennings, Frank R.—Park & Tilford.....220.05
Knowles, George J.—S. J. Lyon.....219.50
Karle, Eugene—A. V. Testocps.....427.04
Kelly, William P.—S. Murray.....2,192.00
Klein, William E.—W. E. Pruden Hardware Co.....177
Levinson, Samuel and Alexander—H. Febest.....168.19
Lambert, Louis and J. P. Garage Co., Inc.—Yorkville Motor Co., Inc.....381.75
McCollum, Charles J.—J. Strickler.....100.40
Marks, Charles and Frederick W. Alger—G. E. Dickison.....190.34
MacKinney, Otis—D. Scott.....1,292.21
Manchell, Louis and Isie Weinstein—People, &c.....500
Norske Lloyd Ins. Co., Ltd.—Columbia Trust Co., costs.....178.82
Nemours Trading Co. (Corp.)—R. Dodge.....10,306.28
Newman, Joseph N.—H. Schwabish et al.....192.89
Nathan, Lee—E. H. Wearns.....1,041.42
Pollack, Joseph—Morris Plan Co., N. Y.....161.70
Palcock, Stephen—Weis & Gerweck.....1,611.42
Phoenix Ins. Co., Walter G. Jones et al., executors, &c.—G. I. Skinner et al., costs.....268.86
Rachman, Louis—Z. Rachman, costs.....$116.63
Rogers, Geo. T.—G. I. Skinner, costs.....131.26
Ritter, Samuel—H. Yeager.....122.50
Risley, Walter C.—Limpert Bros., Inc.....108.69
Stone, Lee, and Natl. Surety Co.—People, &c.....1,000.00
Schanover, William—Morris Plan Co., N. Y.....111.70
Schwartz, Irving—Monimans, Brothers.....161.70
Simon Ginsberger & Bro., Inc.—I. Ephron, costs.....109.10
Stern, Arthur—Hebart Mfg. Co.....254.30
Standler, Philip—Frank J. Lennon Co.....287.50
Sturm, Leo F.—H. Perlman et al.....324.75
Stone, Lee, and Natl. Surety Co.—People, &c.....2,000.00
Structural Erecting Co.—Burns Bros.....103.66
Sisca, Marziale, and Pisnisano Realty Co.—P. Altino.....800.80
Siegel, Samuel, and David Lipkoff—S. Abramowitz.....1,373.76
Thies, Harry, and T. & T. Garage—W. E. Pruden Hardware Co.....118.77
Times Square Improvement Co.—James McCreery Realty Corp.....218.01
Tibbs, Horace—James A. Hearn & Co., Inc.....132.05
Vanish, Nick—A. Bass.....188.75
Wilson, Richard T.—C. G. Coakley.....662.06
Waldvogel, Hugo—M. Oppenheim.....425.53
Wurzburger, Irving, and Felix Arbardt—Morris Plan Co., N. Y.....111.70

In Bronx County.

Adler, Irving J.—C. Adler.....$25.00
Brock, Frank—Vacuum Cleaner Spec. Co., Inc.....41.70
Butler, William—C. H. Banks.....70.00
Same—J. J. Butler et al.....85.50
Same—J. J. Butler.....75.00
Carse, David B.—Burteindt Bros., Inc.....217.36
Fried, Benjamin—M. Fried.....117.30
Golden, H. Thorpe—B. Wonko et al.....117.70
Hirschberg, James—L. Peristein.....485.77
Kirwin, John and Louis Roamer—Haime Distilling Co.....616.84
Lowenthal, David—Z. Honig et al.....96.98
Same—Same.....99.70
Silver, George—B. Cohen Sons, Inc.....948.72
Schlusberg, Isaac—F. Halduk et al.....90.41
Westcott Express Co.—A. Schwartzbach.....2,154.08
Younger, Alfred—M. Cohen.....30.72
Burke, Stanley, as Gdn.—J. Fels.....79.07
Burke, Stanley—Same.....79.07
Krug, Irving—J. Sultan.....125.24

SATISFIED JUDGMENTS.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed:

In New York County.

Hammerschlag, Wolf—Nemoffer & Burger, Inc.; July 10, 1917.....$104.21
Pliaschnick, Bernard & Pliaschnick Mfg. Co.—C. Bihler, April 20, 1917...600.00
Same—Same; April 20, 1917.....600.00
Baldwin, Thomas F.—Henry Bliss Brewing Co.; April 16, 1914.....4,820.97
Curtis, Wm. B.—N. Boomhour; March 8, 1917.....1,100.62
Same—Same; March 8, 1917.....2,306.60
Weber & Heilbronner-Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins Corp.; Nov. 19, 1919; reversed.....126.48
Russell L. Enos, Inc.—Kissel Motor Car Co.; May 20, 1920.....169.95
Gillette, Maurice and Charles—R. Guzzini et al.; April 28, 1920.....109.40

In Bronx County.

Gallant, Gilson and Antonio—J. Klentsch; June 2, 1914.....$127.67
Gallant, Antonio—J. Bell Co.; Sept. 29, 1914.....115.14
Hirsh, Irving M.—S. Barracon; April 28, 1920.....175.00

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WAISTS
NOW $9 Doz.
NOW $12 Doz.
SPOT DELIVERY
LARRY GOLDBERG,
1270 B'WAY, N.Y. CITY.

WHOLESALE ONLY.
DRESSES
TO CLOSE OUT
We Are Selling Our Entire Stock of
SILK AND COTTON DRESSES
AT BIG SACRIFICES.
They Are Going Very Fast.
HUGO H. LEVY & BROS.
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Wholesale Only
5,000 Petticoats
NOTE—Purchased entire mill output, 200,000 yards silk, at a price. Take advantage. BUY NOW.
Silks, Silk Mixtures, Jerseys, Taffetas, Satins and Fancies
$2.00 2.75 3.00
Send your open orders today.
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CLOSING OUT
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The quickest sellers you ever had!
$3.75 to $9.75
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SMOCKS
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$15.00 to $48.00
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FORD SKIRT CO.,
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We want to cooperate with you, Mr. Retailer, in bringing down the cost of coats to a reasonable basis.
Give YOUR CUSTOMERS the benefit of our styles and low prices.
Get greater results from increased sales FOR YOURSELF
You'll secure these advantages when you buy our new
SPRING LINE OF COATS
For WOMEN and MISSES
From $7.50 to $27.00
For CHILDREN
From $3.00 to $14.00
WE GUARANTEE THEM TO BE the GREATEST VALUES in Amerika
Thousands of COATS now on hands for
IMMEDIATE DELIVERY
The Fleischer Cloak & Suit Co
20-28 WEST 33rd STREET, NEW YORK

Reprint from N. Y. Times of January 13, 1920.

For Helping to Start Prices on the downward path!!

Five Months Ago We Saw the Handwriting on the Wall and Advertised "The Beginning of the End of High Prices."

Now We Are Offering Thousands of
FULL LENGTH COATS
WRAPS & SPORT COATS
From $3.25 Up

SATIN, TAFFETA, BOLIVIA, SILVERTONE, TRICOTINE, MIXTURES & POLO CLOTH.

The Fleischer Cloak & Suit Co
20-28 WEST 33rd STREET, NEW YORK

Our prices can't be beat!

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The Best House for Cotton Dresses
"TIP TOP" of course
In stock for shipments from $3.37½ up
WE ARE STILL BUSY MAKING
Tricolette
Georgette
Foulard
Taffeta
DRESSES
At prices lower than others, in stock awaiting your orders.
Don't forget our Sport Suits and Shirts. They are in big demand now.
Tip Top Waist & Dress Co.
35 West 32d St. N. Y. 34 West 33d St.

WHOLESALE ONLY.
SENSATIONAL WAIST VALUES
HEAVY GEORGETTE WAISTS
EMBROIDERED AND LACE TRIMMED
$5.00 Values at $3.00
$7.50 Values at $3.75
Write, wire or telephone your open orders—they will be shipped the same day.
Fair Waist & Dress Co., Inc.
ABRAHAM CEVIRTZ, Pres.
1372-1378 BROADWAY 37th St. NEW YORK CITY

WHOLESALE ONLY
Famous Palm Knit Sweaters
Our Production Having Been Greatly Increased
We Are Prepared to Offer Our Popular Priced
Pure Silk and Fibre
SWEATERS
For Immediate Delivery
Palm Knitting Co., Inc.
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JOBS—WHOLESALE ONLY
SATIN DRESSES $6.75
SILVERMAN & STOCK
130 WEST 28TH STREET

SHIRTS
Out of town contractor making 800 dozen high grade band shirts weekly will contract to cut, make and trim additional 500 dozen for reputable concern.
A 1054 TIMES HARLEM

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HOLSTEN YOUNG
AND COMPANY
WOMEN'S MOTOR COATS
Waterproof & Rubberized Tweed Coats
LINEN AND SILK AUTO DUSTERS
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WILL BUY FOR CASH
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5,000 DOZEN
Slipover Nightgowns
ADSO CO.,
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1000
SILK PLUSH COATS
For Spot Cash
Plain and Fur Trimmed
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Greater New York Deliveries of Merchandise
An up-to-date equipment and experienced personnel enable us to give our clients the highest class service.
Our reputation
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Largest Knit Goods House in the trade open for competent entry clerk. Must write plainly, rapid and be expert at figures. Good pay.
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Cut Woven Furs

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Facts and Figures

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The enormous price of furs—even after the present very questionable decline—makes the popularity of *Woven Fur* assured.

Shelton Looms *Woven Fur* so closely reproduces the beauty of the natural fur that it is fairly indistinguishable from it. But, in addition, it has many points of superiority.

One yard of Shelton Looms *Woven Fur* is 50 inches wide, of usable material, with no waste as in furs.

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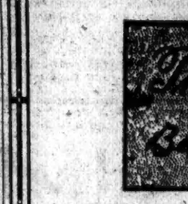

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LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Wednesday, June 2, while shopping, between 8th Av. and 36th St. and Long Island Station, large diamond barpin, platinum setting; liberal reward for return; no questions. H. A. Shields, Metropolitan and Woodward Avs., Brooklyn. Phone Stagg 4230.

LOST—Either at Coney Island, Greeley's bus or taxi that took male passenger to Pier 86, North River, a wallet with passport and $140. Reward $50 if returned, or at least send passport Second Engineer steamship Chester Valley, Pier 86, North River.

LOST—A lady's diamond and platinum band with onyx wrist watch, octagonal in shape and having name Weinberg printed on dial; attached to narrow black silk ribbon with platinum clasp. Liberal reward if returned to G. W. Newgass, 2 Rector St.

LOST—Lady's Elgin watch, gold case, half plain, half decorated, containing old-fashioned works of size not now manufactured; valued as keepsake; liberal reward. Address Professor D. W. Johnson, Columbia University.

LOST—On Friday, June 4, old-fashioned enamel pin, black background with colored flowers, on 34 Av. or 42d cars, or Grand Central Station; reward. Return to John Clarke, 135 Front St., City.

LOST—Sunday night, at West 1st St., Brighton, man's card case containing revolver permit, also small address book; reward. David J. Futterman, care of G. G. G., 14 East 14th.

LOST—Sunday evening, between St. Luke's Hospital and 113th St. on Morningside Drive cameo pin; reward. M. G. Carver, St. Luke's Hospital, 113th St. and Amsterdam Av.

LOST—Glass Razor Coney Island wallet, with four $100 Liberty bonds, sum money, L. O. Moore card; reward. Sergt. Hansen, 461 8th Av., City.

LOST—Watch fob with Spanish lettering in City Hall Park about 1:30 P. M.; intrinsic value; liberal reward. M. 924 Times Downtown.

LOST—Solitaire diamond ring, octagon shape, platinum setting, between 5th Av. and 58th St. and 3d Av., 53d St. liberal reward if returned to 9 West 58th St.

LOST—Umbrella, silk, left in taxi taken by four persons from Biltmore to Vanderbilt Theatre, Saturday, 5 o'clock; reward. Telephone 2677 Rhinelander.

LOST—On Lexington and Lenox Av. car, between 60th and 110th Sts., package of letters; reward if returned 148 West 120th St.; no questions asked.

LOST—In taxicab, black patent leather pocketbook, containing $100, keys, check book, etc.; reward. Call Mrs. J. H. Sted, Woodstock Hotel.

LOST—Friday, in the shopping district, between 46th and 57th Sts., one platinum and diamond bar pin; reward. Murray Hill 479.

LOST—June 4, Greenwich Village Theatre, Persian silk purse and cigarette case. Room 1403, 141 Broadway. Rector 3732.

LOST—Signet ring, initials B. B., lost in taxicab about May 20; liberal reward. Apartment 1,741, Hotel Ansonia.

FOUND—Diamond pin, between 118th and 114th Sts. and Broadway. For information call 374 West 109th St., first floor.

LOST—Kolinsky cape, road, Morgan Camp, N. Y., Sunday. Blythe, 417 West 43d St. Phone 1116 Longacre.

LOST—Sapphire-diamond ring, marked "S. M. D. F., July 19, 1914"; reward. Brown, 218 East 12th St.

LOST—Woolworth Building lobby, brown leather purse, money, &c.; liberal reward. Watkins 2715.

LOST—Gold monogrammed ribbon fob; initials P. J. S.; reward. Shrier, 127 West 24th St.

LOST—Saturday, bag, pencil, trimming, money; reward; no questions. K 65 Times.

$250 REWARD

for return of barpin containing large centre diamond and 8 small diamonds and 12 sapphires, lost June 4, between East 43d and 58th Sts., or in taxicab. Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$500 REWARD

for return of heart shaped platinum and diamond watch, ruby in centre, attached to diamond monogramed pin, initials E. D. L.; lost May 26. Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

$200 REWARD

for fancy diamond bar brooch, platinum and gold; lost Friday, May 28, vicinity 5th Av. shopping district; return to Black, Starr & Frost, 5th Av. and 48th St.

$200 REWARD

for return of platinum bar pin, containing 3 large and numerous small diamonds, lost May 21. R. Hammell, 542 5th Av.

$250 reward for Buick touring, license 218637; frame, 596200; engine 576581; taken May 31 from 109th St. Phone Burrow, Whitehall 1300.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Russian sable neckpiece, Lord & Taylor label, Tuesday night, on 5th Av., between 40th and 46th Sts., or 5th Av. bus to 77th St., east to Park Av.; reward. Rhinelander 1284.

LOST—Small skin neckpiece Sunday from auto, North Shore, between Jamaica and Port Washington; reward. 577 5th St., Brooklyn. Phone South 2070M.

LOST—Blown off by wind, 50th and 5th, brown milan straw hat. Finder rewarded at E. Rigon, 21 East 46th.

LOST—In taxi cab, Saturday, 12 P. M., mink scarf; reward. Columbus 2928.

LOST—Mink neckpiece, Saturday night in taxicab. Intervale 8566.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—$100 REWARD for the return of Boston terrier, (male, brindle), having collar with name, Toby inscribed thereon; disappeared from 227 Riverside Drive on June 2; finder will receive above reward and no questions asked by applying to Thos. J. O'Reilly, 227 Riverside Drive. Phone Academy 1600.

LOST—Riverside Drive to 72d and Broadway, 69th St. and Broadway, fox terrier; brown spot on back, two brown spots on eyes, with collar and leash; liberal reward. Samuel, Flanders Hotel, 47th St. Phone 8376 Bryant.

LOST—Chow dog, Sunday night; collar and black strap, no license; reward. Mrs. M. Janis, 3 West 87th St.

PERSONAL.

HEIRS AT LAW OF CLARENCE M. Lewis, deceased, of Providence, R. I.: Information is desired as to the address of the brothers of the late Clarence M. Lewis of Providence, R. I., who deceased in that city in 1916, supposed to have left as his heirs at law Gardner Lewis and Charles Edgar Lewis. Communicate with Edward C. Stiness, attorney-at-law, 10 Weybosset St., Providence, R. I.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT JOSEPH MARIN is no longer connected with the firm of ISAAC STERNBERG SON & CO., 1,140 Broadway, and that Isaac Sternberg and Julius Sternberg continue business under the name of Isaac Sternberg & Son at 1,140 Broadway.

Will the persons riding in a taxicab involved in an accident by which a man was run over at the northeast corner of 80th St. and Broadway on Jan. 2, 1920, at 6:20 P. M., or any other witnesses kindly communicate with A. T., Times Downtown.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE CONducted by the undersigned has been terminated June 1st, 1920. (Signed) Sampson & Richman, 20 East 20th, N. Y.

FOR SALE—TWO LADIES', ONE GENTLEman's second class passage Lapland, June 12, Southampton; bonus desired. P 464 Times.

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BAKER HOLDS BACK BERGDOLL REPORT

It Exonerates Major General Harris, Who Granted Permit for Philadelphia Trip.

PROSECUTIONS POSSIBLE

Civilians Under Investigation and Disciplinary Action Likely Against Several Persons.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The report of Major Gen. John L. Chamberlain, Inspector General of the army, upon the escape of Grover Cleveland Bergdoll, draft evader, from his mother's home in Philadelphia has been made to Secretary of War Baker. The Secretary, in making this announcement today, said that, while the report contained nothing not already printed in the newspapers, it would not be made public until the possibility of prosecution of persons involved in the escape had been passed.

Again, this afternoon, Secretary Baker said that Major Gen. Peter C. Harris, Adjutant General of the army, was perfectly within his authority in granting Bergdoll a permit to go to Philadelphia to begin the search for the $150,000 gold which the prisoner claimed he had secreted in the mountains near Hagerstown, Md.

As the evidence in the Inspector General's report involves "disciplinary action against several persons," according to Secretary Baker, the Department of Justice has been asked to review the testimony and see whether any civilians should be held liable to prosecution.

The Secretary's statement reads:

"The report of the Inspector General covering the investigation into the circumstances of the escape of general prisoner Grover Cleveland Bergdoll was submitted to me Saturday. It contains no details with regard to the escape which have not already been printed in the press of the country. The testimony taken by the Inspector General and the recommendations made by him involve disciplinary action against several persons, and the submission of the evidence to the prosecuting authorities of the Department of Justice, with a view to having that department determine whether it is sufficient to justify the prosecution of civilians.

"The testimony taken is, of course, all ex parte; some of it is not under oath, and persons affected by it have had no opportunity to cross-examine the witnesses. For this reason, and also in order not to embarrass any prosecution which may be instituted, the report will not be made public. When the possibility of further prosecution has passed the conclusions of the Inspector General, unless affected by subsequent developments, will be published."

Ansell and Bailey, former army officers, who are local counsel for Bergdoll, declined to comment upon the Secretary's statement. Their reward of $5,500 for Bergdoll's capture and for information leading to his arrest is still standing.

PERSHING TO QUIT MILITARY SERVICE

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

list at this time. Under a special act recently passed by Congress he was made a General for life with the consequent permanent rank and pay. Had this act not been passed and he had sought retirement, he would have gone on the inactive list with only three-quarters pay.

The Army law provides that any officers who has been in active service for thirty years may ask for retirement with the consent of the President. Any officer who has been in active service for forty years may resign with or without the consent of the President. General Pershing has been in the army for thirty-eight years. The supposition is that he believes the President will readily accede to his request when only two years are lacking before the time when he could leave without Presidential consent, and it is not doubted that this will be given if Secretary Baker gives his indorsement.

So far as any Presidential aspiration on General Pershing's part is concerned, he has never said he would be a candidate. Some months ago, in a speech to the Nebraska Society of Washington, he declared he was not a candidate, adding, however, that no man could refuse such a great honor if it were thrust upon him.

A "Pershing organization" was started in the General's behalf in the Middle West early in the year. But, due perhaps to the fact that General Pershing signified no intention to become a candidate, the organization practically went out of business. At least, nothing has been heard from it for some time.

Some of the few political observers left in Washington said tonight that this might be a psychological moment for General Pershing to come forward, or if not to present himself, at least to allow his name to be used on the floor at Chicago. They said that the apparent breach in the Republican Party caused by the opposite views of the Wood and Johnson wings might possibly be healed and that General Pershing might "stampede" the convention.

TWO BOYS KILLED BY AUTOS.

Police Save Driver from Italian Mob After East Side Accident.

Policemen of the East Fifth Street Station saved Artemi Cheslopair, of 171 Norfolk Street, driver of an automobile truck of the Bayonne Steel Ceiling Company, of 308 Eighth Avenue, from a mob of 1,000 Italians in the lower East Side last night soon after the truck, laden with ten tons of metal, had run over and killed Onofrio Leuzzi, 8 years old, of 217 Christie Street, who was playing near his home.

Shouts of "lynch the driver" was heard by Patrolman Terrence Reilly, of the Fifth Street Station, who went to Cheslopair's rescue. He blew his whistle for assistance and was soon joined by Patrolmen Frank Miley and Michael Farrell, of the same station. They hurried the chauffeur into a drug store, and a call was sent to the Fifth Street Station for reserves. Cheslopair was taken in a patrol wagon under heavy guard to the station, where he was locked up on a technical charge of homicide.

John Barbara, 7 years old, of 427 East Nineteenth Street, was run over and killed in front of his home last night by an automobile truck owned by the Stames Auto Delivery Company, of 500 Bergen Street, Brooklyn. James Margio, 28 years old, of 117 East Ninety-seventh Street, the driver, was locked up in the East Twenty-second Street Station on a technical charge of homicide.

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Some printers seem very generous in their willingness to furnish "free art dummies" to prospective customers. But these dummies cost real money and must be paid for by some one. It so happens that when one of these dummies is accepted, the customer is taxed for a part of the cost of all the "free dummies" which others refused to accept. This is manifestly unfair.

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"	71.00 to 80.00	- - -	57.50
"	81.00 to 87.00	- -	67.50

Men's Overcoats

Formerly	$52.50	- - - - - -	$35.00
"	55.00	- - - - -	42.00
"	65.00	- - - - - -	50.00
"	70.00	- - - - - -	52.00

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STEIN-BLOCH MADE QUALITY THE HABIT OF YEARS, LONG BEFORE QUALITY BECAME THE HEADLINE OF THE DAY!

LABOR FEDERATION MEETS IN CANADA

Five Hundred Delegates Attend Fortieth Annual Convention in Montreal.

DENOUNCE CONGRESS HERE

Compers in Speech and Resolutions Offered Assail 'Coercive Legislation.'

WANT PALMER IMPEACHED

Resolutions to be Considered Also Demand Freedom for Ireland and Bolshevist Russia.

MONTREAL, June 7.—Any attempt to enforce compulsory labor by making strikes unlawful must be resisted at all costs, said Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, in his address here today at the opening of the Federation's fortieth annual convention.

"I have no fear as to what the results will be," he said. "As long as I have life and my mind is not impaired I shall stand for the right of the men and women toilers of the world to be free, untrammeled and unowned by any force.

"The one who fails to understand," Mr. Gompers continued, "that there is a law of compensation in all the life of the world, fails to understand the development of human life and progress."

Mr. Gompers urged organized labor to "hold itself in leash" and use its power of force and influence in moderation, but asserted that all the workers must be kept "on the firing line."

"No one can hurt us or injure our movement or destroy it but ourselves," said the labor chief in warning delegates against ultra-radical movements.

After paying a glowing tribute to Canada and her labor organizations, Mr. Gompers said:

"There is no body of men outside of Canada that holds so much good will for Canada as the American Federation of Labor.

"Politically the organized labor movement of Canada is as independent of the United States as the United States is of Canada. The autonomy of the workers and citizens of Canada is just as safe from our hands as ours is from theirs.

"Industrially and economically we are bound together. It couldn't be different. Our interests and our production of our life and welfare are bound in one movement. Industrially our people have decided that our interests are one and we propose to act as one."

The labor president denied charges that the Federation was an organization designed to "fleece the workers of Canada" out of their money by spending it outside of the Dominion. He read a report showing that the Federation had spent during the last year $200,000 more in Canada than it had received from Canadian organizations.

In explaining that there was a misunderstanding of the term "international," as used in connection with the federation, Mr. Gompers asserted that it should not be confused with the "Internationale" of Europe.

"I do not know any body of men," he said, "that is so out of harmony with that so-called 'Internationale' as the American Federation of Labor. There is, however, an international feeling on the part of labor that the time has come when tyranny and injustice shall come to an end, wherever it exists."

Seek to Aid Ireland and Russia.

Despite the fact that they are on British soil, certain delegates to the convention launched a fight today to get the Federation to reaffirm its indorsement of the "Irish Republic" and demand that the military forces of occupation in Ireland be withdrawn by the British Government.

Peter J. Brady of New York, representing the allied printing trades, headed the delegates presenting a resolution on the Irish question. This resolution was prepared after a caucus today. With several hundred others, it was referred to the committee for consideration.

The resolution, which charged that the British Government is now seeking to "destroy through military forces the Republican form" of government already established by the Irish people, urged "that the Irish people be allowed to guide their destinies and that all possible aid be rendered to the people of Ireland."

Dan A. McKillop of the Pacific Coast delegation and other delegates sponsoring the resolution declared they would not be deferred from denouncing the British Government and its Irish policy because they were on British soil.

"We intend to thrash this matter out and help our friends across the sea, without fear of the consequences," McKillop said.

Among other resolutions presented was one from the garment workers' delegation from New York asking the convention to demand that the blockade against Soviet Russia be lifted and that trade be resumed. This delegation also has in preparation another document asking that the convention appoint a labor commission to visit Russia and make a "true investigation of conditions" in that country.

When the convention adjourned today President Gompers and Matthew Woll, Vice President of the Federation, whom Mr. Gompers plans to appear before the Platform Committee of the Republican National Committee to present labor's demands on the party. He expects to return to Montreal next Thursday or Friday.

James Duncan of Quincy, Mass., First Vice President of the federation, whom President Wilson appointed recently to the Interstate Commerce Commission, announced tonight that he would not resign from the Federation Executive Council, but that he would give up his position as President of the Granite Cutters' International Association of America.

More than 500 delegates representing the various trades in the Federation were present when the convention was called to order by President Samuel Gompers. Nearly every delegation was prepared to offer resolutions regarding the various questions to come before the Federation.

It was announced that some of the resolutions would deal with the political situation in the United States, the high cost of living, profiteering, Bolshevism and the "one big union." President Wilson's foreign policy, industrial courts, public ownership of railroads and impeachment of Attorney General Palmer.

The movement to create in the United States an American labor party backed by the Federation, took more definite form today when the plan was submitted to the Resolution Committee. While the names of the authors of the resolution were withheld it is understood that it was presented by the Pacific Coast progressive wing leaders.

The suggestion is now in the hands of the Resolution Committee and I cannot venture any prediction as to what will develop," said Cyrus Grow of Los Angeles, one of the supporters of the third party proposal. "It may, however, never come before the convention."

Abraham Lefkowitz, of New York, a member of the Executive Committee of the American Labor Party now in the field, served notice on the supporters of the new movement that any attempt to bring the proposal before the convention will be vigorously fought.

"We will fight to a finish to prevent the subject being debated on the convention floor," he asserted. "There is now an American Labor Party in the field that is making progress and worthy of labor's support."

Welcomed by Canadian Officials.

The opening of the convention was preceded by a labor parade to the St. Dennis Theatre, where the sessions are being held. After a short religious service, addresses of welcome were delivered by representatives of the Dominion Government, Quebec Provincial Government, City of Montreal, and the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada. Antenin Galipsault, Minister of Public Works and Labor in the Quebec Government, spoke for the province. President Gompers replied to the welcome addresses and formally opened the convention business session by reviewing the various issues involved. He laid particular stress on the enforcement of a non-partisan labor policy.

The Federation's membership report disclosed that it now has 4,078,740, a gain of 816,872 in the last year. The recent steel strike cost the Federation $348,509. According to report on steel strike expenditures there is still $69,631 available for steel organization work.

Delegates from the Pacific Coast Metal Trades Council announced today that they would renew the fight begun at Atlantic City last year to obtain unqualified indorsement of the Plumb Plan on railroad control. Glenn Plumb, originator of the plan, will arrive later this week to address the delegates.

Discussing the proposal to demand impeachment of Attorney General Palmer for "creating imperialism," some delegates said that, as they are on foreign soil, the Attorney General and other American officials might be discussed without fear of arrest and prosecution.

Hon. Gideon Robertson, Canadian Minister of Labor, welcoming the delegates in behalf of Sir Robert Borden, Prime Minister, declared that this convention would promote closer co-operation between labor in the United States and Canada.

"The American Federation," he said, "comes to Canada as an organization covering the entire American continent, and should have closer co-operation from Canadian labor."

Senator Robertson appealed to Canadian labor men not to listen to promoters of the "one big union" idea, which, he said, were "wilfully misrepresenting" the Federation.

Tom Moore, president of the Canadian Trade and Labor Congress, told the delegates that the trade unions were gaining strength in the Dominion, despite opposition of the interests, destructionists and radicals." He appealed for close co-operation between the United States and Canada.

Canada and the other world nations are waiting to welcome the Federation into the international labor body of the League of Nations, Mr. Moore said, making an appeal to the delegates to urge upon their Congress legislation that would make their representation possible.

Report of Executive Council.

The Executive Council of the Federation submitted its fortieth annual report today. The report attacked the campaign against the high cost of living instituted by the Department of Justice and proposed the enactment of a program calling for relief.

Congress was denounced for failing to enact measures to check profiteering. The Council characterized the Kansas Court of Industrial Relations as "unjust, tyrannical and un-American," called for the repeal of the labor clauses of the Esch-Cummins Railway act and asserted that the Government's injunction against the coal miners on strike was a violation of pledges made by officers of the Government as well as a disregard for the constitutional rights of the miners.

Labor was urged to protest against the tactics "which have resulted in postponing the ratification of the treaty" and to condemn "without reservation the action of those who have deliberately produced the resulting state of confusion out of a desire to secure partisan political advantage."

In dealing with the subject of extremist propaganda and movements, such as Bolshevism and the "one big union," the report declared that the rank and file of the labor movement have not given ear to this propaganda, but had been its most effective opponent. Of more importance than the results of studied propaganda of revolution, it was said, was the feeling of unrest due to abuses in our political and industrial life."

The Council's program for reducing the high cost of living called for Government purchase of standard commodities direct from producers to be distributed through the regular retail channels at prices to be fixed by the Government; the seizure of excessive war profits "extorted from the American people" since 1916, and the application of this money to extinguishing the floating debt of the Government and to the partial retirement of Liberty bonds at par; the encouragement of co-operation to curb profiteering and laws to protect co-operatives from discrimination by manufacturers and wholesalers; control of credit capital to be taken from private financiers and placed in the hands of a public agency" to be administered by voluntary and co-operative methods"; compilation by the United States Department of Labor monthly of statements of manufacturing cost of staple articles, and the establishment by the Government of permanent boards for prompt investigation of profits and prices.

In this connection the report called attention to the non-partisan political campaign of the Federation, saying: "The enemies of the workers are upon the platforms of the nation seeking political preferment. Defeat them. Defeat enemies everywhere.

"Two conferences summoned by President Wilson sought to find a remedy for industrial unrest and neither succeeded," the Council stated, in reviewing the work of the meetings. The report opposed the machinery proposed by the second Council for the adjustment of industrial disputes and declared it was framed "in the seclusion of the secret council chamber, entirely out of contact with the life for which it was designed and entirely unfitted for the needs of that life."

Mr. Gompers announced appointment of the following committee Chairmen: Resolutions, James Duncan, Quincy, Mass.; law, Daniel Tobin, Treasurer of Executive Council; organization, Frank Duffy, Indianapolis; labels, John J. Manning, Washington; chairman of Union Label Trade Department; adjustment, Thomas A. Rickert, Chicago; local and federated bodies, Jacob Fischer, Indianapolis; education, Matthew Woll, Chicago; State organizations, Joseph Valentine, Cincinnati; boycotts, W. D. Mahon; building trades, John Dolin, Chicago; shorter workday, William Green, Coshocton, Ohio; international relations, George W. Perkins and Samuel Gompers; committee on Executive Council's report, James Wilson; rules and order of business, John Sullivan.

Prices realized on Swift & Company sales of carcass beef in New York City for week ending Saturday, June 5th, 1920, on shipments of cut ranged from 12.60 cents to 19.50 cents per pound and averaged 16.01 cents per pound.—Adv.

Bay State Finds Living Cost 9.5% Higher Than in February

BOSTON, June 7.—The State Commission on the Necessaries of Life, in a report today on living costs supplemental to its annual report made in February, announced an increase of 9.5 per cent. in costs during the three-month period. The total increase since 1913, according to the commission's figures was 100.3 per cent.

All items covered by the commission's classifications showed gains. Food costs increased most during the period, with a 12.4 per cent. advance. Clothing was next with 10.6 per cent., fuel and light were up 10.4 per cent., and rents showed a 3.9 per cent. gain.

The commission began today an exhaustive survey of ice prices throughout the State.

LATE FRENCH STRIKE PLANNED BY REDS

Plot to Help Moscow Soviet by Starting European Revolution Hatched in Amsterdam.

SECRET CONFERENCE HELD

International Communists, Including an American, Met at Call of the Dutchman Rutgers.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 7.—The Matin today continues its exposé of the Bolshevist negotiations at Amsterdam for the purpose of starting a Red revolution in France.

In yesterday's article it was told how M. Rutgers and his wife brought jewels from Moscow to Amsterdam with which the movement was to be financed. Today the Matin's investigator tells of a meeting of Bolsheviki from many countries at Amsterdam last February where the United States Communists were represented by Louis Frayna, alias Ralph Snyder. French delegates did not arrive because the French Government refused to issue passports to them.

The Matin's article today says:

"Rutgers had just returned from Russia with an official mandate from Lenin to prepare as quickly as possible a revolution in Western Europe. In a short time Rutgers convoked in a little villa he owned at Amesfoord, one hour's ride from Amsterdam, M. Pannekoek, astronomer, who lives at Bossum; Dr. Gorter and the Poetess Henriette Roland Holts, wife of a professor of Amsterdam. All are convinced Communists.

"Rutgers acquainted them with his undertaking. The four agreed upon the organization of a conference from which should come the revolution sought by Moscow. The date of this conference was fixed for Feb. 3. Amsterdam was to be the place of meeting.

Conference Meets in Amsterdam.

Notification was sent to Communists in the countries designated by Lenin and they were asked to send delegates on Feb. 1. All these delegates, except the French, who could not get passports, were present at Amsterdam. On the morning of Feb. 3 the work began. The first meeting took place in the home of Wijnkoop, editor of the Tribune.

"There were twenty-five delegates. Rutgers represented Soviet Russia. By his side were two secretaries from the dock workers of Amsterdam. Bourgmann and Eefliet represented Holland. England was represented by John Frederick Hogsdon, Miss Nora Smyth, Miss Sylvia Pankhurst, Frederick George Willis and John Thomas Murphy. From Belgium came Edouard van Overstraete. Mme. Rosalie Grimm was Swiss delegate. Richard Maunel spoke for Hungary. From the United States came Louis Frayna, who bore a passport in the name of Ralph Snyder. Germany was represented by Carl Stuecke of Bremen and Clara Setkin of Stuttgart.

"It was understood that sessions would be secret and that nothing about the conference would be revealed. It was to last seven days. First there was an examination of the credentials of the delegates. Sylvia Pankhurst objected to one of the English delegates but was overruled.

"Rutgers then showed that the situation of the Soviet republic would become critical if a world revolution did not come along to help it out. It was necessary to demonstrate to Communists of all nations that their interests were bound up with Soviet Russia. It was necessary to hasten the European revolution.

"The creation of branches in various European countries was then planned. Later branches were to be established in South and North America as well as in Asiatic countries. Winjkoop observed that offices had already been opened in Spain to maintain relations with Latin America.

"One of the members asked where the money was coming from. Rutgers replied:

"'These offices should be self-supporting from gifts of comrades. For action Moscow has placed at our disposition the sum of 20,000,000 roubles gold.'

"The next thing considered was the calling of a meeting in Mexico to unite delegates of the two Americas.

Political General Strike Planned.

"In the following session the matter of syndicates and Soviets was considered. In a general way it was agreed that the surest means to start a revolutionary movement was to call a general strike which would not have professional but political objects. In this way the usual method of ending strikes would not halt the movement and they would continue indefinitely.

"The American delegate, Frayna, then said:

"'As the beginning of our action we ought to incite the workers to impose at once a dictatorship of the proletariat. The best method is the transformation of unions into soviets.'

"It was decided that the new office to be created at Amsterdam ought to start at once a general strike in France, in which cessation of all transportation would be the first step. The following motion was then adopted:

"'In case a new revolution breaks out in Germany and that capital of a neighboring country wishes to intervene, a general strike shall be immediately called in that country, especially on transportation.'

Then another motion, presented by Rutgers for Lenin and seconded by Frayna, was voted:

"'If opposition of the imperialistic Governments forces the Russian Republic Soviet to change its present war defense into a military offensive either towards the Orient or the Occident the workers of the different countries shall be called upon not to fight the Soviet Armies but to overturn their own Governments and to proclaim Soviet Governments in their countries.'

"This motion was adopted unanimously, the English delegate, Willis, saying:

"'I affirm that in England the railroad unions are ready to call an immediate strike if allied intervention in Russia is decided upon.'

"Before adjourning on Feb 10 the conference organized its Amsterdam bureau. The Secretariat was confided to Winjkoop assisted by Rutgers and Mme. Holtz. It was not long before the efforts and propaganda of this bureau were felt in France."

The Matin will continue tomorrow its story of how this bureau attempted by a general strike to stir up a political storm in France.

MAY MEET AT SPA JULY 6.

London and Paris Agree That Allies Will Postpone the Conference.

PARIS, June 7.—Postponement of the Allied-German Conference which was to have been held at Spa on June 21 is considered certain in French official circles, because of the inability of officials to prepare material for discussions at the date fixed for the meeting. It is indicated that the conference will be held about July 6.

Premier Millerand will make a trip through the devastated regions of France during July and minutely inspect reconstruction work going on there. The Premier has received excellent news from President Deschanel, who is taking a protracted rest for the purpose of recovering from the injuries received in his recent fall from a train.

LONDON, June 7.—Confirmation of the Paris report that the Spa conference would be postponed until July was given here today. In all probability there will be a discussion between representatives of the Allied Governments at a meeting in London before the Spa gathering.

More Policemen Shot in Ireland As Premier Warns of Justice for Crime

DUBLIN, June 7.—Attacks on policemen in Ireland continue. At Cullkhanna, County Armagh, three policemen were attacked without warning last night by five armed men. A desperate revolver duel took place. A Sergeant and a constable were severely wounded, one constable is missing and a civilian was killed. While motorcycling through Drombane a military officer was wounded by armed men.

Other outrages included the burning of a recration hall on the Earl of Midleton's estate and the destruction of the Court House at Piltown, County Kilkenny.

Two hundred men cleared the cattle from a farm at Multifarnham and occupied the house.

LONDON, June 7.—The Government intends to take steps to bring to justice all persons associated with crime in Ireland, Premier Lloyd George declared in the House of Commons today in answering a question.

The Premier added that with this object in view the Government was reorganizing the Irish Executive and was strengthening the police, naval and military forces in Ireland. It would probably also be necessary, he said, to strengthen the law for dealing with crime.

It was the intention of the Government, Mr. Lloyd George asserted, to put down the present "organized campaign of murder and assassination."

TOURISTS TO SLEEP IN AMBULANCE CARS

Former American Trains Will Be Shunted on Sidings in French Battlefields for Them.

FRANCE READY FOR RUSH

Counting on 200,000 Americans to Add 2,000,000,000 Francs to French Money Boxes.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 7.—Americans visiting the battlefields this Summer may find themselves lodged for the night in a former American ambulance train. Several of these which were acquired by the Compagnie Française de Tourisme have now been adapted to form temporary sleeping quarters where hotels have not yet been rebuilt. The beds are as comfortable as in any first-class hotel, and the quiet sidings into which the trains have been shunted are in some cases in the very middle of the still fields where the long battle raged.

It is only in the out-of-the-way places where reconstruction has not yet met the demand that such devices have had to be resorted to. A national office which was recently created to centralize information and make arrangements for tourists declares that for all who come this Summer there will be beds enough.

They expect 200,000 from America alone and are calculating that each of these will spend a minimum of $7,000. The French are delighted at the prospect of a total, at the present exchange rate, of about 2,000,000,000 francs. In Paris alone the hotelkeepers' estimate is that they can supply 15,000 rooms each night. Owing to the shortage of apartment houses many French and other residents have been forced in recent months to live in hotels to an extent formerly unknown in this country, but from 5 to 40 per cent. of the rooms are still available for visitors.

Whether that percentage proves sufficient will depend on the visitors themselves. If they spread about through the country in successive waves it will be, but if they collect in Paris in a mass with the intention of rushing home on the first possible boat, it undoubtedly will not.

One of the efforts of the national office is to avoid such a possibility by keeping every one circulating and well distributed. Another of their objects is to establish definitely the price charged for rooms in each hotel, so that Americans will know in advance what they will have to pay, and will not go back home feeling they have been charged special prices.

On the whole, Americans are likely to find hotel prices remarkably reasonable for the best rooms in a first-rate Paris hotel, such as the Crillon, which was built by the American peace delegation. Ten dollars a day is the maximum rate, which the scale graduates downward at an average of about 100 per cent. increase over pre-war rates.

REFUSES READING PLEA.

Supreme Court Dissolution Decrees Stand—Insurance Case Barred.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The Supreme Court today dismissed motions of the Reading Company and its subsidiaries asking the court to modify the dissolution decrees rendered April 26.

The court refused to review Federal court decrees in New York holding that unless specifically exempted accident insurances policies apply to accidental injuries growing out of "unsuccessful" surgical operations. As a result judgments for damages awarded to Walter N. Brand against the Aetna Life Insurance Company for the loss of a leg due to complications following an operation will stand.

Motions by Missouri State officials asking the court to reconsider its recent opinion holding the migratory bird act constitutional were dismissed.

The court refused to review the convictions under the Espionage Act of the following persons: John White, justice of the peace in Sandusky County, Ohio, sentenced to 21 months; Orville Anderson, Sioux Falls, S. D., sentenced to four years; C. R. Schoberg, sentenced to ten years; Henry Kruse, five years; Henry Feltman, seven years; and Peter Wimmer, six months. The four last named were tried at Covington, Ky.

FOUR STAY OUTSIDE LEAGUE

China, Honduras, Costa Rica and America Only Eligibles Not In.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—It was pointed out at the State Department today that the adherence of Haiti to the covenant of the League of Nations on June 2 left only Honduras, Costa Rica, China and the United Sttaes, of the nations eligible for membership in the League at the present time, outside that organization.

Of these, it was stated, China had not ratified the Treaty of Versailles because of her objection to what she considered the injustice of the transfer of Shantung to Japan. In order, however, to gain admission to the League, China contemplates ratification of the Austrian peace treaty.

KRASSIN AGAIN SEES BRITISH CABINET

Premier Lloyd George, in Commons, Defends His Negotiations with Soviet Envoy.

RUSSIA NEEDED BY WORLD

Refusal to Trade with Her Would Be Gross Folly, He Says—Talk of Postal Arrangement.

LONDON, June 7.—Premier Lloyd George and other members of the Cabinet conferred today with Gregory Krassin, Russian Soviet Minister of Trade and Commerce, at the Premier's official residence, 10 Downing Street.

Those present, in addition to the Premier, were Earl Curzon, the Foreign Minister; Andrew Bonar Law, Government leader in the House of Commons; Winston Spencer Churchill, War Minister; Sir Eric Geddes, Minister of Transportation; Arthur J. Balfour, Lord President of the Council; Walter Hume Long, First Lord of the Admiralty, and Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer.

Another conference has been arranged.

No official report was issued after today's meeting, and in the Commons this afternoon Mr. Lloyd George gave no information, although he defended the negotiations in a speech to the House.

The Premier based his arguments on the absolute need of Russia in the world's reconstruction and the impossibility of fighting and crushing Bolshevism unless prepared to sacrifice hundreds of thousands of lives and add thousands of millions to the national debt. He admitted there were conflicting reports on the amount of exportable commodities in Russia, but said that was not a reason for refusing to trade. He concluded by appealing to the House not to seek quarrels in a world full of explosive matter.

Mr. Lloyd George provoked hearty laughter by remarking: "This country has opened up most of the cannibal trade of the world."

He went on:

"It is a new doctrine that you must approve the habits and customs of any Government before trading, and continue to refuse to trade with Russia so long as the Bolshevist Government is in power would be an act of gross folly. M. Clemenceau certainly opposed recognizing the Soviets politically, but to argue the impossibility of trading with a government of atrocities is to rule out more governments than I dare think."

The Premier, who has been subjected to severe strictures on the part he has taken in the Russian negotiations, sought to justify his policy. He related the history of the negotiations, showing that the Allies had been unanimously in favor of the attempt to re-open trading with Russia, without, however, consenting to recognition or to diplomatic relations unless the Soviet Government adopted civilized methods.

In contending that it was irrelevant to argue against trading with a misgoverned country, he instanced the fact that England traded with Mexico and Turkey without protest being raised, although, he declared, Turkish atrocities under Abdul Hamid were worse than Soviet Russia's.

Belief that the British Government is about to make, if it has not already made, a postal arrangement with Soviet Russia through Gregory Krassin is expressed by The London Times. The arrangement, the newspaper understands, will be supported by the French Government on the ground that it implies recognition of the Soviet administration.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, June 7.—The British Embassy issued this afternoon a denial of a report in the French papers that Lloyd George had talked with Krassin before he had received from Paris a statement of the attitude of the French Government.

It was stated in these dispatches on May 31, the day Lloyd George first received Krassin, that the French Government had refused his invitation to have Ambassador Cambon present at the meeting. This version is confirmed by the embassy statement that the British Prime Minister had received and weighed the French refusal before he met Krassin.

BESIEGED CONSUL SUICIDE.

German Agent at Tabriz Kills Himself After Defending Refugees.

LONDON, June 7.—Herr Wustrow, German Consul at Tabris, Persia, committed suicide, according to a dispatch from Teheran, while the Consulate was being besieged by a crowd demanding the surrender of Persian Bolsheviki, who, it was alleged, were being harbored in the building. When the crowd appeared the Consul refused to comply with their request.

Sharp fighting then ensued, in which machine guns were used. It was during the disturbance that Wustrow committed suicide.

Czechs from Siberia Land at Triest.

TRIEST, June 7.—Six thousand Czechoslovaks repatriated from Vladivostok arrived here today on the U. S. S. America by way of Panama. The America is the largest steamer ever docked at Triest. She was received enthusiastically, great crowds greeting the first contingents repatriated from Siberia.

Super-Dreadnought Tennessee

REPRODUCED photographs taken on the occasion of the commissioning of the Tennessee, the greatest of all super-dreadnoughts, will appear next Sunday in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times. The pictures show six of the twelve 14-inch guns of the ship's main battery, viewed by visiting Tennesseans and Captain Richard Henry Leigh, just appointed Commander.

The New York Times

NEXT SUNDAY

Order from your newsdealer in advance.

48 INDICTED FOR $6,000,000 THEFTS

Business Men Among Those Accused as Partners of Rail and River Pirates.

RECOVER $500,000 OF BOOTY

Formal Charge Involves $1,121,000 —Gang's Operations Cover Four or Five Years.

Forty-eight men, including well-to-do merchants, manufacturers and railroad employes, were indicted yesterday by a Federal Grand Jury on charges of having been partners in a conspiracy that resulted in the theft from freight cars and lighters of silks, woolens, worsteds, whisky and alcohol valued at $1,121,000.

"Evidence gathered has convinced us that these men composed the cleverest gang of river pirates and railroad freight thieves that ever operated in New York," said F. R. A. Stiefel, manager of the Prosecution Bureau of the New York Credit Men's Association.

"They have been working the railroads and the river fronts for the past four or five years. We have charged them with stealing $1,121,000 in the blanket indictment, because that is all we believe we can prove they stole. But, as a matter of fact, the total of thefts of which they are suspected of having taken part, is $6,000,000.

Expect More Arrests.

"We expect to make many more arrests as a result of confessions made by some of the accused. Arrests are being made today."

In the list of those indicted are the following:

Nathan Zimmerman and Abraham Kompel, proprietors of the Bronx Terminal Storage Warehouse and of the Z. & K. Trucking Company. Zimmerman specifically is charged in the indictment with having received 253 bolts of worsted at Thirteenth Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street May 24 last.

Emil and William Lichtenfels, brothers and partners in a retail grocery business at 413 Willis Avenue, the Bronx.

David Fried, textiles, Paterson, N. J. The police say he received stolen goods.

Nathan Goldberger and Louis Garson, partners in a textile plant in New York, are charged with receiving stolen goods.

Gustave Lichtenfeln, a brother of the other Lichtenfels mentioned, is charged with being a partner in a business in Asheville, N. C., that bought stolen goods.

Frank Zimmerman, proprietor of a restaurant and of a small textile factory in Brooklyn. He is charged with buying stolen raw materials and is said to operate a shop in Jersey City under the name of S. Bloom." He is one of the seven who had not been arrested up to late yesterday.

Benjamin and Theodore Serlen, brothers, were on guard at Maspeth, L. I., when merchandise was stolen there, according to the charge.

Peter Jorgensen, David Weiner and James Carlough were brakemen on the Erie Railroad.

James Egan, John Mackin, James Fox, Ray Borden and James J. McIntyre were members of a freight crew of the New York Central.

Joseph and Matty Donovan, proprietors of a saloon at Thirteenth Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street and of the garage in the rear where, it is charged by the investigators, the stolen goods were taken in Z. & K. trucks.

William Barron, a freight conductor of the Erie.

James and Florence Donovan, in the trucking business in West Thirty-eighth Street.

Nine counts in the indictment specifically connected the defendants with the following thefts totaling $1,121,000:

1. May 24, 1920; 375 bolts of worsted, valued at $190,000, from a freight car on the Erie; in transit from Cleveland Worsted Mills, Ravenna, Ohio, to Henry M. Huebsch Inc., Thirty-eighth Street, New York.

2. March 23, 1920; 117 bolts of woolens, valued at $18,000, from a freight car on the New York Central; in transit from the Wyandotte Worsted Company, Waterville, Me., to the Wyandotte Worsted Company, New York.

3. Jan. 21, 1920; 32 bales of raw silk, valued at $65,000; from a freight car on the New York Central; in transit from Vancouver Wharf to William Guerin & Co., New York, and others.

4. Jan. 27, 1920; 71 bales of raw silk, valued at $170,000, from a freight car on the New York Central; in transit from Vancouver Wharf to Mitsui Company, New York.

5. Feb. 18, 1920; 89 bales of raw silk, valued at $168,600, from a freight car on the New York Central; in transit from Vancouver Wharf to Shibakama Company, New York.

6. April 8, 1920; 121 tales of raw silk, valued at $218,000, from a freight car on the New York Central; in transit from Vancouver Wharf to E. Arii, New York.

7. May 4, 1920; 53 cases of woolens, valued at $150,000, from a freight car on the New York Central; in transit from Montgomery Ward Company, New York, to Crescent Clothing Company, Worcester, Ill.

8. Sept. 15, 1919; 100 barrels of alcohol, valued at $100,000, from the New York Central barge Ardsley; in transit from Weehawken, N. J., to France.

9. Oct. 23, 1919; 12 barrels of whisky, valued at $12,000, from Lighter 20 of the New York Central; in transit from J. Kessler Company, Louisville, Ky., to P. Walker, Ltd., via Liverpool.

Under "overt acts," the indictment set forth that Nathan Zimmerman told August Riebal to drive a truck to Hoboken, N. J., May 24 last, after which Zimmerman went to Twenty-fourth Street and Thirteenth Avenue and "did there receive and unload 353 bolts of worsteds."

Recover Part of Loot.

It added that George J. Barron, on the same day, "did take from the Croxton Yards of the Erie Railroad, Jersey City, N. J., one freight car containing worsteds, without authority, and cause the same to be removed to Soho, Essex County, N. J.

Then it is asserted that James Carlough talked with Barron, and that after that, "in furtherance of the said conspiracy," Florance Donovan, Matty Donivan and Thomas Burns met at Thirteenth Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street while "Dutch Joe, last name being unknown, the man meant being the driver of the defendant Zimmerman's Sterling motor truck, did drive said truck on Thursday, May 27, to the corner of Thirteenth Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street."

Assistant United States Attorney Cotter presented the evidence to the Grand Jury.

Mr. Stiefel, who was associated in the investigation that led to the arrests and indictments, with Chief E. J. Miles, Inspector Robert Humphreys and Policeman Walter Schenck of the New York Central Railroad Police, Chief Joseph McGuill, Lieutenant David Libby and Inspector J. Clark of the Erie Railroad Police and Detectives James Hayden and Anthony Brownsworth of the Safe and Loft Squad of the New York Police Department, said that goods valued at $500,000 already had been recovered, and that it was hoped to recover more. He said there was no way of telling how much had been realised by the sale of the immensely valuable loot.

According to his statement the successful investigation began about four months ago, when police of New York seized a truck on suspicion and found that it contained a consignment of stolen woolens. Confessions of the men on the truck, according to the story, led to the round-up of the indicted men.

Asked to explain how the robberies were made, Mr. Stiefel said that the theft of the truckload of woolens was an excellent example. One of the "pirates" painted out the last numeral of an identifying number of a freight car loaded with wool, then in the Jersey City yards of the Erie Railroad.

Members of the train crew ran the simply, but effectively disguised car containing the rich prize to Soho, N. J., where it was met by two trucks. They toted the woolen cloth to a garage in the Bronx, where it was kept two days. From there it was taken to a garage in back of a saloon, also in the Bronx. From this latter garage it was sold gradually.

Inspector Harris said that he expected to make other arrests in connection with the theft, which was said to have no relation to the asserted work of the "West Side Gang."

Regret Expressed to Britain For Flag Burning Incident

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Pending the receipt of a comprehensive report on which the State Department can predicate more formal action, Secretary of State Colby has expressed verbally to the British Ambassador, Sir Auckland Geddes, this Government's profound regret at the burning of the British flag in a demonstration by advocates of Irish independence before the Treasury Building some days ago.

THINK STOLEN BABY IS NOW IN DALLAS

Police There Say Description Agrees with That of Lost Norristown Child.

FATHER IS NOT HOPEFUL

While Mother Appeals to Abductors to Send News—Parents Willing to Pay Ransom.

DALLAS, Texas, June 7.—Police here today expressed the belief that a white baby, discovered concealed in the home of a negro woman on Saturday, is Blakely Coughlin, who was stolen from his home in Norristown, Pa., last Wednesday.

The child answers a telegraphic description of the missing Norristown infant, the police said, but definite identification awaits the arrival of a photograph mailed from the Pennsylvania city yesterday.

The negress is being detained, having made conflicting statements as to how she gained possession of the child.

The baby, which is in a local baby camp, is golden-haired, about 14 months old, and well developed. It is recovering rapidly from weakness resulting from lack of nourishment.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., June 7.—The mother of thirteen-months-old Blakeley Coughlin, who was kidnapped last Wednesday, appealed to the newspapers tonight to request the abductors to communicate with her by mail, telephone or telegraph, telling the condition of her baby and whether he is being given proper care. George H. Coughlin, the father, said his wife is bearing up well under the ordeal, but he fears that unless definite tidings of the child are received within a few days she will collapse.

Mr. Coughlin said that while he hoped the child found in the house of a colored woman in Dallas, Texas, was his, he was inclined to doubt it.

"I believe the kidnapping was a local job," he declared, "the work of professional second-story men from Philadelphia or Norristown. I am convinced their motive was ransom; and I do not think we will have to go more than one hundred miles to get Blakeley.

"It is, of course, probable that the kidnappers have already got as far as Texas, but I cannot see their object in taking the baby to such a distant place. However, we are all hoping that the baby is ours. A few more disappointments similar to the one we experienced in New York will be unbearable."

Again tonight the father reiterated the way in which he will deal personally with the kidnappers, provided they send him a photograph of the child and one of its garments. He emphasized the point that he would willingly pay a ransom and guarantee the abductors' immunity.

Every possible clue has been run down, but none of them has revealed the slightest trace to the child's whereabouts. The solution to the mystery tonight apparently was as far off as ever.

BULLFIGHTER FLIES TO RING IN AIRPLANE

Mexican Who Missed Steamer Reaches Island of Majorca from Barcelona on Time.

MADRID, June 7.—Sunday's bullfights at Palma, Island of Majorca, attracted enormous interest because Luis Freg, the Mexican fighter, arrived at the ring by airplane, having missed the steamer which was to have brought him from Barcelona, and because Larita, suffering with open wounds on his face and chest, received at Bilbao recently, insisted on entering the ring in spite of orders by his physicians.

After a fifty minute flight across the Mediterranean, Freg arrived at Palma in time to take his turn in the arena. He performed brilliantly and was frequently applauded. Larita, who appeared heavily bandaged, showed wonderful courage and received a similar reception from the crowded arena. Great activity was shown by the bulls, which belong to the herd of the Samuel Brothers.

Despite a threatening thunderstorm the fights at Madrid, in which young bulls made their first appearance in the ring, were well attended. Bernardo Munaz Carnicerito was slightly horned in the right thigh, while Juan Sanchez Jumilline was similarly injured in the right armpit. At Vista Alegre, Manuel Ruiz, vaqueito, was slightly wounded in the right forearm, but was able to continue.

There were two bullfights at Barcelona. One occurred at the new ring where good bulls were provided from the Estaban Hernandez herd. Deigo Mazquiaran Furtuna, Jose Roger Valencia and Domingo Gonzales Dominquin met them with equal success. The fighters in the old ring, on the other hand, faced young bulls from the Medina Garvey herd, one of which tossed Francisco Checa, who suffered from concussion.

In Cartagena, Salvator Freg accounted for three heavy young bulls from the Villa Goodie herd in good style, but Cavitro was horned, suffering contusions. Bulls from the Pablo Romero herd were killed in masterly style at Granada.

Liner Imperator on Way Here.

LONDON, June 7.—The steamship Imperator, which has been at Southampton since her arrival from New York on March 18 being overhauled, sailed for New York on Saturday. On her last voyage the Imperator showed a decided list, credited to the failure of her ash ejectors to work, and repairs to the mammoth steamer were necessary.

56 columns (7 pages) of advertisements are crowded out of today's issue of The New York Times. The Times regrets this disappointment to advertisers. Announcements exceeding four columns or one-half page will not be inserted by The Times except in Saturday, Sunday and Monday editions.

ELECTION UPSETS GERMAN POLITICS

No Combination in Sight Able to Form a Government That Can Last.

LIBERALS FEAR RESULTS

Conservatives Rejoice That Old Group Is Gone, but It Is Doubted That They Can Control.

WEALTH COMES TO FRONT

People's Party, Backed by Hugo Stinnes, Makes Greatest Gain in the Election.

By LEONARD SPRAY.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, June 7.—"Germany, as in the year 1919, is again faced by chaos." Such was the swift verdict of the Berliner Tageblatt while yet the German general election returns were coming in.

Though the final outcome may not perhaps completely justify such a depth of despair, it certainly looked as if the maintenance of stable government was being jeopardized. Two of the three coalition parties—namely, the Democratic and the Majority Socialists—have suffered defeats almost approaching a catastrophe, and as anticipated the consequent gains stand to the credit of the extremists at both ends. The Berlin workers have voted in the proportion of about three to one for the Independents as against the Majority

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FINANCIAL MARKETS.

Stocks Lose After Early Gains—Call Money 10 Per Cent.—Eastern Exchanges Fail.

The stock market yesterday was exceedingly dull and the movement of prices was not significant. In the early part of the session there were some advances scored among the industrials but most of these were lost later in the day when the call money rate, which had opened and renewed at 6 per cent., rose to 10 per cent. However, while the market reflected this mild "flurry" in money, it cannot be said that the development caused any alarm. The call money market, as a matter of fact, has been out of harmony with the real money situation for some time and its gyrations now are of little consequence, except to furnish an occasional excuse to the professional stock traders for selling stocks.

The influence of the Chicago convention was most pronounced. Beyond doubt, it held in check any potential activity there might have been, and not only in the stock market but also in banking circles was this the case. A new offering of Southern Pacific equipment notes, totalling $15,000,000, was announced after the close of the market, but aside from this it is believed that very little of a banking nature will be attempted until the conventions are definitely shaped. In most parts of the financial district there is conviction that the Republicans will be the victors in November, but the shaping up of the Republican ticket is still something of a mystery. As the financial community views the situation, there are some candidates for the nomination who are "desirable" while some of the others prominently mentioned are not, to put it mildly, and for this reason there is a tendency to go slowly until it is known just how the Chicago affair is to come out.

A development yesterday which was disquieting was the break in Chinese exchange rates, accompanied by a sharp decline in the price of silver. The break in the Chinese rates, together with a lesser decline in Indian rates, was regarded as something more than a mere reflection of the recent disturbances in Japan. Little of a positive nature could be ascertained regarding the Eastern situation, but private advices from London attributed the break in silver to selling by the Indian bazaars and to marked falling off in Chinese demand, amounting virtually to a withdrawal from the market of the Chinese buyers. Offerings were said to be rather light, and while this might be regarded as favorable, from one angle, the fact that the market declined so abruptly in the face of these light offerings augurs anything but a firm undertone.

Further, there were rumors which could not be substantiated of commercial and financial difficulties in both China and India. Bankers having connections with the Orient were without much information on the subject, but it was recalled that when the trouble broke out in Japan some weeks ago there was the same lack of definite news for several days after the first rumblings.

European exchanges showed but small changes from last week. Sterling finished the day practically unchanged from Saturday's final operation, but some of the Continentals were heavy. French francs were down about seven points, while Italian and Belgian rates were off slightly more.

Foreign Exchanges.

LONDON, June 7.—Bar silver, 54¾d per ounce; bar gold, 106s 9d; money, 4½ per cent. Discount rates—Short bills, 6 11-16 per cent.; three-month bills, 7 per cent. Gold premiums at Lisbon, 140.00.

PARIS, June 7.—Prices were heavy on the Bourse today. Three per cent. rentes, 59f. 85c. Exchange on London, 50f. 62c. Five per cent. loan, 88f. The dollar was quoted at 12f. 68c.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

MONDAY, JUNE 7.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

High.	Low.	Renewal.	Last.
10	6	6	10

Call Loans on Acceptances.

Prime eligible acceptances.....5½@5

Time Loans.

MIXED COLLAT'L.		ALL INDUSTRIALS.	
Sixty days	5	Sixty days	5½
Ninety days	5	Ninety days	5½
Four months	5	Four months	5½
Five months	5	Five months	5½
Six months	5	Six months	5½

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper—
15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days, 7

Liberty Bonds, Victory Notes—
15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days, 6

U. S. Treas. ctfs. of indebtedness.....5

15 to 90 days, 5½

Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days, 6

Open Market Rates, Bankers' Acceptances.

Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Banks, 60 to 90 days.....5½@5¾

Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5½@5¾

Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5 @7

Commercial Paper.

3 to 6 months.....7½

Other Names.

3 to 6 months.....8

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Range of Rates.

Sterling—	High.	Low.	Last.	Change.
Demand	$3.85¾	$3.85¾	$3.85¾	..
Cables	3.86¼	3.85¾	3.86¼	..
France—				
Demand	12.99	13.04	13.02	—.07
Cables	12.97	13.04	13.00	—.07

Closing Rates.

Normal Rates of Exch.	Yesterday's Close— Demand or Checks.	Cables.
4.8665 London	$3.86¾	$3.86¾
5.1813 Paris	12.98	12.96
5.1813 Belgium	12.82	12.80
5.1813 Italy	12.92	12.90
China—		
Hongkong	50.00	50.10
Shanghai	110.00	110.50
Peking	119.00	119.50
40.20 Holland	36.37	36.47
19.30 Greece	11.70	11.75
5.1813 Switzerland	5.53	5.50
23.44 India—		
Bombay	42.50	42.75
Calcutta	42.50	42.75
Straits Settlements	45.75	46.00
49.25 Japan—		
Kobe	51.00	51.25
Yokohama	51.00	51.25
19.30 Shanghai	16.35	16.40
50.00 Philippine Islands—		
Manila	49.75	50.00
26.80 Scandinavia—		
Copenhagen	16.90	17.05
Stockholm	31.50	31.65
Christiania	17.80	17.85
South America—		
42.44 Buenos Aires	42.45	42.60
23.44 Rio	23.75	23.875
51.44 Russia (currency)—	Bids.	Asked.
500 rubles	1.50	1.90
100 rubles	2.10	2.30

The following exchange rates are quoted in the open market:

	Cents Per Kronen. Checks.	Cables.
23.82 Germany	*2.55	2.54
23.83 Poland	.58	.58
20.26 Austria	.78	.80
20.26 Jugoslavia	.82	.87
20.26 Czechoslovakia	2.70	2.75
19.30 Belgrade	14.00	4.05
19.30 Finland	15.20	5.25
19.30 Rumania	12.00	2.65

*Cents per mark. †Kumarka. ‡Lei. ‖Dinar.

TIME BILLS ON LONDON.

	Bankers. Nominal.	Commercial. Bid.	Asked.
	$0.34	$0.31¾	

Clearing House Statement.

Exchanges, $576,706,469; balances, $99,-173,183; Sub-Treasury credit balances, $230,961; Federal Reserve credit balances, $87,581,890.

Domestic Exchange.

Rates on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 25@15c discount; San Francisco, par.

Canadian Exchange.

Closing rate for New York funds in Montreal, $137.18 premium per $1,000; Montreal funds in New York, $112.85 discount per $1,000.

Silver Quotations.

Bar silver in London, 54¾d; in New York, 94¼c; Mexican dollars, 71¾c.

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
25 railroads	54.14	53.73	53.90	—.33
25 industrials	110.91	109.02	109.42	—1.00
50 stocks	82.52	81.37	81.61	—.68

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.
June 5	82.51	81.95	82.27	+.29
June 4	82.17	81.56	81.98	+.36
June 3	82.29	81.37	81.63	+.11
June 2	81.73	80.86	81.51	+.30
June 1	82.02	80.92	81.21	—1.26
May 31	Holiday			

MONTHLY RANGE OF STOCKS.

June,	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	83.52	June 7	80.86	June 2	81.61
1919.	89.50	June 6	82.55	June 16	87.03
1918.	72.37	June 27	68.74	June 1	72.47
1917.	84.45	June 13	81.11	June 20	83.51
1916.	90.60	June 12	83.56	June 26	86.03

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.07	Apr. 8	75.45	Feb. 13	81.61
†1919.	89.90	June 6	69.45	Feb. 21	88.54

Full Years.

1919.	89.50	Nov. 5	69.75	Jan. 21	89.60
1918.	70.18	Nov. 12	64.19	Jan. 15	73.39
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	87.47	Dec. 20	85.83
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	90.94	Apr. 22	96.23

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

		Net Change. Day.	Month. Year.
40 issues	87.10	+.07	+.15 —11.86

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

June 5	87.08	+.02	May 28	87.06	+.48
June 4	87.01	—.05	May 27	86.58	+.30
June 3	87.06	—.06	May 26	86.28	+.32
June 2	87.09	—.08	May 25	85.96	+.16
June 1	87.17	—.27	May 24	85.85	+.04
May 31	Holiday		May 22	85.76	+.19
May 29	87.44	+.38	May 21	85.57	—.06

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

*1920.	72.51	Jan. 2	85.57	May 21	87.10
†1919.	79.05	June 6	76.00	Mar. 21	78.76

Full Years.

1919.	79.01	Jan. 2	71.05	Dec. 6	72.00
1918.	83.36	Nov. 12	75.95	Sep. 27	78.78
1917.	89.48	Jan. 20	74.54	Dec. 20	76.80

I. M. M. EARNINGS SHOW GAIN FOR 1919

Net, After All Allowances, Is $17,060,985, Compared with $11,493,075 in 1918.

SUBSIDIARY RETURNS CITED

Company Not Planning to Buy Shipping Board Vessels at Prices Asked, Says Franklin.

A statement of estimated earnings of the International Mercantile Marine Company for last year, issued in lieu of the annual report which has been delayed, shows results much better than those reported in 1918. Operation of the Mercantile Marine Company and its subsidiaries, including Frederick Leyland & Co., Limited, showed net earnings, after deducting operating and general expenses, income and excess profits taxes, and interest on the debenture bonds of subsidiaries, amounting to $24,595,880. After allowances for other interest and depreciation on steamers the net result was $17,060,985, as compared with $11,493,075 in 1918. To provide a correct comparison with results in previous years earnings of British subsidiaries have been converted in the statement to $4.85 per pound sterling.

The International Mercantile Marine Company can secure the earnings of the British companies, which produce a majority of the totals mentioned previously, only through the declaration of dividends. For this reason a second estimated earnings statement made up of the returns from steamers operated by the company and dividends received from the subsidiary companies was also provided with a footnote that the dividends of the British companies had been converted at the market rate of exchange on the date they were received. This showed total net of the parent company plus dividends of the subsidiaries, after deducting taxes and general expenses, amounting to $15,207,764, as compared with the actual figures in the year before, which were $10,268,378. After the deduction of further interest charges and depreciation net was estimated at $12,-283,127, as compared with $7,271,660 in 1918.

The statement which was distributed before the annual meeting of stockholders yesterday said regarding current earnings:

"Our earnings so far this year have been below those for the corresponding period of 1919, due to recession in freight rates, labor difficulties in various directions seriously interfering with the regular movement of traffic and the dispatch of our steamers, and particularly to the excessive cost of fuel and the serious difficulty at times in securing same.

"It is expected, however, that the earnings for the remainder of the year will show an improvement, as some of our passenger steamers engaged in war service have recently been reconditioned and restored to their trades and are beginning to operate more satisfactorily, although the expense of operating them has very materially increased. The number of passengers moving is very satisfactory."

President P. A. S. Franklin told stockholders at the annual meeting that the company does not plan to buy vessels from the United States Shipping Board at present prices asked for the Board's tonnage. He said that the company's bid for the Leviathan had been rejected by the Board and that the final ownership of that former German ship was in doubt. He also explained that the company would complete the work it is doing of reconditioning the Leviathan which is on contract.

The meeting was purely routine, retiring Directors being re-elected.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC SEEKS $15,000,000

Equipment Trust Certificates to be Offered Today by Kuhn, Loeb & Co.

The Southern Pacific is the latest railroad to apply to the investment market for equipment funds. Through Kuhn, Loeb & Co. there will be offered today $15,000,000 of four to fifteen-year 7 per cent. equipment trust certificates of the Southern Pacific Company at prices ranging from par, for the shorter maturities, to 101 for the longest maturity.

These notes are similar to those recently offered by the Union Pacific Railroad Company through the same bankers. The notes are to be issued under the Philadelphia plan, with the equipment trusteed with the Commercial Trust Company of Philadelphia. They are to be secured by approximately $22,500,000 of equipment of various kinds, including seventy-two locomotives of several types and a considerable number of both freight and passenger cars.

The notes will mature in equal installments, beginning in four years and extending to fifteen years.

OIL DIVIDENDS DECLARED.

Both Pan-American and Mexican Petroleum Divide Earnings.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, June 7.—At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pan American Petroleum Company this morning the regular cash dividend of $2 a share was declared on Mexican Petroleum preferred stock and a dividend of $2.50 a share was declared on Mexican Petroleum common, the former payable on July 1 and the latter on July 10.

Dividends on both classes will be payable to stockholders of record on June 19. At the same time a 10 per cent. dividend was declared on Mexican Petroleum Company, payable in common stock to stockholders of record on June 19.

On Pan American Petroleum Company stock, the regular 3 per cent. cash dividend of $1.50 a share is declared, payable on July 10 to stockholders of record of June 19. A stock dividend amounting to 10 per cent. of par value of the stock was also declared, being payable in Class B common stock to stockholders of record on June 19.

The report of the company was not submitted at today's meeting because, owing to Mr. Doheny's absence, it probably will not be completed until July 1.

Mercer Earnings $203,410.

Emlen S. Hare, President of the Mercer Motors Company, reports net earnings of the company for the first four months of this year as $203,410 before providing for Federal taxes. The Mercer Company now owns 40,000 shares of the Locomobile Company, which stock is estimated to have an earnings capacity of $7 per share during this year. The present Mercer earnings are at the rate of $610,230 a year, or slightly more than $6 a share on the outstanding stock.

Sapulpa Surplus, $52,246.

The Sapulpa Refining Company, in its annual report for last year, shows a surplus after charges and ordinary taxes of $52,246, or the equivalent of 8 cents a share on the capital stock. In the previous year the earnings after Federal taxes were $236,826, or 55 cents a share. The net sales last year were $4,110,378, as compared with $5,638,566 in the preceding year.

British Columbia Bonds Offered.

Halsey, Stuart & Co., A. E. Ames & Co., the Dominion Securities Company, and Wood, Gundy & Co. are offering $2,000,000 Province of British Columbia 6 per cent. bonds, due June 4, 1926, at a price to yield 7% per cent.

BAR SILVER SLUMPS HERE AND IN LONDON

Quotations Drop 3⅝ Cents to Lowest Mark Since Open Market Was Restored.

TRADING IN METAL LIGHT

Private Reports from England Indicate Financial Difficulties in the Far East.

Bar silver yesterday suffered one of the most abrupt declines that it has experienced thus far in the reaction from the record high figures early in the year. The quotation in the London market was 71 9-16d, a loss from the closing of last week of 2¾d., while the New York "official" figure was 94¼ cents, down 3⅝ cents from Saturday. The high prices for the year were 89d., for London, February 7, and $1.37 for New York, on January 12. The London price was the highest for all time, while the New York figure was ½ cent under the record high of November, 1919. Yesterday's quotations were the lowest since the open market was restored some months ago, and for London was the lowest reached since July of last year. The New York price was the lowest since August, 1918.

The local market was quiet, no large amounts, so far as could be learned, changing hands, and such business as was done was confined to small amounts. In London, according to private advices, business was fairly brisk. The chief source of supply came from the Indian bazaars, which offered freely, and from Continental countries, where silver coins have been withdrawn from circulation for their bullion value. Most of the European countries have prohibited either the melting down of their coin or the export of silver metal, but reports reaching here state that an active business is being done despite official restrictions.

There were no evidences of Government support to the local market. Dealers said they had heard of practically no purchases by the Government under the recently amended Pittman act, and expressed the opinion that the restrictions surrounding such purchases were so great as to make the operation prohibitive. Under this act the Government agents are empowered to purchase silver at the rate of $1 an ounce, but they are allowed to accept only silver which is produced in United States mines and refined at smelters in this country.

Men in the trade say it is virtually impossible to identify silver already in the form of commercial bars and expect it will be several months before any offerings in quantity are made. This offer of the Government, however, has acted as a "peg" to the market, and very little silver is now to be had at anything like the so-called "official" price. No sales of round lots, it is said, have been made at less than $1, despite the fact that the official quotation has been below the dollar level for two or three weeks.

The private reports from London of sales for account of the Indian bazaars and the fact that both Chinese and Indian exchange rates were sharply lower yesterday, gave rise to reports of a new outbreak of financial difficulties in the Far East. Bankers here were without definite advices in the matter, but the fact that these exchanges and the silver market all were weak caused some apprehension.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Stock Prices Ease Off.

After following a desultory course, prices on the New York Stock Exchange fell off rather sharply during the final hour of trading yesterday in so far as the more active issues were concerned. Taking the day as a whole, however, the volume of trading was restricted and the trend of quotations hardly reflected any real current of opinion. The opening was soft, but the initial declines were not increased to any great extent as the day progressed until the money rate began to move up in the late afternoon. The sway of prices undoubtedly was brought about by the position of the floor traders, who for some time have had leanings to the bear side.

***

Baldwin's Orders.

It was rumored yesterday that Samuel F. Vauclain, President of the Baldwin Locomotive Works, had acted for his company somewhat in the same manner as did Charles M. Schwab for the Bethlehem Steel Company at the outset of the European war. In other words, it was asserted that Mr. Vauclain had brought back with him from Europe a large number of orders for equipment. It has been asserted, however, that the chief difficulty with regard to European equipment orders is not so much the obtaining of orders as the arrangement of credit. At all events the Baldwin shares did not respond particularly to yesterday's gossip. That which the shareholders would undoubtedly like to hear more of is the supposed plan with relation to the recapitalization of the company on a basis which will permit of a melon cutting for the holders of the stock. Action along this line has long been rumored, but realization of the hopes seems as far off as ever.

***

Call Rate Rises.

The call money rate has for some time been responsive to any but the most limited demands for accommodation. An increase has usually seen the rate move up to 7 per cent. Yesterday, however, there was an advance from 6 to 10 per cent. during the latter part of the trading session. This was more of a jump than the money rate has taken for a long time and perhaps influenced some liquidation as well as some short-selling in the stock market. So far as could be discovered there was no outstanding reason for the advance and traders were a bit mystified by the happening. This was especially true since at the time that money was advancing stocks were declining.

***

Rails Quiet.

As a group the rails were out of the limelight yesterday, there being no selling to speak of, but what offerings did come on the market were at recessions in most of the cases. There was little of significance, however, in the market movement of the shares. In the case of some issues only the opening quotation was recorded on the boards in commission houses until well along in the afternoon. The fact that there was no large selling of the rails as the market declined led not a few to the presumption that the trading of the last few weeks had carried many of the rail stocks into strong hands, which were well content to hold them for appreciation in the future.

***

The Reading Decision.

Wall Street had another decision in the Reading case to consider yesterday when the Supreme Court refused to modify its verdict of some few weeks ago that the company be dissolved. So many decisions were handed down that the word as to Reading was not flashed on the news tickers until after the market had closed. A stock market interpretation of the news in actual quotations for Reading was lacking. The argument for modification of the dissolution has been hanging over the market for some time and has acted adversely on the Reading shares, since there was a possibility that the contemplated distribution of assets might be interfered with. With this cloud off the horizon, there were many who believed yesterday that a melon cutting would eventuate.

***

Oil and Shipping.

The shortage of oil has been so emphasized by those who know and by those who have only a slight knowledge of the real situation that it is not strange there should be a cry for conservation of resources. In other words, it is now proposed by some that the use of oil be restricted and that the product be diverted only to essential uses. It is pointed out that the needs of the navy are constantly growing through the building of additional oil burning battleships, cruisers and destroyers, and sight is not being lost of the fact that if we are to have a merchant marine it will be one dependent largely upon oil as fuel. Therefore it is argued that the use of petroleum should be cut down where it is replacing coal in manufacturing plants and, furthermore, that its extravagant use in automobiles be at least curtailed. Steps already have been taken to open new fields, and while increased production is not to be expected this year, development work eventually must bring them into bearing.

***

Mercantile Marine Gains.

The report of the International Mercantile Marine Company, issued yesterday, was a revelation to many. The earnings were higher than had been expected, showing conclusively that there was a heavy overseas business for the boats available, even though exports were not at their peak. There is still a goodly proportion of accrued dividends on the preferred stock, and with such an earnings statement as has been put forth, it is believed by market observers that a further payment will be made this year on the back dividends. The preferred stock responded to the statement, which came out about noon, by moving up 1¼ points on a moderate turnover.

***

A Doheny Stock Dividend.

One Wall Street rumor justified itself yesterday, when word was received from Los Angeles that a 10 per cent. stock dividend had been declared on both Mexican Petroleum and Pan American Petroleum and Transport, the two leading Doheny companies. This declaration was in addition to the regular dividends on the stock. It long has been said in Wall Street that Pan American contemplated making a stock distribution. The original date set for the meeting of Directors of the two companies was scheduled for late last week. This was postponed, however, until yesterday, the action, presumably, being taken so that word might be received as to the status of the Bonus bill, in which was provided a tax on stock dividends. This bill was not acted upon before Congress adjourned, and by some it is believed that its urgency will not be so strenuously pressed if it is brought up again as unfinished business in December.

COTTON EXCHANGE ELECTION

Officers and Managers Chosen to be Announced Today.

The annual election of officers and managers of the New York Cotton Exchange was held yesterday, but, following the practice in such matters, the results will not be announced until this morning, when the inspectors will post the certified report. The only contests of the regular nominations were those of Leon E. Lowenstein and Spencer Waters for membership on the Board of Managers against John W. Jay and J. Theus Munds.

The regular nominees were Leopold S. Sache for President, George M. Shutt for Vice President, James F. Maury for Treasurer, and, in addition to Mr. Jay and Mr. Munds, for Managers, Louis Brooks, Thomas F. Cahill, William L. Clayton, Edward K. Cone, J. Temple Gwathmey, Walter C. Hicks, Samuel T. Hubbard, Jr., Edward F. Hutton, William H. Judson, Tom B. Owens, Leigh M. Pearsall, Paul Pfleger and Henry H. Royce. Robert P. McDougall was nominated for Trustee of the Gratuity Fund, and William A. Boger, T. Lucelle Guild and J. Victor Di Bergo were nominated for Inspectors of Election.

The Labor Factor is of Minor Importance

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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

MONDAY, JUNE 7, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	893,457	1,844,311	267,943
Year to date	116,124,358½	118,192,033	65,316,048

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
29	32½	700	Adams Express	30½	30½	30	30½	+ ½
32½	33½	300	Advance Rumely	33½	34½	33½	33½	— ¼
64	64⅝	200	Advance Rumely pf	64½	64½	64½	64¾	— ¼
66	68	100	Ajax Rubber	67	67	67	67	...
1¼	1⅝	200	Alaska Gold Mines	1½	1½	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
37⅝	38¼	400	Allis-Chalmers Mfg	38½	38¾	37⅞	37⅞	— ⅛
76	77	400	Allis-Chal. Mfg. pf	77½	78	77	77	+2
85	86⅜	100	Am. Agricul. Chem	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	86⅞	+2½
88½	90	1,000	Am. Beet Sugar	90¾	90¾	90	90	— ¾
38¼	39¼	600	Am. Can	38½	39¼	38½	39¼	— ¼
138	138½	1,300	Am. Car & Fdry	140	140½	139⅝	139⅝	—2½
40	44½	200	Am. Cotton Oil	43½	43½	43	43	— ½
	80	100	Am. Cotton Oil pf	79¾	79¾	79¾	79¾	+ ¾
11⅜	11⅝	1,400	Am. Druggists	12	12	11⅜	11⅜	— ⅛
17⅞	18½	100	Am. H. & Leather	18	18	18	18	— ⅛
92	93½	200	Am. H. & L. pf	92¼	92½	92	92	+ ⅜
85⅜	86¾	3,200	Am. International	86¼	87½	86	86	— ¼
96¾	97	5,100	Am. Locomotive	97¾	98⅜	96	96	—1¾
99	102	200	Am. Locomotive pf	99	99½	99	99½	+1
15¼	15¾	2,000	Am. Safety Razor	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	— ¼
24½	24¾	10,100	Am. Ship & Com	25	25⅜	24⅜	24⅝	— ⅛
59¾	59¾	1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref	59¾	60¼	59¼	59⅝	+ ⅛
89½	90½	200	Am. Smelt. & R. pf	90	90	89⅞	89⅞	— ⅛
39	39¾	700	Am. Steel Fdries	39½	39½	39¼	39¼	— ⅛
89	89	100	Am. Steel Fdries pf	87	87	87	87	...
123¼	124	2,900	Am. Sugar Ref	123½	124	123	123¾	—¾
87¾	88	1,100	Am. Sumatra Tob	88	88	87¾	87¾	—1¼
94½	94¾	500	Am. Tel. & Tel	94½	94¾	94¼	94¾	+ ⅛
86	88	500	Am. Tob. pf. new	89	89	87	87	—1½
57¾	57¾	6,300	Am. Tob. Securities	58½	59	57¾	57¾	—1
97	97½	1,100	Am. Woolen x r	98	98⅝	97	97	—1¼
44	44	500	Am. Writing P. pf	45¾	46	45¾	45¾	+1
56½	57¼	800	Anaconda Copper	56½	58¼	56½	56½	— ⅞
11⅝	13	100	Ann Arbor	12	12	12	12	+3
32½	33	1,200	Assoc. Dry Goods	32⅝	33⅝	32⅝	33⅝	+1⅜
79½	79¾	500	Atch., Top. & S. F	79⅞	79⅞	79¼	79½	— ⅛
74	75	400	Atch., T. & S. F. pf	75	75	74½	74½	— ⅜
163	165	6,200	At. Gulf & West I	164	167	163½	163¼	—1¼
1225	1300	1	Atlantic Refining	1275	1275	1275	1275	...
114½	114¾	22,000	Baldwin Loco.	115¼	116¾	114¼	114½	— ⅛
94	97	100	Baldwin Loco. pf	97	97	97	97	—2
31¼	31⅝	1,100	Baltimore & Ohio	31½	31⅝	31¼	31¼	— ⅛
43	43½	100	Balt. & Ohio pf	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾	— ¼
40	43½	100	Barnsdall, Class A	42	42	42	42	—1½
125	126	300	Barrett Co	125	125¼	125	125¾	+ ¾
20¾	21	500	Bethlehem Motors	21½	21½	21	21	— ¼
87	89	500	Bethlehem Steel	86½	89	86½	89	—1½
66¾	68½	6,300	Beth. Steel, Class B	66½	69	66¼	68¼	+1½
124	125	100	Brook. Rapid Tran	125	125	125	124½	+ ¼
87¾	87¾	100	Butte Copper & Z	87½	87½	87½	87½	...
23	23¼	200	Butte & Superior	23¼	23¼	23	23	— ⅛
13½	15	100	Butterick Co	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
70	70¼	100	Cal. Packing	70	70	70	70	+ ¼
28	29½	200	Cal. Petroleum	29½	29⅝	29½	29½	— ⅛
69	70	400	Cal. Petroleum pf	69½	69½	69	69½	— ⅛
112¼	113½	1,100	Canadian Pacific	112¾	114¾	112¾	113¾	+1
66	68⅜	100	Central Leather Co	65⅝	65⅞	65⅛	65⅝	—1⅝
99	101	100	Central Leather pf	100	100	100	100	...
42	44	200	Cerro de Pasco Cop	43	43	43	43	— ⅛
52	55	300	Certain-Teed Prod	55	55	55	55	...
129	130	1,500	Chandler Motor	130	133	129	129	—1½
51¾	52	300	Chesapeake & Ohio	51¾	51¾	51¾	51¾	— ⅛
32¾	33	900	Chi., M. & St. Paul	33	33	33	33	— ⅛
51	51¼	1,500	Chi., M. & St. P. pf	51¾	51¾	51	51	— ⅛
50¼	51¼	500	Chi. & Northwest	51¾	51¾	51	51	— ⅛
96¾	97½	100	Chi. Pneu. Tool	96¾	96¾	96¾	96¾	— ⅛
36¾	36¾	4,400	Chi., R. I. & Pac	37¼	38¼	36¾	36¾	— ⅛
74	74	200	C., R. I. & P. 7% pf	74	74	74	74	— ⅛
62¾	63	700	C., R. I. & P. 6% pf	62¾	63¼	62¾	63⅛	— ⅛
16½	16¾	700	Chile Copper	16½	16¾	16	16	— ⅛
31½	32	500	Chino Copper	31¾	32	31½	32	+ ⅛
51¾	52	500	C., C. C. & St. L	51¾	52¼	51¾	52¼	+1⅛
34½	35	1,800	Coca-Cola	34½	35¼	33½	33½	—1½
32¾	33	600	Col. Fuel & Iron	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	+ ¾
23	24	500

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SCRANTON WILKES-BARRE

AWARDS $260,000,000 IN RAILROAD LOANS

Interstate Commerce Commission Appropriates $125,000,000 for Rolling Stock.

CARRIERS TO GET $12,000,000

Roads Allowed $73,000,000 for Betterments and $50,000,000 to Meet Maturing Obligations.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Immediate appropriation of $125,000,000 of Government funds for the use of railroads to purchase new rolling stock was announced today by the Interstate Commerce Commission. The money will be advanced out of the $300,000,000 revolving fund provided in the Transportation act.

Appropriations for additions and betterments to promote the movement of cars were fixed at $73,000,000; to meet maturing obligations at $50,000,000, and for loans to carriers at $12,000,000.

Of the total to be advanced for rolling stock $75,000,000 will be set aside for the purchase of freight cars, with preference given to 20,000 refrigerator cars to move fruit crops, and $50,000,000 for the acquisition of locomotives, with preference given to freight and switching locomotives.

In each case first allotments will be made to roads making the greatest advances to meet the Government loans. In the case of the advance for locomotives applicants will be required to contribute at least 50 per cent. of the costs, but before any passenger locomotives are purchased attention will be given to the need for freight and switching engines by roads which are unable to make 50 per cent. advances.

Roads applying for loans for equipment and betterments also will be required to make such contributions "as it is within their power to furnish."

The commission will not recommend loans out of the $50,000,000 fund for retiring maturing obligations unless the applicants have clearly exhausted every effort to take care of maturities "by extension, by refunding and by every other means."

Extends Time for Applications.

Time for filing applications and amendments was extended to June 19 and the Association of Railway Executives, which proposed the division of the $300,000,000 revolving fund approved by the commission, was urged to submit its recommendations so that the general distribution of the funds might begin not later than June 26.

In an order issued today by the commission the methods to be employed in the tentative apportionment of the $300,000,000 fund is announced. The order says:

"The National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities has urged the organization for this purpose of a national equipment corporation. There are strong considerations in favor of such a project and by a recent amendment to Section 210 (Transportation act) Congress has authorized loans from the revolving fund to such a corporation."

The commission states it "will give preferred consideration to applications for loans to or for the purpose of such a corporation."

This is the plan proposed by S. Davies Warfield, President of the National Association of Owners of Railroad Securities, at the hearing of the commission on May 29.

The National Association of Owners is preparing to secure a charter, under the general law, for the formation of this national corporation to be used in the acquisition of equipment by those railroads that desire to purchase through this source. Congress likely will be asked later to extend the use of this corporation in rendering assistance to the commission. It is stated that railroads have already requested to be considered by this corporation in connection with the equipment they desire.

Rate Increase Opposition Weakens.

Opposition to the general freight rate increases asked by the railroads weakened perceptibly at the resumption of the hearings before the commission today, when W. E. Lamb, Chairman of the Shippers' Committee, announced that shippers had decided to forego detailed cross-examination of the statistical evidence introduced by the carriers.

Plans of the shippers originally called for an attack on the exhibits presented by the roads by which the estimated aggregate book value of over $20,000,000,000 was placed on the properties. This would form the basis for the 6 per cent. return which the carriers claim will necessitate an added income of more than $1,000,000,000 annually.

C. E. Cotterill of Atlanta, representing the Southern Traffic League, however, declared that it was his intention to question witnesses for the roads on all the phases of the evidence submitted. He conducted cross-examination today of M. P. Blauvelt, Vice President of the Illinois Central Railroad, on the earnings and operating expenses of the carriers.

State Commissioners and various shippers questioned Thomas Hulme of Philadelphia, valuation expert of the railroads, at length on the property items of the carriers which went into their book accounts. Shippers generally, however, showed their intention of relying on the commission's analysis of figures filed by the carriers relative to the property investment accounts.

FINANCIAL DISTRICT APPROVES

Apportionment of $125,000,000 Is Welcomed as Constructive Policy.

In the financial district news that the Interstate Commerce Commission had apportioned for immediate use in purchasing railroad equipment $125,000,000 out of the $300,000,000 fund provided in the Transportation act, was interpreted yesterday as further proof that the commission may be expected to act in the future along constructive lines. The ruling was not considered surprising in local railroad quarters, as the Commissioners have been cooperating right along with the railroad executives in trying to solve the transportation problem.

Some time ago the Commission requested the association, representing a big majority of the railroad companies, to canvass its members with the view of uncovering the actual minimum financial requirements of each. This was done and the association's recommendations were sent to the Commission. They called for the apportionment of $125,000,000 for the purchase of railroad cars and locomotives.

The stipulation made by the Commission that $75,000,000 of the $125,000,000 be used in purchasing cars and that the balance be spent for locomotives was generally considered as good, while the refusal to create an equipment corporation or corporations was also looked upon as a wise decision.

In some quarters the demand of the Commission that applicants for a portion of the equipment fund should contribute at least 50 per cent. of the cost of equipment to be purchased was not so favorably received. The fact that the Commission indicated that it would distribute the funds so that the small and the so-called "weaker roads" would have a good opportunity to participate, however, was considered eminently fair.

In fact the general sentiment in railroad quarters seems to be improving, another item which was well received yesterday being the news of the recent meeting of the Labor Committee of the Association of Railway Executives and representatives of railroad labor organizations in Chicago recently. This was interpreted as a further indication that railroad labor and the executives are showing even a stronger willingness to get together for the general good.

Woolworth May Sales, $11,320,307.

The F. W. Woolworth Company reports May sales of $11,320,307, the largest for that month in the history of the company. The business for the first five months of this year amounted to $48,277,596, or a gain of approximately $7,000,000 over the corresponding period of last year.

Produce Exchange Elects Officers.

Walter B. Pollock was elected President of the New York Produce Exchange yesterday and J. Barstow Smull Vice President. Edward R. Carhart was elected Treasurer.

Coffee and Sugar Exchange Rates.

The New York Coffee and Sugar Exchange yesterday adopted new bylaws providing for an increase in commission rates to members who live in the United States. The new rates range from $0.25 on a contract of 250 bags to $10. The rates to non-members in the United States will be double the foregoing with an additional $2.50 to non-members outside of the United States. Sliding rates were also adopted to apply on sugar transactions.

Trustworthy chauffeurs can be supplied through the Help Wanted and Situation Wanted columns of The New York Times.—Advt.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

MONDAY, JUNE 7, 1920.

	1920.	1919	1918.
Day's sales	$16,827,000	$12,577,900	$6,758,000
Year to date	1,760,304,900	1,443,222,439	661,991,500

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s 1932-47	20	80.80	4	95.40	At, T & S Fe gen 4s	2	97⅜
73	91.14	80	80.82	17	95.46		4	96
3	91.30	15	80.84	11	95.50	2	72⅜
6	91.36	20	80.80	2	95.60	8	72⅝
51	91.20	4	80.82	1	95.50	6	72⅞
80	91.14	50	80.74	65	95.66	Atl Coast Line 1st 4s	2	73
6	91.20	41	80.70	25	95.68	5	72⅝
20	91.24	10	80.68	25	95.66	2	73¼
100	91.20	30	80.62	32	95.60	gen unif 4½s	1	71
10	91.30	5	80.64	2	95.64	7s JPM rects	10	97⅝
10	91.40	1	80.60	6	95.66	4s, 1953	5	62
5	91.30	41	80.62	4	95.60	temp 5½s	1	60
15	91.40	4	80.64	6	95.66	gold 4s	2	85¼
14	91.30	3	80.70	1	95.62	Ind N G 5s	3	73
25	91.34	43	80.62	11	95.66	conv 4½s	2	80
2	91.30	35	80.60	26	95.70	Ind Steel 5s	1	85¾
2	91.40	10	80.54	2	95.80	1	85¾
28	91.48	111	80.50	2	95.76	1	85¼
30	91.50	7	80.54	4	95.80	Int-Met 4½s	3	50
$488,000 1st conv 4s 1932-1947		1	80.60	12	95.90	1	16½
36	96.24	10	80.52	60	95.92	5	16½
2	96.30	28	80.50	50	95.90	1	16¾
10	96.40	1	80.46	25	95.96	I R T 1st & ref 5s	1	61¼
1	96.50	11	80.58	100	95.90	2	61½
6	96.30	$1,314,000 registered 4½s 1925-1963		126	95.98	11	61⅝
$49,000 3d 4s 1927-41		5	89.40	10	95.94	Kan C So 5s	1	62⅜
30	85.20	30	85.72	5	95.96	Ky Cent 4s	1	62⅜
18	85.40	85	85.70	35	95.94	L & N unif 4s	18	76
5	85.20	45	85.60	19	95.98	1	85¾
1	85.30	200	85.58	10	95.94	KO, FS&MM 4s	1	60¾
5	85.40	50	85.50	18	95.90	Kan C So 5s	1	66½
55	85.20	115	85.44	4	95.96	1	66
5	85.10	72	85.50	31	95.92	Beth Stl ext 5s	2	66½
$117,000 1st conv 4½s 1932-47		20	85.54	1	96.00	80	95.98	Bush Term 5s	2	66½
2	87.10	3	85.56	5	95.98	75	95.92	Cent of Ga 6s	1	66¾
10	86.70	110	85.56	42	95.92	Cent Leath 5s	8	53¾
10	86.60	500	85.50	3½	96.00	2	91	Cent N E 4s	1	66½
20	86.50	108	85.56	50	95.98	1	48	CenFac gtd 4s	2	69¾
10	86.74	9	85.60	25	95.94	C & O con 5s	3	86¾
22	86.80	8	85.58	19	95.92	registered	1	92¾
10	86.66	1	85.50	$1,853,500 Anglo-Fr 5s			1	92¾
30	86.60	4	85.62	10	99	conv 4½s	1	93¾
9	86.74	5	85.68	1	99¼	1	93¾
$198,500 2d conv 4½s, 1927-42		5	85.66	2	99.20	C & O con 5s	1	70
87	85.30	5	85.60	268	99½	2	86¾	Cons Coal 5s	2	97½
158	85.00	90	85.70	5	99.22	registered	2	85½	City Bord 6s, temp ctfs	1	85¼
28	85.10	12	85.66	20	99½	1	92¾	City Lyons 6s, temp ctfs	2	74¾
150	86.20	18	85.70	139	99¾	conv 4½s	1	82½	City Marsis 6s, temp ctfs	1	74
27	85.30	½	85.60	300	99.78	1	80¾	Chi & Alt 3s	2	42½
15	85.20	10	85.66	10	99.80	conv 5s	1	70	3½s	1	33¾
26	85.24	6	85.74	2	99.84	Chi & Alt 3s	2	74¾	City Paris 6s,	4	92
10	85.20	5	85.70	6	99.86	1	74	3½	85½	1	91¾
1	85.26	4	85.66	4	99.82	Chi & Alt 3s	2	42½	City Paris 6s,	8	91¾
12	85.26	7	85.70	2	99.84	3½s	1	33¾	7	91½
2	85.28	28	85.80	1	99.82	C, B & Q 3½ 1st & ref	25	71	Dom Canada 5s, 1921	5	92
11	85.34	15	85.90	4	99.86	1	71¼	4	97¼
88	85.30	10	85.86	1	99.84	C, B & Q 4s	1	91¾	5½s, 1921	1	96⅞
24	85.26	10	85.90	1	99.86	2	94¼	8	91¾	5s, 1926	2	97½
25	85.24	2	85.98	7	91½	3	94¾	5	92	5s, 1926	99
1	85.30	5	85.94	5	92	2	94¼	Dom Canada 5s, 1921	4	97¼	5½s, 1929	1	90¼
1	85.32	28	85.86	55	86.00	11	94¾	1	96⅞	1	90¾
5	85.30	5	85.90	1	86.04	36	94¼	5½s, 1921	1	94½	5s, 1931	2	88¾
5	85.28	151	86.00	1	86.02	Ill div 4s	2	75	5s, 1926	2	97½
1	85.30	10	86.04	10	86.08	C, M & St P gen 4s, ser A	1	61¼	5s, 1926	99
25	85.26	10	86.08	2	86.10	conv 4½s	6	67	5½s, 1929	1	90¼
115	85.24	4	86.10	4	86.08	cv 5s ser B	1	65	5s, 1931	1	90¾
300	85.20	17	86.08	2	86.04	10	66	4	91
10	85.28	1	86.04	5½s, 1929	99	ref 4½s	3	55¾	5s, 1931	2	88¾
104	85.30	10	86.16	1	90¼	C&N W gen 4s	3	70	Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan	1	75
10	85.40	20	86.18	1	90¾	C, R I & P Ry ref 4s	1	64½	4s, ster loan	2	55¾
55	85.36	1	86.10	5	91	1	64¼	2	56¼
10	85.44	2½	86.20	4	91	5	64⅝	9	56½
21	85.60	5	86.16	5s, 1931	2	88¾	1	64¾	5	56⅝
5	85.68	1	86.20	Jap Govt 4½s, ster loan	1	75	21	64	14	56¼
15	85.70	10	86.18	4s, ster loan	2	55¾	4	64¼	6	56¾
10	85.76	310	86.04	2	56¼	3	64	1	57
18	85.78	15	86.14	9	56½	C U Sta 6½s Interim ctfs	9	101¼	1	56⅝
65	85.70	16	86.04	5	56⅝	4	101¼	Kingdom of Italy 6½s	4	93
5	85.78	100	86.00	14	56¼	2	101	Rep Cuba 4½s	80	73¾
10	85.74	4	86.04	6	56¾	C & W I con 4s	3	53¾	UnKof GB & I 5½s, 1921	8	94⅝
31	85.78	3	86.10	2	57	C Cop col tr 6s	15	74½	9	94⅞
250	85.80	452	86.00	1	56⅝	C, C, C & St L Cairo div 4s	12	74¾	1	95
10	85.76	5	85.94	14	56¼	C & S ref & ext 4½s	1	70¾	5½s, 1922 rcts	6	95.90
6	85.84	45	85.90	6	56¾	C Gas cnv 6s	1	89⅝	5½s, '29, rcts	3	95.94
25	85.88	1,076	86.00	1	57	2	89¾	1	89⅝	2	95.92
2	85.90	12	85.90	5	56⅝	1	90	2	89¾	3	95.90
44	85.78	100	85.96	1	56¾	4	90¼	8	89½	14	95.88
5	85.86	2	85.90	2	57	2	90½	10	89¾	5	95.90
156	85.78	10	85.92	1	56⅞	6	90¾	57	89⅝	1	95.94
10	85.84	6½	86.00	1	86.00	5½s, 1937	4	84¾	33	86.72
38	85.80	1	86.00	4	84¾	10	86.76
4	85.86	8	85.92	2	84¾	N Y City 4s, 1957	3	81¾
1	85.84	60	85.90	6	84¾	4s, 1959	1	81¾
1	85.82	4	85.94	42	95.92	4s, Nov, '57	5	82½
80	85.80	11	85.96	3½	96.00	1963	2	93
2½	85.86	70	85.80	5	95.98	Adams Ex 4s	1	55
54	85.84	5	85.86	1	95.94	AmAgC deb 5s	1	92
5	85.88	11	85.90	2	96.00	Am Sm & Ref temp 1st 5s	1	77½
15	85.86	2	86.00	6	95.96	3	77¼
22	85.52	6	85.90	3	95.94	7	77
60	85.50	3	85.94	1	96.00	1	77¾
32	85.56	7	85.98	2	94½	Am Tel & Tel col 4s	1	74¼
8	85.60	12	85.96	2	94¼	2	74
4	85.56	1	86.00	1	94¾	col tr 5s	2	76¾
8	85.54	17	85.96	2	95%	3	75¾
3	85.50	20	85.90	2	95¾	10	76¼
1	85.60	14	85.86	3	89½	1	75½
25	85.52	10	85.82	8	89¾								
17	85.54	76	85.80	57	89¾								
2	85.60	33	85.72	1	90								
10	85.82	10	85.76	2	90¼								
15	85.50												
$2,484,800 2d 4½s 1928		$5,056,000 Vic Lib Loan 3½s, 1922-23											
13	89.66	50	95.36										
2	89.70	10	95.40										
6	89.68	10	95.34										
3	89.64	10	95.36										
25	89.62	10	95.50										
17	89.60	10	95.40										
43	89.50	15	95.42										
63	89.60	25	95.54										
7	89.66	25	95.56										
2	89.56	10	95.42										
15	89.58	10	95.54										
1	89.66	50	95.44										
94	89.60	10	95.56										
20	89.68	30	95.70										
2	89.66	1,659	96.00										
13	89.66	5	96.00										
41	89.70	360	96.02										
6	89.62	2	96.00										
21	89.60	45	95.94										
87	89.68	210	96.00										
85	89.72	40	95.94										
2	89.74	90	95.92										
75	89.72	30	95.96										
10	89.70	45	95.92										
3	89.74												
20	89.78	$2,205,000 4½s, 1922-23											
1	89.80	14	95.50										
19	89.78	50	95.64										
8	89.72	151	95.40										
2	89.76	21	95.36										
77	89.80	51	95.54										
12	89.90	10	95.44										

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Interest Guaranteed by large system. TO YIELD 7.50%

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FOR the convenience of our customers we have made special arrangements by which we can open check and deposit accounts on their behalf with the

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and their thirty-eight branches in various cities in North and South Germany, (Including Frankfurt, Munich, Nuremberg, etc.)

THE CAPITAL AND RESERVES OF THESE INSTITUTIONS ARE IN EXCESS OF 60 MILLION MARKS.

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We Offer a Large Variety of German Municipal and Industrial Bonds, Many of Which Are Ready for Delivery at This Office.

Orders for all Foreign Industrial and Banking Shares Promptly Executed.

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A Banking Corporation organized under New York State Banking Laws.

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1919 -	$39,000
1920 -	$192,000

Application will be made to list on New York Stock Exchange

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Rector 9112-5

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We have prepared in pamphlet form an explanation of the Cummins-Esch Railroad Bill, one of the most important pieces of legislation enacted in many years, and the results of which will be far-reaching in their effect upon the future of our railroad systems.

This pamphlet corrects some existing erroneous impressions.

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To The Man Who Has Made Money

It is harder to save it than to make it. Why?

Because success in making money may cause you to relax the judgment and caution that acquired it.

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Take at least some of your money and put it where no one else can take it—in PRUDENCE-BONDS, backed by first-mortgages on income-earning real estate, paying 6%, and guaranteed as to interest and principal by our entire resources.

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Send for Booklet F-33.

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GUARANTY TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK
Trustees of This Issue.

Exempt from All Federal Income Taxes and New York State Taxes

Town of Mamaroneck, Westchester County, New York

School 5½% Coupon Bonds

Due November 1, 1930-1939 inclusive.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Assessed Value	$18,494,235
Total Debt	146,250
Population—10,000	

Principal and semi-annual interest payable in New York.

Legality approved by George S. Clay, Esq.

Price to yield 5¼%

THAYER, DREW & CO.
MUNICIPAL BONDS
111 Broadway, New York Telephone Rector 8418-9

Modern Investment Practice

The first of our series of leaflets on this subject is now ready and is entitled

"Lessons for Bondholders"

Based upon the actual experience of investors in recent years, it emphasizes the need of new standards for measuring the safety of bond issues and of a new attitude by the bondowner toward his holdings.

We shall be glad to send copies of this and the following leaflets upon request.

Ask for N-1.

NEWBURGER, HENDERSON & LOEB
MEMBERS OF NEW YORK & PHILA. STOCK EXCHANGES
100 BROADWAY
PHILADELPHIA OFFICE

A 7% BOND
Payable at 150
in 1935

The equivalent of these terms can be secured by purchasing bonds of a $25,000,000 closed First Mortgage issue, described in our special Letter R. Interest on the issue is earned 7 times.

The prevailing rate of Sterling exchange is an important factor in this extremely interesting situation.

Copy of Letter R will be sent on request.

J. G. WHITE & COMPANY
INCORPORATED
37 WALL STREET, NEW YORK

ALLAN RYAN SUES STOCK EXCHANGE

Notice of Action Filed Believed to be an Echo of Stutz Corner.

DETAILS ARE WITHHELD

Exchange Officials Profess to be Surprised and Deny Knowledge of Any Litigation.

Allan A. Ryan, through his attorneys, Stanchfield & Levy, has filed notice of suit against the New York Stock Exchange. The action is believed to have grown out of the famous corner in Stutz Motor several weeks ago. Mr. Ryan's attorneys yesterday referred inquiries as to the purpose of the suit to the New York Stock Exchange, where officials professed surprise that litigation was to be brought, and denied knowing of the action. William H. Remick, President of the Stock Exchange, said he had not heard Mr. Ryan was about to sue the Exchange.

In the financial district there was much speculation as to what question would be raised for settlement in court. Mr. Ryan's differences with the Exchange date back to the controversy when trading in Stutz shares was suspended by order of the Board of Governors, it being asserted that a corner existed. Finally, at the request of the Stutz Motor Car Company, Stutz shares were stricken from the list. After bitter discussions and sensational charges that the Governors of the Exchange were short of the stock a settlement between the shorts and Mr. Ryan was effected.

During the controversy Mr. Ryan resigned from the Exchange but the resignation was not acted upon. As far as the Exchange is concerned Mr. Ryan is still a member. At the time of the resignation he asked that his seat be sold for whatever price it would bring. This request was not complied with. Several letters have passed between the Stock Exchange and Mr. Ryan within the last few days, but the text of the correspondence has been withheld. It is believed, however, that it had to do with the sale of the seat. It was deduced yesterday that the suit was brought to force a sale of the Stock Exchange membership. At the present price for seats there is about $90,000 held up, and it is to obtain a release of these funds that Mr. Ryan is believed to be entering suit.

Some brokers believed the suit might be for damages because the Stock Exchange suspended trading in Stutz stock. It was pointed out, however, that it might be a hard thing to establish a case of damages, as the shorts settled with Mr. Ryan at $550 a share. It is understood the complaint in the suit will be filed within a few days and this will reveal the purpose of the action.

EARNINGS.

Railroads.

CHICAGO & NORTHWESTERN for April—

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Gross	$10,525,992	$9,840,278	$9,172,068
Def. aft. taxes	394,630	*433,948	*1,128,110
Net op. deficit	573,958	*357,661	*1,228,117
4 mos. gross	46,233,357	38,734,286	32,457,920
Bal. aft. taxes	532,647	1,383,354	1,309,820
Net op. income	314,176	1,037,151	1,833,985

*Income.

HOCKING VALLEY for April—

Gross	780,836	765,559	792,809
Def. aft. taxes	142,920	*47,763	*72,327
Net op. income	30,741	47,370	174,342
4 mos. gross	4,093,556	2,216,569	3,003,673
Bal. aft. taxes	155,361	†597,616	†54,587
Net op. income	661,815	†481,756	158,167

*Income. †Deficit.

PERE MARQUETTE for April—

Gross	2,215,523	2,690,531	2,323,348
Def. aft. taxes	238,622	*351,089	*575,333
Net op. income	455,875	*283,121	*404,420
4 mos. gross	10,869,327	9,982,716	7,409,109
Def. aft. taxes	11,888	*1,320,240	*775,077
Net op. deficit	861,230	*1,044,514	*268,294

*Income.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO & ST. LOUIS for March—

Gross	8,082,920	6,920,987	6,926,658
Def. aft. taxes	661,760	13,270	*1,082,334
Net op. deficit	758,152	56,722	*870,981
3 mos. gross	26,073,527	20,940,762	16,311,388
Def. aft. taxes	936,629	107,540	173,285
Net op. deficit	1,296,812	294,702	840,207

*Income.

Public Utilities.

EAST ST. LOUIS & SUBURBAN CO. SYSTEM—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Ac. pr. gross	300,067	247,524	52,543
Def. aft. taxes	58,659	40,348	18,311
Sur. aft. chgs.	4,169	†16,770	20,939
12 mos. gross	3,483,294	3,322,600	160,694
Net aft. taxes	797,847	794,762	3,085
Sur. aft. chgs.	136,947	138,363	*1,416

*Decrease. †Deficit.

INTERNATIONAL RAILWAY CO. for three months ended March 31, 1920—

Gross earn	2,418,022	2,147,287	270,735
Net earnings	482,641	352,085	129,656
Total income	530,273	225,408	104,865
Sur. aft. chgs.	212,989	77,823	135,166

Miscellaneous.

F. W. WOOLWORTH CO.—

May	11,320,307	9,924,491	1,395,816
5 months	49,577,596	42,509,119	7,068,477

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Record.
Am. Wholesale pf	1¾	Q	July 1	June 15
Am. Woolen com.	4			
pf.	$1.75	Q	July 15	June 17
Beech Creek	50c	Q	July 1	June 15
Hudson Trust	2½		June 30	June 19
Locomobile Co. pf.	1¾	Q		June 15
Man. El. R. R. & L.	$1.50	Q	July 1	June 21
Mexican Pet.	2½	Q	July 10	June 19
De	$10	stock		June 19
De pf.	3	Q	July 1	June 15
Morris & Essex	$1.75	SA	July 1	June 9
N. Y. & Harlem com. & pf.	$2.50	SA	July 1	June 15
N. Y. Lack. & W.	1¼	Q	July 1	June 14
Penn-Am. Pet. A & B	$1.50	Q	July 10	June 16
Do.	$10	stock		June 19
Pitts., McK. & Y.	$1.50	SA	July 1	June 15
Sens. & Sars.	$4.00	SA	July 1	June 15
Seaman's Oil	5	Q	June 30	June 15
Sears Roebuck pf.	1¾	Q	July 1	June 15
Trus. Con. Steel	4	Q	July 15	July 5
Willys Corp 1st pf.	$1.75	Q	July 1	June 19

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Revenue receipts and expenditures:

	This Mo.	Fiscal Year.
Customs	$3,259,071	$291,959,968
Internal revenue:		
Income and profits tax	8,057,933	3,208,696,149
Miscellaneous	11,166,867	1,343,223,151
Misc. revenue	3,060,003	565,572,746
Total	$25,583,875	$5,409,252,030
Excess of disbursements over receipts, exclusive of principal of public debt	45,909,002	586,161,796
Expenditures	51,627,146	5,551,970,083

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Cot. Oil.	6	Sept. 2,'24	90	91½	6.30
Am. T. & T.	6	Oct., 1922	94½	94¾	6.50
Am. T. & T.		Feb., 1924	92½	93	6.35
Am. Thread	6	Dec.19,'22	94	97	6.30
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1920	99¾	100¼	6.95
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1921	99¼	99¾	7.20
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1922	99¼	100	7.00
Am. Tobacco	7	Nov., 1923	99¾	99¾	7.15
Ancon. Co.	8	Jan., 1920	87	88	7.95
A-Am.C.,Ltd.	7½	April, 1925	99¾	100	7.80
Armour & Co.	6	1920 - 1924	98	99	
Beth. S.Corp.	7	July, 1923	97¾	97¾	7.90
Beth. S.Corp.	7	July, '22	98	98¼	7.60
Can. Pac. R.	6	Mar.2, '24	93	93¾	7.35
Cen. Arg. Ry.	6	Feb., 1927	80	82	9.25
Cub.-Am. Sug.	6	Jan., 1921	99½	100	6.00
Cudahy Pack.	7	July 15,'23	98	98¾	7.50
Del. & Hud.	5	Aug. 2,'20	99½	100	5.00
Fed. Sug. R.	6	Nov., 1924	91½	93	7.90
General Elec.	6	July, 1925	99¾	100¼	5.95
G'rich.B.F.Co.	7	Apr., 1925	95½	95¾	8.05
Gt. Nor. Ry.	5	Sep., 1920	98¾	99¼	6.00
Gulf Oil Corp.	6	July, 1921	96¼	96	7.90
Hocking Val.	6	Mar., 1924	88	92	8.40
Int. R. T.	6	Sept., 1921	72	74	
Kan. C. Ter.	8	Nov., 1923	90	92	9.20
Laclede Gas.	7	Jan., 1920	87	89	8.85
Lig. & Myers.	6	Dec., 1921	96¾	97¼	6.00
N. Y. Cent.	6	Sep., 1923	99¾	99¾	7.15
Penn. Co.	4½	June15,'21	96½	97	7.80
Phila. Co.	6	Feb., 1922	92	93	10.00
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1921	99½	100¼	6.75
Proc. & Gam.	7	Mar., 1922	99¾	100¼	6.85
Pub. S. Corp.	5	Mar., 1922	83	85	15.00
R. J. Reyn.	7.6	Aug., 1922	95½	95¾	7.85
Southern Ry.	6	Mar., 1922	91¼	92¼	10.45
Swift & Co.	6	Aug.15,'21	97¾	98	7.40
Texas Co.	7	Mar., 1923	98¼	98½	7.90
Utah S. Corp.	6	Sep. 15,'22	84½	86½	12.50
Wn. Elec. cv.		Apr., 1925	98½	98¾	7.30

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

FOREIGN ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government and municipal bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
Angle-French 5s	99¼	99½
Argentine 5s	72	74
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1921	97½	97¾
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1921	96¾	97¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1926	89½	89¾
Dom. of Canada 5½s, 1929	90½	91¼
Dom. of Canada 5s, 1931	88	88¾
Prov. of Alberta 4½s	84	..
Chinese Government 5s	42	43
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1944	90½	91
Republic of Cuba ext. 5s, 1949	80	80½
Republic of Cuba ext. 4½s, 1949	73¾	74¼
Dominican Republic 5s	85	86½
City of Bordeaux 6s	85½	86½
City of Copenhagen 5½s	75¾	76½
City of Lyons 6s	85½	86½
City of Marseilles 6s	85½	86½
City of Paris 6s	91¾	92
Japanese 4½s	75	75½
Japanese 4½s, second series	74½	74¾
Japanese 4s	58½	59¾
City of Tokio 5s	52¼	52½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1921	94¾	94¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1922	94	94½
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1929	89¾	89¾
Un. K. of Gt. Br. & Ir. 5½s, 1937	84½	84¾
United States of Mexico 5s	32½	33½
United States of Mexico 4s	25¾	29
Italy 6½s	..	93¼

UNITED STATES ISSUES.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100¾	101¾
2s, c, 1930	100¾	101¾
4s, r, 1925	104½	105½
4s, c, 1925	104½	105¼
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100½	101¾
Pan 2s, c, 1936	100½	101¾
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100¼	101¼
Pan 2s, c, 1938	100½	101¾
Pan 3s, r, 1961	77	84
Pan 3s, c, 1961	77	84
P 4s, '54, 20	80	90
P 4s, '35, 30	80	90
P 4s, '36, 30	80	90
Dist of C 3-65s	93	..

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Alaska J	3½	2¼
Alby & Sus.	100	..
A A Cables	104½	110
Am Sug at pf.	100¾	103
Am Ag Ch pf.	85	85½
Am Bk N.	38	40
Do pf.	41	42
Am B Sug pf.	82	91
Am B M.	115½	117
Am B S & Fdy	85	88
Do pf.	215	224
Am C pf.	90¼	91½
Am C & F pf.	107	114
Am Exp.	123½	130
Am Ice.	45	47
Am La F Do pf.	59	60
Fire Eng.	110¾	114
Am Lin.	81	82½
Do pf.	90	95
Am M & G.	37¼	40
Am Ship.	..	125
Am Sm pf.	74¾	76¾
Am Snuff.	101	111
Do pf.	78½	87
Am Sug R pf.	107	110
Am S Tob pf, ex r.	85¼	91
Am Tob.	230	245
Am Woolen pf, ex r.	95	97
Am Zinc.	14¾	14½
Do pf.	45	49¾
Anm A pf.	20	80
Assets R.	3½	4½
Asso D G 1st pf.	55	65
Do 2d pf.	60	75
Assoc Oil.	93	96
Atl Ref pf.	105	108
A. B & A.	7¼	7¼
Atl C L.	87¼	88½
A, G & W I pf.	62	66
Aus Nich.	23	24½
Do pf.	82	88
Auto Sales.	..	10
Do pf.	19	23
B'dall, B.	35	37½
Bar Leath.	55	70
Do pf.	89	95
Barrett Co pf.	100	105½
Beth S 7% pf.	80	105
Do 8% pf.	107¾	112
Batop M.	..	1½
Booth Fish	8¼	9½
B'klyn Ed.	85	92
B R T cfs.	9	9¾
B U Gas.	49¾	52
Brown Sh.	95	115
Bruns. Ter.	6½	6¾
B, R & P.	50	..
Do pf.	75	..
Burns Bros.	108	112½
Do pf.	98	115
Bush Term	..	85
Buff & S.	..	65
Do pf.	..	45
Caddo Oil.	16¾	17
Cal & Ar.	58	63¼
Can So.	40	50
Case (J I) pf.	94	95
C R of N J.	175	205
Chi & Alt.	7	9
Do pf.	10	15
C & E Ill.	5	7
Do pf.	5	7
Chi Gt W.	8¼	8½
Do pf.	21	22½
C & N W pf.	111	117
Chi. St P, M & Om.	53	64
Do pf.	85	95
C, C, C & St L pf.	60	63¼
Cl & Pitts.	..	80
Clu-Peab.	81	86
Do pf.	95	104½
C & S 1st pf.	47	48½
Do 2d pf.	40	50
Col Gr pf.	80¼	85
Con Cigar.	64	68
Do pf.	78½	81
Cont C pf.	93½	97
Cont Ins.	70	75
Corn P Ref pf.	104¼	106
Cosden	35	38¾
Crex Carp.	50	60
Cruc S pf.	93	96
C-Am Sug pf.	100	103
De Beers.	34½	36¾
D & Co pf.	93¼	98
Del & Hud.	93	95
Det Ed.	97	100½
Det U Ry.	93	95
Dia Match.	100	110
D, S S & A pf.	3½	4
Do pf.	7	10
Dur Hos'y.	49¾	50
Do pf.	93	95
Erie & P.	55	..
Elk H Coal pf.	32	40
Em Brant.	15	20
Do pf.	55	65
End-John.	83	85¼
Do pf.	97¾	99
Erie 1st pf.	19	19¼
Do 2d pf.	13	14¼
F'kn T pf.	84	85
Fairbanks.	61	..
F M & S pf.	35¼	38
Fisher Bdy.	115	125
Do pf.	102	104¼
G. W & W.	12¾	13
Gen Chem.	140	155
Do pf.	90	93
Gen Cig pf.	92	100
Gen M pf.	75	80
G'drich pf.	89¾	90¼
Granby C.	37	40
Gray & D.	22	24¾
Gt N O cfs	35¾	36
G, M & N pf.	29½	32
Gulf S S.	58½	60
Do 1st pf	..	85¼
Hartman.	80¼	83
Homestake.	52	56
Int Agric.	20¾	23
Do pf.	83½	85
Int H pf.	106	107
Int Mer T 1st pf.	78¼	79½
Do 2d pf.	87½	70
Int N pf.	80	84
Int Pa pf.	97	100
Int Salt.	58	..
Iowa Cent.	3	6
Jewel Tea pf.	32	37
Jones B T.	20	23
K C Ft S & M pf.	50	55
Kan C So pf.	42	44½
Kayser (J)	90	100
Do 1st pf	100	115
Kelly S T.	106½	107
Do pf.	84	87
Do 6% pf.	94¾	99
Kelsey Wh pf.	85	90
K & D M.	3	5
Do pf.	20	30
Kress(S H)	80½	95
Lacl Gas.	35	40
L E & W.	8¼	10
Do pf.	17	20
Lehigh V.	43	44
Ligg & M.	142	160
Do pf.	101	102
L-W Bisc.	43¾	46
Do 1st pf	96¼	103
Do 2d pf.	106¾	121
Lorill'd Co pf.	95	103
M'kay Cos.	83	88
Do pf.	60	62
Man B'sh.	½	2¾
Man S pf.	..	93
Mallinson.	20	24
Do pf.	70	78
Marlin R.	..	58¼
Martin-P	21	24½
Max Mot.	22½	23½
Do 1st pf	..	40
Do ctfs.	30	38
Do 2d pf.	25	30
Do ctfs.	10	25
M Dep Stz pf.	100½	..
Mex P pf.	96	99¾
Mich Coal.	80	..
M. St P & S M.	68	72
Do pf.	81	86
Do 1	50	54
M, K & T pf.	9¼	10
Mon P pf.	95	99
Mor & Es.	60	85
Mullins B.	28	30
Do pf.	95	..
N C & St L.	100	113
Nat Acme.	34	35
Nat B pf.	..	108
Nat C & S.	64	68
Do pf.	92¾	101
Nat C & C.	9¼	9¾
Nat En pf.	92	99
Nat Lead.	76	79
Do pf.	102½	105
N Rys of M 1st pf.	8	14
Do 2d pf.	4¾	5½
Nev Con C.	12¾	13
N O, T & M pf.	32	35
N Y, S & W 1st pf.	26	29
Do 1st pf	53½	55
Do 2d pf.	42	47
N Y A B.	94	97½
N Y D pf.	45	51
N Y, L & W pf.	64¾	65¾
N Y O & W pf.	13	19
Nunnally.	15	17
Ont Min.	7	7¼
Otis Elev.	124	130
Otis Steel.	24½	24¾
Do pf.	..	101
Pac Coast.	22	45
Do 1st pf	60	90
Do 2d pf.	45	60
Pac Mail.	28½	31
Parish & B.	32½	33
Pa S S.	25	26¾
Penney pf.	90	93
Pere M pr pf.	58	61
Do pf.	39	42
Petr-Mull.	30	35
Do 1st pf	95	110
P Jones.	50	57
Do pf.	84	87
Phila Co pf.	56	58
P, Ft W & C pf.	116	125
Pr St pf.	84	90
P & W Va pf.	71	76
Pond C C.	16¼	17
Pr Stl Car pf.	96	98
P S, N J.	..	60
Rand M.	28½	30
R R Sec, I C stk c.	..	54
Ry Stl Spr pf, ex d.	99¾	106
R Rels.	17	19¾
Do 1st pf.	75	79
Rdg 2d pf.	42	43
R T 1st pf.	..	98
Do 2d pf.	..	98¾
Reas & S.	102	109
Rep I & S pf.	94	95
St Jo Ld.	15¾	16¼
St L S F pf.	33	33½
Savage A.	47	52
Seab A L.	7	7¾
Do pf.	13	14
Sears-R.	206	214
Do pf.	107	112¾
Shat-Ariz.	9¼	9¾
S-S S & I.	64	68
So P R.	275	300
Do	..	108
Stand Mill.	125	155
Do pf.	78	85
Stewart W.	40¼	41¾
Stern B pf	96	100
Stew Sh pf	50	60
Do 1st pf	99	..
Tenn Cop.	10	10¼
Temtor, A.	41	43
Tex P L Tr.	315	400
Third Av.	12¾	14
Tide W O.	200	215
Tob P pf.	88	91
T. St L & Do pf.	10	15
Do ctfs.	12	15
Do pf.	15	20
Do pf, ctfs	17	20
Tran & W.	51	54
T C R R.	30	31¾
Do pf.	..	95
Und Type.	185	195
Do pf.	106	117
U Alloy S.	42¼	44
Un Cig Sts.	130	175
Do pf.	100	108
U D 1st pf.	48	49¼
Do 2d pf.	100	..
U S C I P.	15½	17
Do pf.	42	50
U S Exp.	6¼	6½
U S Ind A pf.	94	100
U S R 1st pf.	107	108
U S Smelt.	59	60
Do pf.	47¾	48
Va-Car Ch pf.	104	108
Va R & P.	..	45
Wab pf, B.	15	17
W Md 2d inc pf.	16	20
West U T.	82¾	84
West A B.	108	110
W E & M pf.	61½	..
W & L E 1st pf.	16	18
W-Over pf.	79	79½
Wis Cent.	26	28
Wor Pump pf, A.	80	90
Do pf, B.	68½	69½

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Stock Authorized and Outstanding $3,000,000

NO BONDS
NO PREFERRED STOCK

Present production at rate of 13,000 barrels daily.

OIL SOLD WILL NET COMPANY 32½ CTS.

Intensive development campaign should more than double present production.

Offset to well producing 4,500 bbls. daily now down 1,500 feet.

Circular T 68 upon request

A. E. Fitkin & Co.
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BOSTON—CHICAGO—PITTSBURGH

New Issue

$650,000.00

Atlantic County (New Jersey)

6% Road Bonds

Dated June 1st, 1920 — Due June 1st, 1926

Free of Federal Income Taxes — *Tax Free in New Jersey*

Net indebtedness including this issue less than 1½% of the assessed valuation

Legal opinion by George S. Clay, Esq., New York City

Price 101.25 and interest, yielding 5.75%

Delivered if, when and as issued about June 15th.

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New York Telephone Canal 8457.

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New York Telephone Bowling Green 8085.

NEW ISSUE

$750,000

Driver-Harris Company
(Harrison, New Jersey)

7% Cumulative Sinking Fund Preferred Stock
(Par Value $100)

Preferred Both as to Assets and Dividends

Free from Federal Normal Income Tax

Redeemable as a whole or in part at 1.10 and accrued dividends on 30 days' notice
Fidelity Trust Company, Newark, N. J., Registrar

Dividends Payable Quarterly on the First Day of January, April, July and October. No dividend will be paid on common stock until one whole year's dividend on outstanding preferred is set aside. Sinking fund of 10% of the net annual earnings, after deducting preferred stock dividends and taxes of the previous year, beginning 1922, is provided for the purchase of preferred stock up to the redemption price.

CAPITALIZATION

After giving effect to this financing

$1,250,000 7% Cumulative Sinking Fund Preferred Stock, $1,000,000 Common Stock

There Is No Funded Debt

Business— Driver-Harris Company is the pioneer and leading manufacturer of electrical resistance wires, special metal alloys and pure metals for electrical, mechanical and chemical uses in the form of wire, sheet, strip and strand. It also manufactures castings of special alloys resistant to high temperature and acids, in the form of carbonizing boxes, retorts, lead pots, and pyrometer protection tubes, used more extensively for heat treating purposes in large plants in various industries. Valuable trade-marks and patent rights give it the exclusive production of some of these articles. The trade-marks and patents are not given any value on the books of the company. It has plants in the United States, England and Canada.

Assets— The value of net total assets represented by each share of preferred stock is $210. The value of net quick assets per share of issued and outstanding preferred stock will be about $186, including the proceeds of present financing

Earnings— Net profits before taxes for 1919 were more than 6 Times Preferred Dividend Requirements and after taxes More than 4 Times Dividend Requirements. For the last 4 years earnings before taxes averaged more than 5 times the dividend requirements.

Financing— The proceeds of the sale of the stock will be used for additional working capital and the acquirement of necessary facilities and equipment. The business of the corporation has enjoyed a continuous and wholesome growth for 20 years, and the sale of this stock is prompted solely by the desire for a continuance of this growth commensurate with the expansion of the industry.

The accounts have been audited and certified by Messrs. Marwick, Mitchell & Peat, chartered accountants, and during the last three years by Messrs. Ernst & Ernst. The property has been examined and appraised by the Standard Appraisal Company, engineers and appraisers, of New York. The issue has been approved as to legality by William P. Martin.

$250,000 of the new issue has been reserved for employees and stockholders, 75% of which has already been subscribed. The Company offers the balance for public subscription, subject to prior sale

At $98 Per Share To Net 7.15%

Complete circular and application blanks mailed upon request

Driver-Harris Company,
Frank L. Driver, President
Harrison, N. J.
P. E. Reeves, Treasurer

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Amount of Loan	Rental	Value of Security
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$4,000	Owner	$8,000
$6,000	$2,376	$17,000
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$18,000	$7,125	$50,000

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New Issue

$1,000,000

THE BEAVER BOARD COMPANIES

Seven Per Cent Cumulative First Preferred Stock

Authorized $15,000,000 — Now outstanding, including this issue $4,484,300

Dividends payable quarterly on the first of January, April, July and October. An annual retirement fund is provided equal to 3% of the amount of First Preferred Stock outstanding

THE Beaver Board Companies is the largest manufacturer of wall board in the world and one of the largest producers of roofing, with seven plants in various parts of the United States and Canada, and 26 sales offices in this country and abroad.

The demand for its products has been steady in periods of business depression as well as in good times, and the Company's net earnings have shown an average growth of 30% or more each year.

The net earnings, after reserves for depreciation and Federal Taxes, are now at the rate of more than SIX AND A HALF TIMES dividend requirements on this issue.

NET QUICK ASSETS amount to over $106 a share on the First Preferred stock outstanding.

This issue is the senior security of the Company and the present value of the Common Stock junior to it is in excess of $8,300,000. Dividends at the annual rate of $4.00 a share are now being paid on the Common Stock.

The First Preferred and Common Stocks of the Company are listed on the Chicago Stock Exchange, and application will be made to list them on the New York Stock Exchange.

Offered with Common Stock at price to yield more than 8%

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BEARS SHOW CLAWS IN COTTON MARKET

Decline Slight but Significant in View of Crop and Statistical Strength.

JULY DOES RATHER WELL

Week-end Exports of Only 5,998 Bales Disappointing—Liverpool Spots Up.

Reports of weather conditions over Sunday were better than the predictions of Saturday had led many to expect, and this gave the bears, who are rapidly increasing in number, an opportunity to force down prices. The decline, however, did not amount to much, going less than 50 points at the extreme, but it was at least significant as indicating that a considerable bear party exists, notwithstnding the undoubted strength of the crop and statistical positions.

The near month did rather well, due to circumstances which affect it only. There is a god deal of covering of shorts put out some time ago now going on, purely because of fear that there will be a shortage of contract stocks when the time comes to deliver, and while this covering is helping sustain July, it is, at times, helping to depress some of the new crop months, for frequently it takes the form of hedging into October or some later month, which means new selling. July yesterday at one time reflected a net gain of 25 points from Saturday's final, and at the extreme low it was down only 15 points, while other months were down 40 to 45 points.

Some of the local commission houses have been calling attention to the remarkably strong statistical position and to the very unfavorable crop outlook, and have been deducing from these that the market is about to enter one of its great upward movements. This may turn out to be the case, and, in fact, there would be abundant reason to believe it so, were it not for the belief that all commodity prices are to come down, thanks to either a forced curtailment or to an exhaustion of credit. The bulls, in other words, have the more conventional and the more easily understood argument, but the bears have an argument which may prove of great weight. Just now it looks very much like a deadlock.

Exports over the week-end were again disappointing. Last week the outward movement was small, amounting to only 75,044 bales, but over the week-end more than 45,062 bales were shipped. This week the over-Sunday exports amounted to only 5,998 bales.

Liverpool came in somewhat higher than expected, but turned rather reactionary before its close. The old crop months held well enough, but the distant months sold off. Spots at Liverpool were up 9 points.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
July	38.55	38.70	38.31	38.49@38.50	38.45
Oct.	35.80	36.05	35.62	35.67@35.73	35.07
Dec.	34.70	34.91	34.59	34.59@34.63	35.06
Jan.	34.30	34.57	34.02	34.06@34.10	34.48
Maroh	33.75	33.86	33.52	33.53	33.93
May	..	33.32	33.10	33.10	33.51

The local market for spot cotton was unchanged at 40c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 41c; New Orleans, 41c; Savannah, 42c; Augusta, 43.25c; Memphis, 41c; Houston, 40c; Little Rock, 40.50c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last week.	Last year.
Port receipts	1,061	8,629	26,547
Exports	4,087	17,900	55,629
Exports, season	5,906,658	....	4,407,905
New York stocks	42,831	....	102,375
Port stocks	1,025,383	....	1,533,483
N. Y. arrivals	1,851	....	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was quoted at 27.88d for middling. Sales 4,000 bales, of which American 3,000. Imports none. Future opened steady, 9 to 15 points down, and closed steady, 4 points up to 14 points down from Friday. Prices: July, 25.48d; Oct., 24.13d; Dec. 23.19d; March, 22.17d. Manchester—Yarns were quiet and cloths were irregular.

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.
Arg'tine Conlist.)	5	Sep., 1945	68½	69¼
Belgium (Rest'n)	5	1934	76	78
†10 Y'rs Ln of '90	5		90	93½
Belgium 1 year	6	Jan., 1921	97⅛	99⅜
†British funding	4	1960-1990	272	290
*British Victory	4	1920	302	£10
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1922	978	986
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	976	979
Canada	5½	Dec., 1922	98⅛	98⅜
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	98⅛	98⅜
Canada	5½	Nov., 1924	98⅛	97⅛
Canada	5	Dec., 1925	93¾	93⅝
French Victory	5	1931	68	70
††French Loan, '17	4	1946	55	56½
†French Loan, '18	4	1944	55½	55⅝
French Loan, '20	5	1920	78½	80
Italy, Treas., 5-yr.	5	1923	97	99
Italy, Treas., 5-yr.	5	1925	97	99
Russia	5½	Dec., 1921	27	30
Russia, ruble, ₹ds	5½	Feb., 1926	23	25
Sweden	6	June 1939	84	86
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	84	86

*Par £100. †1,000 francs. ‡Mr June coupon.

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Ariz Etten.	4	5	Majestic	19	20
Ariz Silver.	61	64	Mex. Met.	50	75
Bohemia	1	1⅛	Midway M.	50	60
Black H.	63	68	Mojave T.	4	10
Bost Mon.	70	72	Monarch	25	45
Calaveras	75	..	Nat L. & Z.	4	10
Chief Cons.	3⅝	3¾	New Baltic	3	4
Cons Cop.	3	3¼	Nev Doug.	14	18
Crown R.	15	25	Nixon	6	9
Crystal, n.	27	29	Onondaga	30	50
Denbigh	17	19	Pilgrim	10	12
Eagle B B.	2	2¼	Pioneer	80	1
Fortuna	..	5	Ranger P.	15	20
Gadsden	60	60	Rainier	1	1¼
Hema Oil.	10	11	Seven Mtr.	12	14
Houghton.	40	50	Silver R.	8	9
Iron Blos.	20	30	S W M, f p	3	4
Iron Cap.	9¼	10	Texana	9	11
Jerome V.	25	35	U V Exten	3⅛	33
La Rose	30	40	Yukon	1⅛	1⅜

COMMODITIES MARKETS.

CORN.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	1.74¼	1.70⅜	1.71⅛	1.73⅛	1.68⅝
Sept.	1.60½	1.56⅞	1.57⅛	1.60¼	1.60⅜

OATS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	96⅝	96⅛	96⅛	94⅞	67
Sept.	79¼	78⅛	78⅜	76⅝	65

In the local market cash oats were quoted as follows: No. 1 white, $1.30@$1.33; No. 2, $1.30@$1.32; No. 3, $1.30@$1.32; fancy, $1.30@$1.33; ordinary, 1.30@$1.32.

RYE.
CHICAGO PRICES.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	2.04	2.00⅝	2.03½	2.01	1.45⅛
Sept.	1.85⅛	1.83	1.85⅛	1.83¼	1.40⅛

PROVISIONS.
CHICAGO PRICES.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
July	20.90	20.62	20.65	20.80	34.10
Sept.	21.75	21.50	21.00	21.87	32.95
Ribs—					
July	18.80	18.07	18.07	18.22	27.50
Sept.	18.97	18.82	18.85	19.00	27.20
Pork—					
July	33.50	33.45	33.45	33.75	50.25
Sept.	35.00	34.70	34.70	34.97	47.25

COTTONSEED OIL.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	..	..	..	18.00
June	..	..	..	18.50
July	18.37	18.00	18.11	18.08
August	..	..	..	18.12
September	18.50	18.15	18.24	18.23
October	18.50	18.30	18.30	18.25
November	..	..	..	17.25
December	..	..	..	17.00
January	17.50	17.50	17.50	17.25

COFFEE.

Range of prices:	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
July	15.20	14.90	14.90	14.85
September	14.91	14.65	14.65	14.63
December	14.82	14.48	14.48	14.56

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—The receipts yesterday were 6,154 packages. The very moderate supplies were absorbed so quickly that prices were advanced 1@1½c on the better grades, with some firmness reflected on medium qualities. Creamery, higher than extras, lb., 56½@57c; extras, 93 score, 56½@56c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 53½@55c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 51@53c; seconds, 85 to 87 score, 48@50c; lower grades, 45@47c; unsalted, higher than extras, 59½@60c; extras, 58@59c; firsts, 53@57c; seconds, 50@52c; State dairy tubs, finest, 55@56½c; good to prime, 51@54c; common to fair, 44@50c; renovated, extras, 49@50c; firsts, 47@48c; ladles, current make, firsts, 46@46c; seconds, 41½@42c; lower grades, 40@41c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 41½@42c; No. 2, 40½@41c; lower grades, 37@40c.

EGGS—The receipts yesterday were 29,732 cases. The market showed little change on the highest grades of fresh Western. Medium grades and nearby hennery were steady, two cars California in today ranging from 53c down. Fresh-gathered, extras, dozen, 48½@49c; storage packed, extra firsts, 47@48c; firsts, 44½@46½c; fresh gathered, extra firsts 45@47c; firsts, 43@44c; seconds, 39@41c; dirties, No. 1, storage, 36½@38c; regular, 35½@36½c; No. 2, 33@34½c; checks, good to choice, dry, 33@35c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery whites, extras, 54@55c; firsts to extra firsts, 47@53c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 47@52c; under grades, 44@46c; Pacific Coast whites, extras, 55c; extra firsts, 51@53c; firsts, 47@50c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 45@49c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, hennery browns, extras, 50@51c; gathered browns and mixed colors, extras, 48½@49c; firsts to extra firsts, 42@46c.

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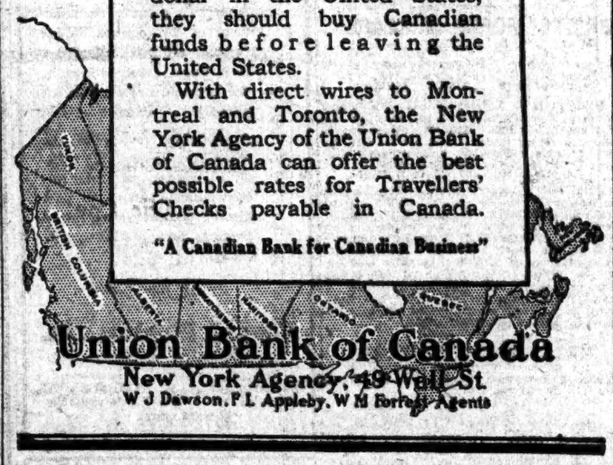

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1. To the Shareholders		
Capital Stock paid in	$ 8,400,000.00	$ 7,000,000.00
Rest or Reserve Fund	8,400,000.00	7,000,000.00
Dividends declared and unpaid	338,159.22	194,194.00
Balance of Profits as per Profit and Loss Account submitted herewith	260,774.98	574,043.32
	$ 17,398,934.20	$ 14,768,237.32
2. To the Public		
Notes of the Bank in Circulation	14,791,027.00	13,316,033.00
Deposits not bearing interest	45,368,876.69	43,552,214.61
Deposits bearing interest (including interest accrued to date of Statement)	114,132,175.79	91,904,993.37
Balances due to other Banks in Canada	2,747,402.86	2,614,696.64
Balances due to Banks and Banking Correspondents in the United Kingdom and foreign countries	831,997.39	105,076.96
Bills payable	....	....
Acceptances under Letters of Credit	2,117,441.21	464,153.05
Liabilities not included in the foregoing	....	....
	$197,387,855.14	$166,725,404.95

ASSETS

Current Coin		$ 4,193,117.50	$ 4,946,946.33
Deposit in the Central Gold Reserves		7,500,000.00	7,000,000.00
Dominion Notes		8,407,003.25	8,405,802.50
Notes of other Banks		1,170,482.00	985,044.00
Cheques on other Banks		11,093,195.77	6,062,616.99
Balances due by other Banks in Canada		9,400.50	3,215.80
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents in the United Kingdom		445,034.79	123,496.50
Balances due by Banks and Banking Correspondents elsewhere than in Canada and the United Kingdom		1,561,157.87	1,903,040.10
Dominion and Provincial Government Securities, not exceeding market value		7,898,229.90	6,006,573.65
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value		4,507,688.10	4,119,705.32
Canadian Municipal Securities and British, Foreign and Colonial Public Securities other than Canadian		13,239,204.59	15,238,399.32
Call Loans in Canada on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks		6,471,494.31	5,134,690.71
Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada		6,206,537.78	2,801,857.72
		$ 72,697,546.36	$ 62,750,188.94
Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less Rebate of Interest)	$113,198,913.90		
Loans to Cities, Towns, Municipalities and School Districts	3,567,491.69		
		116,766,405.59	95,874,426.04
Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less Rebate of Interest)		1,117,268.51	332,918.12
Liabilities of Customers under Letters of Credit as per contra		2,117,441.21	464,153.05
Real Estate other than bank premises		604,326.33	782,326.64
Overdue Debts, estimated loss provided for		352,737.25	386,973.56
Bank premises at not more than cost (less amounts written off)		*2,576,630.21	5,353,299.48
Deposit with the Minister for the purposes of the Circulation Fund		377,000.00	366,000.00
Other Assets not included in the foregoing		758,500.68	516,149.12
		$197,387,855.14	$166,725,404.95

* After crediting amount received in respect of Premises transferred to The Merchants Realty Corporation, Limited.

H. MONTAGU ALLAN, *President.*
D. C. MACAROW, *General Manager.*

Report of the Auditors to the Shareholders of The Merchants Bank of Canada

In accordance with the provisions of sub-Sections 19 and 20 of Section 56 of the Bank Act, we report to the shareholders as follows:

We have examined the above Balance Sheet with the Books of Account and other records at the Chief Office of the Bank and with the signed returns from the Branches and Agencies and have checked the cash and verified the securities of the Bank at the Chief Office against the entries in regard thereto in the books of the Bank at 30th April, 1920, and at a different time during the year and found them to agree with such entries. We also attended at some of the Branches during the year and checked the cash and verified the securities held at the dates of our attendance and found them to agree with the entries in regard thereto in the books of the Bank.

We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required. In our opinion, the transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have been within the powers of the Bank, and the above Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs, according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us, and as shown by the books of the Bank.

VIVIAN HARCOURT, GORDON TANSLEY } Auditors. (Of the firm of Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths & Co.)

Montreal, 29th May, 1920.

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LAYS TELEPHONE ILLS TO INADEQUATE PAY

Causes High Labor Turnover and Consequent Poor Service, Says Investigator.

OPERATORS LACK INCENTIVE

Higher Maximum Wage Rate and Quicker Promotions Urged as Remedies.

Inadequate wages, causing a high labor turnover with consequent inefficiency among employes, are found to be the chief cause of the poor telephone service in New York City, by Miss Nellie Swarts, Chief of the Bureau of Women in Industry of the State Industrial Commission, in her report to Governor Smith, at whose suggestion a study of the telephone industry in this State was begun last January to be placed before the Public Service Commission. That the effects of the high labor turnover are felt most seriously at this time is due to the enormous increase in telephone traffic, says the report.

The Engineering Department of the New York Telephone Company, according to the report, has found that an operator must be in the employ of the company two years before she is capable of carrying a theoretical load of 230 units an hour, while the investigation showed that 50 per cent. of the operators had been with the company less than this length of time.

"In Manhattan," says the report, "about one-fourth of the operators had been with the company about six months or less. This means that these operators are able to handle efficiently only about 75 per cent. of the estimated load. This is the main explanation of the inadequate and inefficient service."

This high labor turnover, the report goes on to show, is caused by the low wages paid to the operators. The week of Dec. 13, 1919, was cited as typical, in which more than half the operators were receiving a basic wage of less than $16, while actual earnings of the operators, including pay for overtime, reached their peak between $15 and $18 a week.

"While the bureau was making the study," says the report, "the company raised the wages of New York City operators $3 a week and $2 a week for up-State operators, making the minimum wage for New York City $15 and the maximum $23. The bureau feels, however, that since an operator reaches her maximum wage, which in New York is $23, and for up-State ranges from $17 to $19, after six years' of service, the rate is still too low and that the rate of promotion is too slow to be an incentive for an operator to remain with the company.

"The bureau acknowledges that it is not within its province to know whether further wage increases should mean an increase in telephone rates; but the bureau is of the opinion that the cost to the company of its high labor turnover, of its advertising, of its training of operators and the actual loss to the company of the short-time operator, could, for the most part, be eliminated with higher wage rates for longer service."

Again taking the week of Dec. 13 as typical, the bureau says that the day and night operators were working on an eight-hour day schedule and that the split trick operators were working on a seven-hour day schedule, so that about one-fourth of the operators in New York State worked beyond their regular assignment of hours.

The company was found to be desirous of having all employes take one day of rest in seven, but the study disclosed that 2 per cent. of the operators worked the full seven-day week. The fact that the company desires to employ girls between the ages of 16 and 18 is referred to by the report, which points out that the youth of the average telephone operators makes them peculiarly susceptible to strain and injury. The physical working conditions of the company are commended, as is the Employes' Benefit Fund. An analysis of the employes' representative plank, however, reveals that it is a company activity, which has great possibilities if the company will realize that there is a growing desire among the workers to do things for themselves.

The Bureau of Women in Industry among other things recommends a reduction in the labor turnover, an increase in the number of operators to meet the traffic increase of 27.5 per cent. from January, 1919, to January, 1920; and further, as a means of meeting the problems presented by these two factors:

"Scientific selection of suitable operators by the employment department; reorganization of labor management so that the employment department preferably is responsible for employing, dismissing and accepting resignations of operators; limitation of the number of working days to six; compulsory rest periods of fifteen to twenty minutes at reasonable times for the operators; elimination of all overtime and gradual establishment of a seven-hour shift; higher maximum wage rate and faster rate of promotion; extension of the facilities of the medical department to give operators periodical physical examinations and a democratic system of organization and representation among the employes."

In addition to the recommendations for company action, the bureau suggests that the labor law should be amended to make telephone exchanges subject to the supervision of the Industrial Commission as prescribed for factory and mercantile establishments.

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis.)

Name.	Maturity.	Rate.	Bid.	Ask.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-'27	4½	8.40	7.50
Bethlehem Steel	1920-'30	7	7.50	7.15
Buff., Roch. & Pitts.	1920-'33	4½@5-6	7.45	6.75
Canadian Pacific	1920-'32	4½@6	7.37	6.75
Chicago & N. W.	1920-'23	4½	7.23	6.23
C., R. I. & P.	1920-'27	4½@5	8.35	7.40
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-'24	5	7.75	6.75
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-'29	5 @6	7.87	7.00
Delaware & Hud.	1922	4½	7.10	6.35
Erie R. R.	1920-'27	4½@5	8.50	7.50
Grace Steamship	1920-'34	6	7.80	7.00
Illinois Central	1920-'27	4½@5	7.25	6.25
Inter. Prod. SS.	1920-'26	7	8.12	7.25
Louis. & Nash.	1920-'23	5	7.25	6.25
Mich. Central	1920-'32	5 @6	7.35	6.50
Minn. & St. L.	1920-'27	5 @6	8.00	7.00
Mor. Kan. & Tex.	1920-'24	5	8.35	7.50
N. Y. Central	1920-'32	4½@5-7	7.35	6.50
Norf. & Western	1920-'24	4½	7.25	6.25
Northern Pacific	1920-'30	7	7.50	7.15
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-'29	4½@5-6	8.35	7.50
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1920-'35	7	7.25	6.85
Penn. Gen. Frt.	1920-'23	4 @4½	7.12	6.25
Reading Co.	1920-'27	4½	7.37	6.25
Seaboard Air L.	1920-'27	4½@5-6	8.25	7.50
Sinclair Refining	1920-'21	6	8.50	7.50
Southern Pacific	1920-'24	4½	7.35	6.50
Southern Ry.	1920-'26	4½@5	7.85	7.00
Virginian Ry.	1920-'30	6	7.50	7.00
White Oil Corp.	1920-'23	6	8.50	7.50

Weather in Grain and Cotton States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7—Forecast:

Ill.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; warmer Tues.

Mo.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; somewhat warmer in e. and s. Tues.

Wis.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; moderate temperature.

Minn.—Unsettled but generally fair Tues. and Wed.; not much change in temperature.

Iowa, Neb., Kan., N. and S. D.—Fair Tues. and Wed.; not much change in temp.

Wyo.—Fair, Tues. and Wed, except probable showers in n. w.; not much change in temp.

Mon.—Fair in e., probably showers in w. Tues. and Wed.; not much change in temp.

N. C. and S. C.—Fair, mild temp. Tues. and Wed.

Ga.—Partly cloudy, Tues. and Wed., probably showers in S.

Fla. and Extreme N. W. Fla.—Local showers Tues. and Wed.

Ala. and Miss.—Fair Tues. and Wed, not much change in temp.

Tenn. and Ky.—Fair, Tues. and Wed. warmer.

Ind. and Ohio—Fair Tues and Wed. warmer.

Mich.—Generally fair, Tues. and Wed. mild.

REPARATION BONDS DUE TO AMERICA

Our Share of First German Issue Under the Treaty Is About 500 Million Dollars.

FOR 20 MONTHS' OCCUPATION

American Contingent on the Rhineland Cost as Much as All the Rest Combined.

PARIS, June 7.—The share of the United States in the first 20,000,000,000 marks gold of reparation bonds which Germany is required to issue under the Versailles Treaty will be about 500,000,000, according to a statement made here today.

This sum, it is explained, will be for the first twenty months' occupation of the Rhineland by American troops.

The daily expense of the American troops of occupation has been reduced, so that at present it is less than $6 a man a day, while the cost of maintenance of the French, British and Belgian forces averages 5f. a day for each man and 6f. a day for each horse.

The enormous difference in cost, due largely to the higher pay of the American soldiers and the great expense incurred in the transportation of supplies brought from America, has made it impossible to reach an average rate to apply to all the armies of occupation, which it has been sought to do.

The French are slightly reducing the strength of their forces on the Rhine, withdrawing a few regiments of colonial troops for service at Asia Minor. The combined armies in the Rhineland will still, however, be considerably above 100,000 men. The American contingent, comprising 15 per cent. of the total, costs at the normal rate of exchange as much as all the rest combined.

ORDER FOR 'NICKY'S' ASSETS

Federal Judge Demands Schedule in Bankruptcy Proceeding.

Federal Judge Hand yesterday ordered "Nicky" Arnstein to file a schedule regarding his assets in the involuntary bankruptcy proceeding brought against him by the National Surety Company. The order was issued at the request of Saul S. Myers and Selden Bacon, counsel for the surety company, and followed postponement until next Monday of an argument on a motion by Mr. Myers to have Arnstein adjudged in contempt of court for refusing to answer certain questions in the bankruptcy hearing before United States Commissioner Gilchrist for the last four months.

Joseph Gluck, head of a band of dishonest Wall Street messengers, is awaiting sentence in the Tombs on his plea of guilty to thefts of more than $1,500,000 worth of securities from the financial district. He was returned to his cell yesterday morning after an absence of three days. John T. Dooling, Assistant District Attorney, explained that Gluck was taken from his cell in the Tombs by order of District Attorney Edward Swann in an effort to locate certain alleged confederates of Arnstein in the disposal of securities stolen by dishonest messengers.

BRISTOL FORCE INCREASES.

All Rubber Departments Gain Workers Except Two.

BRISTOL, R. I., June 7.—An increased force of operatives went to work at the National India Rubber Company's plant today, under the protection of two troops of cavalry, and without any contact with the striking employes, few of whom were on the streets.

The gains were considerable in all departments except the making room and shoe department, and extended to the latter in some degree, according to company officials. In these two departments, the work of which is essential to operation of the tennis shoe section of the plant, the number of employes was so small that strikers claimed it was still a question whether the company could long continue its attempt to operate with a skeleton force.

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange Saturday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Antimony	8.75	9.25	8.75	9.25
Quicksilver	..	$98.00	..	$87.00
Aluminium	32.00	*33.00	*32.00	33.00
Iron, No. 2X Sil'n	49.05	50.05	49.05	50.05

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 19c, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Friday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	91	0	0	91	5	0
Copper, futures	91	0	0	94	0	0
Tin, spot	251	0	0	255	0	0
Tin, futures	269	0	0	269	0	0
Spelter, spot	42	0	0	42	10	0
Spelter, futures	45	0	0	44	0	0
Lead, spot	35	10	0	37	0	0
Lead, futures	37	10	0	38	0	0

Boston Bank Statements Compared.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 7.—The Boston bank statement this week compares as follows with last week's statement:

	June 5, 1920	Week's Changes Increases.
Circulation	$3,013,000	*$124,000
Loans, Discounts and Investments	617,260,000	3,677,000
Individual Deposits	461,539,000	7,740,000
Due to Banks	110,861,000	6,648,000
Time Deposits	16,278,000	*141,000
U. S. Deposits	1,809,000	*1,255,000
Exch's, Clearances	23,969,000	4,040,000
Due from Banks	53,744,000	3,206,000
Cash in Banks and in Fed. Reserve Banks	79,916,000	4,682,000
Cash Excess and with Fed. Reserve Banks	29,939,000	3,902,000

*Decrease.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1½	1¾	Isabella	¾	1
Dr. P'pot	2⅛	2⅜	Mary McK.	3½	5
Elkton	2¾	2¾	Portland	60	65
El Paso	11½	12½	U. Gold M.	10½	12
Golden C.	92	95	Vindicator	20	22½
Granite	7	9	Rose Nicol.	3	5

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A complete review of the above issue is available without obligation, particular reference being made to past history, present status, future earnings and market possibilities.

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I shall be glad to submit further details on request.

J 220 Times.

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The Peril of Fire in 1652

WHEN THE BURGHERS of old Amsterdam lost their stadhuis by fire in 1652, they had no insurance to provide funds for rebuilding. Fire insurance was comparatively unknown and both individual and city suffered complete loss in case of destruction by fire.

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A Standard Unlimited Policy of Credit Insurance providing for protection against loss on accounts arising from goods shipped during the whole Policy Period no matter when insolvency of the debtor occurs.

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LYONS PETROLEUM CO.

Operating Exclusively in Oklahoma

Annual Earning Rate

Dec. 23, 1919	$90,000
Jan. 1, 1920	108,000
Feb. 1, 1920	150,000
April 1, 1920	265,000
May 13, 1920	750,000

Capitalization $3,000,000. Outstanding $1,680,000. Present earnings over 50% on outstanding capitalization. Estimated value of properties based on actual offers $4,500,000. Liquidating value over $5.00 for every $1.00 share outstanding.

Company owns substantial interest in

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2 Gas Wells
21 Wells Drilling

Price $1.25 Per Share.

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JERSEY AVERAGE TAX RISES.

Rate is $3.24 Per $100 Valuation, Year's Increase of 41 Cents.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., June 7.—According to the average tax rate for the State announced today by the State Board of Taxes xand Assessment, railroad and utility corporations of New Jersey will pay 41.1 cents higher tax on each $100 of valuation this year than they did last year. The average tax rate for 1920 is $3.240 on each $100 of valuation of the classes of property assessed under this rate, the highest it has been since the law was passed in 1906.

The average tax rate is produced by dividing the sum of taxes to be raised by all taxing districts by the sum of the value of all taxable property of the State. The total tax to be raised in all municipalities for 1920 is $108,027,230.72, and the value of all taxable property is $3,306,074,788. The total of ratables reported for this year by all taxing districts was $244,881,062 more than in 1919 and the total amount of money to be raised by taxation was $20,606,332.06 more than in 1919.

The highest municipal tax rate in the State is that of Fairfax borough, Bergen County, which is $6.14. The lowest rate is that of Clark Township, Union County, which is $1.42. The tax rates for the larger cities of the State are: Newark, $3.75; Jersey City, $3.097; Paterson, $2.88; Trenton, $3.49; Camden, $2.45; Elizabeth, $3.74, and Atlantic City, $2.76.

BROKER MUST PAY ALIMONY.

Mrs. Friede, Seeking Separation, to Get $350 a Month.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 7.—Leo Friede, member of the New York Stock Exchange, was ordered in Supreme Court to pay his wife, Beatrice, 144 Clove Road, New Rochelle, $350 a month and $2,000 counsel fee pending trial of her separation action, in which she alleges cruel and inhuman treatment.

Mrs. Friede and her husband are still living in the same house, but according to counsel they do not speak. Mr. Friede declares his wife is inclined toward lavish expenditure. His attorney stated in court that leading stores in Manhattan had been notified that Mr. Friede would not be responsible for further purchases.

The Friedes have two children.

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100 Indian Refining
100 Indian Refining Pfd.
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100 Humble Oil & Refining
100 Mexican Petroleum Pfd.
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50 Geo. W. Helme
50 McAndrews & Forbes
50 Guantanamo Sugar
50 Punta Alegre Sugar
50 Central Sugar
100 Times Square Auto Supply Pfd.
100 Atlantic Lobos Oil
50 Gillette Safety Razor
100 Indian Motocycle Spring
100 National Fuel Gas
100 Herring-Hall-Marvin Co.

Holt & Co. Will Sell

200 Southern Oil & Transport
100 Times Sq. Auto Supply Pfd.
25 Higgins Oil & Fuel
25 Celluloid Company
200 Tyrone Manufacturing
100 Texas Gulf Sulph. Pfd.
50 American Cigar
25 Santa Cecilia Sugar Pfd.
25 Central Aguirre Sugar
50 Cuban Dome Sugar
100 Indian Refining
50 Gulf Oil Corporation
50 Humble Oil & Refining
100 Kirby Lumber Pfd.
50 Goodyear Tire & Rubber Pfd.
100 Reed & Yoke Pfd.
100 Atlantic Lobos Oil
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Ashland Lt. Pr. & St. Ry. 5s, '39
Amer. Gas & Elec. 6s Dec. 1920
Combustion Eng. 6s '34 & Stk.
Cuba R. R. Equip. 7s Oct. 1921
Coeur d'Alene & P. Ore. 5s '60
Del., Lack. & West. Coal
Evans. & Indpls. 6s
J. S. Boyd Pfd.
Land Value Refunding
N. Y. & Jersey 5s 1932
Penna. Elec. Pfd. & Com.
Pub. Serv. Corp. of L. I. 5s '43
Rochester Ry. & Lt. 7s 1921
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Japanese Govt. 4s & 4½s
Michigan Limestone & Chem.
Mexican Govt. Silver 3s
New England Power 5s
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Excess profit taxes

The comparatively recent introduction of excess profit taxes, makes it difficult to find experienced assistance in making up returns.

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Singer Mfg.	Fajardo Sugar
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Bank of America	R. J. Reynolds Tob.
Chase Nat'l Bank	American Cigar

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52 William St. Hanover 1378

LIBERTY BONDS

All denominations bought for cash. Based on the closing we pay:

$46.62 for a $50—3½% bond, 31 Coupons
$42.33 for a $50—3½% Bond, No Coupons
$44.77 for a $50—4% Bond, No Coupons
$45.66 for a $50—4% Bond, 7 Coupons
$48.53 for a $50—4½% Bond, 7 Coupons

PURDY & CO.,

Tel. John 5174-5-6-7. 24 Pine St., N. Y.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
2,800	Asme Coal	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝
1,500	Atlanta Sxple	5⅛	5	5
200	Am Bisbee	47	46	47
100	Am Candy	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞
100	Am Chicle	40¾	40¾	40¾
500	Auto Fuel S	52½	52	52
200	Brit-Am Ch	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
1,000	Car Lt & P	3	3	3
700	Farrell Coal	32	32	32
2,100	Conley Foil	27⅜	27	27⅛
5,000	Gen. Asph	67⅝	67⅛	67⅜
2,100	G'dwyn Pict	21	19	21
1,800	Grape-Cola	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
1,000	Dr pf	2½	2½	2½
100	Hayward Tob	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝
200	Dr pf	8	8	8
1,000	Hercules Pap	23¾	22½	22½
1,800	Heyden Ch	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
100	Hydraul Stl	30	30	30
500	Indian Pack	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
2,000	Kay Co Gas	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
570	Lig-Mar Coal	2	2	2

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARY.

10	Standard Oil of New York	334	334	334

MISCELLANEOUS OIL STOCKS.

25,000	Allied Oil	21	20	20
5,700	Anna B Wye	⅝	⅝	⅝
100	Atl Gulf Oil	30¼	30¼	30¼
5,000	Amal Roy	27	27	27
600	Acadia Oil	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,500	Bigheart P&R	11¼	11	11
1,000	Boone Oil	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜
1,500	Bos-Mex	2⅛	2	2
1,000	Bullion Oil	1	1	1
1,000	Carib Synd	17½	15½	16⅜
1,200	Cosden & Co	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
10,000	Cushing Pet	1¼	1¼	1¼
400	Domin Oil	10¼	10	10
500	Duquesne Oil	4¾	4¾	4¾
500	Elk Basin	8⅛	8	8⅛
2,000	Engrs Petrol	1¼	1¼	1¼
16,560	Esmeralda	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
500	Federal Oil	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜
200	Fensland Oil	8	8	8
700	Glenrock Oil	2½	2⅜	2½
1,100	Gum Cove	1	1	1
600	Hud-Gulf	20¼	20¼	20¼
4,800	Harvey C O	⅝	⅝	⅝
200	Heroules P	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
400	H P of Del	8¼	8¼	8¼
100	Houston Oil	75	75	75
1,500	Hudson Oil	¼	¼	¼
100	Inter Pet	35	35	35
100	Invincible O	35	35	35
5,000	Isl Oil & T	6¼	6⅛	6
100	Manhat Oil	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞
5,000	Mariand R	5	4½	5
200	Mar Oil C	15¾	15¼	15¼
2,500	Mexico Oil	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
2,000	Metex Pet	2¾	2¾	2¾

MINING STOCKS.

2,400	Ala-Br C M	1½	1½	1½
2,500	Aris Cop	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,000	Atlantic	2¾	2¾	2¾
1,000	Bal Dix p	5⅞	6¼	5¾
1,000	Bel Ext p	6	6	6
6,000	Big Ledge	⅛	⅛	⅛
1,000	Boston Ely	5	5	5
5,000	Boss & Mex	71	70	70
1,700	Caledonia	28	27	27
200	Canada Cop	1½	1½	1½
7,500	Candee Sil	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,250	Carson H G	27⅞	27½	27½
1,500	Con Arix	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,600	Cons Cop	3¼	3¼	3¼
200	Cons Vir S	3¼	3	3¼
6,300	Cortez Sil	60	60	60
1,000	Crown Res	25	24	25
9,000	El Sal Sil	2¼	2¼	2¼
7,500	Eureka C M	¾	¾	¾
1,000	Emma Silver	8	8	8
600	Eureka Hill	6	6	6
1,000	Ferdy-Mex M	1¼	1¼	1¼
1,800	Gadsden Cp	74	66	74
2,500	Gold E Div	18	16	17
700	Golden Gate	¾	¾	¾
1,000	Gold Hen	10	10	10
1,000	Goldf Dev	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
11,000	Goldf Mer	2	1¾	2
1,000	Gt Bend	1½	1½	1½
1,725	Hecla Min	4¾	4¾	4¾

BONDS.

$10,000	Al'd Pk 8s 09	65½	60	65
15,000	AT&TCs, '22	94½	94½	94½
5,000	do 5s	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝
20,000	Ang-Am Oil Co. w i	90¾	90¾	90¾
10,000	Beth Steel 7s '23 w i	97¼	97¼	97¼
70,000	Do 7½s '40, w i	97¼	97	97¼

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.	Saturday. Ask.
4½s July, 1967	92	93	92	93
4½s June, 1965	92	93	92	93
4½s Mar., 1966	92	93	92	93
4½s Mar., 1967	92	93	92	93
4½s May, 1957	92	93	92	93
4½s Apr., 1958	86	87	86	87
4½s Mar., 1964	86	87	86	87
4½s Mar., 1960	86	87	86	87
4½s Nov., 1960	86	87	86	87
4½s Mar., 1960-30	86	87	86	87
4s May, 1959	81	83	81	83
4s Nov., 1957	81	83	81	83
4s May, 1958	81	83	81	83
4s Nov., 1956	80½	82	80½	82
4s Nov., 1955	80½	82	80½	82

The following are quoted on a percentage basis:

4½s Nov., 1928	89	91½	89
3½s Nov., 1954	74½	76	74
3½s May, 1954	74½	76	74
3½s Nov., 1956	74½	76	74

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.		High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
200	Cities Service	331	328	329	334
845	Cities Service pf	65¼	64¾	65	66
975	Cities Service pf B	6¾	6⅝	6¾	6¾
9,775	Cities Service com shares	35¾	35¼	35¾	36¼
$28,600	Cities Service deb. G	94	93	93½	94½

		Bid.	Asked.
	Adirondack Elec Power	10½	12
	Adiron Elec Power pf	70	72
	Am Gas & Electric	32	102
	Am Gas & Electric pf	40	42
	Am Light & Traction	130	142
	Am Light & Trac pf	80	83
	Am Power & Light	80	83
	Am Power & Light pf	65	70
	Am Public Service	60	64
	Am W W & El 1st pf	37	41
	Am W W & Elec partic	5	6
	Appalachian Power	14¾	15
	Appalachian Power pf	80	84
	Carolina Power & Lt	80	84
	Colorado Power	9	12
	Colorado Power pf	85	90
	Columbus Electric pf	80	85
	Com Pow, Ry & Lt	18	18
	Com Pow, Ry & Lt pf	82½	90
	Conn Power	94	96
	Eastern Tex Elec	62	65
	Eastern Texas Elec pf	65	70
	El Paso Electric	68	72
	Elec Bond & Sh pf	82	85
	Empire Gas & Fuel pf	84	86
	Federal Light & Trac	6	8

		Bid.	Asked.
	Federal Lt& Trac pf	43	48
	Galveston-Hous Elec	18	20
	Galveston-Hous El pf	85	90
	Gas & Elec of Bergen	100	115
	Gen Gas & Elec A	60	65
	Gen Gas & Elec B	60	65
	Miss River Power pf	45	50
	Northern States Power	33	43
	North States Power pf	77	79
	Northern Texas Elec	59	64
	Northern Texas Elec pf	64	68
	Pacific Gas & Elec pf	70½	81
	Puget Sd Pow & Lt	14	16
	Puget Sd Pow & Lt pf	53	56
	Republic Ry & Light	18	19
	Republic Ry & Light pf	40	43
	Southern Cal Edison	88½	90
	Southern Cal Ed pf	95½	98
	Standard Gas & Elec	13	14½
	Standard Gas & El pf	35	36½
	Tampa Electric	111	115
	Texas Ry, Lt & Power		
	Texas Ry, Lt & Pow pf	34½	
	United Light & Rys	18	21
	United Light & Rys pf	65	67
	Western Power		
	Western Power pf	84	86

Bonds.

$m W W & E col 5s	43½	40½	43½	45
Art Val 7s, '20	90½	89½	90	90½
Cin Gas & Elec 5s, '56	78	75	78	78
Col Gas & El deb 5s, '27	78	75	78	82
Conn Power 5s, '52	90	85	90	90
Dallas Elec 5s, '52	100	97	100	100
East Tex El 5s, '42	78	75	78	80
El Paso El con 5s, '32	77	72	77	80
Empire Gas & F 6s, '54	84	82	84	86
Empire Ref. 6s, '47	83	80	83	85
Louisville G & E 7s, '35	98	96	98	98
Midwest Util 6s, '35	96	90	96	96
Miss Riv Pow 1st 5s	74½	72	74½	75
Mor States Pow 6s, '41	73½	72	73½	75
Nor States Pow 5s, '34	78	75	78	82
Seattle Elec 5s, '29	85	83	85	85
Stand Gas & El 6s, '57	60	60	60	70
Stand Gas & El 7s, '31	90	90	90	90
Stand Gas & El 5s, '26	85	85	85	85
Tenn Ry, Lt & Pow pf	34½	34	34½	36
United Light & Rys pf	65	64	65	67
United Light & Rys 1st	85	84	85	85
Western Power	85	84	85	85
Western Power pf	84	83	84	85

STANDARD OIL STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Anglo-Am Oil, Ltd	24¼	25¼	25
Atlantic Lobos	56	57	53
Do pf	100	115	100
Atlantic Refining	1300	1350	1300
Do pf	100	108	100
Buckeye Pipe Line	70	75	70
Buckeye Pipe Line 8s	93	95	95
Cheshebrough Mfg	210	250	210
Colonial Oil	130	140	140
Continental Oil	130	140	140
Crescent Pipe Line	30	32	30
Cumberland P L	130	135	135
Eureka Pipe Line	98	100	97
Galena Signal Oil	85	90	90
Do pf	90	95	90
Do pf, old	90	95	90
Illinois Pipe Line	153	160	155
Imperial Oil, Ltd	101	104	100
Indiana Pipe Line	82	86	82
Int Pet Co, Ltd	24	26	24
National Transit	26	27	26
New York Transit	155	160	155
Northern Pipe Line	94	100	96
Ohio Oil	300	310	300
Pa-Mex Fuel	43	44	43
Prairie Oil & Gas	350	370	350
Prairie Pipe Line	210	215	210
Solar Refining	340	345	340
Southern Pipe Line	110	115	110
South Pa Oil	300	305	305
S W Pa Pipe Lines	67	70	65
Stand Oil of Cal	230	235	230
Stand Oil of Ind	670	675	670
Stand Oil of Kan	540	560	540
Stand Oil of Ky	370	385	360
Stand Oil of Neb	425	475	425
Stand Oil of N J	600	610	600
Do pf	100	103	100
Stand Oil of N Y	380	387	383
Stand Oil of Ohio	425	450	425
Do pf	100	102	99
Swan & Finch	60	65	65
Union Tank Car	108	113	108
Do pf	95	100	95
Vacuum Oil	575	590	580
Washington Oil	28	30	28

SUGAR STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Cardenas Am	22		22
Do pf	90		90
Central Aguirre	128	130	128
Central Sugar	33	34½	33
Do pf	70	72	70
Fajardo	235	240	235
Federal Sugar	112	115	113
Do pf	98	101	98
Godchaux	53	55	57½
Do pf	90	97	97½
Great Western	400	430	400
Great Western pf	113	116	113
Guantanamo	104	103½	103
Holly	11¼	14	10
Do pf	50	60	50
Nat Sugar Ref	102	105	103
Santa Cecelia	18	20	18
Do pf	78	82	78
Savannah	36	37	36
Do pf	90	95	90
W India S & F pf	80	85	80

TOBACCO STOCKS

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Ask.	Saturday. Bid.
Am Cigar	122	132	129
Do pf	90	95	95
Am Tobacco, old	197	204	195
Geo W Helme	160	170	160
Do pf	97½	100	97½
J S Young	132	136	132
Do pf	90	100	90
Lambert	102	110	110
Liggett & Myers	175	180	175
Do pf	97	98	97
Porto Rican-Am	118	130	119
Do pf	100	105	100
R J Reynolds, A	200	205	200
Do B	470	480	470
Do pf	90	100	95
Universal Leaf	100	110	100
Do pf	90	100	100
Weyman-Bruton	60	70	60
Do pf	90	95	90

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
150	Adams Exp	36½	36⅜	36⅜
200	Allis-Chalm	38	37½	37½
140	Am Ag Ch	127½	126½	127½
140	Am B Sugar	80½	80½	80½
465	Am Can	38½	38¼	38¼
189	Am C & F	140½	139½	138½
20	Am Cot Oil	42¾	42¾	42¾
130	Am Druggist	11¾	11¾	11¾
100	Am Dry G	32¼	32¼	32¼
100	Am H & L	18¾	18¾	18¾
460	Am Int Corp	87¾	85¾	86¾
430	Am Loco	96¾	96½	96½
265	Am Saf Ras	15¾	15¾	15¾
2,040	Am S & R	24½	23	24½
150	Am S & R pf	80¾	80½	80½
100	Am Sugar	122¾	122¼	122¼
870	Am Su Tob	89¾	87	87
850	Am Tob Sec	89¾	88	88
220	Anaconn Cop	56¾	56¼	56¼
100	Atchison	79¾	79¾	79¾
179	A G & W I	165¾	165	165¾
6,130	Bald Loco	116¾	114¾	115
100	Bath Motors	21¼	20¾	21
250	Beth St'l B	91	90	90
100	B'klyn R T	12½	12¼	12½
155	Butte C & Z	8¾	8¼	8¼
120	Cal Petrol	30	30	30
100	Cen Leather	65¾	65¾	65¾
190	Ches & Ohio	51¾	51¾	51¾
230	C M & St P	33¾	32¾	33½
500	C R I & P	37¾	36¾	36¾
220	Col Graphoa	31	30¾	30¾
60	Con Cal M	14¾	14	14¾
430	Corn Prod	85	83¼	83½
1,480	Crucible St	139¾	136¾	136¾
50	Cuban Am S	55¾	55¾	55¾
250	Cuba C Sug	40¾	40	40
100	Del & H G	104	104	104½
550	Erie	12	12	12
870	Famous Pl	77¼	77¼	77¼
570	Fisk T & R	33	32	32½
100	Freeport Tex	34¼	34¼	34¼
855	Gen Mo cts	27¼	26¾	26¾
230	Goodrich R	64¾	63¾	63¾
170	Has Barker	68¾	68	68
380	Hupp M Car	17¾	17	17
750	Inspira Cop	52¾	52¼	52¼
870	Int Mer Mar	33¾	32¾	33
125	Do pf	87	87	87
130	Int Nickel	18	18	18
1,590	Int Paper	79½	76¾	78
120	Int Con Corp	3¼	3¼	3¼
10	Iron Prod Co	46¾	46¾	46¾
100	Kan City S	15¾	15¾	15¾
100	Lacka Steel	71	71	71
160	Loew's Inc	30¾	29¼	29¼
600	Mich Sugar	11¼	11¼	11¼
124	Minn Sugar	25	24½	25
100	Packard	21	20¾	20¾
450	Rac Motor	25¼	25¼	25¼
50	Mitchell	31	30½	30½
900	Nat Leather	11¾	11¾	11¾
50	People's Gas	39¾	39¾	39¾
33	Sears, Roeb	215	215	215
210	Shaw	14½	14	14
1,200	Stew Warn	41¾	41¾	41¾
200	Swift Inter	38¾	38¾	38¾
700	Swift & Co	110¾	110	110¾
25	Thompson	31	31	31
900	Carbide	97¼	95¾	96¾
100	Typewriter

CENSUS HAMPERED, SAYS SUPERVISOR

Defends Manhattan Count as a Whole, but Tells of Many Mistakes.

ONE MAN MISSED 1,000 NAMES

Another Couldn't See the Hotel Majestic—Health Department Figures Show Gain in City.

Ex-State Senator Samuel L. Foley, Supervisor of the Census in Manhattan, in an interview in the billiard room of the Murray Hill Hotel yesterday defended the count of the population of Manhattan, which purported to show that it had declined by 47,439 in the last ten years.

Although insisting that the count was all right as a whole, Mr. Foley said that he had been hampered by mistaken plans which had been formed in Washington, where, he said, the work of counting the people of Bergen, N. J., and that of counting the millions of New York City were evidently assumed to be matters of equal simplicity. One of the districts, he said, which was created at Washington for the purpose of having its residents canvassed by an enumerator consisted exclusively of the Equitable Building. Another district, he said, contained nothing but a gas works and several large gas tanks.

While defending his enumerators as a body, Mr. Foley said that some were very bad. One enumerator, he said, was so inaccurate that he completely missed the Hotel Majestic at Seventy-second Street and Central Park West. Another enumerator, he said, was poor on detail, and it was found, on a recanvass of his district, that he had missed a round thousand residents of it. Owing to discourtesy and obstacles encountered at the Hotel Theresa at 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, he said, only six names had been obtained there for the census, when he figured that at least 166 should have been obtained.

Mr. Foley said that he had been hampered and annoyed by a "red-headed expert" who was sent from Washington to help him and that he had finally been compelled to threaten to throw him over a partition.

Evidence Showing Gains Grows.

While ex-Senator Foley was describing the hardships with which he had been forced to grapple, other evidences were forthcoming that Manhattan had gained population instead of losing it in the last ten years. A telephone canvass continued to show that a considerable percentage of persons had been overlooked.

The official estimate of the Department of Health, which is made for the purpose of figuring the birth and death rate and other statistics, placed the population of the city at 6,006,000 on the first of this year and that of Manhattan at 2,805,000 on Jan. 1. This estimate for Manhattan exceeds the census showing by 520,897. Instead of a falling off of 47,439 in the decade, the Department of Health figures credits Manhattan with a gain of 474,458.

The Department of Health estimate is based on the theory that the population of Manhattan is steadily increasing, which theory is borne out by data collected by the department, Dr. William H. Guilfoy, Registrar of Records of the department, said yesterday that he was very much surprised that the census figures should indicate a decline in the population of Manhattan.

"Our records show," he said, "that in the last five years 116,668 more persons were born in Manhattan than died. I have not the figures here, but the records for ten years would probably show about 200,000 more births than deaths. What could possibly have happened to offset this natural increase in population I cannot see."

Attention was called to the fact that the population of Manhattan was notoriously understated in the "Platt" census of 1890 and that the city had later taken steps to get a more correct census by an enumeration by the Police Department. At the time of the 1890 census, it was generally suspected and charged that under the orders of Senator Platt several thousand persons had been deliberately annihilated, as far as the records went, for the purpose of decreasing the Democratic representation in Congress and in Albany.

Police Census Was necessary.

"These figures were so bad," Dr. Guilfoy said, "that they made ridiculous all attempts to calculate the death rate, the incidence of disease, and interfered with assessment and taxation and prevented the proper assignment of police beats and hampered the Rapid Transit Board. So much inconvenience and hardship resulted that the city ordered a police census in 1895 which restored to statistical existence several hundred thousand who had been massacred for political reasons. The Health Department records have ever since been calculated on the basis of that census of 1895."

No charge of a deliberate intention to keep the figures down has been made in connection with the present census. The census enumeration was in charge of Tammany from beginning to end and it would have been to the interest of Tammany Hall to have the Manhattan figures as large as possible with the object of increasing Tammany representation.

"This census was absolutely free from politics," said Mr. Foley, "and no more honest work was ever done. You take the district of the President of the Borough of Manhattan, Hon. Edward Curran, a Republican. We did everything in our power to give his district all the population it was entitled to. Take the district which sent Major LaGuardia to Congress. Of course, he is now the President of the Board of Aldermen, but we made the great effort to give him all the population that really existed in the district. Congressman Siegel, another Republican, got what was coming to him."

Congressmen Named Inspectors.

Mr. Foley said he had been interfered with politically in one respect, which was that the Inspectors on whom he had to rely to check up the 1,300 or 1,400 enumerators, were named by Congressmen, each Congressman naming two. He said he had rejected a few of them on the strength of the bad impression they made on him at first sight, and that a few of those accepted turned out later to be very poor material. Their pay was $5 a day. The enumerators got 4 cents a name. Mr. Foley said that some very able and energetic enumerators had made as much as $30 or $40 a day for ten days or two weeks, while others had made almost nothing.

Mr. Foley became very emphatic in his expressions when he discussed an expert sent from Washington to advise and assist him, and occasionally paused over an epithet to suggest a compunction as to its publication.

"He was a red-headed Southerner, very much out at the elbows," said Mr. Foley, "and he came here under the impression that he was going to run the census here. He would have been greatly improved by spending 15 cents now and then on a shave. And this was the man who thought he was supposed to tell me how to run the job. One day he came rushing into my office, and I told him never to come in again without my express orders and that, if he did I would throw him over the partition.

"He got permission from Washington to hire fifteen clerks and then he got permission to hire fifteen more. One day he turned up with a new suit of clothes and the next day he disappeared. Later he got a lot of the clerks dismissed. Now, can you imagine a Tammany Hall man laying men off when he could get work for them to do. I don't know what he told them at Washington, but I had no further interference of that sort.

Would Welcome Investigation.

"Mr. Rogers, the Director of the Census, is one of the finest and ablest men I know, and I don't want anybody to get the impression that I am criticizing him. I understand that he backs up these figures, but is willing to have the thing investigated by a responsible organization. That would delight me because it would prove that these figures are right, in spite of real estate men who have an axe to grind.

"Anyone with any sense can see that it must be far more difficult to take a census in Manhattan than anywhere else in the United States, if not in the world. The people hop about like bees. The city was districted in New York by some one who knew nothing about Manhattan. The crass ignorance and stupidity shown in that respect was overwhelming. Think of making the Equitable Building a residence district and a set of gas tanks another residence district! Some of my men had to go and try to get the names of residents of one district who spoke Russian, Hungarian, Persian, Armenian, Italian and Turkish.

"Some of our enumerators were wonders. A few, as you will always find in such a body of men, were crooks. We had some of the stupidest men in the world. But we made every effort by advertising to get the best possible body of men and women. We appealed for them through the press. We got some from ministers. We got some from district leaders. On the whole I would match those enumerators with the best in the United States.

Knew of Manufactured Lists.

"Of course, we had some who, instead of going through buildings from top to bottom, would take the names off the bells in the front hall and fake the size of the families, the names and ages of the children and that sort of thing. Some of them manufactured their lists in the back rooms of gin-mills. I knew this to be the fact, though I could not get the absolute proof of it. In such cases I would assign an inspector to watch the man, but there is no way of preventing things of that kind from being done.

"It is hard to realize the hardships of some of the enumerators. Why, some of the young ladies in my office came back and told me stories of what they had been up against which actually made me cry. Some of them trudged up and down miles of buildings all day without finding hardly a single person in. I stretched my authority to allow them to go back at night when the families were at home. Some of them climbed dark, rickety stairs in old, evil-smelling tenement houses and were overcome. Some of them did not last to the top floor of a single tenement house. Others were among the brightest and most energetic young men and women I have ever seen. For instance, we thought that the report on one thickly populated district was rather shy and sent out a young woman to go over it. She brought in a thousand names that the first enumerator had missed.

Didn't See the Hotel Majestic.

"To give you an example, one of our dummies walked past the Hotel Majestic without seeing it. It was only by accident that we caught this omission and had the census taken there. Then we met with other obstacles. At the Hotel Theresa, for instance, a man who said he was the manager refused to let our enumerator canvass the hotel. I threatened to have him arrested and then he gave us five or six names. I then told the enumerator to stay in the lobby and said:

"'Take a lot of individual slips and be very nice and give the slips to the guests and when they come back, we will make a record.'

"We got very little resistance of that kind, however, and a show of authority usually overcame it. Of course, some people at other apartment houses and hotels failed to make out the slips and return them, so we checked them up as well as we could, but they come and go like flies, so that some are necessarily missed. The epidemic of 'flu' upset us. Some of the employes had it and others pretended to have it. A few of them were not capable of taking the 'Bellevue' or 'dog-house.'

"The crass ignorance and carelessness at Washington was the start of the trouble. When I was first directed to take charge of the work, they did not even figure on having offices where it could be carried on. They first sent me to the Custom House, where every room was filled. Then they sent me to the Post Office, where no room could be made for me. Then they sent me down to a mud lot on Centre Street, where there had been an old barrack for the army and navy police. I finally said, 'To the devil I'll go and hire a place in some big building.' I did.

Mr. Foley was asked if he had found any way to check the funds of individual enumerators who created fictitious persons for the census at 4 cents a head, in the back rooms of saloons.

Has No Doubt There Was Faking.

"Give me the Paris police of Gaboriau's stories," he said, "and I'll catch them. I have no doubt that there has been faking to a greater extent than we have any evidence.

"I have emphasized the obstacles and troubles we had,' he continued, "but on the whole, those figures are right, and certainly as near right as they can be made under the circumstances. The job, as a whole was intelligently and energetically done. I have no apologies to make for my part of it.

"Manhattan has undoubtedly shrunk in population because of the hundreds of houses torn down to make way for business. The criticisms of the census have come from real estate men, who have a self-interest in trying to exaggerate the population of Manhattan. These are the very same men who would not bid on that magnificent piece of property—a gold mine—out there opposite the Grand Central Station. That is the kind of men they are. And they presume to criticise the census. The only complaints are from these real estate men, who have a grievance and are afraid these figures will affect injuriously the value of property in Manhattan.

"The census figures for Manhattan will stand as they were made public at Washington. That was an incorrect statement by the Brooklyn man that they would be thrashed out by a 'mopping-up' process. I am not a literary man, but I take some care in my expressions and have never used that term 'mopping up.' I did not have to make out any supplemental list, because I stand absolutely by the first list.

"I am not bothered by criticism, although I have never been subjected to it before. I was sent to Albany for sixteen years by the people of my district. Dick Croker sent me the first time. I never kowtowed to a newspaperman in my life, but during those sixteen years not a single word of criticism was ever published against me in any newspaper."

When he was asked who were the individuals at Washington responsible for the alleged botching of the plan of the Manhattan census he said:

"I am young, and unsophisticated. Don't ask me that question."

Another census official, who would not permit his name to be used, said that he believed there were more transients improperly included in the census figures than genuine residents omitted. He asserted that many persons who said that they were not in the census were really there, their names having been given by their wives, building superintendents, landlords or neighbors.

Says Street Was Not Visited.

According to Rabbi Leo Goldberger of 314 East Third Street, his house was not visited by a census-taker, his neighborhood was not visited, and he said that, as far as he could learn, no enumerator had been on East Third Streetat all. Twenty-five persons belonging to three families in the building where Rabbi Goldberger lives were overlooked. Rabbi Goldberger said through his son that he had received a letter from the Census Bureau asking him to find out how many persons in his congregation had been overlooked, but no cards were given for their registration. He said that he had no way of reaching all the members of his congregation, who were scattered in many parts of the city, but that he had found several who had not been counted.

Charles A. Mann of 50 East Eighty-sixth Street said that four persons in his apartment were missed.

Forty-three persons, whose addresses were taken at random, were canvassed by THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday. Five of the forty-three said they had not been visited by an enumerator or listed in the census, showing slightly more than 11 per cent. overlooked. The list is as follows:

Name.	Answer.
James Mathison, 311 West 17th St.	Yes
Emil Mayer, 782 West End Av.	Yes
Peter A. Meaher, 1,356 Broadway	Yes
Miss A. Meckbach, 253 West 121st St.	Yes
Charles H. Mehriust, 1,448 5th Av.	Yes
Dr. S. B. Moore, 445 West End Av.	No
Charles W. Nelson, 2,211 Broadway	No
C. du B. Hull, 307 East 18th St.	Yes
Miss Mabel M. Phelps, 244 West 103d St.	Yes
Dr. G. A. Hull, 123 West 73d St.	Yes
Dr. E. F. Quinlan, 308 West 20th St.	Yes
Gomer D. Rees, 199 West 74th St.	Yes
John Reilly, Jr., 165 East 71st St.	Yes
Dr. R. P. Raymond, 120 West 12th St.	Yes
William J. Kirkpatrick, 82 West 105th St.	Yes
Dr. J. Gardner Smith, 22 West 122d St.	Yes
C. V. Van Buskirk, 2,439 24 Av.	Yes
Charles B. Allen, 221 West 142d Street	Yes
G. H. Atkinson, 150 West 106th Street	Yes
Edward Devtin, 538 West Fifty-first St.	Yes
Lewis F. Mann, 2,128 Creston Avenue	No
Henry Meyer, 3,161 Albany Crescent	Yes
M. Joseph, 253 Edgecombe Avenue	Yes
Jacob Lederer, 2,190 University Avenue	No
George Phillips, 135 West 138th Street	Yes
Mrs. J. N. Lesher, 472 West 147th Street	Yes
Dr. John B. Rae, 247 West 70th Street	Yes
S. Roth, 2,081 Creston Avenue	Yes
Alfred B. Wade, 58 East 78th Street	Yes
Nathan Weinreb, 16 East 113th Street	Yes
Ed. Dotjen, 2,235 University Avenue	Yes
Dr. Louis Neumann, 74 Riverside Drive	Yes
Max Plaut, 310 Crescent Avenue	Yes
Philip Riccuit, 318 Hester Street	No
Thomas Gallo, 141 Baxter Street	Yes
Francis Lava, 174 Grand Street	Yes
Louis Salvato, 366 Broome Street	Yes
Patsy Civale, 114 Baxter Street	Yes
James Molesthino, 396 Broome Street	Yes
Charles Palumbo, 384 Broome Street	Yes
Al Milito, 390 Broome Street	Yes
Robert Mancuso, 3 Centre Market St.	Yes
Joseph Shinbini, 380 Broome Street	Yes

Want New Count in the Bronx.

Bronx business men, who had advertised the population of the Bronx at more than 800,000 in big signs all over the borough, were disappointed yesterday when the census figures placed the population of the borough at 732,016, and it was proposed last night to have a new tabulation in the Bronx. Aubrey J. Parody, Chairman of the Community Council of Fleetwood, who attended a meeting of Chairmen of Councils at Borough Hall last night, suggested that the block captains of the different councils should canvass their own blocks to discover those who had been overlooked and to obtain a new figure on the Bronx population. George C. Crowley, Chairman of the county organization of the councils, said:

"I feel certain that the Bronx has over 800,000 people. I have under consideration the matter of making a survey through the sixteen Community Councils to find out if many Bronx residents have not been overlooked."

The records of the Public Service Commission were looked up yesterday to ascertain the increase in passengers on the New York City subways, surface and elevated lines, as bearing on the increased population of the city. The total of passengers carried in 1910 were 1,811,262,914, and the total for 1919 was 2,079,942,604, showing a gain of more than one-third in nine years. These figures are not an exact indication of population growth, however. For example, each year of the nine shows an increase, with the exception of 1914, when there was a falling off in the number of passengers carried, which is attributed to widespread unemployment and industrial depression in that year. Further, a pa of the increase of about 33 1-3 per cent. may have been in the transportation of visitors and commuters. Also, a slight increase in the number of rides per person has resulted from the opening up of new lines. On the other hand, the great increase in the use of automobiles in the nine-year period has prevented the transportation lines from receiving millions of fares.

THINK COUNT IS RIGHT, CENSUS CHIEFS SAY

New York Names Obtained in "Mopping Up" Process Included, Asserts Stewart.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—Director of the Census S. L. Rogers today repeated that he was ready to co-operate with any responsible body in New York to ensure complete accuracy of the census of New York City. It is their purpose, the census officials say, to include in the census the names of any persons not enumerated, wherever it can be shown that they were not counted.

Pending evidence to the contrary, however, Director Rogers and other census officials today asserted their belief that the final figures would still show that Manhattan Borough had decreased in population since 1910.

William M. Steuart, Assistant Director of the Census, who has been in intimate touch with the work in New York City and who has made numerous trips to Manhattan in that connection, challenged the accuracy of the statement attributed to Supervisor A. G. Dore of Brooklyn that figures obtained in the "mopping-up" process were not included in the preliminary figures given out Saturday night. Mr. Steuart declared that the names obtained in the mopping-up process were all included in the preliminary announcement.

"The census office," said Mr. Stewart, "must proceed on the theory that the work was done correctly. Every precaution was taken in making a thorough enumeration of the population of New York. The census office has done more in New York than it has done in smaller places, because we realize the great difficulty of enumerating a population that is shifting so continuously. The City of New York was carefully laid out into enumeration districts. A description of the district by streets was given to the enumerator. When he returned his portfolio it was carefully examined to see if he had visited every house on every street in his district.

Every House Accounted For.

"Houses that were visited, but where no person was found at home, were listed in a street book. The enumerator was required to account for every house before his voucher was approved for payment. Inspectors were appointed to keep in touch and carefully check the work of every enumerator as it proceeded. A list of all the apartment houses was obtained from the proper city official. This list gave the number of families in each house. It was checked with the enumerator's returns. A special man had charge of all of the institutions, and he saw that each institution was reported, including all of its inmates.

"Advertisements were carried in the newspapers of the city and on the screens of motion-picture theatres, calling upon persons who had not been enumerated to send their names to the Supervisors. Every precaution was taken and every opportunity given to the inhabitants to report defects.

"A large number of persons did report that they had not been enumerated. Upon examining the returns it was found that the vast majority of these had actually been reported.

"The Census Bureau has received requests from a number of cities for a re-enumeration, or checking of the enumerators' returns. In each case we required some evidence of a defective enumeration.

Supervisor Dore is credited with having stated that the advertising campaign conducted in Brooklyn after the completion of the enumeration resulted in securing the names of approximately 50,000 persons who had not been enumerated. The number of persons thus declared to have been given by Mr. Dore is excessive, because he and his enumerators made a very thorough enumeration of the entire Brooklyn district in the first instance. Mr. Dore is mistaken if he says that the people whose names were secured by this mopping-up process were not included in the total.

"All persons enumerated in New York, whether by the enumerators of by the receipt of individual returns by mail, have been included in the total as announced by us.

"The figures made public are preliminary in that they are subject to revision, and the Census Bureau will be glad to receive the names and addresses of any persons who think they were not enumerated. These names and addresses should be sent direct to the Census Bureau at Washington. The addresses should be the residence addresses as of January 1, 1920. They will be compared with the returns made by the enumerators, and if it is found that the persons have not been included in the census they will be sent schedules upon which to furnish the census data.

BOSTON CONSIDERS TAKING NEW CENSUS

Questions Federal Figures Which Allow for Gain of Only 2,484 in Five Years.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, June 7.—This city is up in arms over the Federal census figures. The accuracy of the figures is generally disputed. To bring matters to a head the Chamber of Commerce will hold a meeting Wednesday to consider the advisability of having a new census taken, with the object of showing the inaccuracy of the Federal figures. Some of the more active leaders in the movement advocate spending $50,000, if necessary, to obtain accurate data. It is pointed out that while the census figures would credit Boston with a growth of only 2,484 in the last five years, the State census of 1915 showed an increase of 75,205 between 1910 and 1915.

Attention is called to the fact that for the first time since the Republican Party came into being, in 1851, with Lincoln's election, a national census has been taken by the Democrats, and that for the first time the data was gathered as of January 1, the most inclement season of the year, instead of in the Spring or Summer, as in former years, which change operates to the benefit of the sections south of the Mason and Dixon line. Again, for the first time since 1880 the State Census Bureau was cast into the discard in gathering data and the work turned over to district leaders with political henchmen for workers. Even Mayor Peters, Democratic Chief Executive of the city and former official of the Wilson Administration, says the failure to utilize the State Bureau was a mistake.

John F. Hardy, Supervisor of the Census for Suffolk County, answers that the figures are absolutely correct and charges that any one denying this assertion is playing "politics."

"The enumerators' returns were checked against the assessed poll register and pay vouchers were not issued until an investigated report had been submitted," he said. "As a result of this system of tabulation it was discovered that hundreds of people were not residing at the places given as their voting residences.

These are abnormal times. The small returns show duplicate conditions which prevailed at the close of the civil war. Those who criticise base their contentions on censuses when the circumstances were totally different. We have no new industries, in fact, industries have left us. The Volstead act has created a situation never before encountered in the annals of the country, and Boston has felt the enforcement in full measure. Income returns were ordered filed here as of Dec. 31, 1919. Immigration has practically ceased and other Government interference besides that of prohibition and taxes has been a cause.

"Remember, Boston depends on an influx of immigrants to maintain its normal growth. But the war totally changed all this. Also, it must be recalled that during 1918 and 1919 the city experienced the worst epidemic of influenza in its history. It is a question whether at that time the birth rate exceeded the death rate.

"The Department of Justice says it will investigate 5,000 Boston men for draft dodging. If the department couldn't locate these men when they were called for the service, why should the census takers be expected to get them in their lists?

"Thousands of Italians left Boston to join their national army. The Polish Army gained 12,000 recruits from Boston. Many more went to Canada to join the forces of the Dominion and remained there because they were given homesteads."

WATERBURY GAINS 25 P. C.

Rome (N. Y.) Also Increases 5,844 in Population for 1920.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The following census reports were made public today:

Waterbury, Conn., 91,410, an increase of 18,259 or 25 per cent.

Rome, N. Y., 26,341, an increase of 5,844 or 28.5 per cent.

Burlington, Vt., 22,779, an increase of 2,311 or 11.3 per cent.

Weymouth, Mass., 15,057, an increase of 2,162 or 16.8 per cent.

Bellingham, Wash., 25,570, an increase of 1,272 or 5.2 per cent.

ENO ESTATE WILL SELL.

Surrogate Permits Acceptance of Offers for Realty.

Surrogate James A. Foley signed an order yesterday giving permission for the sale of certain parcels of property belonging to the estate of the late Amos F. Eno at prices that will greatly enhance the principal and income of the residuary legatees, among which are Columbia University, William P. Eno, a brother; Henry Lane Eno and Gifford Pinchot, nephews, and several other relatives.

The petition for the sale of the realty was made by William P. Eno of Washington, D. C.; William Mitchell of Yonkers, N. Y., and Lucius H. Beers of Westhampton Beach, L. I., temporary administrators of the estate pending litigation to establish the 1914 will of Mr. Eno.

According to their petition, they have a cash offer of $160,000 for 13 and 15 South William Street, in which are located the offices of the estate, which they say has been appraised at $80,000 and has been assessed by the city at $75,500. They also have a cash offer of $170,000 for 35 Pronx Street, 27 Coentiee Slip and 21 South Street.

This property, the petition states has been appraised at $81,100. Its assessed valuation by the city is $79,000. The petition says that all of the residuary legatees are in accord for the acceptance of these very desirable offers, and only required the consent of the court, which Surrogate Foley accorded them.

Swarthmore Gives Hoover a Degree.

SWARTHMORE, Pa., June 7.—Herbert C. Hoover made the Commencement address at Swarthmore College today, and received the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. He did not touch on politics in his address, which was filled with general advice to the graduating class.

DECISIONS

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—In the Federal Supreme Court today Frederic Cowden of New York City and James W. Bailey of Cold Spring, N. Y., were admitted to practice and these proceedings were taken:

200—G. C. Beidler, appit., v. the U. S.—Judgment affirmed.

518—Kwock Jan Fat, petr., v. E. White, as Commr. of Immigration at Port of San Francisco,—Judgment reversed, with costs, and cause remanded for trial of the merits.

402—Federal Trade Commn., petr., v. A. Grats and B. Grats, co-partners under the firm name of A. Grats & Grats, et al.—Decree affirmed, with costs.

110—J. E. Nadeau, M. Nadeau, his wife, et al., piffs., v. U. P. R. R. Co.—Judgment affirmed, with costs.

105—F. A. Royster Guano Co., piff., v. the Commonwealth of Virginia.—Judgment reversed, with costs, and cause remanded.

29 (original)—State of Rhode Island, compit., v. A. Mitchell Palmer, Atty. Gen., et al.; 738—Same; 696—G. C. Dempsey, appit., v. T. J. Boynson, as U. S. Atty., et al.; 752—Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse Co., appit., v. W. V. Gregory, as U. S. Atty., et al.; 788—C. Feigenspan, appit., v. Christian Feigenspan, Jr., et al.; 794—H. A. Sawyer, as U. S. Atty., et al., appits., v. Manitowoc Products Co., and 837—St. Louis Brewing Assn., appit., v. G. H. Moore, Collector of Internal Revenue, 2nd Dist.—Motions to advance granted and assigned for argument Monday, Oct. 11.

928—R. Lee Moyer, petr., v. the U. S.—Petition for writ of cert. to Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals granted.

932—John Simmons Co., petr., v. The Grier Bros. Co.—Petn. for writ of cert. to U. S. Third Circuit Ct. of Appeals granted.

730—Boston West Africa Trading Co., petr., v. Quaker City Morocco Co.—Petn. for a writ of cert. to First U. S. Circuit Ct. of Appeals denied.

854—R. L. Mayfield, petr., v. The State of Tenn., ex rel P. M. Gerard—Petn. for writ of cert. to Tenn. Supreme Ct. denied.

928—R. Lee Moyer, petr., v. the U. S.—Petition for writ of cert. to Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals granted.

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854—R. L. Mayfield, petr., v. The State of Tenn., ex rel P. M. Gerard—Petn. for writ of cert. to Tenn. Supreme Ct. denied.

810—Lincoln Gas and Electric Light Co., appit., v. the City of Lincoln et al. Per curiam—Dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

Original—Ex parte in the matter of Oklahoma, petnr.—Motion for leave to file bill of complt. in the State of Texas—Order of instructions to the receiver.

Original—Ex parte in the matter of Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry. Co., petnr.—Motion for leave to file petn. for writ of prohibition or mandamus granted, and a rule to show cause awarded, returnable Monday, Oct. 4.

7—Original. The State of Ark., complt., v. the State of Miss.—Motion to stay further proceedings in this cause denied.

23—Original. The State of Ga., complt., v. the State of S. C.—Motion for appointment of special master to take testimony granted on suggestion of counsel for both parties. Special master appointed.

3—The U. S., appit., v. Reading Co. et al. and 4—Reading Co., et al., appits., v. the U. S.—Motions to modify the decree denied.

811—Moran Zucker, piff., v. the U. S.—Motion to vacate the stay order granted.

296—U. P. Ry. Co. et al., piffs., in error, v. W. H. Jenkins et al.—Motion to vacate judgment of dismissal and restore to docket denied.

970—American Column and Lumber Co. et al., appits., v. the U. S.—Motion for an order staying or superseding during the pendency of this appeal of A part of the final decree of District Court, herein denied.

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CAR FAMINE CANCELS PRICE QUOTATIONS

Dealers Cannot Longer Absorb Trucking Expenses and Maintain Standard Lists.

BUILDING WORK HALTING

Public Officials Apprised of Effect of Latest Development on Housing Programs.

All building material prices as regularly quoted by New York dealers have been withdrawn for an indefinite period. This action results from the efforts during the last six weeks and more, on the part of masons, material distributers here and elsewhere, to overcome the dual effects of a harbor tie-up and the inability of the railroad companies to deliver material into this market in the quantities required, particularly because of the car shortage.

As the market closed on Saturday new embargoes were placed upon some of the terminals still open to the discharge of building materials, so that the only open discharging points for the entire city today will be Wallabout and the Pennsylvania terminal in Long Island City. The nearest building material discharge points outside of these two centres now remaining to the building trades of New York are South Amboy and South Plainfield, N. J., the extreme northern boundary lines of New York and points up the Hudson River.

This has placed the entire building material supply for New York City, with a potential requirement for the remainder of this year of more than $225,000,000, entirely in the hands of private trucking companies and the rates are far and away beyond freight handling charges upon which the normal bases of building material prices are quoted at the retail yards. Furthermore, it is not possible to list a definite price applying to any one material from retail yards because each day and each truck trip represents different mileage and different trucking conditions.

In the matter of car shortage manufacturers are almost uniformly facing excess charges of one sort or another. About 30 per cent. of the cars received are open flat-bottom cars. These can be loaded without extra expense. The other 70 per cent. are saw-tooth or drop-bottom cars. These have to be floored with lumber which costs $65 per thousand square feet), and there is an extra charge of $25 per car for flooring them. In addition to this charge the cars have to be protected by waterproofed tarpaulins, for which a charge of $100 each is made to the consignee, and when returned in good condition a rebate of $90 is allowed. Tarpaulins average six trips before they are unfit for further use. Furthermore, the extra cost of loading is $25 per car over and above all other expenses.

Supplementing all this the manufacturers have said to the distributer here that they feel that the consignee should assume the risk of shipment, and if this arrangement is not acceptable to the purchaser his orders are held indefinitely until box cars are available.

These are some of the conditions which have made necessary the immediate withdrawal of current price listings. Purchasers desiring to proceed with building operations from this time to an indefinite period in the future (probably until the Western grain crops are moved) must expect to pay prices for building materials characteristic of an open market.

Under such conditions, of course, an increasing proportion of the proposed housing construction will be deferred, so that the estimate made by the Dow Service daily building reports in August last year to the effect that construction work would aggregate by the end of the first half of 1920 between 50 and 70 per cent. of normal, "with decreasing activity as the Presidential election campaign progresses," now develops scarcely 40 per cent. of a normal year. Under the open price market is forced upon the dealers for any great length of time actual construction will be forced to a rate of activity approximating only a quarter of even a normal building construction year in this vicinity. There are those who believe that construction work on all kinds of building will range around that figure before the expiration of the next fortnight unless building materials can promptly be accorded direct shipment into this market.

Hudson River common brick remains at $23 wholesale, dock, New York, with the usual additional charge for handling, hauling and 15 per cent. This commodity is not included in the open market conditions which apply principally to concrete ingredients, including cement, lime, plaster, lath, gypsum and similar materials, coming into this city by rail. Sand, gravel, crushed stone and brick are amply available but cannot be used without cement or other calcined products, thus completing the paralysis of the market.

SELLS BRONX LOTS.

Bryan L. Kennelly Auctions Park Versailles Property.

Four dwellings and 200 lots in the Park Versailles property in the East Bronx were sold at auction yesterday by Bryan L. Kennelly in the Vesey Street Exchange Salesroom.

Matho Capobianco bought the two-story dwelling on the east side of Leland Avenue, 189 feet south of Guerlain Street, on a plot 73 by 100, for $5,800. Sol. Silverberg purchased the two-story dwelling on the south side of Guerlain Street, 50 feet east of Thieriot Avenue, on a plot 50 by 100, for $6,050, and Mrs. J. Latchford acquired the dwelling on the south side of Guerlain Street, 50 feet west of Leland Avenue, on a plot 50 by 100, for $5,650.

Lots on East Tremont Avenue brought on an average from $2,300 to $3,500; on White Plains Road they brought from $1,200 to $1,500, on Leland Avenue from $1,000 to $1,200, on Thieriot Avenue from $700 to $1,200. On Guerlain Street they reached an average of about $1,000.

Among the buyers were James Goode, W. H. Leonard, Andrew A. Wells, Fritz Baum, Walter P. Keller, Frank Gardiner, Harry Goodman, Harry Chatwick, Charles A. Cutin, Joseph Kelly, Martin McCue, John Cassidy, W. E. Dante, Edward H. O'Neill, A. Pearlman, Marie Del Balso, and A. L. Bowenstein.

NEW HOUSING PROJECT.

Eighteen Dwellings on Sutton Place Will Be Rebuilt.

A total of more than $1,000,000 will be spent on a novel housing project for residents of the fashionable Fifth Avenue district about to be undertaken on the west bank of the East River, involving the Sutton Place block front between Fifty-seventh and Fifty-eighth Streets. This irregular plot contains eighteen old brownstone dwellings and a garden, which the projectors plan to remodel into one of the finest home communities in the city.

Final details have been completed for the sale of the properties by George W. Osborne to the Sutton Square, Inc., headed by Eliot Cross, the architect, and W. Seward Webb, Jr.

The restrictions placed on the block will prevent it from ever being used for anything but dwellings of not more than four and one-half stories. Twelve feet of the garden will be allotted to each owner for use as a tea house.

Messrs. Cross and Webb, Frederick Allen, Walter Damrosch, and Donald Frothingham, Harris Livermore, George Osborne, and Rosecrans Baldwin have taken eleven houses. Work on the project will begin July 1.

Sales in Brooklyn.

Realty Associates sold to G. Kunin the four-story apartment house at 871 Bedford Avenue, 24 by 95. The broker was Julius Small.

F. J. Knowles Company sold 821 South First Street, a three and a two-story house, for a client, to F. Lipschitz.

Plan Apartment Alteration.

Louis P. Dowdney leased 226 West Seventy-second Street, 25 by 100, improved with a 5½ story elevator house, for a period of twenty-one years, at a rental of $130,000. The property will be altered into high class apartments.

COMMERCIAL LEASES.

Zabriskie Property on Liberty Street in $500,000 Deal.

Charles F. Noyes Company leased for the Zabriskie estate, the five-story office building, 133-137 Liberty Street, northeast corner of Washington, for twenty-one years at an aggregate rental of approximately $500,000. The lessees have engaged Sommerfeld & Steckler, architects, to make extensive improvements. New fronts will be installed, and the building converted into a high-grade office structure. Negotiations are pending to lease a portion of the Liberty and Washington Street building to a prominent chemical firm for executive offices.

August D. de Bianchi leased for a long term, for the Spingler-Van Beuren Estates, the five-story building at 4 East Fourteenth Street, 23 by 100, to the Lerner Blouse Shops.

William A. Taylor leased for Mary H. Soley, the five-story building at 32 East Fifty-sixth Street, 18 by 100.5, to Boucheron & Co., of Paris, for an aggregate rental of about $250,000.

H. A. Kelber has leased for the E. M. J. Realty Company the corner portion, 70 by 95, of the one-story building it is erecting at the northeast corner of Fordham road and Marion, with frontage of 150 and 140 feet respectively. The lessee is the Chevrolet Motor Company, which will use it for a salesroom. The lease is for ten years at an aggregate rental of $180,000.

The Schulte Cigar Stores Co. leased through Tankoos, Smith & Co., for a long term of years, at a rental aggregating $125,000, the entire property at the southeast corner of West Broadway and Reade Street, and upon expiration of existing leases and completion of alterations, will occupy the corner portion as a branch.

IN WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

Home Seekers Continue to Buy Desirable Country Places.

Fish & Marvin sold the estate of A. G. Palmer, on the corner of the Post Road and South Regent Street at Rye, to Mrs. Helen A. Tuttle of Rye. The property is located on high ground commanding an extensive view of the country and consists of a house, one and one-half acres of land and garage and cottage. The purchaser will take possession at once and plans extensive alterations.

Misses Nash & Kennedy sold for Benjamin Edwards his English cottage on a 100-foot plot, on Post Road, Scarsdale, to Morton R. Goldsmith of New York.

Joseph R. Merriman and Burke Stone sold the home of J. Wilbur Secor on Brock Street, Mt. Kisco, to Mrs. Florence Dreyer of Bronxville, N. Y., who will occupy on July 1.

Arthur C. Sheridan sold at voluntary auction last Saturday on the premises at Brookfield, Conn., the Berkshire residence of William L. Celt of the Colt-Stratton Company, for $92,000. The purchasers were Louis Resnick and Joseph Chazen of Danbury, Conn.

NEW YORK.

Hotel Champlain
Bluff Point on Lake Champlain, N.Y.

THIS remarkable natural beauty of the Hotel Champlain Golf Course, coupled with the charming appointments of its 18 holes, has earned for it the undisputed leadership of the Adirondack resort courses.

IT is but natural that a course of Champlain's distinction should have a season of such prestige.

TENNIS, riding, boating, golf-privileges and dancing closely follow golf in popularity and are splendidly provided for. Golf and Motor Booklets on request.

New York Office, 560 Fifth Avenue.
Clarence Low, Golf Superintendent. James P. Gilmore, Manager.
AMERICAN PLAN

The Catskill Mountains
A region of native grandeur and picturesque landscapes offers health and pleasure and is within easy access from New York City.
THE ULSTER & DELAWARE R. R., in connection with the West Shore R. R., operates through trains from New York, and direct connection is made at Kingston Point with steamers of the Hudson River Day Line in the afternoon for all points in the mountains.
A List of Hotels and Boarding Houses revised for the Season of 1920 will be sent free on request.
T. W. FLEMMING, Traffic Manager, Kingston, N. Y.

CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE
Opens June 30. P. O. Beachview, N. Y.
Modernly equipped; 100 rooms with private bath, others with running water. Electric lights. Sanitary plumbing.
Famous for an Excellent Table
Every amusement. Tennis, Boating, Fishing, Motoring, Bowling, Billiards, Orchestra, Dancing, Garage.
New York Office:
Hotel McAlpin, 2nd Mezzanine Floor. Phone Pennsylvania 5700.
JOHN E. VAN WAGONEN, Manager.

1000 ISLAND HOUSE
CROSSMAN HOUSE
Alexandria Bay, N. Y.
The two leading hotels in the 1000 Islands are now under one proprietorship, offering four hundred rooms, more than half with private bath.
Finest fishing, motor boating, trap shooting; Winter season, The Ocala, Bartow, Florida; The New Winter Haven, Winter Haven, Florida.
William H. Warburton, Proprietor.

"The Highest Class Hotel in the Catskills"
NEW GRAND HOTEL
Catskill Mountains, Altitude 2,500 ft.
Open June 26. Scenery Unequalled.
20 degrees cooler than N. Y. City. Perfect sanitary conditions. Pure spring water. Cuisine unexcelled. Trout fishing.
Orchestra; dancing, instructors, prizes; golf, tennis, billiards, pool; bowling. Hunter's saddle horses. Special family rates. Army Officers' tents with raised floors.
Special attractions and inducements for the younger set.
Harrison B. Downs, Prop. Tel. Col. 3320. At Hotel Ansonia, Broadway & 73d St., New York.

RYE SEMINARY INN
RYE, N. Y.
7 acres of beautiful grounds, one minute from station. Only 30 guests. Trolleys to bathing beach. Open June 21st to September 15th. Fifty minutes from New York. Rates per person, $37.50 weekly up. Telephone Rye 32.

SHARON SPRINGS, N. Y.
PAVILION HOTEL AND COTTAGES
Opens June 20. Folders on application.
THE ANNEX, Adjoining the Famous White Sulphur Springs and Bathing Establishment, opens May 1.
JOHN F. GARDNER & SON.
W. R. CRAIG, Gen'l Mgr.

MOHEGAN INN
MOHEGAN LAKE, N. Y.
Real country, 45 miles from Broadway. Tennis, dancing, boating, bathing, fishing. Ideal for weekend or your summer vacation. Tel. Peekskill 6F3. Commuting distance.

The Dr. C. O. Sahler Sanitarium,
Kingston-on-Hudson, N. Y.
An ideal resort for rest and recreation. Shady lawns, large grove, entertainments; baths, massage, physical culture; good table; booklet.

LAUREL HOUSE Laurel House Station, Haines Falls, N. Y.
Newly renovated; baths, running water in rooms; garage; booklet mailed. New Management. Booking Office, 30 West 35th St. Dancing. Amusements. E. Stillman, Mgr.

RED SWAN INN,
Warwick, New York.
60 Miles from New York.
OPENS JULY 1ST.

GEDNEY FARM HOTEL
White Plains, N. Y.
EDWARD H. CRANDALL.
Open all year.

THE COLONIAL
Kitchawan on Croton Lake.
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On the Premises, at 1 o'Clock P. M., Rain or Shine, In Large Tent
50% @ 5 %
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Will rent my house to a well-rated reliable family from June 15 to Sept. 15, 1920. It is located on the Heights, and covering three acres, on three streets, is surrounded with wonderful large oak trees and shrubbery, and a two-car garage is located in the rear in a white birch grove.

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On the first floor there is a music room, furnished, with Knabe Concert Grand and Victrola, a large reception hall and a dining room, butler's pantry and kitchen.

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ASSESSED AT $640,000

Frederick Brown Sells the Hotel Regent to Artemus Ward of Ward & Gow.

J. Clarence Davies, real estate auctioneer and broker, figured in an interesting transaction yesterday, whereby he added a valuable Madison Avenue investment property to his New York realty holdings.

Mr. Davies bought from the Hotel Securities Company, represented by Benjamin L. Allen, Vice President of the Columbia Trust Company, the Hotel New Weston, at the northeast corner of Madison Avenue and Forty-ninth Street, a twelve-story building, fronting 80 feet on the avenue and 85 feet on Forty-ninth Street. Land and building are assessed at $640,000. The hotel was erected by the Merritt Construction Company about fifteen years ago.

The New Weston is in a section where several improvements of considerable magnitude are under way and in contemplation. One block west, on Fifth Avenue, between Forty-ninth and Fiftieth Streets, Saks & Co. will build their new department store in the next few years; to the east, at Park Avenue and Forty-eighth Street, the Hotel Ambassador is now building, while further south, in the blocks between Park and Madison Avenues, Forty-fifth and Forty-seventh Streets, construction work is soon to be started on two thirty-one-story office buildings.

The property will be held by Mr. Davies as an investment. He is heavily interested in New York City real estate, his holdings including probably seventy different parcels. Among them are the big leasehold office structure known as the Vanderbilt Avenue Building at Vanderbilt Avenue and Forty-second Street; 4 to 8 Cedar Street, corner of Pearl; 14 East Eighty-first Street; 518 to 524 Willis Avenue and the northwest corner of Third Avenue and 149th Street.

Artemus Ward Buys Regent.

Another hotel property which figured in a real estate deal yesterday was the Regent, at 32 and 34 East Thirty-second Street, between Madison and Fourth Avenues, valued at $275,000, which was sold by Frederick Brown to Artemus Ward of Ward & Gow. Frederick Fox & Co. negotiated the deal. The hotel, which has also been called the St. Louis, is ten stories and covers a site 40 by 100.

Apartment House Deals.

Tenants of the Lakeview, a six-story elevator apartment house, on plot 150 by 100, at 35 to 43 Cathedral Parkway, have formed the Lakeview Apartment Corporation to purchase the building on a co-operative basis. The property, which is assessed at $250,000, is owned by the Crown Operating Company. Bernhard D. Goldstein, J. Salsberg and S. Waldbaum are the Directors of the new corporation, which is capitalized at $150,000.

Jacob Fenning sold for Kaelous Brothers to Louis Rein 28 West 120th Street, a five-story flat, 25 by 100, to the same buyer for Henry Liebling 139 West 112th Street, a five-story flat, 25 by 100, adjoining the northeast corner of Seventh Avenue.

Ames & Co. sold for the estate of Mary L. Montgomery to Henry I. Manuel the five-story tenement 731 Third Avenue.

THE BRONX MARKET.

Active Demand for Moderate Priced Residential Holdings.

Schaefer & Son sold for George J. Shapiro to Martin Sauer 874 Trinity Avenue, a four-story apartment house; for Mary Sennhauser to Walter P. Neuman, 935 Trinity Avenue, a three-story apartment; for Margaret F. Pfeuhl to Frank Rzemieniewski, 303 East 157th Street, a four-story apartment; for George Burger to Joseph L. Mathern, 335 East 155th Street, a three-story frame house, and for Annie Berner to Amity Social Club, Inc., 317 East 157th Street, a two-story frame dwelling.

The same brokers also sold ten one-family dwellings on Park Avenue for Catherine Henning as follows: $,058 to Catherine Carroll, $,060 to Mary A. Brereton, $,062 to Sydney F. Hazlitt and others, $,064 to Charlotte Kallensee, $,066 to Alfred Vauhoffer, $,068 to Joseph Oehrlein, $,070 to Joseph M. Broderick, 901 East 158th Street to Virginia O'Dwyer, 903 to Waclaw Baroch, 907 to Henrietta Hassloch, and for Otto Horst to Josie Sampson 900 Grant Avenue, a three-story two-family dwelling.

Julius Trattner sold for Frank Ditscherlein to Mrs. S. Ahrens the three-story frame business property at 726 East 144th Street, southeast corner of Jackson Avenue.

Jacob Fenning sold for Frieda Landis the two five-story apartment houses at 1,161 and 1,165 Bryant Avenue to Bella Portnoff.

Other Manhattan Deals.

William H. Whiting & Co. sold for a client of Horace S. Ely & Co. the four-story building at 163 William Street, on a lot 22 by 27, near Ann Street.

The General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church sold to James S. and Daniel L. Reardon for $55,000, 276 Cherry Street, a six-story stable on plot, 26.2 by 11.10, adjoining the Beth Israel Hospital at the northwest corner of Jefferson Street.

The Market Slip Realty Company sold to the S. S. White Dental Manufacturing Company at Philadelphia the seven-story loft building at 169 Cherry Street, southeast corner of Market Street, running through to 434 Water Street.

Queens Borough Transactions.

Roman-Callman Company sold for Fred A. Thompson, to a Long Island City investor, the plot 59 by 100, on the east side of Sunswick Street, 125 feet south of Paynter Avenue, city. The purchaser contemplates the erection of a two-story factory.

Ira L. Terry sold for the Estate of Mary L. Thomas the plot 80 by 100 on the south east corner of Bayside Avenue and Murray Lane, Flushing to Henry Scheitlen of Manhattan.

Chinese Society Buys.

The Lau Gar Society, a Chinese benevolent organization has purchased free and clear from the estate of Samuel Weeks the five-story tenement, 21.6 by 50 at 38 Pell Street, held in the selling family upward of sixty years. Louis Marks of Goodwin & Goodwin and Collins & Rowe negotiated the transaction.

Brooklyn Auction Tonight.

Arthur G. Sheridan will sell at auction tonight in the Brooklyn Real Estate Exchange fifteen dwellings and fifty-six lots in the Flatbush, Sheepshead Bay and East New York section.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

By Joseph P. Day.

14th St., 48 ft. E. 4th Ave., 3 sty. & cellar dwelling, 20x75; Jacob Fenning.

8th Ave., 48 ft. S. of 92d St., 2 sty. & cellar dwelling, 16x70; Mrs. Mary Kelly.

Lexington Ave., 25 ft. N. of 76th St., 3

CITY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Manhattan.

DWELLINGS OF QUALITY.

Sutton Place.
The promise fulfilled.
Beautiful modern homes.
Park privileges.
Prices reasonable.
EVERETT M. SEIXAS CO.
4620 Murray Hill. 507 5th Av.

For rent—Completely furnished, until September 30; accommodations for family of three, four or five, in private house, consisting of dining-room, kitchen, fine yard, two bed rooms and bathroom; second floor; terms reasonable. Inquire 30 Edgecomb Avenue, or phone Audubon 3543.

For Sale—59-61 East 52d St.; two charming small three-story dwellings; possession 60 days; price $100,000; easy terms will be arranged for responsible purchaser. William Pierre Jockin, 402 Madison Av. Tel. 9847 Vanderbilt.

FACTORY BUILDINGS, 5,000 SQUARE FEET, STEAM BOILER; POSSESSION AT ONCE. McDOUGALL, 417 WEST 247TH ST.

Buyer of 5-story better class tenement assured $1,500 net yearly income; $6,000 cash. Owner, 527 East 89th.

Bronx.

For Sale, Bronx—Two-family detached house, plot 23 by 104; 13 rooms; Highbridge section and very convenient to 167th St. Lexington Av. subway; immediate possession; $10,500. Band, 641 Washington St., New York. Tel. Spring 9700.

8-room dwelling, Mount Hope section, $9,000; brokers protected. Phone Cathedral 10257.

Brooklyn.

Newly built one-family brick house, with garage, for rent to responsible party. Apply 271 East 30th St., premises, near Church Av., Brooklyn.

Sumner Av., good location, a beautiful corner; five-year mortgage; rents $2,200; no expense; bargain. Connor, World Building.

Richmond.

For people with children; St. George, Staten Island; gem of a small place; day nursery opening onto upper verandah; bedroom with connecting room for nurse; bathroom with child's tub, &c.; delightfully cool all Summer; fine view of New York Harbor; 5 minutes' walk to ferry; no commuting troubles; house consists of twelve rooms, four baths; five open fireplaces; electric mangle and gas dryer in laundry; modern and complete built; price $30,000; easy terms. Telephone Tompkinsville 1980.

City Houses Wanted.

Will purchase private dwelling suitable for roomers, maximum $5,000 cash; desirable neighborhood; state lowest price. R 26 Times.

To buy or rent, private house, suitable for rooming house on the west side, between 80th and 110th Sts. Phone Riverside 1349.

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

CHANCE—BARGAINS.

Vicinity 86th St., Broadway—Five-story apartment house; 2 room apartments; rents $11,500, very low, will be about $13,500 October; expenses $4,000. Price $65,000.

Vicinity 109d St., Broadway—Desirable elevator apartment house, 4 and 5 rooms; desirable mortgage; old low rents, $22,000, will be considerably more October; price $230,000. Also a desirable modern apartment house, 4 and 5 room apartments; rents over $12,500; expenses, $5,000. Price $75,000.

Near Broadway Subway—Apartment house, 4 and 5 rooms; old low rents $15,500 (some apartments about $6.50 per room); can be $15,500; expenses $5,500, leaving $7,800 how; may be about $10,000 October. Price $70,000. Will take $15,000 cash and terms.

Vicinity Broadway, 168th St.—Apartment house, 4 and 5 rooms; rents $11,000; expenses $5,100; price $60,000.

We also have other desirable bargains. Send for list.

H. T. WOOD, 220 BROADWAY.

For Sale—Three 4-story brick houses, 405-7-9 Bleecker St., between Bank and 11th, 3 stores, 9 apartments, all improvements, alterations about completed; immediate possession; also one 3-family brick house, with brick garage, 4 cars, situated in Dorham, Apply 405 Bleecker St., George O. Glendenning.

The owners are anxious to sacrifice.

104 East 80th St., 20x100; price.....$38,000
246 West 119th St., 20x100; price..... 22,000
64 East 129th St., 21x100; price..... 30,000

PEASE & ELLIMAN,
340 Madison Av.
Telephone Murray Hill 6200.

177 Prince St., 5 story brick building; store and five loft; all leases expire January, 1921; property must be sold before that time; bought very cheap. Ask your broker, or Griffon Holding Corporation, 520 Fifth Av. Telephone Vanderbilt 3880.

East 6-story elevator house, on Heights for the money, 1 block from subway; all small apartments, 9 on each floor; 125x100; price $320,000; rents $48,000.

SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D.

LEXINGTON AV. NEAR 64TH ST.

Unusually fine 4-story, high stoop Colonial dwelling, 17x80; possession October 1; low price and terms for quick sale. V 788 Times Downtown.

Best buy for small purchaser; a 5-story 20-foot single flat, electric light; rent $3,800; price only $25,000 and can be had for $6,000 cash.

SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D ST.

WEST 86TH ST., NEAR AMSTERDAM.

Three-story 17-foot dwelling; early possession; bargain to quick purchaser. V 789 Times Downtown.

LEXINGTON AV. AT 102D ST.

Small 2-story private dwelling, 17x77 feet; owner will sacrifice for quick sale; immediate possession. V 787 Times Downtown.

$10,000 cash; five 5-story triple flat; 2-5, 1-6 mortgages; $23,000; old rents $7,000; near Broadway; good condition.

SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D.

Best 6-story 50-ft. double on West Side; largest rooms obtainable; price $78,000; ground value; no leases.

SLAWSON & HOBBS, 162 WEST 72D.

Very light 6-story loft, near Brooklyn Bridge entrance; 78x103; immediate possession; store and one loft; mortgage, $200,000; price $145,000. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

Let Weill's Realty Co., of 1,777 Broadway, manage your property; this is our specialty; reference furnished.

Six-story corner loft building, near Broadway; 16.9x100; rents $9,750; no leases; price $60,000. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

Office building, 7 stories, near Fifth Av.; rents $15,780; February, 1921, rents $22,000; price $110,000. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

EAST 61ST ST.—$20,500.

17x80, four-story and basement, near 3d. FRANK L. FISHER CO., 50 East 42d St.

Fitt St., 60—Tenement house, rent over $4,400; price $29,000; quick action; must close estate immediately. W 194 Times.

Washington Heights corner—33 apartments; rent $17,750; owner, 1,816 Fulton Av., Bronx.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

CORNER PLOT, 100x156,

N. W. corner Grand Boulevard and Concourse and Kingsbridge Road; quick sale, $65,000; brokers protected.

Dr. BALDWIN, Atty., 41 Park Row.

Sacrifice—Corner property, Washington Av., Bronx; 5-story brick 14 5-room apartments, 3 stores, rents $4,278, Aug. 1 $5,500; good condition; asking $38,000. For inspection A 715 Times Downtown.

Southern end of Hart's Island, 4 acres land, good house, gasoline station, boatyard, &c.; suitable for yacht club. E. des B. Hunter, City Island P. O.

Richmond Borough—For Sale or To Let.

A 35-year established department store building; can be used for business or manufacturing purposes; doorway stand; owner retires. H. L. Bodine, 144 Morningstar Road, Port Richmond, N. Y. Telephone 785 Port Richmond.

Country Houses—For Sale or to Let

Westchester County.

Pelham Manor—6 rooms, bath, attic, gas, electricity, furnace, large plot, near station; asking $8,500. 52 Windsor Place.

LARCHMONT—9 rooms and bath, 100 by 150; garage; $13,500. ANGELL & CO., Scarsdale, N. Y.

Going abroad, will sell house, 9 rooms, 3 baths, large plot, garage, many extras. F 836 Times.

Yonkers—New house. Hall, 183 Lee Av., near Jerome and McLean Avs.

Long Island.

INVESTIGATE THIS BARGAIN.

Huntington year-round home; 8 rooms, bath, heat, electric light, gas for cooking, large plot 80x275; wonderful garden; one minute from school, convenient to water; price $7,000, worth $10,000. Terms.

Theo. S. Hall, 47 West 34th St., New York.

HEMSTEAD BARGAIN.

8 rooms and bath; large veranda; all improvements; on plot 40x100; good location; title guaranteed; 41 minutes by electric express; 29 trains daily; price $6,800; terms $1,500 cash, balance $60 per month. O. L. Schwencke Co., 277 Broadway.

In beautiful, exclusive SEA GATE; exceptional Summer cottage or all year round home; three-story and basement, furnished; all improvements; 15 rooms, 3 baths, 25 closets, 2 bath houses; price $60,000. Bauer, Millbank & Molloy, Inc., 51 East 42d St. Murray Hill 1236.

FOR SALE.

FAR ROCKAWAY—7-ROOM HOUSE; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; 2 BATHS, TILE KITCHEN; READY FOR IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY. 1,364 UNION ST., FAR ROCKAWAY. SILBERSTEIN.

For Rent—Pinabrig, near country club, furnished 9-room house, large grounds, July and August. Phone Flushing 1258.

COUNTRY HOUSES—For Sale or To Let.

Long Island.

HUDSON RIVER ESTATE

of distinction, about 7 acres, 25 miles from city; beautiful, large stone mansion, built for owner, located on high ground commanding magnificent river and mountain views; spacious lawns, gardens and wooded groves gradually sloping to Hudson River; private bathing beach, bath houses and pier; valuable riparian rights extending 500 feet from shore; right party can obtain attractive terms; might sell furnished. Alex. T. Wells, 66 Broadway. Phone Rector 3886.

LEONIA, N. J.

Buy now! Do not wait for the Fall rush! We have three seven-room houses for sale; two at $11,000 each and one for $12,000; they are right up to date; $2,500 to $3,500 cash and monthly payments will secure one of these desirable homes; these homes if built now would cost $13,000 and $14,000; if not sold by June 20 price on each will be $500 more. Leonia Homes Realty Co., Leonia, N. J.

THE HOME BEAUTIFUL.

Five-room house, all the latest improvements; open fireplaces; few blocks from beach and yacht club; price $8,000; $2,500 cash, balance first and second mortgages. Call 243 West 34th St.; open Sundays until 2 P. M.

Beautiful modern newly completed dwellings; half acre; eight rooms, tile bath; grounds planted; double garage; elegant section; 10 minutes to station; occupy immediately; $12,000; $4,000 cash. H. Pierson, builder, Maple Av. near Ellison, Westbury. Tel. 265.

Patchogue—15 rooms, modern, bath, completely furnished; linen, silverware, piano, garage, boat, screens, porches, gas, electricity; 2 blocks, Great South Bay; 5 minutes to station; lot 70 feet by 440; sell, rent. Particulars, 145 West 95th.

COMMUTER'S HOME

at Huntington, hour out, near water and convenient to school, house 7 rooms, bath, heat, electric lights; gas for cooking; plot 80x220; a bargain at $4,500. Theo. S. Hall, 47 West 34th St., New York.

Stewart Manor, Pennsylvania or Brooklyn, 35 minutes, six-room modern (new) stucco houses; electricity, garage; immediate possession; $6,300, cash required $1,000. B. C. Voraimer, 220 West 42d. Telephone Bryant 9253.

FOR SALE.

FAR ROCKAWAY—7-ROOM HOUSE, ALL IMPROVEMENTS, 2 BATHS, TILE KITCHEN; READY FOR IMMEDIATE OCCUPANCY. 1,364 UNION ST., FAR ROCKAWAY. SILBERSTEIN.

Waterfront property on Manhasset Bay, Port Washington, for sale; corner property, 7-room house, barn, boathouse and dock; must sell to settle estate; $15,900. Owner, Stuyvesant 2369.

EAST HAMPTON.

Choice location; unusually attractive; completely furnished; brokers protected. William J. Henderson, 331 Madison Av. Murray Hill 181.

MINEOLA—7-room house, bath, heat, electricity, slate, glass porches; garage; corner plot; fruit trees, shrubs; sacrifice $7,200; $2,500 cash. Call, see photo, Room 56, 121 West 42d. Bryant 3105.

Bungalow, six rooms, bath, fully furnished, all improvements; shade, boating, bathing and fishing; great bargain. T. J. Browne, 161 W. 34th St. Greeley 3382.

LAWRENCE BARGAIN.

Adjoining club, 10 acres, large house, garage, $35,000; must be sold by June 10. Horace G. Knowles, 52 Vanderbilt Av.

Big bargains in bungalows, all improvements, near ocean and station. M. Shapiro & Co., Beach 35th St. and Boulevard, Edgemere, L. I.

To rent, furnished house, 12 rooms, $1,400; ideal location for Summer home at seashore. Phone Bell Harbor 74.

New Jersey.

AT PLAINFIELD.

I have inspected three beautiful homes having values and location which make them all exceptional; one of 9 rooms, 2 baths, beautiful interior and location, $15,000; one brick house for $11,000, which would cost twice that to duplicate; one of 9 rooms and 3 baths on one of the most beautiful corners in Plainfield for $12,500; see them; they are unusual. Howard Goldsmith; 63 Park Row. Telephone 2596 Beekman.

Astonishing bargains, half hour from New York; finest restricted sections Bogota, Englewood, West Englewood; beautiful homes, every improvement; spacious rooms; home rent, $80. Raymond Moore, West Englewood, station corner. Telephone Englewood 1716 J or 1318 M.

A REAL HOME

at right price; ready for occupancy NOW; large shady plot; near station; 10 rooms (7 bedrooms); two baths, hot water heat; all improvements; garage.

S. S. WALSTRUM-GORDON & FORMAN,
120 Broadway, N. Y. Ridgewood, N. J.

Mountain Lakes, N. J.—For bargains in private property to sell from $10,000, or rent, furnished, for Summer from $800, see Mrs. H. C. Klintrup, 45 John St., N. Y. Phone John 4579 or Boonton 401.

Beautiful country home, 25 miles from N. Y., 9 rooms, 3 baths, all improvements, outbuilding, brook through property, 90x150, fruit and garden, $7,500, cash $2,500. G. Ritter, Westwood, N. J.

Cottage—Immediate possession; five rooms, well furnished; screened porch; bath houses, boat; on bay, ocean; $2,000. Simonson, Oak Beach, L. I.

New, seven rooms, commuter's home; one hour Island R. R.; bath, heat, gas, electricity; sun parlor; fruit; schools, depot convenient; $9,000. Buckley Wheeler, Ridgewood, N. J.

To Let—Ten-room house, all improvements, 21 Orford St., Passaic, New Jersey; seen only by appointment.

Miscellaneous.

BEAUTIFUL COTTAGE, GARAGE, $6,500.

Seven and bath; large plot; electricity, steam; 45 minutes out; fine location.

SPENCER, 154 Nassau. Beekman 2984.

Country Houses Wanted.

FOREST HILLS, NEWARK—WANTED TO LEASE BEST SECTION, NEAR RIDGE ST. SCHOOL BRANCH BROOK PARK, MODERN HOUSE, EIGHT, NINE ROOMS, TWO OR MORE BATHS; DESIRABLE TENANT; GOOD RENTAL FOR SAFE. FACTORY HOUSES. WILLIAMS, 250 PLANE ST. PHONE MARKET 5331.

FOREST HILLS, NEWARK—WILL PURCHASE DESIRABLE HOUSE, BEST SECTION NEAR BRANCH BROOK PARK, RIDGE ST. SCHOOL PREFERRED; NINE ROOMS, 2 OR 3 BATHS. WRITE BOX 138, WOODMERE, L. I.

Wanted, on line of Lackawanna, not over 40 minutes out, man and wife, no children, small house, about five rooms, electricity; must be desirable neighborhood; will pay liberal rent, with option to buy. V. B., Room 826 Park Row Building, New York.

Want to buy, three stucco bungalows, four, five, six rooms, respectively; same neighborhood preferred; must be within half hour New York City. Give full particulars to Stempel, 551 West 178th St., New York City.

Unfurnished, five to seven rooms, within commuting distance, Long Island, North Shore, in or near Kingswood, or any desirable suburb of New York; give details. T 2217 Times Annex.

Wanted to rent, might buy, refined American family, eight-room suburban home, one hour's ride; quiet place; $8,000; terms; immediate possession. J 345 Times.

Small house or cottage to rent, unfurnished preferred, suburban. Call Greenpoint 4393 or write M. S. B., 4 Frost St., Brooklyn.

Small farm or suburban home within one hour New York; give full details. D 862 Times.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

Riverdale (N. Y.) Residence.

Attractive estate about 7 acres; residence 14 rooms, 3 baths, open fireplaces, porches, stable and garage, tennis courts, beautiful grounds, with trees, shrubs; HOLLYWOOD; 4 baths, on 253d St. (Riverdale Lane), just east of Fieldston Road, opposite Riverdale Country School; caretaker; photos, &c. See F. E. Sturgis, 14 Wall St. Rector 8375.

Two-family double house, South Yonkers; each apartment 7 rooms, bath, sleeping porch, steam heat; 1 apartment rented $70 month; other apartment vacant; possession at once; $4,000 cash. E. R. Fairbanks, 271 West 125th St. Tel. 8924 Morningside.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

LONG ISLAND CITY—47 LOTS.

Vicinity Jackson and Steinway Avs., at a remarkable price to quick buyer; suitable for factory site, moving picture studio, auto service station or apartment. Hessels, 1 West 34th, New York. Tel. Greeley 2270, Brokers, get busy.

400 lots (35x100), adjoining railroad station, at $15 each; 45 miles out on main line, Long Island R. R.; church, school station, post office and hotel on premises. O. L. Schwencke, 277 Broadway, New York. Phone Worth 4657.

NORTH SHORE, OYSTER BAY LINE.

Beautiful hilltop site, suitable for all-year home; surrounded by congenial neighbors; less than one hour but; price $225 to a quick buyer. Call 243 West 34th St. Open Sundays until 2 P. M.

$1,000 CASH—PRICE $4,000.

Comfortable old-fashioned house, 10 and bath; 17 minutes by subway to 242 St., Manhattan. Owner, Room 1236, 154 Nassau. Beekman 2985.

A modern factory, 62,000 square feet, elevators, sprinklers, steam, railroad siding; cash required $100,000; vacant. Murphy, 466 Jackson Av., Long Island City.

Long Beach—Corner plot, Walnut St., Riverside Boulevard, for sale; reasonable terms; make offer. Owner, 713, 1,460 Broadway.

FOREST HILLS.

Corner lots, best section, near depot. James E. Laden, 419 West 115th.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

Any one wishing to purchase or rent property in the Adirondacks write Wm. H. Montgomery, Chestertown, N. Y.

COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

HUDSON RIVER ESTATE.

Gentleman's complete large estate, 2 hours from New York; excellent houses, flowers, gardens, woodland, pastures, fruits; unsurpassed river and mountain views; all improvements. James Benson, Room 3103, 165 Broadway.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

For sale, country home, 32 acres, perfect condition, on D., L. & W.; convenient two stations; not a show place with expensive upkeep; house in centre 9 acres; abundant shade trees, large garden under cultivation, house of 13 rooms, 2 baths, servants' quarters, two large living rooms, large fireplaces, steam heat, 4 porches, large barn, garage, tank house and gasoline engine; icehouse for 100 tons, chicken house with runs; while convenient, is secluded and well adapted for rest and recreation centre; details promptly supplied. B 417 Times.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Dwelling and barn, 150x100, Woodhaven; $15,000; what's offered. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

OUT-OF-TOWN REAL ESTATE.

$200,000 FOR 500 ACRES DELAWARE RIVER FRONTAGE.

Thomas P. Twiboll, real estate operator, established 1890. Phone Walnut 2940, 312 Liberty Bldg., Philadelphia. Offers tract opposite Hog Island ship yard, on New Jersey side adjoining Paulsboro, N. J. One mile river front and one mile on Penn. R. R.

For Rent—25,000 square feet of modern factory space, recently equipped with a new heating plant; plenty of light; open on all sides; two private sidings; Penna. & Phila. and Reading R. R.; can be rented at one-third the cost of factory space in New York. Henry G. Hodges, Reading, Pa.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

Wanted—Two-family house, Brooklyn, near station; will act quickly. Steingut, 110 West 42d St. Phone Bryant 6130.

I will buy private dwellings, Manhattan, Bronx; give details. Sharum, 170 Broadway.

FARMS.

New York State—For Sale or To Let.

FARMS! FARMS! FARMS!

Many good ones—$7,500 to $30,000.

Pictures and details; state price limit.

E. E. S. CUMM, 261 Broadway.

Selected farms in N. Y., N. J., and Conn. Catskills, Between Haines Falls and Tannersville—Seven-room cottage and barn; $1,500; act quickly. Farms, 352, 1,777 B'way.

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

Country Home Farm, 16 Acres.

Within commuting zone, all tillable land, good sandy loam soil; house of 10 rooms, bath, steam heat, electric lights; barn, poultry house; $16,000; might consider leasing.

S. S. Walstrum-Gordon & Forman,
120 Broadway, New York. Rector 7718.
Ridgewood, N. J. Tel. 555.

Farms Wanted.

Farm wanted, within hour city, New York State, 25 to 50 acres; preferably house and outbuildings, modernly equipped; near railway; moderate price; will deal with owners only. F 524 Times.

SUMMER HOMES—Sale or Let.

Richmond.

For Rent—Furnished bungalow on private beach; fifty minutes from Manhattan; garage; immediate possession until Aug. 1; references. A 698 Times Downtown.

Westchester County.

Beautiful Summer home, South Yonkers; high elevation, overlooking Van Cortlandt Park; elegant modern 12-room house, two baths, two sleeping porches, parquet floors, wide, extensive verandas, large shade and fruit trees; garage; rent June 15 to Sept. 15; $250 per month. E. A. Fairbanks, 271 West 125th St. Tel. 8924 Morningside.

NEW ROCHELLE.

Rent furnished, Beechmont Park, 3 months from July 1, 11 rooms, 4 baths; 2-car garage; large shady corner; three quarters of an acre. Apply Room 824, 522 5th Av., or phone Murray Hill 1962.

Beechmont Park, 9,000 sq. ft., daylight lofts; $250 month; 3 floors; excellent for factory, light manufacturing; one hour out. Factory Exchange, 17 West 44th. Vanderbilt 5610, Ext. 16.

Dobbs Ferry—Charmingly located 6-room cottage; 5 minutes station; unusually comfortable; all modern conveniences; June 15-Sept. 15; $350 season. F. W. Broatch, 101 Park Av.

Attractive, furnished house, eight rooms, two baths; verandah; garage; to rent, July 1 to Sept. 1; references. Phone New Rochelle 4275.

Lovely five-room bungalow and bath, fully furnished, with acre of lovely maples at Harmon on Hudson. For particulars phone 1253 Circle.

Long Island.

New furnished bungalows for rent at Neponsit, L. I.; large plot of ground; 6 rooms, bath, separate shower. Apply Neponsit Av., corner 147th St., 15 minutes' ride from Rockaway Park Station via trolley, or Brooklyn office, 153 Remsen St. Phone Main 1675.

Sublet, at Far Rockaway, 10-room house; all modern improvements; at 1,215 Seagate Av., situated on the ocean front; quick action; owner leaving city. Apply "Frank for," 7 Mott Av., Far Rockaway, or I. Rabinowitz, 53 West 324.

For rent, June 15 to Sept. 15, beautiful house, 9 rooms, 3 baths, furnished; Broadway, opposite Nassau Hotel, Long Beach; inspection Tuesday, Thursday, Saturday and Sunday by appointment. Phone Stuy. 0050.

New furnished 5-room bungalow on bay near ocean. West Long Beach; water on three sides; electricity, plumbing; price furnished $2,850; rental for season $075. Telephone Long Beach 423-R.

Douglas Manor—Nicely furnished eight-room private house for season; two blocks from Sound; electric trains; $800 month. Phone Bayside 778 J, evenings, appointment. References.

Charming manor house, with excellent servants; private beach, gardens, orchards, garage, 14 rooms, 2 baths; estate directly on water. Phone 27 M, Bayside, L. I.

Furnished modern room house, with garage, for Summer; shrubbery, vegetable garden; 6 minutes to station or trolley; references required. Phone Hollis 0736.

Five-room furnished bungalow, on Hempstead Harbor, Port Washington, L. I.; all improvements; $600 season. Circle 2683.

Long Beach—To rent, 6-room furnished bungalow; bath. Unsworth, Pennsylvania Av. Telephone 286 W, Long Beach.

Seven-room house, 4 bedrooms, gas, electricity, phone, glass porch, facing bay. 51 Hayes St., Baldwin Harbor.

Belle Harbor—Ocean front, furnished 12-room stucco; reasonable. Phone Prospect 4105.

Great Neck—Furnished house, 4 master bedrooms, July and August. Tel. Great Neck 486.

Belle Harbor—Two ocean rooms; private porch; garage; adults. L 407 Times.

New York State.

Long Lake, Adirondacks—8-room furnished camp; ice house, boat house; altitude 1,900 feet; $5,500. Mullarkey, 613 East 14th St., Brooklyn. Phone Mansfield 5704.

Nyack, eight rooms, $600 for season; every convenience; near depots, ferry, river view; immediate entry. D 860 Times.

New Jersey.

Part of farmhouse to let, furnished, complete housekeeping, for Summer; 1,000 feet elevation; Chester, N. J. A. Weisenhoffer, 543 West 146th St. Audubon 3611.

Furnished home for rent, July-August, 8 rooms; improvements; garage; ideal location. Phone 1491 W, Glen Ridge, N. J.

Spring Lake, N. J.—Two houses, 30 and 16 rooms, garage; ideal location. Phone Circle 1810 or own broker.

Connecticut.

Shippan Point on Long Island Sound, Stamford, Conn.—13-room, 3-story furnished house; 3 baths; large corner plot; 2-car garage; every modern convenience; 5 minutes' walk Stamford Yacht Club; sailing, bathing, canoeing; $1,500 to October 1; brokers protected. Owner, Sound Av., Greenhill Place. Tel. Stamford 1756 or Rector 6300.

Massachusetts.

Berkshire Hills—Pleasant 10-room cottage; one bath; large acreage; wood camp; $400 to Sept. 10. Phone 7855 Schuyler before 10 A. M.

Miscellaneous.

Furnished 9-room Summer cottage, Thousand Islands, $400; all improvements; large boathouse, dock; servants' quarters; convenient to trains; pictures shown. Rooney, 16 West 56th St. Circle 1160.

Summer Homes Wanted.

Completely furnished house, with some ground; commuting distance; small adult family; June 18-Oct. 1; about $125 per month. Full particulars J. R. Bier, 343 West 86th. Riverside 8076.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

OFFICE SPACE TO LET, FIRST FLOOR ABOVE STREET; OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, 18 VESEY ST.

Large space to sublet in up-to-date building, for office, stock or show room. Metropolitan, 3 Waverly Place.

Private office, stock or sales; reasonable rent. Meitzer, 1,819 Broadway, Columbus 2320.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

FLOORS

for rent, 50x100, for manufacturing, 106-108 West End Av.; near 64th St., two floors and basement, 50x100 each, no posts on any floor, concrete floors, fire-proof building; full size elevator for automobiles; heat and elevator service; immediate possession. Write or phone owners, Keeney-Karmen Co., 140 6th Av., Chelsea 1345, or your broker.

FLOORS.

Service station or manufacturing, 106 West End Av., near 64th St., New York; two floors and basement, 50x100 each; no posts on any floor; concrete floors; fireproof building; 300-gallon underground gas tank and pump; 18-foot elevator for automobiles; heat and elevator service; immediate possession. Write or phone Keeney-Karmen Co., 140 6th Av., phone Chelsea 1345, or your broker.

For Rent—Immediate possession; light, airy office space; approximately 600 square feet; third floor, fireproof building, with cement floor; newly decorated; good elevator service, electric light, semi-indirect fixtures; private lavatory. OFFICE SPACE ONLY. LOCATED AT 277 PULTON ST. THIRD FLOOR. Telephone Cortlandt 8780-3163-3192.

Offices to let, large and small; $30 and up; suitable for photographer, architect, lawyer's offices, chiropodist, manicuring, parlor and shoe; rooms or light manufacturing; immediate possession 8. W. corner of Broadway and Manhattan St. Supt. on premises. Tel. Morningside 9064.

TELEPHONE SERVICE FREE.

Rolltop desk in private office, $25; private office, $50 month; also room next to freight elevator for shipping; all conveniences. 59 4th Av., 4th floor, opposite Wanamaker's. Tel. Worth 250.

LOFT TO SUBLET.

25x100, suitable light manufacturing, office, stock room and textiles; new fireproof building; 2 elevators; rent $4,000; immediate possession; lease 5 years. 30th St. and 4th Av. Write P., 520 Presbyterian Bldg.

OFFICE SPACE.

COMPLETELY AND BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED 2 LIGHT AIRY ROOMS, 400 SQUARE FEET, FACING BROADWAY; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION. CALL WORTH 1332.

Opportunity for tire company or auto dealer, West 57th St., in heart of auto district; to lease for long term, 2 or more floors; unusually desirable for high-class concern. M. Morgenthau Jr. Co., 206 Broadway. Cortlandt 3966.

An attractive store 25x80 ft., double show windows, basement space and sidewalk elevator, near 7th Av. subway; suitable for soda fountain showrooms. Mr. Weschler, 2700 Chelsea.

Exceptional light loft to let; suitable for cloak or dress business; 50x100; all modern improvements; show room and fixtures; lease for 5½ years. Apply Silverstein, 38 West 32d.

56TH, 38 WEST—Two complete floors, basement; can easily be changed into store; will divide to suit tenant; 100 feet deep, good light; long lease to responsible party. Telephone Circle 135.

FOR RENT,

about 300 square feet of very desirable office space in the financial district.

E. H. STERN & CO.,
56 Pine Street, New York City.

OFFICES, 244 WEST 42D ST.

400-3,000 square feet; rent less than prevailing rates; immediate possession. Fred J. Hardt, 4th Floor, on Premises.

Art studio, large room, high ceilings; suitable for picture gallery, antiques or scenario purposes. 637 Madison Av., corner 59th St. Rec Supt.

STORE AND BASEMENT, 60x100.

245 West 28th St., 200 lbs. per foot; top loft; floors, 21 and 23 White lead; light manufacturing. Greeley 5907.

Will sublet about 400 sq. ft. of space suitable for office, sample or showroom; modern building and splendid light. Metropolitan Silk and Millinery Supply, 15 West 36th St.

Top loft, 2,100 feet, 144 West 19th St.; very light, elevator service, steam heat. Bryant Paper Leasing Co., 47 West 42d. Vanderbilt 854.

5th Av., below 34th St., about 8,000 square feet in corner building @ $2.25 per foot; possession at once; principal only. P. G. 43 Times.

Loft, 1,000-2,000 square feet on Broadway near Canal; cheap rent, steam heat, electric light, elevator. Bryant Park Leasing Co., 47 West 42d St. Vanderbilt 854.

FOR SUBLEASE

suite of 2 or 3 offices with telephone, &c., located on West 46th St. Apply Room 824, 522 5th Av., or phone Murray Hill 1962.

5,000 sq. ft., daylight lofts; $250 month; 3 floors; excellent for factory, light manufacturing; one hour out. Factory Exchange, 17 West 44th. Vanderbilt 5610, Ext. 16.

AUTOMOBILE SHOP FOR RENT.

75x102, postless, fireproof, painting, &c.; very light. 75th St.-Park Av. Y 2389 Times Annex.

Large front office, 127 East 46th St., suitable for architect, engineer or building material representative. Blanchard, Vanderbilt 4649.

For rent, store, West 125th St. between Manhattan and Amsterdam Avs.; immediate possession. Samuel H. Martin, 1974 Broadway, Columbus 866.

DESK ROOM, $25; 600 SQUARE FEET; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; OPPOSITE PENNSYLVANIA HOTEL. CALL 141 WEST 33D ST. GREELEY 4311.

Light attractive offfice rooms, close to 42d St., at reasonable rents; also one large studio. Apply to Supt. of building, 42 West 39th St.

Very desirable offices in the Times Building to sublet; 6 months lease; references required. E. B. Price Co., Inc., 1,446 Broadway. Phone 799 Bryant.

38TH ST., 43 WEST.

3 upper floors, offices or showrooms; immediate possession; long term lease; reasonable rental. Greeley 6215 or Spring 6205.

LOFT; LARGE, LIGHT; ALL IMPROVEMENTS; IMMEDIATE POSSESSION; BARGAIN. PIONEER, 514 WEST 46TH.

Light offices, also basement; immediate possession; reasonable; telephone facilities. 265 Lexington Av.

Lofts, factories, within or beyond metropolitan district. Factory Exchange, 17 West 44th. Vanderbilt 5610, Extension 7 or 16.

Whole or half loft, manufacturing; electricity, elevator, steam heat; 27th St. near 7th Av.; keeps invited. Gordon, 45 Nassau.

Two furnished connecting offices, 450 feet, private phone; sell complete or sublease. Times Square section. K 71 Times.

Complete furnished office with or without service. Room 1020, 1133 Broadway, Chelsea 2175.

Office in Times Square section, about 350 square feet. Apply 508 World Building. Phone Beekman 8385.

Part of loft to sublet, 2,000 or 5,000 sq. ft.; immediate possession. Fisher Samuels Co., 7 East 17th.

Times Square—Attractive lofts and basement to let; long lease; reasonable rent. Balter, 147 4th Av. Room 215.

DESIRABLE OFFICES,

including use library and outer office; light, airy; reasonable. Phone Pennsylvania 1325.

Lofts and offices; all sizes; any location. Bryant Park Leasing Co., 47 West 42nd St., Vanderbilt 854.

Floor, 20x40, Broadway building, furnished, unfurnished; telephones; sublease. Phone 3468 Gramercy.

A private office, handsomely furnished, with service, located in Grand Central zone. Suite 306, 51 East 42d St.

OFFICE SPACE, FIRST FLOOR UP, OPPOSITE ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, 18 VESEY ST.

Private office or desk space, furnished; private telephones; reasonable. Sternfield, 1416 Broadway.

Store to let, Lenox Av., 116th St.; immediate possession; short lease; low rental. Adams & Co., 170 5th Av. Gramercy 2096.

Downtown financial district, 445 square feet, 12th floor, light and airy. Phone Broad 1737.

Desk room or mailing address. Call Gruber, 220 Fifth Av., Suite 817.

Furnished office, with or without service. 1133 Broadway, Room 1020.

Desk room in real estate office. Room 1020 1133 Broadway. Chelsea 2175.

8TH AV., 220—Small office to sub-lease. Room 418. Phone Madison Square 547.

46th St., 47 West — Showroom and offices. Donovan. Telephone Cortlandt 4535.

Desirable desk room in spacious office; complete service. Room 415, 1,170 Broadway.

Office to sublet. Call 5 to 6 evenings. 116 East 28th St.

Stores and lofts on 7th Av. James F. Ogden, 207 West 59th.

Store and lofts; immediate possession. 139-143 West 24th. Agent on premises.

Loft—Light, fireproof building, 50x90; elevator service. Happel, 406 East 93d.

Desk room, phone, modern elevator building; $16 monthly. Engle, 30 East 23d.

Light, immediate possession, in ladies' tailoring establishment. Phone Murray Hill 2925.

Half small private office $50 monthly furnished; typist. Superintendent, 237 5th Av.

Desk room; use of telephone. Room 412, 1,548 Broadway.

Desk room. 18 East 41st St., Room 1904.

To let, part or whole of large light office; 1st floor. 83 Nassau St. cor. Maiden Lane.

Automobile floor space or office. Zenith, 136 West 52d, 2d floor.

Office, spare, 225 5th Av.; with or without service. Mad. Sq. 9050.

Bronx.

Stores to let, corner store; 945 East 169d, corner Kelly. Supt. or Philip Meyrowitz, 198 Broadway.

Brooklyn.

Two 2-room office suites; suitable for dentist or professional purposes. Prominent corner; one block from Atlantic Av. L. I. Railroad.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—West Side.

45TH, 341 WEST—New elevator building; cleanliness; furnishings unequaled; 1-2-3 rooms, bath; tiled kitchens, kitchenettes; no objectionable applicants; highest references; $60-$125 monthly upward. Tel. Bryant 6285.

45TH, WEST—6 rooms and bath, beautifully furnished duplex apartment; Summer or longer. For appointment Tel. Academy 1538.

50TH ST., 2 WEST—2 rooms, bath and kitchenette till Oct. 1; beautifully furnished; elevator service; immediate possession; reliable party; references. Bus M715, 341 8th Av.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

In modern building, immediate neighborhood, 42d St., 6th Av., executive office about 400 feet; high class wholesale business; responsibility unquestioned. Stedart Phonograph Co., Inc., 119 West 42d St.

Wanted, showroom space in New York business district for out-of-town popular-priced dresses; will take part room with non-conflicting lines. C. Orford Dress Mfg. Co., 746 Washington St., Boston, Mass.

WANTED

LOFT FOR PRINTING PLANT, 4,500 square feet or over.
Floor 225 pound capacity; below 23d St. B 636 Times Downtown.

Up to date factory building wanted; approximately 60,000 to 75,000 square feet, with good shipping facilities. E. K., 842 Lorimer St., Brooklyn.

Loft, 5,000 to 6,000 square feet, for factory; good light; Manhattan, Brooklyn, Bronx or Long Island; moderate rent. A. Strauss, 454 Broome St.

Wanted—Light loft, about 2,500 square feet for coat shop; neighborhood West Broadway and Prince St. preferred; rent must be reasonable. Stuyvesant 1096.

Want 400 to 500 square feet of space in financial district for responsible client; quick action. Chester D. Clark,

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

FIFTH ST.—4 beautiful large rooms, possession July 1; call mornings. Riverside 2444.

96TH ST., 344 WEST (corner Broadway)—High class elevator apartment house, six, seven and eight rooms; rent $1,800-$2,400. Apply Superintendent.

251 WEST 100TH ST.

Choice apartments, 5 rooms and 2 baths; modern improvements; rental $900 and $936 per month; ready for occupancy July 1 and Aug. 1. Superintendent on premises or phone River 5115.

163D, 166 WEST—3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; all improvements; newly remodelled house.

104TH ST., 2-5 WEST—Four-room elevator apartment, $720; immediately.

111TH ST., 215 WEST—Ground floor, front, suitable for doctor or dentist, five large light rooms, electric lights, telephone; immediate possession. Inquire Supt. or Levow, 32 Pine st. Cathedral 9438.

600 WEST 115TH ST., COR. BROADWAY. 5-room apartment; possession now; $1,200. SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

114TH, 609 WEST.

3 and 5 rooms, bath, all improvements; possession; rent $1,400, $2,000. SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

111TH, 414 WEST (Apt. 51)—Attractive large front room, $10; gentleman; references.

113TH, 627 WEST—Housekeeping suite, rooms, double, single. Miss Finch.

163D, 509 WEST—Newly renovated five-room front apartment; modern improvements; walk up house. Inquire Superintendent.

137TH, 510 WEST—Large and small rooms, telephone, electric, $6 and $8. Daniels, Apt. 1.

150TH ST., 408 WEST—4, 5 and 6 rooms, $75 and up. Morningside 6500 or Cortlandt 3061.

134TH ST., 519 WEST (Near 137th-Broadway Subway Station and Riverside Drive)—Five rooms, front, second floor; all improvements; $75.

137TH ST., 523 WEST (Near 137th St., Broadway Subway Station)—Five rooms; all improvements; front. Morningside 815.

150TH ST. AND BROADWAY—7 rooms, sor., suitable for dentist; $150; elevator. Telephone Morningside 5080 or Cortlandt 9061.

163TH, 540 WEST (corner Broadway)—High class elevator apartment, 8 rooms; $2,000.

601 WEST 160TH ST.

6, 7, 8 rooms, 2 baths; fireproof apartment. Inquire Supt.

164TH ST., 601 WEST—Beautiful front, 4-room apartment. Apply Superintendent.

161ST, 728 WEST—5 and 6 rooms; $90 up; possession. Wadsworth 9900.

162D ST., 512 WEST—New building 4 and 5 rooms, furnished or unfurnished; latest improvements. Apply Superintendent.

161ST, 570 WEST—5 rooms, bath, latest improvements. Tel. Wadsworth 9023.

A beautiful southern exposure five-room apartment, living room, two bedrooms, maid's room, tiled kitchen, bath, open fireplaces; hotel building; $200 month. Mr. Wessler, Chelsea 2700.

APARTMENT BARGAINS—Good selection; we specialize in apartments for sale with lease and furniture; many wonderful bargains now. Pierre & Golden, 220 West 42d.

BROADWAY, 3,089 (122d)—4 rooms; sell furnishings cheap; lease. Apply agent, premises.

CAULDWELL AV., 787 (corner 158th St.)—6 exceptionally large outside rooms, steam heat, hot water in 3-family house; available about Aug. 1; rent $75. Bisling Realty Co., 1 East 42d St.

863 CENTRAL PARK WEST.

Beautiful corner apartment, 8 rooms, including maid service; immediate possession; $3,500 to Oct. 1st.

SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

830 CENTRAL PARK WEST.

9 rooms, 2 baths; Apt. 35; possession July 1; $5,500.

SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

827 CENTRAL PARK WEST.

Corner apartment of 8 rooms; possession now; $3,900 per annum.

SHARP & CO., 2,489 Broadway.

CO-OPERATIVE APARTMENTS,
236 WEST 10TH ST.,
4, 5, 6 and 6 room apartments. Price $8,400 to $10,500.

PEASE & ELLIMAN,
240 Madison Av., New York.
Tel. 6300 Murray Hill.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Two rooms and bath; private entrance on street; 117 West 58th St.; immediate possession.

1 WASHINGTON AV., 434 (181st), Nathan Hale Elevator; 4, 5 rooms; $150 up; possession. Wadsworth 9220. Cortlandt 3061.

LOOK FOR YOUR APARTMENT NOW. Don't delay. Fall rentals will be difficult to secure and high in price. See us today while our list is complete.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
31 East 42d St. (15) Vanderbilt 9744.

NATIONAL STORAGE, 146 West 60th St. Storage, $5 per month vanload; motor vans moving; moderate rates. 1702 Riverside.

FORT AV., 150—Four light outside rooms; elevator; telephone; $60-$65.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 910 (Cor. 163d St.)—11 rooms, facing Riverside Drive; rent $180. Apply office Hudson View Construction Co., 600 Riverside Drive, corner 161st St. Phone Audubon 4007.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 807 (162d St.)—Two large rooms, with kitchenette, overlooking Hudson; telephone, parlor; $45. Private in private dwelling; $15 week, with gas.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 523 (Opposite Grant's Tomb)—Five, six rooms, high-class elevator house; rent, $125-$135 per month.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 570—Seven rooms to rent; immediate possession. Superintendent on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (148th)—Six and seven rooms, $175 up; suitable physician. Audubon 6084.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 452.

Three rooms, elevator apartment, $1,500 per year. See Superintendent.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 981, near 158th St., five rooms (Apt. 35); possession now; $1,200 per annum.
SHARP & CO., 2,489 BROADWAY.

ST. NICHOLAS AV. (cor. 150th St.)—7 and 8 rooms; $1,800 and $1,800; rent from July-Aug. 1.

$70 sublet at a sacrifice, at Hotel San Remo, 74th St. and Central Park West, unfurnished corner suite (417), four rooms and bath, facing beautiful Central Park, from June 15 to Oct. 1, with opportunity for further lease. Inquire at hotel office. Phone Columbus 6700.

VERY high-class four and five room apartments, $90 and up. Supt. on premises, 607 West 136th St., or Chas. S. Kohler, Inc., 1,428 St. Nicholas Av.

WEST END AV., 411 (corner 90th St.)—Seven rooms, ground floor front; ideal for physician; rent $3,300 year; immediate occupancy. Apply Louis Schleichter, 148 St. Nicholas Av. Morningside 2427.

WEST END AV., 411 (corner 90th St.)—Ten rooms, ninth floor; price $3,000 year; immediate possession. Apply Louis Schleichter, 148 St. Nicholas Av. Morningside 2427.

3 ROOMS, BATH AND KITCHENETTE; $50-$70; close to subway station; elevator, electric light, &c.
111 MANHATTAN STREET.
Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

GRAND BOULEVARD AND CONCOURSE, 3,400 (170th St.)—3 and 4 desirable rooms in Crystal Dwellings. See Agent.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,274 (183d St.)—Four-room apartment, all improvements; to be seen at any time. See superintendent.

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, 926—For rent, 7-room high class elevator apartment; $75. Telephone Intervale 4441, Apt. 5B.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,280—Four large, light rooms; all improvements; $65; near Fordham Road.

GRAND CONCOURSE, 2,250—Six large, light rooms; near Fordham Road; all improvements; $82.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

Nine large rooms and garage, beautiful, two baths, two porches, private cottage, select neighborhood, near subway, Blythebourne 2681.

BONTAGUE ST., 111, Brooklyn—Apartments, 4 and 7 large rooms; elevator and all modern improvements.

Unfurnished—Long Island.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.
2, 3, 4 and 5 room apartments; $1,320 up. Apply "The Gardens Apt.," phone Boulevard 6540.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

Three good unfurnished rooms in a private house for business men, etc.; fine locality, twenty minutes' run of all ferries. Call before 9 and 6 o'clock, 330 Kerrigan Av., West Hoboken, N. J.

Beautiful apartment, 5 sunny rooms, south; garage if desired; immediate possession; leased from October; $150. Apt. 44, 150 Harrison St., East Orange, N. J.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

Gentleman desires one unfurnished or furnished room apartment or one room with private bath; must be independent; not over $50 monthly. D 839 Times.

Physician, married, no children, doing post-graduate work, will caretake apartment for summer months and pay moderate rental. D 809 Times.

Office, several outside rooms, facing Hudson River, exposure, sublet July, August. R 616 Times Downtown.

6 rooms, upper Bedford section; rent $60-$70; bonus paid. Write J. Hanft, 231 Broadway, New York.

Douglas Gibbons & Co., 6 E. 45th St., are listing apartments for Fall occupancy; Park Av. and vicinity. Vanderbilt 896.

Wanted—Purchase large furnished apartment, suitable for business. R 28 Times.

Will purchase small completely furnished, reasonable; state particulars. R 27 Times.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

LIST YOUR APARTMENT WITH US.
Exclusive clientele waiting. Apartment Renting Co., 176 West 72d St. Columbus 1377.

Unfurnished.

HOUSES, APARTMENTS, STUDIOS.
Sale or long lease; Washington Square, Gramercy Park, Chelsea, Park Av. and Riverside and all desirable locations for select list of responsible clients.
J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
31 East 42d St. (24a). Vanderbilt 9744.

Apartment wanted for Oct. 1; three or four room apartment; east side preferred; central location; $90 to $100; lease; highest references. F 858 Times.

One-room apartment, large, with bath, between 84th and 96th Sts., 5th and Lexington Avs., now or Sept. 1; lease desired. Komroff 160 East 72d St.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

30TH (Corner Lexington Av., 183)—Exclusively for women, $9 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $11 weekly up; room with private bath, $12 weekly up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

94TH (near Park)—Large, bright, airy room, single, double; references. Vanderbilt 7726.

36TH ST., 12 EAST—Large attractive room, single or en suite, with bath; elevator.

58D, 61 EAST—Large bedroom, bath, hot and cold running water.

57TH ST., 236 EAST—Light, pleasant surroundings; convenient; references; business woman. Gordon.

60TH, 18 EAST—Room adjoining bath; $40; also 2 rooms and bath.

70'S, EAST—Desirable location; close to park; two large, cool, outside bedrooms, all conveniences; references. F 882 Times.

36TH ST., 251 WEST—High-class room, overlooking Broadway. Apt. 2, north.

56TH, WEST (near Park)—Private house, large desirable room, southern exposure, private bath, electricity; gentleman. Phone Riverside 5413.

57TH ST., 236 EAST—Light, pleasant surroundings; convenient; references; business woman. Gordon.

98TH, 318 WEST—Large beautifully furnished room, with private bath; $25; references.

106TH, 28 WEST—Large, cool, front room; private house. Phone Academy 1090.

105TH, 103 WEST—Outside room, housekeeping, $7; business woman. Andrus.

75TH ST., 548 WEST (L-C)—Attractive front room, overlooking Hudson; gentlemen. Cathedral 9088.

112TH, 353 WEST—3 beautifully furnished rooms, reasonable; after 7. Bauman.

113TH ST., 612 WEST—Ideal room, connecting bath, gentleman. Bennett.

116TH, 54d WEST—Large room suitable for couple, private house.

114TH, 330 WEST—Room to rent, lavatory, electricity, elevator; lady. Apt. 61.

115TH ST., 419 WEST—Airy, large front room, suitable for one or two; mahogany furniture, elevator, private. Cathedral 7544.

116TH, 404 WEST—Two desirable outside rooms, connecting; running water. Phone Cathedral 7990, Apt. 62.

120TH, 434 WEST—Beautifully furnished single room, woman. Call evenings, Apt. 1-H.

121ST, 627 WEST (Apt. 32)—Two attractively furnished connecting rooms; private family.

121ST, 523 WEST—Cool, well furnished room, single, double, housekeeping. Seller.

122D, 232 WEST—Front and back parlor and kitchen privileges; gas, electricity, bath, shower (steam heat), hot water; phone; handy all cars, L, buses; very quiet house. Myers' bell.

125TH., 8th Av. (Berkshire Apt.)—Clean, large room, suitable for gentleman; convenient to bath. Apply Superintendent.

127TH ST., 41 WEST—Front and back parlor, light housekeeping.

141ST ST., (87 Hamilton Place)—Room, $5; business woman. Audubon 1200. Apt. 4B.

145D, 458 WEST—Well-furnished room, shower bath; modern apartment house. Hoff.

148TH ST., 405 WEST—Large room in private family; private bath, twin beds, electricity; men; reasonable. Audubon 5466.

152D ST., 545 WEST—Light double room.

BROADWAY, 2,647 (101st)—Large, airy room, near bath; 7th, south; gentleman.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 407—Front suite, piano, Victrola, elevator; or single. Arenson.

CLAREMONT AV., (cor. 116th and Riverside Drive)—Attractive large outside room with private family, suitable for one or two. Morningside 6694.

CLAREMONT AV., 140 (Apt. 63)—Large room, overlooking Drive; one or two gentlemen.

For the exceptional bachelor—An exceptional suite of large front second-floor living room and two bedrooms in private house of university professor at University Heights, within walking distance of New York C. P. station and of subway and elevated lines; furnishings to suit; spaciousness, excellentness, comfort; rental $150 a month; breakfasts, if desired, additional; ready June 16; references exchanged. 72 Bond St., New York University; University Heights.

Magnificent outside cool room, five windows; suitable couple; ideal surroundings; convenient New York Central, subway and "L." Phone Fordham 4350.

Medium sized, south room, closet, running water, electricity; references. Phone Circle 6442.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 230 (96)—Attractive room, overlooking Hudson; private family. Apt. 53.

SMALL, sunny room, Greenwich Village, for business woman; new apartment; no other roomers. Phone Watkins 4071 before 8:30 A.M. or after 4 P.M.

Suite—Sitting room, one or two bedrooms; corner; piano; $30. Morningside 3081.

TWO OR THREE outside rooms in my 7-room apartment; well-kept house; attractive neighborhood; two men or business couple; $12 weekly. Audubon 2287.

VERMILYEA AV., 53—Newly furnished, large, airy and sunny room, suitable two people; kitchen privileges; near Dyckman St. station; 30 minutes to Times Square; reasonable. Apt. 20T. Phone Wadsworth 2999.

WEST END AV., 237 (71st St.)—Attractive house, well furnished, large bedroom and living room, four windows, lavatory, two closets, adjoining bath; $20; double room, large private bath, quantity closets and mirrors. Columbus 1818.

WEST END AV., 581—Exceptionally large, double room; cool, delightful neighborhood; reasonable.

WEST END AV., 911—Beautiful room, all conveniences; also furnished front basement.

WEST END AV., 824—Large room, private bath, electricity, gas connections; also small room; reasonable.

WEST END AV., 250—Just opened, one, two room suites, with bath, overlooking the Hudson, $70-$84.

WEST END AV., 265—Attractively furnished large private room and bath.

YOUNG LADY—Congenial; elevator and telephone privileges; near Columbia College. L. D., 941 Times.

Long Island.

Far Rockaway—Beautiful single rooms; private; 5 rooms, bath, kitchenette; season; month; near station; beach; ladies, gentlemen. Phone Far Rockaway 3578. 1,347 Hollywood Av.

Long Beach—Large room, adjoining bath, near station, beach; private house; June-Oct., $800; couple. Post Office Box 501, Long Beach, 116 Chester St.

Two rooms in high-class private home, near Far Rockaway Beach and station. Box 97, 1636 St. James Building.

Rockaway Park—Beautiful ocean rooms, one block from ocean; 8 minutes to station. 241 N. Beach 120.

EDGEMERE—Ocean rooms with or without board. Rockaway 455, 12 South Beach 97.

Rockaway Park—Private accommodations, near ocean. Phone Belle Harbor 1920W.

Westchester County.

Two or three furnished rooms in private Christian family in country; 3 minutes from station, 45 minutes from Grand Central. Tel. Yonkers 2246.

New Jersey.

BERG ST., 1,507—Connecting rooms, ground floor, newly decorated; kitchen privilege; $400 from June 15 to Sept. 15; fading Sussex Lake; 5 minutes from ocean.

47TH AV., 700 (Asbury Park)—Splendid furnished rooms to rent, by week, month or season. Phone 23278 Asbury.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

LEXINGTON AV., 803 (65th St.)—Large, sunny room; private room.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

On Riverside Drive or West End, between 72d and 116th Sts, is there a room in a home of refinement and culture where a young business executive, college graduate, will be welcomed; where real home life exists, and where he will become almost one of the family? Children no objection. Write in full detail. Address D 404 Times.

Gentleman, single, desires parlor and bedroom, nicely furnished, very clean, all independently; absolutely no other roomers; 72d to 110th St., West Side; state price and particulars. Ornstein, 111 Lenox Av.

Business gentleman wants nicely furnished room, with strictly private family. West Side. Give full particulars. Address D. H. L., 261 Times.

GENTLEMAN DESIRES ROOM WITH PRIVATE FAMILY; REFINED LOCATION. L 770 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Two business men desire two light, airy rooms and bath with refined family in Manhattan. J. O., Box 313 Times Uptown.

Neat room, refined surroundings; near Sheridan Square; dinner. Bell, 96 Grove St.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

1 EAST 63D ST.

Exclusive neighborhood, overlooking Central Park; Summer concessions on two-room suites; also double room; excellent home cooking; references.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

30TH (corner Lexington Av., 166)—Room with meals, $17 weekly up; good home cooking; hotel service; elevator, telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

MADISON AV., 215 (Near 36th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

54TH ST., 35 WEST—Large and small, attractive, cool rooms, with board.

60TH, 105 WEST—Large room, private bath; smaller room adjoining bath.

72D, 209 WEST—Choice room, also single room; excellent table.

74TH, 149 WEST—Single, double, private bath; ideal location; absolutely pure food.

76TH, 9 WEST—Two-room suite; bath; private boarding house; excellent table.

79TH, 114-133 WEST—Wide parked street; unusual and attractive; large parlors, two room and lounge; steam heat.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests.

83D, 5 WEST—Suites 1, 2, 3 rooms; excellent table; open all Summer; cool; convenience.

85TH, 327 WEST—Single, double rooms; exceptionally light and airy; electricity; running water; shower; limited circle; home cooking.

90TH, 143 WEST—Desirable double, single room; private bath; electricity; excellent meals.

94TH, 147 WEST—Desirable accommodations, parlor-dining room; electricity; established ten years.

106D, 289 WEST—Large double front, single rooms; meals; elevator; electricity; continuous hot water; two doors from Broadway.

120TH, 116 WEST—Double room, private bath, excellent table. Brody, Morningside 2152.

A charming apartment on Riverside Drive, only one in family, will take a refined couple; corner room and meals at $40 a week each; no other boarders. Telephone Riverside 4563 for appointment.

BROADWAY, (245 West 104th)—Attractive front rooms; excellent board. Academy 2702. Jantzon.

Business woman wishes refined young lady to share large, front room, private bath; excellent board; Murray Hill section; $17.50 weekly. Broad 1642, Extension 151.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 549—Excellent room and board, $19 weekly; two, $23. Payne.

THE GREYMORE, 46 Riverside Drive—Delightfully located; best food. Schuyler 4506.

BOARD WANTED.

Young lady wishes room, board, private family only; no boarding house; refined surroundings; state terms. Y 2236 Times Annex.

Lady wants furnished room with or without board; reasonable. F 830 Times.

Room and board for young man with nice family; about $10 week. A. A., 513 Times.

Room and board, private family, west side, telephone, bath; about $15. L 118 Times.

COUNTRY BOARD.

THE EVELYN LODGE.

Charmingly homelike all-year residence; 20 min. delightful sail downtown; elegantly furnished; excellent cuisine; parlors, porches, lawns, comforts; weekly $20 up; capacity 75; booklet; 11 years under one management.
71 Central Av., St. George, S. I.

THE PEPPERDAY,

Main St. and Echo Av., New Rochelle, N. Y. Superior family hotel; open year round; 35 minutes Grand Central Terminal. Phone New Rochelle 2064.

Young bachelor, owner large commuting home, Bisaling Ridge, has cook, housekeeper, wants companionship, 2 or 3 young city men, divide expenses. Jackson, 135 Broadway.

Liberon, Long Branch—Few paying guests accepted in well appointed Jewish house; physician's family; best location; large grounds; garage; references. 302 Norwood Av.

Beautiful views; private park; fresh vegetables; prize, American plan, $28 to $30 per week; strict reference required. Call or address, Miss Ethier, cor. Rossbill and Union Avs, Tarrytown, N. Y.

Will accommodate a few guests who want a first-class seashore home; privilege private bathing beach and garage; reasonable rates. Address P. O. Box 637, Liberon, N. J.

The Hathaway Inn, Amityville, L. I., noted for its excellent and accommodating cuisine, now open. Telephone 262 Amityville.

Ponckhockie Health Resort, Kingston-on-Hudson, N. Y.; specialists nervous disorders; booklet free.

Rockledge Manor Hotel—Large grounds; quiet suburb; refined clientele; pre-war prices. 124 Bruce Av. (Telephone 5344), Yonkers.

CAMP CASCADES IN THE CATSKILLS; special two-week vacation rates for young men; bathing, &c. Alex. Saunders, Woolworth Building, Barclay 3787.

West Orange—The Buskingham, 17 Prospect St., desirable rooms, apartments, with bath; large lawn and porch; excellent table.

Far Rockaway—Splendid home for children in private family. Phone Fulton Av. Phone 4180 Far Rockaway.

South Orange—Beautiful home and location; room and board for couple, $35; references; 1 single room, $18. 117 Scotland Road.

NERVOUS AND MENTAL CONDITIONS; LYNWOOD LODGE, ENGLEWOOD, N. J.

Excellent boarding house, seashore, Shore Road, Lindsay, Tottenville, S. I., N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD WANTED.

A quiet, refined gentleman wishes a comfortable room and board with all conveniences in the New Jersey hills; distance no barrier. Address, with details, B 631 Times Downtown.

Gentleman, with three children, 16, 14 and 12, boarding house or private house; Long Island preferred; commuting distance, near ocean. Y 2158 Times Annex.

Long Beach or Sea Gate—Good room and board wanted by two young women with refined family; must have sea water. Liebmann, telephone Spring 9111.

Married couple, Christian, want board to September, large room, within 25 miles Grand Central; not to exceed $32 week; particulars. D 867 Times.

Athletic young woman desires in mountain camp or bungalow accommodations until September, 1920. Times Harlem.

Several business women wish housekeeping accommodations near beach, vicinity New York. M. Taylor, 946 West 194th, Apt. 44.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

ADVERTISING—Part time; capable woman advertising manager and writer offers part time service to one or two progressive concerns; preferably those handling products appealing to women; exceptional experience, recognized ability. For interview, address Box B 1009 Times Annex.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER—Three years' experience; knows rudiments of stenography and billing; 23 years of age; high school graduate; Christian. A 696 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, several years' experience, thoroughly familiar commission house details; references; $25. Address Box 90, 1358 3d Av.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER, experienced; knowledge of typewriting; excellent references. M 902 Times Downtown.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST—Three years' experience. A 696 Times Downtown.

BILLING CLERK—Thoroughly experienced on Elliott-Fisher machine. A 719 Times Downtown.

BILLING CLERK, Moon-Hopkins machine; 4 years' experience. J 851 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-CORRESPONDENT, 22; 5 years' experience; high school graduate; can take full charge; excellent references. L 490 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, 1½ years' experience, conscientious, with knowledge of stenography; good references; salary $20. E. K., 509 Osborn St., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER — High school graduate; Sabbath observer. D 418 Times.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, typist; five years' experience; salary $20. C 624 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced; export; executive ability; knowledge Spanish, French. K 68 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, typist, expert double entry, executive ability; excellent references. F 809 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer desires position with reputable concern; $35. F 835 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer, whose experience qualifies her to take entire responsibility; $25. D 899 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, knowledge of stenography; thoroughly experienced; initiative, ability; credentials. A 696 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-CASHIER — Fifteen years' experience; trial balance; $65. Tucker, 16 Arden St.

BOOKKEEPER; 8 years' experience; familiar with modern accounting; best references. F 408 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, accountancy training, thoroughly experienced, capable stenographer; $35. L 777 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER — Thoroughly experienced; controlling accounts, trial balance; $55. L 769 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, experienced, desires change; position; chance for advancement. A 721 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, capable of taking full charge of office, desires position with a reliable concern. K 69 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT AND TYPIST, 4 years' experience; high school graduate, rapid, accurate at figures; trustworthy; $25. B 374 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, office manager, check credits; ten years' experience in all modern methods; excellent references. K 64 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER — College graduate, several years experience, good address; $30; unquestionable reference. Box 1005 Times, 3 Rector St.

BOOKKEEPER, STENOGRAPHER — 2½ years' experience; competent worker; $25. M 897 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—Thoroughly competent; double entry bookkeeping; references. L 781 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, stenographer; thoroughly experienced; complete charge; reliable; $30. A 706 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, 11 years, all branches; complete responsibility; $50. D 398 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, expert, desires work after 5, Saturdays after 1. D 395 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, capable take full charge; 6 years' experience. D 892 Times.

CHAMBERMAID—Lady closing house wants to place chambermaid; country preferred; reference 2 years. Call Tuesday and Wednesday, 1,019 Madison Av. (78th St.).

COMPANION (afternoons), to elderly, or semi-invalid lady; by educated, mature Englishwoman; good reader. Audubon 8325.

FILE CLERK—High school graduate; 2½ years' experience. J 246 Times.

FRENCH TEACHER, refined, experienced, highly recommended, wishes Summer position, tutor, governess. Y 2160 Times Annex.

GIRL, college, refined, country employment; experienced camper; children. L 524 West 123d St.

GIRL, colored, reliable, take care one child; city, country. Thomas, Riverside 4025.

GOVERNESS, English, requires position; older children; excellent qualifications. F 861 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER—Position wanted by well-educated, refined, middle-aged woman; competent of handling large household; references given; country preferred. J 226 Times.

HOUSEWORKER — Several experienced colored servants; excellent cooks; city, country; investigated references; day workers a specialty. Telephone Columbus 5165. Domestic Service Agency, 329 West 50th.

LADY requires position as private secretary; all or part day; literary work preferred. D 896 Times.

LADY'S MAID—Nurse, competent, colored girl. Brooks, 119 West 134th.

NURSE, graduate, will take care of elderly couple in country for Summer. Phone Rockville Centre 1147, or 241 566 Merrick Road, Rockville Centre, L. I.

NURSE for child, first class, competent, to go to Far Rockaway. Phone Riverside 8351, 34 West 97th St.

NURSE, capable, trustworthy, experience varied, adaptable; care invalid, nervous lady or elderly couple. Box 116, 217 7th Av.

NURSE, English woman, would like care of children afternoons. Riverside 5137.

OFFICE ASSISTANT, thoroughly experienced; no typing; $30. Olsen, 408 Dean St., Brooklyn.

SEAMSTRESS, competent; private family or institution; reference Dawson, 54 Manhattan St.

SEAMSTRESS wishes repair work, private family. K 66 Times.

SECRETARY STENOGRAPHER, TYPIST—YOUNG WOMAN EXPERT, NOW EMPLOYED, DESIRES POSITION OF EXCELLENT REFERENCES; SALARY $35 TO COMMENCE, K 86 TIMES.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, Christian, eight years' practical experience, reliable, desires position with busy executive. K 88 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Five years' experience; good education; intelligent, efficient; capable; excellent references; salary $30. J 253 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER — Experienced, intelligent, capable, executive ability; briefful of activity; seeks live position; $35. M 901 Times Downtown.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, expert; 9 years' varied experience, London and New York; well educated, capable; $35. N 469 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, executive, constructive ability, university training; charge office; $35; substitute. Phone Harlem 9055 mornings.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER — Literary ability and experience; afternoons. Lenox 5880.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, unusual attainments, desires unusual opportunity. Advertiser, 212 West 114th St.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER—Competent, executive ability, initiative; assume responsibilities; credentials. Y 2160 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER—Employer forced to dispense with services; high-class assistant would place her advantageously; special training for purchasing and confidential secretary. B 444 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Assistant bookkeeper wishes position reliable concern; eight years mercantile experience; thoroughly efficient, alert; good address and characteristics; salary $30. F 823 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY, thoroughly experienced, seeks position with reliable firm requiring initiative and executive ability; $35. Mack, Academy 1408. Address E. M. E., Room 55, 18 West 34th St.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY—Expert stenographer; thorough knowledge of English; capable correspondent; salary $35. D 416 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school graduate, desires position with opportunity; initial salary secondary. Cohen, 307 Van Buren St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, college graduate, several years experience, good address; $30; unquestionable reference. Box 1006 Times, 3 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER - TYPIST, 17, knowledge bookkeeping, bright beginner, reference; $15 to start. Jos. G., 116 E. Houston St. Orchard 8276.

STENOGRAPHER, 17, bright, well trained beginner. Telephone 6360 Tremont, 455 Tremont Av.

STENOGRAPHER — Ambitious, with two years' experience; salary $20. L 768 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, wishes position; office experience; references. Anna Ardalnolo, 2,204 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER, 3 years' banking and commercial experience; bank or mercantile concern preferred. A 725 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years; knowledge of bookkeeping; willing, efficient; $23-$25. F 835 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Six years' experience; office routine, initiative; $25. A 697 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; permanent, temporary; will substitute any two weeks; $35. K 15 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, 5 years' experience, neat, willing, capable worker. Kurtz, 814 East 160th.

STENOGRAPHER—Two years' experience; high school education; $20-$22. L 776 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ten years' experience; thoroughly competent; reliable; $35. L 769 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, four years' experience; capable; references; $25. L 780 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, bright, willing; 5 years' experience; $25-$30. K 78 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant, 2 years' experience; references; $20. A 716 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, office assistant; experienced; references; salary $20. Kiesa, 615 West 142d.

STENOGRAPHER (clerical experience), high school graduate; ambitious; $20. A 1049 Times Harlem.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY — Efficient; thoroughly experienced; good education; $35. M 908 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-Accurate typist; no clock watcher; A1 references; $14. K. 1,763 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER or typist; several months' experience; capable, reliable. A 709 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; experienced, willing, accurate; best credentials; $25; advancement. A 703 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced; capable desires permanent position downtown; $25. A 718 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER-SECRETARY; 4 years' experience; capable, reliable; $30. A 706 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, high school graduate; capable and willing. L 780 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, high school graduate; 2 years' experience; worker. A 697 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, French young lady, speaking English fluently; good references. J 827 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, secretary, bookkeeper; export, shipping, billing, details; salary $25. D 871 Times.

STENOGRAPHER — Efficient stenographer desires position; $18 per week. J 834 Times.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER, educated, wants position in country for Summer. H 494 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience, good personality; high school graduate. Telephone Decatur 6552.

STENOGRAPHER—Three years' experience; temporary position; $30. M., 1,618 5th Av.

TYPIST, knowledge of stenography, 2 years' experience; competent, quick and accurate, willing worker; salary $21. D 374 Times.

TYPIST, assistant bookkeeper, charge entire office; rapid, accurate; six years' experience; $25-$30. Williamsburg 8253.

TYPIST and office assistant; touch system; neat and accurate; six years' experience. M 897 Times Downtown.

SITUATION WANTED—Female.

WAITRESS wants position in country hotel with 15 year old son as bell boy. J 200 Times.

WOMAN—Capable to wait on ladies; understands facial and scalp massage; good sewer; assist with other duties; best references, Box 134, 852 Columbus Av.

YOUNG LADY, Christian, wishes position with refined people, as chambermaid and waitress; no objection to country; good references; age 20. A 691 Times Downtown.

YOUNG LADY—Generally assist interior decorator mornings, shopping, sewing. D 855 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, colored, wishes work part time. 47 West 66th St., care of Burrows.

YOUNG WOMAN—Position part time by college graduate. J 265 Times.

YOUNG WOMAN, Finnish, wishes cleaning; days work $4. Braf, 61 West 114th.

Employment Agencies.

HOUSEWORKERS—Neat colored girls, investigated references, wish places; other Southern help supplied. Lincoln Industrial Exchange (agency), 314 West 59th. Phone Columbus 5022. Established 1890.

LAMB'S AGENCY, 311 Nassau St.—Stenographers, $20-$25; typists; other openings.

BERTHA CARLSON, Swedish Agency—First-class servants, 2,415 Broadway, cor. 90th.

SHEPHERD'S AGENCY—Help by month, week or day. 107 W. 125d St. Morn. 6916.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT-AUDITOR, 15 years' experience, special investigations, bankruptcies; revise, install office and cost systems; complete statistical, production and financial statements; rates moderate. M 893 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT—Books systematized, audited, opened; tax specialist; arrangements firms without bookkeepers; corporation, partnership accountancy; reasonable. Greene, 1457 Hudson Terminal Building. Telephone Cortlandt 1379.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR, TAX CONSULTANT—Opens, closes and audits books; prepares financial statements and all tax returns; prompt and reliable service; reasonable charges. D 358 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, 28, N. Y. U. graduate, ten years' experience mercantile, manufacturing, export, import lines, desires permanent connection with reputable concern; highest testimonials. B 620 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANCY STUDENT, advanced, desires connection with accounting or mercantile firm; willing to begin in clerical capacity; salary at beginning secondary consideration. F 825 Times.

ACCOUNTANTS, Certified—If you desire accounting, bookkeeping, auditing work, call our representative, no charge for consultation. Willcox, 1,604 Broadway. Bryant 8825.

ACCOUNTANT, 33, married, seeks responsible position; experienced traveling auditor; thoroughly competent; highest credentials; available immediately. K 70 Times.

ACCOUNTANT-OFFICE MANAGER—French, German; good references; $35. B 445 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, American, Christian; office manager, systematizer; capable man; A1 credentials. L 747 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, experienced; 2 years New York University. A 692 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANT, available several days weekly; part time bookkeeping arrangements. F 849 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, junior, 24, experienced; college student; $25; recommended. L 748 Times Downtown.

ADVERTISING MAN,
29, ex-offic

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, 26, Swiss nationality, 6 years' banking, 3 years' trade experience, fluently French, German, Spanish, Italian, besides English, seeks connection with reliable house. M 810 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, intelligence, initiative, tact, a sense of responsibility and a capacity for hard work, a college education and experience as assistant to executive are at your disposal for a moderate salary and the promise of a future. D 377 Times.

YOUNG MAN, high school education, 6 years' business experience, capable of assisting busy executive, tactful correspondent, able to handle important matters, desires position with progressive organization. A 706 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 30, experienced executive assistant, secretary, duties various departments, desires connections; salary secondary prospects; references. L 752 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 29, ambitious; hard, capable worker; technical college education; two years' business experience; former employers will furnish best references. A 695 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, with 8 years' clerical experience and with a thorough knowledge of bookkeeping, desires to connect with reliable concern, chance of advancement. J 264 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, evening high school graduate, knowledge of general office routine, seeks position with manufacturing or mercantile concern; references. M 806 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, familiar with purchasing of hardware, factory and electrical supplies and equipment, desires position where experience can be utilized. L 706 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, of good education and exceptional ability, seeks responsible position with good concern; experienced salesman, good correspondent, familiar with office routine. J 228 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, married, experienced bookkeeper, corresponding and adjusting, seeks connection with large concern; thorough knowledge of office details. B. Igel, 799 Dawson St.

YOUNG MAN, engineering training, with some electrical and mechanical experience, wishes position; reliable and energetic. J 258 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school education, business experience, desires position where ability will secure advancement. O 104 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, college graduate, thorough business training, active, reliable, well recommended, desires position. L 768 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, ambitious, five years' experience office and shipping, seeks opportunity to break into salesmanship. W 204 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, solicitor, traveled extensively in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Kentucky, Tennessee, desires position salesman. D 589 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, possessing initiative, desires connection with a chance for advancement; in town or out; excellent references. A 686 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, knowledge of bookkeeping, accountancy student, desires position with reliable firm or accountant; start at bottom. A 680 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, university studen; desires summer work in city or country; good credentials; ability. A 709 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, wide experience office and factory, desires position; competent bookkeeper, correspondent; can also assist factory manager. D 848 Times.

YOUNG MAN (25), 7 years' experience, harbor lighterage freight forwarding, Port of New York, desires position, steamship or ship brokerage firm. J 240 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires stock clerk position; A1 references. H. Zeltelbaum, 197 Winthrop St., Brooklyn, Flatbush 3228.

YOUNG MAN, 21, energetic, wishes position (anything); advancement. A 1050 Times Harlem.

YOUNG MAN, 24, wholesale grocery buying, selling and clerical experience, wants position. Lester Secor, Fordham 4123J.

YOUNG MAN, 28, former manager and manufacturer, can show good results, seeks connection. L 771 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN desires evening position as bookkeeper's assistant; knowledge of stenography and typewriting. K 72 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 27, energetic, hosiery selling experience, fair knowledge of bookkeeping and Spanish, desires position. J 264 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, Columbia graduate, desires position with chance for advancement. F 852 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 23, college education, highest credentials, competent, neat appearance, desires position with prospects. D 588 Times.

YOUNG MAN, married, wishes position wholesale house, inside, outside. K 83 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires to manage for busy man his outside interests; investment if necessary; references. K 89 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, college education, character, ability, wishes position. D 409 Times.

YOUNG South American, recently arrived, wants position in any capacity with American firm; moderate salary. L 402 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, clean cut, position for summer, out-of-town preferably. C. T., 261 Times.

YOUNG MAN, working post office 8 years, wishes change; position where ability will be considered. L 463 Times.

YOUNG MAN, aggressive, two years' business experience; well recommended. D 387 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, high school graduate, wishes position with chance for advancement. L 756 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 20, high school education, general business experience, desires position with future. N 471 Times.

YOUNG MAN, colored, would like position in mailing department; can furnish good reference. L 767 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college training, ambitious, willing; anything. Schwartzman, 624 Schenck St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires position with reliable wholesale or manufacturing concern; selling experience. L 760 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires position as assistant to engineer or factory Superintendent. L 766 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 19, wishes position in office; 2 years' experience. L 775 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 25, married, wishes position with reliable firm; executive ability. M 806 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, five years' business experience, desires responsible position with ready-to-wear house. J 224 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 26, bookkeeping, office experience; chance advancement. S 627 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college student, desires part time night work, 7 to 12, anything. F 800 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, high school graduate, wishes position with opportunity. B 322 Times.

YOUNG MAN (23), college graduate, business experience, seeks position. F 507 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, one year college, desires position. A 730 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN—College graduate, desires evening position at anything. K 80 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 25, wishes employment in country for Summer. J 247 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, wishes clerical position for afternoons. F 821 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires evening position, 7-12; anything; references. K 74 Times.

YOUNG MAN; outdoor position Summer, preferably Adirondacks. J 234 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires position; best references. J 238 Times.

ORGANIZATIONS DEDICATED TO GROWTH.

Sales promotional man, 26, capable of planning sales campaigns, analyzing markets and getting maximum co-operation from salesmen; experienced in road and home managing, advertising and mail sales; will consider connection along above lines or assistant to busy executive. L 761 Times Downtown.

Employment Agencies.

400 Japanese fancy cooks, faithful butlers. Agency, 804 6th Av., Bryant 7081.

HELP WANTED—Female.

ALTERATION HANDS ON GOWNS. APPLY AT ONCE. J. M. GIDDING & CO., 594 5TH AV.

ASSISTANT BUYER.
L. S. PLAUT & CO.,
NEWARK, N. J.:
WANT AN ASSISTANT BUYER FOR MUSLIN UNDERWEAR AND INFANTS' WEAR; DEPARTMENT STORE EXPERIENCE ESSENTIAL. APPLY BY LETTER OR IN PERSON, EMPLOYMENT OFFICE, SECOND FLOOR.

ASSISTANT to owner in sales office, knowledge typewriting; no experience necessary; light, clean duties. Call after 11. Office 215 W. 42d St.

ASSISTANT IN DENTAL OFFICE; YOUNG GIRL LIVING AT HOME; EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. CALL 38 EAST 61ST ST.

ASSISTANT BUYER wanted, who understands laces, embroideries and linens; state in full past experience and salary desired. W 201 Times.

ATTENDANT in hospital or dispensary, experience unnecessary; 8 to 1 or 1 to 6; $6 weekly for either period. Call 231 East 57th.

BILL CLERK—Rapid typist, experienced; as order clerk; permanent; daylight offices. Stanley, 104 West 45th.

BILLING CLERK and office assistant, experienced; good salary; permanent position. Frankel Display Fixture Co., 177 Hudson St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT by cotton yarn converter; congenial working quarters; good pay; must understand controlling accounts. Write, stating full details, age, experience, salary desired. B. B., Box 106, Station F, Manhattan.

BOOKKEEPERS, price clerks and comptometer operators; those having experience in the grocery line can qualify for position with a large concern; executive and all previous experience and salary expected. F. K., 60 Times Harlem.

BOOKKEEPER ASSISTANT, with knowledge of stenography in office of shirt manufacturing concern; reply stating age, experience and salary expected. Box 40, 1,026 St. James Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, young lady, experienced, who can take charge of set of books and trial balance; must have experience. Alaska Sales Co., 41 Great Jones St., New York City.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; one capable of taking entire charge; state full particulars and salary expected. T 535 Times.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER, experienced; must possess initiative, ability, good record; by clock watcher; $35 to start. Hirsch Malgood, 153 Bleecker St.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, experienced manufacturing line; good opportunity for one who can qualify. Abraham Katz, 22 West 21st.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, with knowledge of double entry bookkeeping; intelligent, neat; permanent. Apply in person, Tanenbaus Bros., 184 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT—Large manufacturing concern in need of young lady in accounting department; salary $20 to start; S 642 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced; good salary. I. Berger, Broadway at 146th St.

BOOKKEEPER, typist; good opportunity; state salary, experience, phone number if any. A 698 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, ASSISTANT AND TYPIST; STEADY POSITION; CHRISTIAN FIRM. S 641 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

BOOKKEEPER AND STENOGRAPHER—Double entry; state experience and salary expected. W 192 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, with several years' experience; salary, $25. Franklin Specialty Mfg. Co., 540 West 58th St.

BOOKKEEPER for cloak and suit house; efficient, accurate. Apply Liberman Co., 138 West 27th St.

BOOKKEEPER and typist; call all day Tuesday. Puritan Shoe Co., 74 Reade St., city.

BOOKKEEPER, assistant, experienced; electrical contractor, dealers; write, stating experience, salary, &c. Whiteley, 84 John St.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, steady position; references required. 228 West 125th.

BOOKKEEPER for garage; state salary and experienced. W 207 Times.

CABLE CLERK by export house. Give experience, codes used and salary desired. V 700 Times Downtown.

CASE WORKER for large family agency; work under ideal conditions; only persons with unusual training and ability need apply; state age, education, religion, training, experience and salary expected. W 191 Times.

CASHIER for retail trunk store; must be wideawake, accurate at figures, and have good handwriting, also will take care of simple stock; good pay; steady position. Apply Indestructo Co., 330 5th Av.

CASHIER, experienced, for office furniture installment house, Bronx; good penmanship; references. Baumann Co., 2,939 3d Av. (1524 St.)

CASHIER and bookkeeper; apply by letter, stating salary, experience, and references. Lambert, 254 Canal St.

CASHIER, thoroughly experienced, for retail clothing store; good salary. Joseph Hilton, 324 5th Av., City.

CASHIER, experienced in credit work preferred; steady position. 226 West 125th.

CHAMBERMAID AND WAITRESS, experienced; permanent position; Hartsdale for Summer; small family. Apply apartment, 140 West 70th St., Mrs. Eiseman, before 10:30 and after 4:30.

CHAMBERMAID-WAITRESS, young girl wanted; family of two, Woodmere, Long Island; excellent position for girl who wishes nice home and good training; wages $50. Write or call 9th floor, 55 West 33d St.

CHAMBERMAID and waitress, experienced; permanent position, Hartsdale, for Summer; small family. Apply apartment, 140 West 70th St., Mrs. Eiseman, before 10:30 and after 4:30.

CHAMBERMAID—Assist laundress. Inquire 52 East 61st St.

CHAMBERMAID, country for Summer. Call 21 East 82d, Apt. 5A.

CLERICAL

Any young lady who is neat and accurate at figures can secure a position with a large manufacturing concern in their accounting department; salary to start $16; fine opportunity for advancement. Robt. Gair Co., ft of Washington St., Brooklyn.

CLERICAL.

R. H. Macy & Co., inc., have vacancies for clerical workers in several departments of the store; must have plain handwriting and be good at figures. Apply any time during the day at office of employment manager, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance.

CLERK

We will train you to become a competent clerk; we will teach you the most modern office methods and pay you $15 weekly while learning; this opportunity is offered by a large downtown company; our offices are pleasantly well ventilated; only bright, ambitious girls need apply; experience of any kind not necessary; hours 9-4:30; Saturday noon; state age and education. D 923 Times Downtown.

CLERKS.

COPYISTS, BILLERS ON UNDERWOOD MACHINES, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPERS, BOOKKEEPERS FAMILIAR WITH DEPARTMENT STORES, CUSTOMERS' CHARGE ACCOUNTS; HOLIDAY ALL DAY SATURDAY DURING JULY AND AUGUST; WRITE, GIVING AGE, EXPERIENCE, &C., BOX V 796 Times Downtown.

CLERKS.

We have several vacancies in our office for bright girls who have good penmanship and are accurate at figures; excellent opportunity for advancement, good salary to start. Apply GREAT ATLANTIC & PACIFIC TEA CO., 21 FLATBUSH AVE. EXT., BROOKLYN.

CLERKS Wanted—Metropol'tan Life Insurance Company; short hours; pleasant surroundings; free luncheons provided; free instruction in typewriting, stenography and dictaphone operating. Apply, between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Room 1032, 1 Madison Av.

CLERK

for general office work in large publishing house; must be good writer and quick at figures; no other experience necessary. Apply Mrs. Smith, 11th floor, 80 Irving Place, near 16th St.

CLERK in advertising department of large publishing office to take advertisements over the telephone; high school graduate preferred; interesting work and opportunity to study advertising business. Address Y 2240 Times Annex.

CLERKS FOR ENTRY WORK; PREFERABLY THOSE EXPERIENCED AT FIGURES; STATE AGE, EXPERIENCE, REFERENCE, &c. SALARY $16-$18. F 538 TIMES.

CLERK—Thoroughly capable in our insurance department; good position for right party. Apply in person to Mr. D. St. Johnston, 4th floor, Chevrolet Motor Co., 57th St. and Broadway.

CLERK for office Christia nfirm, neat and willing worker. Apply by letter only, stating age, education, experience if any. Colonial Novelty Co., 242 Norman Av., Brooklyn.

CLERK, for office work; accurate at figures and fair penman; experience not necessary. Address in own handwriting, stating age and salary expected. V 730 Times Downtown.

COMPILER for trade price list; educated and refined young lady seeking permanent position; should operate typewriter. Write particulars, mention salary. M 916 Times Downtown.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR for cost department; must be accurate, rapid and conscientious worker; excellent opportunity for refined young lady desiring permanent position; pleasant surroundings; state age, religion, experience and salary expected. V. Y., 200 Cable Building.

COMPTOMETER OPERATOR, experienced, wanted by a Wall Street house; state age, reference and expectations. Address L. P., P. O. Box 422, City Hall Station, New York City.

COOK, white; family two adults, two children; permanent position; family at shore until September; separate room, bath, sleeping porch; second girl kept. Apply with references, A 725 Times Downtown.

COOK, to assist with light housework, wanted immediately, country, near New York; private family of two; no laundry. Apply, bringing written references, to Miss C., 565 Park Av. (cor. 66th St.).

COOK and waitress wanted, first class, best references for small house, Dublin, N. H.; family of two ladies, chauffeur and chambermaid also kept; best wages. Call Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, 6 East 61st St.

COOK wanted for small family going to Maine for the Summer; wages $70; references required. Apply between 12 and 3, Monday and Tuesday, Mrs. B. C. Riggs, 840 Park Av.

COOK, first class; highest references; small house, Dublin, N. H.; family of two ladies; waitress, ladies' maid and chauffeur also kept. Address S., 6 East 61st St.

COOK, experienced; small family; permanent position, Hartsdale, for Summer. Apply Eiseman apartment, 140 West 70th St., before 10:30 and after 4:30.

COOK and chambermaid; waitress, country for Summer; family of two; $70 and $60. Call upon Mr. Johnston, 52 William St., Room 1404, between 9:30 and 11.

COOK, waitress, for family of three. Call at Apt. 9-B, 103 East 54th St., or telephone Lenox 3843.

COPY CLERK—Young lady with experience in copy; for handling of two well known trade publication; write full particulars also salary. M 917 Times Downtown.

COUNCILOR, jewelry, also a bead work counclior, in a Summer camp for girls in Maine. Y 2253 Times Annex.

DEMONSTRATOR.

Have you the ability to demonstrate a high-grade staple washing product? Why do you think so? Have you done so before? Permanent position for refined woman; state salary desired. W 654 Times Downtown.

DEMONSTRATORS, for department store work; must travel; good salary; commission and railroad fare. Apply Enders Human Hair Co., 224 West 34th St.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—Unusual opportunity for bright girl who is familiar with the dictaphone; every chance will be given to develop along business lines; to the girl who can qualify there's a permanent position with General Motors Acceptance Corporation; salary $100 per month—more as she develops; hours 9 to 5, half holidays Saturdays. Call only at 280 Broadway, Room 523.

DICTAPHONE—Capable woman to manage Dictaphone Department in national advertising agency; a real executive is needed, able to direct personnel impersonally, tactful, well educated, experienced, thoroughly familiar with correspondence forms. State age, experience, education and salary desired to Manager, Box 40, Postal Station "F," N. Y. C. Give telephone number.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—McGraw Hill Publishing Company have an exceptional opportunity for clean-cut girl over 18 years old who wishes to work with other worth-while girls among pleasant surrounds; if she can operate the Dictaphone, she can start at $25 a week; hours 9 to 5; Saturdays half holiday. APPLY at 370 Broadway, Room 623.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—If you can typewrite neatly and quickly, if you have a good education, we can place you promptly in a good dictaphone position at $25 a week; if you are not familiar with the dictaphone a demonstration will show you how simple it is; instruction free of charge. Inquire Miss Charash, 280 Broadway, Room 523.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—If you can typewrite neatly, accurately and quickly, if you have a good education plus real brains and are familiar with the dictaphone, we have a good position for you; salary $25 a week; more if you develop satisfactorily. Write us fully about yourself and your experience. S 604 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—There's a good position with Rogers, Inc., for a girl familiar with the dictaphone; this is a real opportunity for a bright young woman who wants to advance and develop along business lines; salary $25, more if you show proficiency in our work; hours 9 to 5. Call only at 280 Broadway, Room 523.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR—Excellent opportunity for refined, ambitious young lady desiring a permanent position in office of Christian firm and who is willing to start at moderate salary with good prospects for advancement. State age, experience and salary desired. V. Y., 200 Cable Building.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—We need several girls who are familiar with the dictaphone; if you can type neatly and accurately and wish to become identified with a reputable firm, write us fully about yourself; salary $25. S 606 Times Downtown.

DICTAPHONE GIRL—Parke Davis Company has splendid opening for experienced Dictaphone girl with knowledge of Spanish; position permanent; excellent surroundings; salary $25 to start; call only at 280 Broadway, Room 523.

FILE CLERK—Young woman, about 25 years of age, and of neat appearance, for permanent position in the filing department of large Christian corporation; pleasant office surroundings. Apply in person to Mr. Perster, 7th floor, 210 West Broadway.

FILE CLERK—WHOLESALE HARDWARE CONCERN REQUIRES THE SERVICES OF A YOUNG LADY FOR L. B. AUTOMATIC SYSTEM. CALL OR WRITE STATING EXPERIENCE. MASBECK HARDWARE CO., 61 WARREN ST.

FILE CLERK, trained in filing correspondence, experience also on Monitor switchboard; 42d St. district; about $20; give detailed experience and reference. D 396 Times.

FILE CLERK Wanted—Young woman, filing work in advertising agency; Christian firm; hours 9 to 5; Saturday half day; give telephone number and salary desired. W 178 Times.

FILE CLERK; must be experienced and thoroughly acquainted with up-to-date methods; salary $15; references required. Address A 707 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK,
NEAT AND REFINED, IN WHOLESALE DRY GOODS HOUSE. LOEB & SCHOENFELD, 29 WEST 23D ST.

FILE GIRLS in a large insurance firm; salary $15 to start. Experience unnecessary. A 701 Times Downtown.

FILE CLERK Wanted—Salary $65 a month; call Boy Scouts of America, 200 5th Av., Room 856.

GENERAL HOUSEWORKER (white), good cook; no washing; small family; good wages; references required. Goldmann, 420 Riverside.

GIRLS WANTED, $15 A WEEK TO START. PERMANENT WORK; REGULAR INCREASES WITH MANY OPPORTUNITIES TO SOON REACH EARNINGS OF $35 TO $100 A MONTH. POSITIONS OPEN IN SEVERAL DEPARTMENTS; NO EXPERIENCE REQUIRED. GET PARTICULARS TODAY. APPLY AT EMPLOYMENT OFFICES: 1,183 Broadway, Manhattan, corner 27th St., 9 A. M. to 4 P. M., 370 E. 150th St., Bronx, near Melrose Av., 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., Willoughby St., Brooklyn, one block from Hoyt St. subway station, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; above offices also open Saturdays to 1 P. M.; Sundays, 1 P. M. to 5 P. M.; 196 Broadway, Manhattan, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., 1,324 Broadway, Brooklyn, near Gates Av. L. station, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., or telephone Madison Square 12000, NEW YORK TELEPHONE CO.

GIRLS, WOMEN.

OF SPECIAL INTEREST TO THOSE LIVING IN BROOKLYN. OUR BUILDINGS ARE LOCATED 3 MINUTES' WALK FROM THE SANDS STREET STATION AT BROOKLYN BRIDGE, EASILY ACCESSIBLE FROM ALL PARTS OF BROOKLYN. VACANCIES NOW FOR ORDER SELECTORS, STOCK PEOPLE, WRAPPERS, EXAMINERS. IF YOU HAVE TRIED FACTORY WORK AND DO NOT LIKE IT, IF YOU ARE A BEGINNER, OR IF YOU ARE EXPERIENCED, WE CAN PLACE YOU IN INTERESTING WORK IN OUR GENERAL MERCHANDISE DEPARTMENTS. PERMANENT POSITIONS; MINIMUM PAY $15 PER WEEK. CALL AT ONCE.
THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES,
25 WASHINGTON ST.,
BROOKLYN, NEW YORK.

GIRLS—THE ABERCROMBIE & FITCH CO. 45TH ST. AND MADISON AV., REQUIRE THE SERVICES OF SEVERAL GIRLS FOR THEIR WOMEN'S CLOTHING DEPARTMENT; GOOD SALARY, PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS. APPLY TO MR. FOLLIARD, 2D FLOOR.

GIRLS—OFFICE WORK.

Services required in up to date office for general office work; ages 17 to 21 preferred; pleasant surroundings; right salaries to right parties.
CHAMPLAIN SILK MILLS,
North 10th St. and Driggs Av., Brooklyn.

GIRLS WANTED—Two girls; one as cook and help with laundry, other as mother's helper in small family; country home near White Plains, N. Y.; experience not necessary; individual rooms and servants' bath. Mrs. G. Shaw, West St., White Plains, N. Y.

GIRLS (3), office clerks, good penmanship, moderate knowledge typewriter important; shorthand not required; can use beginners. Apply Armitage Community House, 451 East 151st St., Tuesday afternoon. Ask for Miss Bowen.

GIRL for accounting department of large corporation; easy work; excellent conditions and splendid opportunity; experience not absolutely essential. A 730 Times Downtown.

GIRLS as special outside representatives to collect pathological specimens; those desirous of learning laboratory work given preference; salary and expenses. Call between 9 and 12, Room 1004, 25 West 45th.

GIRL for office work; no experience necessary, but neat handwriting and typewriting essential; good opportunity for quick, willing worker, starting at $15. See Mr. Graves, 144 Duane St.

GIRL—General office work; busy office; no experience necessary; state education, age, religion; advancement; earned upon merit; salary $15 to start. S 587 Times Downtown.

GIRL for general office work; one familiar with switchboard and typing preferred; $16 weekly start. F. R., 268 Times.

GIRLS, coat room, experienced; neat; references required; $60 monthly. J 223 Times.

GIRL, bright, at information desk, in cloak house. Moyses & Dreyfus, 1 East 33d.

GIRL wanted for office work. Plumber, 235 West 76th, corner Broadway.

GOVERNESS of exceptional ability for two boys ages 4-7; Summers in Maine. Apt. 61, 838 West 114th.

HOUSEKEEPER, experienced, for child-caring institution in large Eastern city. Apply Monday or Tuesday, 10 to 12 A. M. or write Room 603, 114 5th Av.

HOUSEKEEPER—Resident housekeeper for small institution in city; must be good disciplinarian. W 158 Times.

HOUSEKEEPER, WORKING, BY FAMILY OF THREE; NO WASHING; PLEASANT BEDROOM WITH PLEASANT OUTLOOK; PRIVATE BATH; MODERN HOUSE; EVERY POSSIBLE LABOR-SAVING CONVENIENCE; GOOD SALARY; LOCATION FIFTEEN MINUTES FROM NEW YORK PENN. R. R. STATION ON LONG ISLAND R. R. P. O. SEALY, 66 TENNIS PLACE, FOREST HILLS, L. I. TELEPHONE FOREST HILLS 6626.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted to care for 4 l. room bungalow 2 adults and one 6-year-old girl in family; must have best reference; good wages. Write J. G. Holme, 24 North 5th St., Flushing, L. I., or telephone Flushing 1212-W.

HOUSEKEEPER wanted for high-class commercial and tourist hotel of 150 rooms in a Massachusetts city; open the year round; permanent position; give references and full particulars in first letter. F 2226 Times Annex.

HOUSEKEEPER, wanted, competent, with practical experience. Phone New Rochelle 933. Hotel Cabana.

HOUSEWORKER wanted immediately for four months in mountains by family of two adults; competent general housework; no washing; must be good plain cook; city references; would consider woman with child. Telephone Academy 1490 mornings before 10, evenings after 7.

HOUSEWORK, general and cooking; white; $45; other maid kept; convenient suburb; small family. Apply F. R. Henry, 24 floor, Columbia Theatre Building.

HOUSEWORKER, general, part time, afternoons to get dinner occasionally; apartment, 2 in family; references required. Higgins, 200 West 56th. Circle 636.

HOUSEWORKER, girl or woman, small family; good pay; short distance in country. Employer's phone Murray Hill 3827.

HOUSEWORKER, general, wanted; must be neat and good cook; 20 minutes from New York. Phone 396 Bayside.

INSTRUCTOR — Attractive, neat-appearing young woman of good physique for permanent position as physical culturist in an institution catering to refined clientele; state full particulars as to past experience and give your phone number. Y 2241 Times Annex.

LEDGER CLERK — ACCUSTOMED TO HANDLING LARGE NUMBER OF ACCOUNTS; GOOD PENMANSHIP; ACCURATE AS TO FIGURES AND MONTHLY STATEMENTS; STATE EXPERIENCE, RELIGION AND SALARY. M 868 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

LEDGER CLERK;
STATE SALARY AND EXPERIENCE.
K, X, 701 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

MAIDS (white), one cook and general housework, one assist and be generally useful; no washing; good wages; family two adults, ten-year-old girl; references required. Goldmann, 420 Riverside.

MAID (white) for ten-year-old girl and assist housework; must sew; good wages; references. Goldmann, 420 Riverside.

MAID—Competent lady's maid; must be willing and obliging; references. Apply 10:30 to 1, 5 East 74th.

MAID, cook and wait on table; no laundry; $6. S. T. Toby, Spring Lake Beach, N. J. Telephone Cortlandt 6050.

MAID—General maid wanted. Call Lenox 2943.

MANAGER—Capable woman to manage Dictaphone Department in national advertising agency; a real executive is needed, able to direct personnel impersonally, tactful, well educated, experienced, thoroughly familiar with correspondence forms. State age, experience, education and salary desired to Manager, Box 40, Postal Station "F," N. Y. C. Give telephone number.

MANICURIST—Good. Chester Hairdressing Parlor, 7 South 4th Av. Mt. Vernon, N. Y. Phone Mt. Vernon 3437.

MESSENGER wanted for indoor service; must be bright and good at figures; excellent opportunity for advancement. Apply Treasurer, Edward F. Terry Mfg. Co., 5723 Grand Central Terminal.

MODELS, SIZE 18;
TALL, ATTRACTIVE LOOKING, AND STYLISH YOUNG LADIES; BEST SALARIES PAID.
ELIZE COSTUME CO.,
38 EAST 29TH.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
STYLISH YOUNG LADIES FOR SHOWROOM IN DRESS HOUSE; LONGEST SEASONS; HIGHEST SALARY.
MAX MILLIUS
136 MADISON AV., NEAR 31ST ST.

MODELS, SIZES 16-18.
FOR HIGH CLASS COAT HOUSE; STEADY POSITION, VERY GOOD SALARY.
I. WEINSTEIN & BROS., INC.,
159 MADISON AV.

MODEL.
Stout model, size 42½, bust 46, with selling experience; steady position. Majestic Costume Co., 45 West 25th.

MODELS, SIZE 16.
Stylish young ladies, tall and snappy appearance; permanent position. Leo Finkenberg, 31 East 31st.

MULTIGRAPH OPERATOR; must use printer's ink attachment. Call 2,171 Madison Av.

NURSE wanted, experienced, best references required, for two children 5 years old, spending the Summer at Long Beach, Long Island; $90 per month. Bandler, 240 West 72d.

NURSE, registered, for floor duty; moderate sized hospital; state age, qualifications, salary desired. N., 300, 2,119 3d Av.

NURSE, graduate, for hospital duty; $70 and maintenance. 231 East 57th.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Capable young lady desired as filing clerk and telephone operator; state age, experience, salary. Box D. F., 10 Union Square.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Bright young girl as assistant mail clerk, &c.; state salary and age, also experience if any. Box D. D., 10 Union Square.

OFFICE ASSISTANT—Young lady, bright beginner, to assist in office of a jewelry factory; salary $15. Untermeyer, Robbins & Co., 46 Ferry St., between Gold and Cliff Sts.

OFFICE ASSISTANT and file clerk, one with knowledge of typewriting, beginner. Call E. Leips, 69 East 10th St.

OFFICE GIRLS, 14 to 16, office of large insurance company; good chance for advancement to higher positions. Address P. O. Box 325, City Hall Station, New York.

OPERATORS (9) on Burroughs posting machines needed at once by several Harlem and Bronx banks; salaries $20 to $25 a week. Apply Burroughs Adding Machine Co., 163 East 125th St.

SALESWOMEN,
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33D ST. AND BROADWAY.
RIBBONS, VEILINGS, SHOES, JEWELRY, HOSIERY, KIMONAS, NOTIONS, LACES, MUSLIN UNDERWEAR, ART EMBROIDERY, NEGLIGEES, EMBROIDERY WASH GOODS, UPHOLSTERY, HOUSEFURNISHINGS, GINGHAMS. Owing to the enormous growth of the Gimbel store and the opening of the GIMBEL-PENN TERMINAL we have been forced to increase our already large force. Liberal salaries and commission based on sales. No night work; ideal working conditions. Store closed all day Saturday during July and August.
Apply Employment Office, 5th floor.

SALESLADIES.
For our news stands, in railroad stations and terminals, good opportunity for advancement for bright women with selling experience. Apply Employment Department, Union News Company, 105 Reade Street.

SALESLADY, CANDY
FOR OUR RETAIL STORES; GOOD SALARY AND COMMISSION.
PARK AND TILFORD,
4TH AVE. AND 42D ST.

SALESLADY wanted, wholesale experience in laces, embroideries and linens; state in detail past experience and salary desired. W 202 Times.

SALESLADIES — Thoroughly experienced, dress shop; $35 and 1 per cent. commission; permanent position; short hours. Parisian Shop, 613 West 181st.

SALESLADY, experienced, for candy; good sales head; apply Fullmore Candy Shop, Fullmore Hotel, 43d St. and Madison Av.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER — Excellent confidential position with New York executive for well trained and educated young woman with highest references as to character and ability; college graduate preferred and mastery of English necessary; ability to handle statistics desirable; good penmanship necessary; absolute accuracy and thoughtful attention to work necessary. Y 2221 Times Annex.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, well educated, alert, progressive, familiar with office detail; three years' experience; reply in own handwriting, giving age, race, education, previous employers and salary hours 9 to 5, noon Saturday; refined, quiet office. United Hospital Fund, in the United Charities Building, 105 East 22d St.

SECRETARY - STENOGRAPHER — Exceptional opportunity for experienced and well-educated young woman for wholesale coal office downtown; best wages to one having necessary qualifications; only written applications considered; position open June 15. Room 935, Commodore Hotel.

SECRETARY wanted, literary, willing to work irregular hours. White Lawrence Leaper, 1,040 West 111th St., New York City.

SINGERS—Wanted, experienced tenor and contralto for church quartet. Address Organist, Union Methodist Episcopal Church, 233 West 48th.

SOCIAL WORKER, experienced, to solicit funds for Jewish national charity institution; splendid opportunity; commission and expenses. 160 East 25th St., Room 4, 9 to 1. See Mr. Peshkin.

SOLICITORS, subscription, experienced; salary and commission. Call 152 Broadway before 11.

STENOGRAPHER—Efficient, for downtown export house; experience in export invoicing preferred; state experience and salary expected. V 783 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST,
neat and refined, in wholesale dry goods house; state experience and salary desired. S. H., 209 Cable Building.

STENOGRAPHER, bright and accurate, for general office work; one with some knowledge of Spanish preferred; state experience and salary desired. M 904 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, neat, ambitious, capable to take full charge of realty office; advancement; full particulars. D 358 Times.

STENOGRAPHER—Good opportunity for beginner with large Christian manufacturing company; state age and salary desired. W 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, by competent; familiar with retail work; good opportunity. Post Office Box 43, Station W, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, law office, legal experience not essential; must be accurate and rapid; state salary and experience. S 650 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHERS for permanent position; good starting salaries. Apply Employment Dept., Bronx Co., 177th St. and Brook River.

STENOGRAPHER, several years' experience export; knowledge of Spanish preferred. Call or write Room 201, 31 Union Square.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, to substitute July and August; hours, 9:30 to 4. A 711 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER AND TRANSLATOR.
We have a wonderful opportunity for a highly educated young lady of Spanish descent, perfect in translation work and writing Spanish correspondence, on a good salary basis; we are looking for a party who is in a good position at present, but desires to make a change as long as there is an opportunity; letters written in Spanish and English, including references, should be mailed to Box A. A., 300 Times Downtown; all answers will be kept strictly confidential.

STENOGRAPHER.
A large downtown corporation is in need of two first class stenographers, one with engineering experience, the other for general rapid dictation; initial salary $47; advancement as ability warrants. State religion, and age and experience. A. C., 616 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - DICTAPHONE GIRL—We have several confidential positions open for stenographers who understand the dictaphone; if you are not familiar with the dictaphone, one or two demonstrations will teach you; instruction free of charge. Inquire Miss Charash, 280 Broadway, Room 523.

STENOGRAPHER and typist, experienced, for permanent position with manufacturing corporation; near Hunters Point station Queensborough subway and Long Island R. R.; give full particulars in first letter. Address Stenographer, Box 46, Long Island City.

STENOGRAPHER AND DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, EXPERIENCED, NEAT AND ACCURATE; FINE CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT; PERMANENT POSITION. APPLY
IRON AGE PUBLISHING CO.,
239 WEST 39TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER WANTED
NEAR P. O., BY CHRISTIAN FIRM; MUST BE COMPETENT. ALSO ACCURATE WITH FIGURES; HOURS 8:45-5, SATURDAYS NOON; SALARY $17 START; STATE AGE AND PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE. L 764 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

STENOGRAPHER AND TYPIST wanted by large publishing house, downtown New York, convenient to subway; excellent training; pleasant surroundings; vacation; half-day Saturdays all year; slightly experienced girl preferred. Address reply Mr. Moore, The Industrial Press, 140 Lafayette St.

STENOGRAPHER,
ONE WHO CAN OPERATE DICTAPHONE PREFERRED; STEADY POSITION; CHANCE FOR ADVANCEMENT. CALL
SIMON ARCHER CO., INC.,
124TH ST. AND 3D AV., BRONX.

STENOGRAPHER Wanted — Bright young woman with about 4 years' experience; must be competent and neat in appearance; salary $25; state age, experience and telephone number. S 647 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, wanted; permanent position; general office; manufacturing corporation located in Bronx; excellent opportunity; applicants should state experience, salary and furnish reference. Y 2122 Times Annex.

STENOGRAPHER and file clerk; one

HELP WANTED—Male.

BOYS.

THE NATIONAL CITY BANK OF NEW YORK WILL GIVE PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT TO SEVERAL BOYS UNDER 17 YEARS OF AGE IN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY TO LEARN BANKING IS OFFERED; MANY SPECIAL FEATURES, SUCH AS ATHLETIC TEAMS, A BOYS' BANK, GYMNASIUM COURSES AND EDUCATIONAL COURSES, ARE CONDUCTED FREE OF CHARGE, UNDER THE DIRECTION OF A BOYS' LEADER. CALL AT THE SIXTH FLOOR OF 55 WALL ST., NEW YORK CITY.

BOYS

for office work; graduates or those about to graduate; salary $12 to start; $13 after a few weeks of satisfactory service; age 14 to 16; half day Saturday; frequent opportunities for promotion to clerical and mechanical positions. Apply between 9 and 11 A. M. or by letter, or have parents call, Grand Central Palace, Lexington Av. and 46th St., N. Y. C., 12th floor, Public Telephone Department, New York Telephone Company.

BOYS.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASS. CO. has openings for several wide awake boys. Show us that you "can" and we shall advance you accordingly; we are growing so fast that we need more help in our various departments; the salary all depends upon yourself. Call and see Mr. Penney, Grade Floor, 55 John St., between 10 to 11 and 2 to 4.

BOY.

An opportunity is offered to a boy who is willing to learn the import and export business, offering many opportunities for advancement; initial salary $600 per year with bonus twice per annum; High School graduate preferred; applicant must be alert and give full details in first letter. V 772 Times Downtown.

BOY by prominent export house to do general office work and deliver documents to consular and steamship offices; excellent opportunity for clean cut American lad to begin a career in the export trade with an American house of high standing. Apply, stating age and salary desired, Box 56, 1626 St. James Bldg.

BOYS AND YOUNG MEN.

GOOD PAY AND STEADY EMPLOYMENT IS OFFERED IN POSITIONS NOW OPEN AS STOCK BOYS, MESSENGERS, ORDER FILLERS, PACKERS, UTILITY WORKERS, PUSHERS; CALL AT ONCE. THE CHARLES WILLIAM STORES, 25 WASHINGTON STREET, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

BOY, messenger work; excellent opportunity bright boy learn export business; Christian firm; salary $12-$14. Call Room 907, 5 Beekman St.

BOYS AS MESSENGERS; GOOD WAGES. EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY ADVANCEMENT. POSTAL TELEGRAPH, 253 B'WAY.

BOY wanted, errands, office work; opportunity to learn trade. Coyne & Co., Room 1115, 116 Nassau St.

BOY to learn publishing business; $13 to start; must have references for honesty. Room 1901, 373 4th Av.

BOYS, bright, ambitious beginners, to start in office of large corporation; splendid chance. Apply W 181 Times.

BOY wanted, American, large dry goods commission house; best chance for advancement. 465 E. 176th St., Tremont.

BOY, office and shipping; hours 8 to 5, half day Saturday; $14 to start. Apply Knickerbocker Electrotype Co., 424 West 33d St.

BOY; ABOUT 18 WITH BRAINS CAN START WELL IN RETAIL STATIONER STORE. UNZ & CO., 21 BROADWAY.

BOY over 16 to work in sporting goods store; reference required. Kirtland Bros. & Co., 96 Chambers St.

BOY—Good chance for bright boy in advertising agency; good salary. Room 304, 41 Park Row.

BOYS—Good hours, good surroundings, pleasant duties; $45 a month to begin. 420 Lick Building, 155th St. and Broadway.

BOY wanted in law office who has finished high school; must be neat; salary to start $10. Write Room 602, 1,564 Broadway, City.

BOYS TO RUN ERRANDS; $12 PER WEEK. MOTION PICTURE NEWS, 729 7TH AV.

BOY, office. Apply Matlack Coal & Iron Corp., 52 Vanderbilt Av., New York.

BOY (16) for life insurance office; state salary. A 1063 Times Harlem.

BRIGHT BOY, high school education, for messenger out in interest on bank; opportunity for advancement; $720 per annum. V 763 Times Downtown.

BUYER MEN'S HABERDASHERY.

L. S. PLAUT & CO., NEWARK, N. J.

We offer an unusual opportunity to the RIGHT MAN, which means one who has had a broad experience in retail merchandising and managing men's furnishings and one who can show by past performances he is quite a business getter and money maker. For a live wire, up-to-the-minute man this position means an excellent future and liberal compensation. Apply by letter only, giving full details as to qualifications, experience and references.

STENOGRAPHER — Must be experienced; wages $25. Apply 4th floor, 152 Front St., corner Pine St. New York.

BUYER—Purchasing department in New York office Christian mining firm; a buyer of miscellaneous supplies; also a stenographer-clerk; applications must state experience; write fully experience, salary previously received and now desired, age and preferably references; interview will be arranged financial district. S 639 Times Downtown.

BUYER WANTED—A capable man as women's coat and suit buyer as merchandise manager for associated specialty stores; also two capable assistants. Apply June 8, 4th floor, 6 East 32d St. Specialty Stores Association.

BUYER.

Joel Gutman & Co., 112-122 N. Eutaw St. (through to Lexington Market), Baltimore, Md., require buyer for notions and ribbons; man or woman; must know the department store business.

CABLE CLERK—EXPERIENCED CABLE CLERK REQUIRED BY LARGE COMMERCIAL BANK; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR RIGHT MAN. V 724 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

CARPENTER wanted. Apply Horseshoe Tire Co., 214 West 59th St.

CASHIER, Assistant Freight—Well-educated young man under 25 in busy steamship offices; give references, experience and salary expected. H 627 Times Downtown.

CASHIER, Hotel—Experienced cashier and bookkeeper for guests' ledger in high-class Japanese hotel. Apply 9-10, Solomon's, 11 West 68th. Telephone Riverside 1646.

CASHIER, middle aged man, apply 447 Lexington Av.

CASHIER-BOOKKEEPER; good references. Apply Reid 79 West 132d St.

CHAUFFEUR.

to drive Ford delivery truck. Importing house must be careful driver, familiar with all freight and express terminals in metropolitan district and know the ropes in every respect; must have clean record, absolutely honest and have unimpeachable references from past and present employers; will be bonded at employer's expense; $25 start. Write in detail to C. R., 242 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, all-year position; private touring car; state particulars, age, sobriety, salary, former employers. F 534 Times.

CHAUFFEUR AND WIFE—Experienced man and wife wanted as chauffeur, wife to cook on yacht; steady position. W 193 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, for light Ford truck. Apply Charles E. Johnson & Co., 410 Pearl St.

CHAUFFEUR wanted, competent. Apply Kellner Bros., 17 East 16th St.

CHECKER to check orders in wholesale drughouse; must be experienced; salary $25 per week to start. Address Roeber & Knobler Co., 370 Plane St., Newark, N. J.

CLERK,

YOUNG MAN 18,

CLEAN CUT,

willing to start at the bottom,

as junior clerk in cost department.

Excellent opportunity for advancement.

MODERATE SALARY TO START.

U. S. PRINTING AND LITHOGRAPH CO., 85 North 3d St., Brooklyn.

CLERK—By large downtown firm, a man who is ambitious and an industrious worker; must be exceptionally good at figures, accurate, reliable, and have proven ability; no attention paid to replies not giving age, education, salary desired, and past experience; replies must be in your own handwriting, and will be held strictly confidential. V 777 Times Downtown.

CLERK, Entry Clerk, quick at figures; good penman with a thorough practical knowledge of double entry bookkeeping; give experience, references, nationality, salary expected; permanent position with chance for advancement; open for immediate acceptance. W 189 Times.

CLERKS.

Here is a chance for an experienced young man with initiative and brains; must have a thorough knowledge of general clerical work; answer in own handwriting, stating age, religion, experience and salary desired. M. O., 616 Times Downtown.

CLERKS—Large downtown bank requires the services of several young men, from 20-24 as junior and general clerks in the check, receiving tellers and rack departments; good opportunity for advancement. V 721 Times Downtown.

CLERK—Good opportunity for young man with knowledge of bookkeeping, in accounting department of a large Christian corporation; state age, qualifications and salary desired. W 147 Times.

CLERK—Expert office, large Christian oil corporation; bright, intelligent, able operate typewriter; steady position. Answer experience, reference, salary. Box 1015, Times Rector Street.

CLERK—Christian concern requires young man, 18-20, neat penman, rapid accurate; some telephone; salary $18.00; state age, experience. W 206 Times.

CLERK, between 28 and 35 years, for night duty; must possess executive ability, operate typewriter. S. B., 335 Times.

CORRESPONDENT.

Progressive brokerage house has an attractive opening for a conscientious, fast-thinking man who knows big board securities and can handle routine and sales correspondence expeditiously; give full details, including experience and salary desired. V 712 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

CORRESPONDENT, experienced, to take charge of Hungarian department in banking institution; knowledge of some other Balkan language preferred. W 156 Times.

COST ACCOUNTANT, comptometer operator preferred, to take charge of cost department in well-established manufacturing firm; permanent position for ambitious and energetic young man; moderate salary to start, with good prospect for advancement; state age, experience and salary expected. V. F., 200 Cable Building.

CREDIT MANAGER—Browning King & Co. desire the services of an experienced credit manager for their retail store at 46 Cooper Square; must have good collection system. Apply to manager by letter or call personally Tuesday, 9 to 4.

DRAFTSMEN, ARCHITECTURAL OR STRUCTURAL WANTED; first class men on design, plans, detail, structural design and specifications, preferably men with hospital planning experience; give experience, qualifications and salary desired in first letter; Civil Service status not necessary. Address, Constructing Engineer, U. S. Public Health Service, 5th and E Sts., N. W., Washington, D. C.

DRAFTSMAN.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR MAN WITH EXPERIENCE IN DESIGNING JIGS, FIXTURES, &c.; EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY IN LARGE INDUSTRY OWNING AND CONTROLLING FOUR PLANTS. APPLY J. H. WILLIAMS & CO., 152 HAMILTON AV., BROOKLYN.

DRAFTSMEN, designers, detailers, experienced on automatic and special machinery, wrapping, packing, cartoning, labeling, envelope making, weighing, filling, corking, bottling, tieing and folding; good salary; steady position; daylight drawing room. 226 Lafayette St., corner Spring, Room 408.

DRAFTSMEN, TOOL.

Several first class men, experienced on designing jigs and fixtures, with large machine shop in Greater New York. Address R. M., 209 Cable Bldg.

DRAFTSMEN, with one or two years' experience; permanent position. Elevator Supply Co., 15th St. and Willow Av., Hoboken, N. J.

DRAFTSMEN, STEEL CAR.

MUST BE EXPERIENCED; HIGHEST RATES PAID. Y 2242 TIMES ANNEX.

DRAFTSMAN, architectural; general work. Call A. M., Room 1, 253 West 42d.

EDITOR of trade journal; must be a live writer and understand make up; write, stating full qualifications. W 190 Times.

ELECTRICIAN, automobile; 2 good men with experience; must know their business thoroughly. H. L. Bailey, 1,530 Atlantic Av., Brooklyn.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR.

Steady, middle-aged man; permanent good position. Apply to The Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal Sts., N. Y. Take 7th Av. subway to Houston St.

ELEVATOR OPERATOR—Young man. Apply before 9 A. M.; bring reference. Landay Bros., 67 West 125th St.

ELEVATOR BOY—Relief, colored, required for downtown hotel; steady position, good wages. Apply 4 East 28th.

ENGINEER—Young graduate wanted with some practical experience in building construction for quantity work; in estimating department of Industrial building concern. W 208 Times.

ENGINEER, YOUNG, CIVIL, EXPERIENCED ON COST WORK; $15 TO START; STEADY POSITION. WOODMERE, LONG ISLAND. DEVELOPMENT. S 640 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

ENGINEERING CLERK

capable of keeping records, &c.; accuracy very essential; state age, salary desired and full qualifications. V 714 Times Downtown.

EXPORT—An exceptional opportunity is offered to one who can qualify for a position in export department of large chemical and dyestuff manufacturers; do not apply unless you are competent to supervise the handling of letters of credit, bank drafts and documents, securing steamer space, &c., &c. Address, in own handwriting, M 861 Times Downtown.

EXPORT—English speaking young man, experienced handling shipments and preparing necessary documents; sufficient knowledge Spanish to read and prepare consular invoices essential; also ability typewrite rapidly; opportunity; state salary desired to start. M 1000 Times Downtown.

FURNITURE FINISHER—One of the largest retail furniture stores in Newark, N. J., requires the services of a thoroughly experienced furniture finisher; splendid surroundings and good opportunity; wages $35 weekly with a bonus; address, giving age, experience, &c., Y 2164 Times Annex.

GARAGE MANAGER, capable taking entire charge private garage thirty cars, electric and gas, wholesale provision house. Write, stating salary expected and previous experience, E. L., 433 Times.

GARDENER wanted, a high class man, for superintendent or head gardener of a five-acre show place at Larchmont, N. Y.; one with knowledge of handling an extensive and care of rare plants and taking full charge of an estate. Apply, with references, to E. L. Robertson, 1,564 Broadway, New York.

GARDENER who knows vegetables and flowers, and can take care of furnace in Winter; steady all year job; single man preferred, but could use married man and wife if wife could do laundry work. Inquire 9 A. M., Landay Bros., 23 West 42d St.

PORTER (WHITE) WANTED BY W. & J. SLOANE FOR SHIPPING DEPT. CALL AFTER 10 A. M. 6 EAST 47TH ST.

PORTER wanted, white. Call Consolidated Stock Exchange, 26 Beaver St. See janitor.

PORTERS wanted by Aeolian Concert Hall. Apply Harry Procourt, 34 West 43d.

PRINTING.

Energetic young man, 18-25, to learn map engraving in department of large printing establishment; knowledge of case and ability to set type essential; advise education, experience and salary to start. L. R., 242 Times.

PURCHASING AGENT ASSISTANT, familiar with building construction. Apply by mail or in person to T. C. Desmond Co., 105 Newington Av., Hartford, Conn.

RENTING BROKER wanted, familiar with the district of Canal and 42d St., by young, progressive concern; opportunity for live wire; commission. S 633 Times Downtown.

ROOM CLERK with New York City hotel experience, age 30 to 40, single, for Cuba. Apply, with reference, 447 Lexington Av.

SALESMEN.—An old established house requires the services of several experienced grocery specialty salesmen to sell the retail groceries and delicatessen trade in metropolitan district, on a salary and commission basis; steady employment year round to the men that can produce. S 646 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN

Four first class house to house newspaper salesmen who will appreciate opportunity to use two premiums on both morning and evening papers in live, nearby city; liberal commission contract; good drawing account and transportation; men earning big money; begin immediately. Suite 1101, 156 5th Av.

SALESMAN BY COTTON CONVERTING HOUSE; MUST HAVE STRONG FOLLOWING AMONG JOBBERS AND MANUFACTURERS; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY TO RIGHT MAN; DRAWING ACCOUNT AGAINST COMMISSION; REPLIES HELD STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL. W 185 TIMES.

SALESMAN

FOR SOUTHERN TERRITORY, BY LARGE, HIGH-CLASS DRESS HOUSE; ONE ABLE TO SELL OVER $150,000; HOUSE CONFOLDS MORE AT PRESENT; NO OTHERS NEED APPLY; EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY; SALARY AGAINST COMMISSION. ADDRESS Z. O., 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALESMEN,

high class, any line, we invite investigation of the modern selling method of book selling, seeing only our names on introductory work; earning from $100 to $300 per week; we prove this statement; drawing account against commission. Mr. Ballard, Room 1954, 50 Church St.

SALESMAN WANTED BY MANUFACTURER OF LEATHER GOODS; MUST BE A HUSTLER AND TRADE MUST HAVE PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE SELLING POCKETBOOKS AND LADIES' BELTS; SALARY OR COMMISSION; COMMUNICATE STATING REFERENCE AND REFERENCES. W 168 TIMES.

SALESMEN,

TWO MEN FOR CITY OR ROAD TO REPRESENT A WELL-ESTABLISHED CORPORATION, SELLING GOVERNMENT COMPILED INFORMATION LEADS FURNISHED; COMMISSION BONUS AND EXPENSES. APPLY 145 WEST 36TH ST., 6TH FLOOR, AND SEE MR. RUNEY.

SALESMEN—HIGH GRADE SALESMEN WANTED BY NOVELTY JEWELRY MANUFACTURERS FOR THE WEST AND SOUTH; ONLY THOSE WELL KNOWN BY THE DEPARTMENT AND 5-10 STORE BUYERS NEED APPLY; COMMISSION BASIS WITH DRAWING ACCOUNT. W 206 TIMES.

SALESMEN.

Two high class salesmen needed by a permanent and established company; opportunity for increasing and advancement unlimited; mortgage securities, commission basis; experience in this line while valuable, is not necessary. Call 29 West 44th St., Suite 617.

SALESMEN.

A few salesmen who have had experience selling insurance, pianos or similar lines, can more than double their earnings if they can qualify selling securities; commission. See Mr. Kendal: 4 to 5 P. M., Room 3, 40 Wall Street. Phone John 5094.

SALESMAN—Young man about 20 for old established firm; paper specialties; must be good address, intelligent and ambitious; experience not necessary; good prospects to one willing to familiarize with line before traveling in Fall; state age, salary expected, &c. V 771 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.

An opportunity is offered to men over 40 who possess ability, experience; this is a call from a large, successful company for good men to sell surety bonds on commission basis. Address, with references, T 561 Times.

SALESMAN, resident, for Middle West, also southern territory, having established offices and good following, capable of selling $100,000 during year, for strong line of sweaters and bathing suits; strictly commission basis; ideal line for wrist salesman. Address W 74 Times.

SALESMEN wanted, factory; rebuilt tires are in great demand; attractive proposition; submitted upon application; estimated commissions about $100 weekly to start; territory assigned men who can produce; only hustlers need apply. Eastman Rubber Works, Inc., 218 West 40th St.

SALESMAN FOR AUTO ACCESSORIES.

Position should carry over $5,000 yearly; only man with successful traveling record in handling jobbers' and dealers' trade need be considered; knowledge of line desirable but not imperative; state age, experience, salary. C. W., 483 Times.

SALESMEN — Opening for high-class specialty salesmen renewing contracts and securing new business on business service; absolute bona-fide plan of securing leads that is netting our salesmen $75 and up weekly; commission; $11.40 sale nets you $2.60. E. M. Milburn, Room 617, 200 5th Av.

SALESMAN, SWEATERS.

We want a man whose earning capacity is at least $5,000 a year and who is thoroughly acquainted with the jobbers in this city, to sell ladies' sweaters and novelty knit goods on commission basis; state fully your experience. G. A., 200 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN,

RETAIL CLOTHING,

to manage credit clothing store out of town, credit experience not necessary, excellent prospects for a hustler with executive ability. Adelberg-Feder Stores Inc., 316 West 30th St.

SALESMEN, Italian—Corporation of high standing manufacturing for several years popular product requires salesmen for new stock issue; good opportunity for persons with unusual ability; constancy; perfectly possible to work it as a side line. M 966 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN—Investment security house has exceptional opportunity to offer a Spaniard or Hungarian who can sell conservative securities; the man selected will be given training and co-operation; liberal commission. Call Suite 906, 150 Nassau St.

SALESMEN—An importer desires services of a few experienced men to sell Oriental merchandise, silks, cottons, crockery, novelties, &c., on commission. Call between 4 and 6 P. M. or write Oriental Mercantile Co., 910 Park Row Building.

SALESMEN and agents wanted, those calling on grocery and delicatessen trade, to sell "Thousand Island" Salad Dressing, a well-known product; write or call for territory; commissions. Paul Roestel & Co., Girard Building, New Rochelle, N. Y.

SALESMEN—Energetic, reliable, experienced men who produce results can secure profitable connection with good tire company; enlarging its activities; exclusive territory; commission basis. Tropical Tire Co., 385 Broadway.

SALESMAN, real estate; live wire; must be experienced in selling and leasing; exceptional opportunity; commission. Call any morning, between 9 and 10:30, Henry L. Nielsen Offices, 154 Nassau St., N. Y.

SALESMAN, with or without telephone experience; preferred stock; salary. Suite 708, 489 5th Av.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN,

DISTRICT MANAGERS.

If you earn $50 a week we need you; if you earn $100 a week we want you.

If the following statement, which we are advertising broadcast, means anything to you, write or call for particulars.

The Safashur Fire Extinguisher will put out more fire, with less liquid, and in quicker time than any other hand fire extinguisher. We challenge the field to any kind of demonstration. We want good salesmen everywhere, in Greater New York as well as for out of town managements now open.

A metal-fire extinguisher containing the most powerful fire-killing liquid known; $3 commissions are big and an unlimited field is waiting for you; we want city salesmen as well as good out of town managers, who can organize a sales force to sell homes, factories, theatres, hotels, &c.; if you live out of town, it will be worth your while to run in to see us while territories are open.

SAFANDSHUR CHEMICAL CO., INC., 110 West 40th St. New York.

SALESMAN—ADVERTISING.

William L. Fletcher, Inc., are commissioned to locate a high grade salesman to sell advertising in a financial paper; man selected will have good education, character and ability and a broad knowledge both of advertising and financial advertisers; location New York City; must be now employed at not less than $4,000 a year; remuneration will be $4,000 salary plus commission; a $10,000 job for the right man.

William L. Fletcher, Inc. (not an employment agency), are looking for corporations in locating and investigating unusual men; all charges for service paid by employers; applications must be in writing and give full information; strictly confidential; you take no chance by writing to your own employer when you answer this advertisement. William L. Fletcher, Inc., 80 Boylston St., Boston 11, Mass.

SALESMEN

IF YOU MUST MAKE MONEY

and are looking for a permanent association with successful men we will be glad to receive your application to our sales department. Our commission and bonuses are liberal; our proposition has all the merits of a high grade business occupation which will make money for you if you have the proper qualifications. We are selling the preferred stock of an old tire company, and if you have a successful record and are sincere in your desire to succeed, write to us telling us something about yourself and how much money you believe you are worth to yourself and to us. If you can't fill the bill we will tell you frankly. If you are the right man we will assist you in whatever way we can.

JOHNSTON & COMPANY, 132 Nassau Street.

SALESMEN,

traveling, to represent America's largest CLOTH HAT AND CAP AND STRAW HAT MANUFACTURER in the following territory: ONE REPRESENTATIVE for Ohio and West Virginia. ONE REPRESENTATIVE for Virginia, South Carolina, North Carolina and Florida. ONE REPRESENTATIVE for medium sized cities in the South in the following States: TEXAS, LOUISIANA, MISSISSIPPI, ALABAMA, TENNESSEE, GEORGIA; ESTABLISHED TERRITORY; COMMISSION BASIS. Must have strong selling personality and clean sales record; exceptional opportunity for high class men; only those qualified by experience, ability, address and average annual earnings; only those having traveled in above territory will be considered.

CONFIDENTIAL, 209 CABLE BLDG.

SALES EXECUTIVE WANTED.

We desire the services of a big calibre sales executive who can market an issue of 8 per cent. cumulative preferred stock of a ten-year old industrial company showing a C. P. A. financial statement; stock now on a paying basis; we must get quick action; if you are the right man we will give you a big enough commission to enable you to make money; you can write your own contract if you within reason. Telephone Beekman 900 for special appointment, or see Mr. Johnston, President Johnston & Co., 132 Nassau St.

SALESMAN AND PROPERTY MAN.

One of the largest and oldest developing and building companies has a fine opening for just the right man as house salesman and property man on a fully established development where the amount of business that can be worked up depends entirely upon the ability of the man; state commissions. Address in confidence R. B. R., Room 1214, 61 Vanderbilt Av.

SALESMEN.

A. L. NAMM & SON, FULTON ST., BROOKLYN, require the services of thoroughly experienced SALESMEN FOR THEIR MEN'S FURNISHINGS DEPT.; STEADY POSITIONS; EXCELLENT SALARIES TO START. During July and August store will be closed all day Saturdays. Store hours will be 9 to 5. Apply personnel office, 5th floor.

SALESMEN to represent one of the largest electrical appliance companies in the world. This article is widely advertised and well known; field unlimited; experience in electrical lines desirable but not necessary; fine opportunity to make big money with rapid advancement; commission and drawing account to right men. Apply Premier Electric Co., 19 West Park St., Newark, N. J.

SALESMEN—A new chain store company opening neighborhood stores throughout the metropolitan district has opening for several men to sell household appliances house to house in limited territory; must be well refined type of men need apply; excellent opportunity for advancement; permanent. Apply Mr. Clifford, 1,270 Broadway, Room 1018.

SALESMEN, MOTOR TRUCKS.

We want men to sell a high-class and complete line of motor trucks; have been on market many years; backed by large, old-established distributing company and excellent service facilities; liberal commission with drawing account; give experience and qualifications in letter which will be kept confidential. D 375 Times.

SALESMAN.

General representative for fast growing girls' flapper and junior dress house; wonderful opportunity; commission. Geria, 9 West 20th.

SALESMEN—Experience unnecessary; prefer college men willing to earn money during vacation; large commissions; clean work; conscientious workers will have big returns. Vaughan-Gill Co., 31 Nassau St. City.

SALESMAN—Real estate office doing large brokerage business located on 125th St., there's an opening for a live wire; commission; plenty of customers. H 100 Times Harlem.

SALESMAN for correspondence school; one having had previous experience can earn $100 weekly on commission basis. Write, stating age, experience, &c., and give telephone number. V 793 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN

for imported beaded bags; must have large acquaintance among retail and wholesale trade; commission. Address T. S., 209 Cable Building.

SALESMEN for popular priced silk waists in the following territory: South, Middle West and New England States; experienced only need apply; commission. E. K., 209 Cable Building.

SALESMAN wanted by established import house; thoroughly familiar with bakers' and confectioners' supplies, gums, &c.; commission and profit sharing. Phone Sunset 8037.

SALESMEN to carry side line of tinsel trimmings for retail trade on commission basis; men handling similar line preferred; Southern and Western territory. S. B., 274 Times.

SALESMAN, medium line infants' and children's coats; local territory; commission; drawing account and use of automobile. C 702 Times.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling line of paint, varnishes and chemicals; good opportunity; salary or commission. W 196 Times.

SALESMEN—Resident men to cover Chicago and the West, also the entire South, for ladies' pressed and stitched hats, trimmed and untrimmed; commission. Y 2145 Times Annex.

SALESMAN wanted to handle a line of boys' novelty suits, from 2 to 8 years old, on commission basis, as a side line out of town. Call 416 East 70th St., Aramott Novelty Co.

SALESMAN wanted to carry side line of hosiery and underwear for States of Ohio, Illinois and the West; 5 per cent. commission; mention line you carry. W 172 Times.

SALESMEN (3), advertising, experienced; special program for concert and lecture at Aeolian Hall; 10 days' work; 50% commission. Room 506, 5 Beekman St.

SALESMAN wanted to handle a line of boys' novelty suits, from 2 to 8 years old, on commission basis as a side line. Call 416 East 70th St., Aramott Novelty Co.

SALESMAN for missionary work, candy line; splendid opportunity; salary and commission. Mr. Smalley Auerbach, 46th St. and 11th Av.

SALESMEN, sell tires, rebuilt throughout with Goodrich new materials, guaranteed 5,000 miles; beginners making $125 weekly; commissions. Ajax Tire Co., 1,470 Broadway.

SALESMAN, calling on jobbing trade, to carry a side line for a well-known hand-kerchief concern; commission. W 626 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, fancy goods, knitwear, infants' wear and notions; experienced; salary or commission. S 663 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN—Unusual opportunity for men with experience, ink business; city and road; salary or commission. Eyte Company, 107 West 29th St.

SALESMEN, infants' wear; all territories; excellent opportunity to obtain permanent, lucrative side line; infants' shoes; commission. W 200 Times.

SALESMEN, specialty; new office device; five wires only; commission. C. & C. Sales Co., 37 West 42d St.

SALESMAN—A1 traveling man willing to handle as side line ladies' leather novelties; liberal commission. D 354 Times.

SALESMEN, several, experienced auto accessory; drawing account against commission. Room 209, 5 Columbus Circle.

SALESMAN, experienced, in Bronx furniture line; permanent position; good wages. Baumann & Co., 2,939 3d Av., corner 149th St.

SALESMEN, hand crochet, hand wear, sweaters, side line; commission basis. S 664 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMAN, with automobile, to sell packing boxes on commission. D 386 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK, for men's wholesale house, only those well experienced need apply. Miller Bros., 1,106 Broadway.

SHIPPING CLERK, correspondent, wanted in export house; must know Spanish; write fully; experienced; educated. D 365 Times.

SECRETARY-TREASURER for corporation wanted; some merchandising experience; principals have manufacturing and retail interest of highest order; the executive head having been for many years sales manager of one of America's largest clothing establishments now opening New York store and showroom; many retail lines interested in opening others of similar lasting; give details for interview with principals; references exchanged; party must be good systematiser; some knowledge of accountancy and finance, attend all details. L 440 Times.

SHIPPING CLERK

FOR LADIES' HAT FACTORY; MUST HAVE EXPERIENCE. SOL BLUMENFELD, 583 BROADWAY.

STENOGRAPHER - SECRETARY, experienced, wanted for one of the largest concerns in Shanghai, China; good salary with chance of advancement; in reply state age and experience; references required. Write Box B. A., Metropolitan Advertising Company, 120 Liberty St.

STENOGRAPHER, must be neat, capable and industrious; unusual opportunity for right young man; apply by letter only, stating age, experience and salary expected to start. Multiple Electric Products Co., Inc., 450 4th Av.

STENOGRAPHER—Assistant to manager; excellent opportunity for advancement to right party; salary to start, about $20. Apply A., Willemin, Hotel Marie Antoinette, 67th St., Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER and typist wanted in steamship office in West Indies; must be reliable and competent; also one to serve as clerk; exceptional opportunity; salary $150 per month. V 768 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER; YOUNG MAN, 21; CHRISTIAN FIRM; ONLY THOSE WELL TRAINED NEED APPLY. CALL 9 A. M., 203 WEST 47TH ST.

STENOGRAPHER, accurate and speedy, by large transatlantic steamship company; state age, salary and experience. L. M., P. O. Box 822, City Hall Station.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, conversant with office routine; permanent, pleasant position; state experience and salary expected. Box 1014 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER-TYPIST — Young man; some experience; state age, salary. B. 858 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent; bright young man, excellent opportunity. Call Herman Cohn, Inc., 45 Sands St., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, by Christian firm; must be experienced. Box 1,018 Times, 2 Rector St.

STEWARD'S ASSISTANT wanted for first-class hotel in a small city; clerical work most important; position permanent; salary $75 per month and meals to start; good opportunity for advancement; give references and full particulars in first letter. Y 2229 Times Annex.

STOCK SALESMEN

for a clean-cut business proposition where experience is important, but not entirely necessary; character, energy and ambition desired. This is an established business of repute, pleasant work, and offers energetic, live workers chance to make a profitable, permanent connection. Our successful salesmen earn more than $100 commission weekly. L. K. Belcher & Co., 131 West 39th St., New York City.

SUPERINTENDENTS OF CONSTRUCTION wanted, capable of supervising the construction of hospital buildings; must have had experience in purchase of building materials and employment of labor; state age, education and experience in detail; give former employers and list of operations; no civil service examination required. Write Constructing Engineer, U. S. Public Health Service, 8th and E Sts., N. W., Washington, D. C.

SUPERINTENDENT of building construction, familiar, if possible, with large industrial housing developments. Apply by mail or in person to T. C. Desmond Co., 105 Newington Av., Hartford, Conn.

TEACHER of physics and mathematics for evening preparatory school; must have class teaching experience. D 412 Times.

TYPISTS,

BILLING CLERKS AND BOOKKEEPERS; WE HAVE SEVERAL POSITIONS OPEN; SALARY $16-$45. IF YOU WILL LEARN TO OPERATE BILLING AND BOOKKEEPING MACHINES, WHICH CAN BE QUICKLY LEARNED FREE OF CHARGE, CALL, 150 NASSAU ST., N. Y. CITY, ROOM 416.

TYPISTS, BILLING CLERKS AND BOOKKEEPERS, WE HAVE SEVERAL POSITIONS OPEN; SALARY $18-$45. IF YOU WILL LEARN TO OPERATE BILLING AND BOOKKEEPING MACHINES, WHICH CAN BE QUICKLY LEARNED FREE OF CHARGE, CALL 150 NASSAU ST., N. Y. CITY, ROOM 416.

TYPIST.

Beginner; excellent opening for bright boy ambitious to receive good pay and willing to earn it; typing and general office work. Smith Pharmacal Co., 322 East 34th St.

TYPISTS (10)

to work from 1 P. M. to 6 A. M.; good salary. See Mr. Sommer, Hoover Service, 117 West 40th.

WAITER with hotel experience only; short hours, day off, weekly pay. Apply Head Waiter, 4 East 28th St.

WINDOW DRESSER, one capable of taking charge of ladies' waist shop. Apply by mail only. Manhattan Blouse Shop, 48 East 25th.

YOUNG MEN—YOUNG MEN

DO YOU WANT TO START AT THE BOTTOM IN A LARGE WHOLESALE HOUSE WITH A CHANCE TO ADVANCE UPON YOUR OWN MERIT? WE WANT YOUNG MEN WHO ARE BOLD, STRONG AND TO PITCH IN AND PACK BUNDLES OF PRINTED MATTER, BUT THEY MUST BE GOOD ENOUGH AT FIGURES TO TALLY SAME; THIS IS NOT UNSKILLED LABOR BUT A GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR YOUNG MEN TO LEARN OUR BUSENESS AND GROW UP WITH SAME IN TIME; SALARY $18 A WEEK TO START; $20 WITHIN FOUR MONTHS IF YOU MAKE GOOD; FURTHER ADVANCEMENT DEPENDS ON YOUR ABILITY; HOURS 8 TO 5 DAILY; SATURDAY 12; OVERTIME 50c AN HOUR; PLEASE MENTION AGE, BUSINESS EXPERIENCE AND NATIONALITY. V 704 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MEN AGES 21-35, HIGH-SCHOOL EDUCATION ESSENTIAL, WANTED TO QUALIFY AS ASSISTANT DEPARTMENT MANAGERS IN LARGE CORPORATION; OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT LIMITED ONLY BY APPLICANT'S DESIRE AND DEMONSTRATED ABILITY. REPLIES MUST GIVE FULL PARTICULARS, AGE, EDUCATION, NATIONALITY, SALARY. V 749 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN

TELEPHONE OPERATOR. A large corporation will train several young men as telephone operators. EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY. Ages 18 to 21; excellent chance for advancement; hours from 5 P. M. to midnight; salary to start $16; permanent. V 50 Times.

YOUNG MAN—Christian firm, beginner preferred; splendid opportunity for advancement for an earnest, willing and faithful worker; must be quick at learning and have common sense and not afraid of hard work. Apply by letter only. Wm. Roha, 672 Humboldt St., Brooklyn.

YOUNG MAN, bright, alert, of good family to act as bank messenger for chain of hotels; preferably one with experience as bank runner; exceptional opportunity; salary to start about $60 month. See Mr. Hawley, Hotel Ashton, 93 St and Madison Av.

YOUNG MAN

FOR IMPORT DEPARTMENT IN LARGE MERCANTILE HOUSE; ONE WHO HAS HAD SOME EXPERIENCE; GOOD OPPORTUNITY FOR ADVANCEMENT. P. B., 754 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

YOUNG MAN, experience in filing claims and tracers, also office work, in connection with shipping department; state age, experience, salary. Reply in letter; otherwise do not write. M. W., Box 803 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, good writer, good at figures, for export department large concern; good opportunity to learn exporting; salary $15 to begin. Export, P. O. Box 163, City Hall Station.

YOUNG MAN, strong, for work in stock department local jobbing house, valve and fitting business; good opportunity for advancement; $20 per week to start. P. O. Box 1195.

YOUNG MAN in executive's office; high school graduate, with some knowledge of bookkeeping preferred; write, stating age, nationality, training and salary. W 188 Times.

YOUNG MAN about 16 or 17 years of age, in the mailing department of a manufacturer; experience unnecessary; must be well recommended; state salary expected. H 716 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 16-18, in financial institution; experience unnecessary; good opportunity; state salary expected. H 800 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MEN, 15-17.

Helpers around shipping room mercantile house. Address Shipping, 1626 St. James Building.

YOUNG MEN—Bank wants promising young men; experience not necessary. W 645 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN for stock and shipping room; good opportunity. Apply Czarigny Brush Co., 85 West 30th.

YOUNG MAN CAN EARN OPPORTUNITY AS STOCK CLERK WITH RETAIL STATIONERY. UNZ & CO., 24 BROADWAY.

YOUNG MAN—Good opening in bank for young man with some experience; state particulars. W 641 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted in receiving teller's department, uptown bank; $16 weekly and bonus. V 693 Times Downtown.

YO

Classified Advertising Rates.

The New York Times

	Per Agate Line.
Count six words to an agate line. (Minimum space two lines.)	
Agents Wanted	60c
Apartments to Let and Wanted	60c
Automobile Exchange	60c
Boarders and Board Wanted	45c
Country Board	35c
Employment Agencies	60c
For Sale	60c
Furnished Rooms and Rooms Wanted	45c
Help Wanted	60c
Lost and Found (Sunday 60c)	35c
Mortgage Loans	60c
Real Estate, &c.	35c
Situations Wanted	40c
	Per Word.
Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 10c)	12c
Buyers' Wants	12c

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE.

STEARNS 1918 five-passenger touring; recently painted; exceptional condition.

STEARNS 1918 seven-passenger Sedan; recently painted; very desirable.

STEARNS CO., 415 West 55th, Col. 6108.

STUDEBAKER 1915 roadster; used car trouble usually electrical; this one has a new battery, never used; electric lights and starter; 5 shoes in better condition than the average; brakes re-lined last year and not used much since; car newly painted; price $350. H 618 Times Downtown.

STUDEBAKER 18 TOURING, $600. Light four-cylinder seven passenger; time payments arranged; new car guarantee. Tire Store, 415 East 149th. Melrose 5766.

STUDEBAKER, 1918 touring; civil engineer selling 6-cyl., 7-passenger; excellent shape. 23 Dominick, 49 Wall St. Hanover 7350.

STUTZ 1918—4 passenger touring, exceptional bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

STUTZ coupe, 1918; run 6,200 miles; no dealers. Apt. 36. Morningside 3085.

STUTZ cars, all types, and many others; bargains; time payments. Circle 5786.

WHITE 45 touring car; latest model. Call mornings Rhinelander 4284.

WILLYS-KNIGHT Sedan, 1917, 4 cylinder, an exceptional value. Mulett Motor Car Co., 12 West 62d St.

WINTON SIX, 1917, 7-passenger touring, with demountable limousine top; looks like factory limousine; rich upholstery; price very low; owner going away for summer. Phone Sterling 1658.

WINTON light Six touring car; very complete equipment; overhauled, repainted; guaranteed. The Winton Co., Broadway, at 70th St.

Motor Trucks.

HURLBURT TRUCK,
Late Model,
3½ ton chassis,
in excellent condition,
working every day.
Can be seen by appointment.
Reasonably priced.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
LOCOMOBILE COMPANY,
61st St., West of Broadway.

TRUCKS—3½ ton Sterling rebuilt, 1 ton Rainier panel body, 4 ton Commer. Sterling Motor Truck Co., 1834 St. 12th Av. Morningside 3947.

PIERCE-ARROW truck, used 18 months; first class condition; platform body. Phone 514 Melrose.

TRUCK—3½-ton Sterling, with platform body, in good condition; very reasonable. Mr. McPeak, 2,517 12th Av. Morningside 5567.

Auto trucks; day, week, months contract. Mahoney, 308 West 17th. Chelsea 6093.

REPUBLIC, 1½ tons, late 1919; first-class condition. Telephone 4598 Intervale.

Automobiles for Rent.

COMMODIOUS 7-passenger touring car for long trips; full equipment for camping tours; owner will drive. Communicate with H. B. J., 702 Clifton Av., Lakewood, N. J., or phone Lakewood 428.

PACKARD, 1918 model, for hire by the month, with good careful driver; price very moderate. Apply 41st St. Garage. Phone 3337 Murray Hill.

Private car for hire—Landaulet or limousine, by week, month or season; reasonable rates. F 508 Times.

TOURING CAR, classy five-passenger, for rent, month or season; owner drives. D 502 Times.

LIMOUSINE, beautiful, for rent hour, trip; monthly preferred; owner drives. Schuyler 8528.

PACKARD Twin Sixes; open, closed; hour, season; sensible rates. Muldoon, Columbus 8151.

PIERCE limousine, beautiful, late model, will rent by day, week, month. Cox, 7 Manhattan Av. Phone 8107 Riverside.

PACKARD twin six cars for hire, Williamson Service, 204 West 45d St. Bryant 3530.

LUXURIOUS 7-passenger touring, $3 per hour and up. Telephone 2071 Wadsworth.

TOURING CARS, limousine, to hire, $3 hour; careful chauffeur. Plaza 5435.

HUDSON 1919 town car; very classy; day or hour; reasonable. Schuyler 8525.

CADILLAC, private renting service; reasonable rates. 121 West 54th St. Circle 2800.

CADILLAC 1918 7-pass. landaulet, $3 hour, day, week, month. Columbus 5619.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED 1,000 AUTOMOBILES.
Highest prices paid for cars. Telephone before you sell. Burns, 3765 Melrose.

DODGE Sedan, not earlier than 1918; must be in good condition. DeBall 1,954 Seventh Av., 4621 Morningside.

PACKARD Wanted; 11 or 12 touring body, 7-passenger. A. Matthey, 207A 15th St., Brooklyn.

WANTED Detroit Electric Car; good condition; reasonable price; cash. Phone Sterling 126.

CADILLAC 57 wanted; wrecked, mechanically poor, body good. A 1045 Times Harlem.

CADILLAC wanted, any condition, and any others. Zenth, 136 West 52d.

Automobile Instruction.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 weeks' courses for
Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
302 West 57th St., New York.
Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 235 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes; no increase in rates.

AUTO INSTRUCTION — REPAIRING AND DRIVING taught short time; LICENSE GUARANTEED; ladies' classes. AMERICAN AUTO SCHOOL, 726 Lexington Av. (50th).

FOR SALE

200-pound Davis-Bournonville acetylene gas generator, in excellent condition; will sell reasonable. For particulars write V 736 Times Downtown.

Horses, harnesses and wagons for sale; can be seen at 223-235 West 19th St. Apply B. Fischer & Co., Inc., 190 Franklin St.

Dictaphone and records for business dictation; also Elliott addressograph; bargain. Greeley 358.

Safe and mahogany typewriter desk for sale. Tire Store, 756 4th Av.

Clothing.

Lady's beautiful mink coat, never worn; would cost today $1,000; must sacrifice at once; cash or Liberty bonds; no dealers. J 382 Times.

Furniture.

WICKER FURNITURE SALE.
Read, willow wicker furniture for all homes; direct from factory; largest selection; lowest prices. Long Beach Willow Co., 136 East 41st. Telephone Murray Hill 4778.

Don't sell your household furniture, carpets, rugs, silver, linens, bric-a-brac, &c., before getting my estimate. May, 2,136 Broadway. Phone Schuyler 5803.

Artists have few antiques to sell; unique piano table. Phone 672 Lenox.

Pianos and Organs.

Wanted, used pianos and players for cash; state price and make. Miss Knowles, 417 West 26th St., New York. Phone Chelsea 2800.

For Sale—Horace Waters mahogany piano, practically new; $200. D. D. V., 321 West 23d St.

Typewriters.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED.
Non-visible, 3 months, $21; visible, 3 months, $7.50 up. AMERICAN WRITING MACHINE CO., INC., 346 Broadway, at Franklin St.; 20 East 23d St., opposite Madison Av. Tel. 3408 Franklin.
THE TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE,
10 Barclay St. Telephone 4738 Barclay.

Purchase and Exchange.

Wanted—Triple or quadruple effect copper evaporator having about 400 square feet heating surface each effect; also Devine or similar shelf dryers. S 624 Times Downtown.

Highest cash price paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, books, carpets, works of art. A. Jones, 161 East 125th. Telephone Harlem 3187.

Wanted—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 130 University Pl. Stuyv. 6788.

Highest cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments, pianos, china, rugs, bronzes, Poiret, 127 East 67th. Tel. Stuyvesant 5013.

Wanted—Time clock, in good order. Bernstein & Meyers, 2 W. 33d. Pennsylvania 3061.

Piano player, new Artistyle, 50 rolls music, bench stool; cost $700; leaving town, sacrifice for $300. Korobow, 581 West 135th St.

WANTED—Burroughs and Monroe adding machines. John E. Ranson, 30 Church St.

Old violin wanted; kindly state lowest price and particulars. J 380 Times.

Army Orders and Assignments.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The War Department published the following orders today:

Medical Corps.

Wadhams, Lt. Col. S. H., to Paris.
Allen, Maj. W. H. and Tasker, Maj. A. N., to Camp Holabird.
Banks, Maj. C. L., to Ft. Constitution.
King, Maj. C. T., retired.
Baldwin, Maj. W. H. Gwin, Capt. H. B.; Hallman, Capt. R. C.; Clement, Capt. E. B.; Sheehy Capt. W. C., and Willcox, 1st Lt. J. W.; hon. discharged.
Fuiger, Capt. L., to Letterman Hosp.
Lindsay, Capt. M. K., to Camp Pike.

Field Artillery.

Smith, Col. W., to 13th, Camp Dodge.
Andrews, Capt. J., to 14th, Ft. Sill.
Barker, Capt. R. W., to 81st, Camp Knox.
Tuttlely, Maj. O. J., to Camp Perry.
Sheahan, 1st Lt. J. A., to Hosp. 19, Otsen, N. C.; sick.
Tate, 1st Lt. A., retired.
Zemer, 1st Lt. I. N.; Baird, 1st Lt. F. A., and Obering, 1st Lt. E. A., hon. discharged.

Infantry.

Eaton, Col. H. A., to Ft. Leavenworth Gen. Ser. Schools.
Heilleman, Maj. F. A.; McMillen, Capt. D. R., and Lester, Capt. G. W., to Camp Benning.
King, Maj. C. H.; George, 1st Lt. W. H., and Kelly, 1st Lt. T. M., hon. discharged.
Baird, Capt. P. H., to 36th, Nogales, Ariz.
Nixon, Capt. L. H., retired.
Richardson, Capt. F., to Camp Gordon.
Strickland Capt. F. H., to Jackson, Miss., as asst. Rec. Off.
Ennis, 1st Lt. R. B., to 3d, Eagle Pass.
Colledge, 1st Lt. O. E., to Douglas, Ariz.
Barry, 1st Lt. D. F., to New Orleans.
Saulnier, 1st Lt. S. J., to 11th, Camp Gordon.

Ordnance Department.

Young, Maj. C. G., to Aberdeen, Md.
Wilkins, Capt. H. S., to Frankford Arsl., Pa.
Hersey, Capt. J. H., to Ft. Porter.
Cudmore, Capt. C., to Washn.
Sapp, Capt. C. S., to Rock I'd Arsl.
Hersey, Capt. J. H., hon. discharged.
McLindle, 1st Lt. W., to New York and report to Chief Dist. Ord. Off.

Coast Artillery.

Behr, Capt. F. J., to Ft. H. G. Wright.
Dunn, Capt. W. R., to Manila.
Marshall, 1st Lt. G., and Lohman, 1st Lt. L. H., to Milwaukee.

Cavalry.

Parker, Lt. Col. F. LaJ., to 7th, Ft. Bliss.
Rodney, Maj. G. B., to 10th, Ft. Huachuca.
Rohen, Capt. F. B., to Q. M. C., Ft. Sam Houston.
Morton, Capt. DeF. W., to Camp Travis.
Stevenson, Capt. C. L., to 3d, Ft. Myer.
Streetton, 1st Lt. F. P., to Ft. Houston Base Hosp.; sick.

Quartermaster Corps.

Romer, Capt. G. F., as asst. Commdt. Schl. for Bakers and Cooks, Camp Dix, relieving Capt. O. Kaufer.
Staples, Capt. F., to Camp Dix.
Van Buren, Capt. C. D., as Prov. Aud.
Nicholson, Capt. A. M., to Del Rio, Tex., and assume charge of Const.

Dental Corps.

Forbes, Maj. D. W., from Hawaii to U. S.
Fensel, 1st Lt. F. W., and Coffey, 1st Lt. A. G., hon. discharged.

Engineers.

Oglesby, Maj. R. B., to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.
Patten, 1st Lt. B. H., hon. discharged.

Miscellaneous.

Fuqua, Col. S. C., to Ft. Leavenworth.
Henderson, Maj. W. H., San. Corps; Hill, Maj. R. H., Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept.; Bullett, Maj. A. S., Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept.; Langley, Capt. E. S., Judge Adv. Gen.'s Dept., and Donaldson, 1st Lt. J. W., Air Ser., hon. discharged.
Rinemon, Capt. J. H., Jr., Sig. Corps, to Walter Reed Hosp., sick.

Resignations.

Thorne, Capt. R. A., Dent. Corps.
Tolman, 1st Lt. C. A. C., Inf.

Leaves.

Dougherty, Col. A. J., 2 mos.
Herr, Col. J. K., 1 mo.
Wood, Maj. C. B., M. C., 1 mo.
Norvell, Maj. G. S., Cav., 1 mo.
Sweeney, Maj. W. C., Inf., 1 mo.
Smith, Maj. A. D., Air Ser., 3 mos.
Smith, Capt. F. H., C. A. C., 1 mo.
Ware, Capt. J. R., Inf., 1 mo.
Weeks, 1st Lt. F. L., Engrs., 2 mos. ext.
Holmes, 1st Lt. J. G., C. A. C., 1 mo.
Dick, 1st Lt. J. B., F. A., 1 mo.
Becker, 1st Lt. W. E., C. A. C., 1 mo.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following navy orders today:

Hendrickson, R. Admi. W. V., retired, died June 1.

Lindley, Lt. Comdr. L. L., to the Arkansas.

Slayer Hangs Himself in Auburn.

AUBURN, N. Y., June 7.—Frank Conley, 28 years old, a convict in Auburn Prison, hung himself in his cell this morning in a fit of despondency over his long term. He was sentenced to 25ing 31ng from New York City in 1914 for assault and was transferred to Clinton Prison where in a quarrel he killed Martin McKinnon, another inmate, June 26, 1919. He was serving eight years and six months on his first sentence and on conviction for manslaughter had nine years and six months added.

LEGAL ADVERTISEMENTS.

JUDICIAL SALE

IN THE MATTER OF THE DOMINION PERMANENT LOAN COMPANY; and

IN THE MATTER OF THE WINDING UP ACT AND AMENDMENTS THERETO.

PURSUANT to the Winding Up Order made on the 6th day of February, 1918, tenders will be received up to the 15th day of June, 1920, for the purchase of:

1. Bonds secured by a Trust Deed covering all the real and personal property of the Spokane and British Columbia Railway Company, dated 25th day of April, 1905, being the total issue of bonds secured by the Trust Deed and amounting to $1,500,000.

2. Total issue of capital stock of said Company amounting to $10,000 with par value of $100 each.

Said bonds and shares comprise all securities issued by the said Railway, which commences at Danville on the line between the United States and Canada, near Grand Forks, B. C., and runs to Republic in the State of Washington, U. S. A., a distance of about thirty-six miles more or less. The Railway Company have power to complete their line from Republic to Spokane, and surveys of the proposed right of way have been completed. The track consists of 5,480 tons of sixty pound rails and 284 tons of fifty-six pound rails, and an equipment of:

3 Locomotives.
2 Combination Passenger and Baggage Cars.
18 Flat cars.
10 Dump cars.
2 Box cars.

All taxes, insurance, water rates and similar items are to be adjusted to the date of acceptance of tender.

Terms of payment will be ten per cent. (10%) of the amount tendered on the acceptance of tender, and the remainder of such tender in three, six and twelve months, with interest at six per cent per annum, secured to the satisfaction of the Liquidator.

Tenders will be opened at Osgoode Hall, Toronto on the 19th day of June, 1920, at 11 o'clock.

All tenders must be accompanied by a marked cheque payable to the Liquidator for ten per cent. (10%) of the amount tendered, which will be returned if the tender is not accepted and forfeited if the tender is accepted and not completed by the purchaser.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The purchaser shall search the title at his own expense and the Liquidator is not required to furnish any abstract or produce any deeds, declarations or other evidence of title except those in his possession.

The purchaser shall have ten days in which to make any objection or requisition in respect of title and in case the purchaser shall at such time make any objection or requisition which the Vendor shall from any cause be unable or unwilling to remove or answer, the Liquidator may then rescind the sale, in which case the purchaser shall be entitled only to return of deposit money without interest, cost or compensation.

The conditions will be the standing conditions of sale of the Supreme Court of Ontario.

Further particulars as to the property and inventory may be had on application to the Liquidator, G. T. CLARKSON, 15 Wellington Street West, Toronto, Ont., A. B. HUCKWORTH, 407 Hastings Street North, Vancouver, B. C., or to BAIN, SICKNELL, MACDONELL & GORDON, Lumsden Building, Toronto, Solicitors for the Liquidator.

Dated at Toronto this 14th day of May, 1920.

J. A. C. CAMERON,
Official Receiver.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The air pressure is quite uniform over the United States and no disturbance of importance appears within the field of observations. There have been showers, however, in Florida, New England, the upper Mississippi Valley, the upper lake region and on the northern Pacific Coast.

Temperature is now near or above the seasonal average in nearly all parts of the country. The weather is quite warm over the plains States and the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions. The outlook is for generally fair weather Tuesday and Wednesday in the States east of the Mississippi River except that showers are probable in Florida and Southern Georgia.

The tendency will be toward higher temperature during the next forty-eight hours in the States east of the Mississippi River.

FORECAST TODAY AND WEDNESDAY.

Northern New England, Southern New England, Eastern New York—Partly cloudy Tuesday and Wednesday; rising temperature.

Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey—Fair weather and mild temperature Tuesday and Wednesday.

Western Pennsylvania, Western New York—Partly cloudy and warmer Tuesday. Wednesday, fair and warmer.

The temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M. taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1920	1919		1920	1919
2 A. M.	54	60 4 P. M.	68	82
5 A. M.	54	67 7 P. M.	66	82
9 A. M.	58	69 9 P. M.	64	76
12 M.	66	77 11 P. M.	65	76

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 61; for the corresponding date last year it was 75; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years 66.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 57; at 8 P. M. it was 67. Maximum temperature 68 degrees at 6 P. M.; minimum 54 degrees at 2 A. M. Humidity 59 per cent. at 8 A. M., 46 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 29.96 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.98 inches.

Fire Record.

A. M.
2:10—582 2 Av.; Charles Davis.....$2,000
2:35—622 1 Av.; Hanover Lunch Co...Slight
4:15—649 2 Av.; Mrs. Goldstein.....Slight
6:45—Front 611 W. 36 St.; Cudahy Packing Co.....Slight
7:15—194 1 Av.; Bavorick & Sons, bakery.....Slight
8:00—635 E. 137 St.; Morris Hauckman.....Not given
8:20—148 Madison St.; Sam Davegen.....Not given

P. M.
3:35—481 E. 148 St.; Bronx Doll Manufacturing Co.....Slight
4:30—Pier 53 North River, N. Y. City; Jacob.....Slight
5:00—76 Av. B.....Not given
6:10—167 E. 122 St.; Nicholas Welshey.....Slight
6:40—102 E. 113 St.; Benjamin Scheindt.....Slight
8:00—2469 3 Av.; G. Ebe.....Slight
8:50—496 Canal St. (auto)—J. Crobe.Slight
8:55—63 Park Row; N. Y. World.....Slight
9:10—987 Jackson Av.; D. Horan.....Slight

The Civil Service.

City.

The eligible list for clerk, Grade 2, is announced. It contains 104 names. Those who received a rating of more than 50, are as follows:

Schmidt, Cecilia M., 93; Gaffney, Mary E., 91.10; Nelson, Mildred, 94.80; Jennings, Christine M., 89.90; van Name, Ralph L., 88.70; McCarthy, John J., 88.70; Holland, M. Frances, 88.80; Holland, Kathleen M., 88.10; White, William A., 88.10; Ziegler, Valentine, 87.90; Spann, George, 87.80; Reeves, Marjorie K., 87.20; McCarthy, Mary J., 87.20; Lawless, Elizabeth A., 86.60; Hurley, James, 86.60; Gallagh, ——, 86.60; Coogan, Anna E., 86.30; Hall, Eva, 86.30; O'Higgins, Anna G., 86.80; Galanti, Rose, 86.00; Zito, Peter, 85.10; Conway, Frances, 85.10; Arvidson, Richard L., 84.80; Jackson, Florence F., 84.30.

Neubauer, Henry, 84.50; Dolan, Florence M., 84.50; Feldman, Aaron, 84.50; Weough, Helen W. P., 84.20; Shaughnessy, Anna M., 84.20; Gleich, Katherine, 83.00; Hand, Myra, 83.00; Klurist, Marion K., 83.90; Weyer, Valentine J., 28.70; Fiscella, Louis F., 83.30; Davado, Maude V., 82.40; Lattsohr, Helen A., 81.80; Solomon, Benjamin, 81.80; Rosner, Alice, 81.50; Sullivan, Daniel E., 81.50; Grimmel, Alice M., 81.50; Flynes, Celia P., 81.50; McGettrick, Lucy R., 81.50; Granetto, Anthony, 80.00; Watson, Mary J., 80.00; Slowey, Theresa P. R., 80.00; Brownstein, Gussie, 80.60; Glasser, Stella, 80.60; Bannon, Margaret P., 80.60; McGowan, Anna V., 80.30.

Gordon, Mary J., 80.30; Feinstein, Hyman, 80.30.

United States.

The Commission announces for July 13 an examination for plant engineer, male, under 45 years of age, for vacancy at the Naval Ordnance Plant, South Charleston, W. Va., at $5,000 a year. Competitors will be rated on physical ability, 10; education, experience and fitness, 90. The prerequisites are: At least ten years of experience in engineering work in steel plants that manufacture ordnance material, armour plate, large-caliber guns, small-caliber guns, and armor-piercing projectiles, at least three years of which must have been spent as supervisor of engineering work. Each completed year of an engineering course in a college or university of recognized standing will be accepted as equivalent to one year of preliminary engineering experience. In addition applicants must have a knowledge of general metallurgical operations on ordnance material; must be familiar with the design of furnaces and melting equipment, and with the forging and treatment of armour plate, guns, and projectiles; they must be familiar with steam, hydraulic, and electric installations as used in large pumping and press units. They should also furnish evidence of possessing executive ability. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service.

Estates Appraised.

DICKEY, GEORGE H.—In Baltimore, Feb. 14, 1920. An estate consisting of securities, $158,645, taxable in New York. The largest holding, shares in the Equitable Trust Company, $114,000. The New York estate goes to his friend, Jennie Dorsey of San Jose, Cal., $1,785, and his brother, William A., Baltimore, $155,062.

HALLIGHT, FRANCES PEARSON.—In Concord, N. H., June 30, 1919. Estate, taxable in New York, all in securities. Her niece, Helen McWargeson of Dorchester, Mass., receives $1,725, the New York portion of a $10,000 legacy. Friend, Margaret C. Emery of Forest Hills, L. I., $2,000. New York portion $344; servants, Orlando Carlson of Concord, $5,000, New York portion, $861; his wife, Alfreda Carlson, the same; and for each a joint life estate in $60,000. The residuary estate is equally divided between Thurlow M. Gordon and his wife, Pauline Gordon of Forest Hills.

BRODERICK, ELIZABETH M.—Feb. 9, 1919. Total assets, $80,041; net estate, $42,404. The debts aggregate $32,996, and the chief item being $31,540, due Williams, Nicholas & Moran, brokers, each, $2,346; personal, $13,861, consisting of jewelry and household goods, the more valuable being a diamond brooch, $3,497, and his unset pearls, $3,000; stocks and bonds, $64,041. Her sons, Lyman G. 37 Wall Street, and Robert P., 37 Short Hills, N. J., receive $11,100 each; her daughter, Catherine Nash Rhodes of 30 East Sixtieth Street, the same and jewelry appraised at $3,972.

Swedish American Line

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Short Route to Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Finland, Russia, Germany, &c.

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S. S. STOCKHOLM.....July 31

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(Via Rio de Janeiro and Santos)
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SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	P. M.	THE SUN. Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
High water	7:04	7:19	7:51	7:44	3:49	4:15	5:35	8:28
Low water		7:15		9:05	9:54			

Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Pannonia	Gibraltar	May 24
Ablanset	Lisbon	May 24
Lake Grampton	Dartmouth	May 22
Vestris	Buenos Aires	May 15
Toloa	Cristobal	May 20
Sea City	Rio Janeiro	May 14
Jos. J. Cuneo	Antilla	May 31
Monmouth	Antwerp	May 21

DUE TODAY.

Rochambeau	Havre	May 28
Philadelphia	Southampton	May 26
Lancastrian	Antwerp	May 2
Ampetco	Port Eads	May 11
Santa Malta	Perim	May 13
Mar Blanco	Hamburg	May 13
Burmese Prince	Rouen	May 18
Cottonwood	Antwerp	May 21
Eastern Dawn	Cristobal	May 23

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Triumph	Antwerp	May 16
Anglo-Egyptian	Dartmouth	May 3
Grangespark	London	May 18
Delaware	Shields	May 28
Brilliant	Tampico	May 21
Nevisian	Liverpool	May 20
Calcedonia	Antwerp	May 24
Patagonia	Antwerp	May 20
Kumerick	Calcutta	April 17
Britannia	Marseilles	May 23
Easterling	Rotterdam	May 25
Drottningholm	Gothenburg	May 20

DUE TOMORROW.

West Celeron	Antwerp	May 23

DUE THURSDAY.

Duca d'Abruzzi	Naples	May 27
Manchuria	S'thampton	May 31
Rosalind	St. Johns	June 7

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail.

SAIL TODAY.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.	Carries Mail For
Polar Bear, Burgas	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Bulgaria.
Pesaro, Naples	12:00 M.	2:00 P. M.	Italy (parcel post and specially addressed).
Zacapa, Santiago	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Jamaica and Colombia.

SAIL TOMORROW.

Ed Leukenbach, Rotterdam	7:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Netherlands and Germany; also parcel post mails for Netherlands.
San Giovanni, Naples	12:00 M.		Italy (parcel post mails and specially addressed correspondence).
Maracaibo, Curacao	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Porto Rico, Curacao, Venezuela, St. Thomas, St. Croix.
Occhre, Buenos Aires	7:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay (specially addressed only).
Ft. Hamilton, Halifax	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Bermuda, Dominica, Barbados, Trinidad and Guiana.
Virgil, Para	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	North Brazil and Iquitos (other parts of Brazil must be specially addressed).
Huron, San Domingo City	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	La Romana, San Pedro de Macoris and San Domingo City.

SAIL THURSDAY.

Mexico, Havana	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Cuba (specially addressed only).
Avare, Rio Janeiro	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Barbados, St. Lucia, South Brazil and Guiana.
Plutarch, Buenos Aires	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Santos, Argentina, Uruguay and Paraguay (specially addressed only).
Rotterdam, Rotterdam	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	British Isles, Continental Europe, So. Africa.
La Touraine, Havre	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Continental Europe, Egypt, British India, British East Africa.
Gen. Pallisen, Copenhagen	10:30 A.M.	12:00 M.	Denmark (parcel post and specially addressed).

SAIL FRIDAY.

Serbian Prince, Rio Janeiro	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	South Brazil (Uruguay, Paraguay and Argentina must be specially addressed).
Zingara, Para	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	North Brazil.
Julia, Port Antonio	12:00 M.	2:00 P.M.	Jamaica.

Other Outgoing Steamships.

Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.	Steamer & Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
City of Dunkirk, China	June 8	12:00 M.	Guantanamo, Guantanamo	June 10	12:00 M.
Kansas, China	June 10	12:00 M.	West Hargrave, Shanghai	June 10	2:00 P.M.
Fenchurch, Marseilles	June 10	12:00 M.	Avare, Santos	June 10	12:00 M.
Sarcoxie, Rotterdam	June 10	12:00 M.	Plutarch, Buenos Aires	June 10	12:00 M.
Lebanon, Rotterdam	June 10	12:00 M.	Cardonia, Santos	June 10	12:00 M.
Castle Point, Beirut	June 10	12:00 M.	Bayhead, Morocco	June 10	12:00 M.
Lake Festus, Copenhagen	June 10	12:00 M.	Carib, Fajardo	June 10	12:00 M.
Florinda, Barcelona	June 10	12:00 M.	Lake Fariston, Kingston	June 10	12:00 M.
Rajah, London	June 10	12:00 M.	Vellavir, London	June 11	12:00 M.
Norden, Santiago	June 10	12:00 M.			

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At.	Date.	Steamer.	At.	Date.
Neco	Antwerp	May 31	Barbadian	Queenstown	

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.	Steamer.	From.	Date.
Colindo	Shields	June 5	Alamosa	Havre	June 4
Finland	Southampton	June 4	Boden	Antwerp	June 2

Transpacific Mails.

Connecting mails close at G. P. O. and City Hall Stations at 6 P. M. as follows:

Mail.	Steamships.	Mail Closes At N. Y.
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China and Netherlands East Indies, Via Seattle	Ixion	June 9
Philippine Islands and specially addressed mail for Cochin China, via San Francisco	Golusa	June 10
Tahiti, Marquesas, Cook Islands and specially addressed mail for New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco	Tofua	June 11
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Tahiti	June 11
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Matsonia	June 11
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco	Ventura	June 11
Japan, Korea, China, Siberia, Siam, Cochin China, Netherlands East Indies and Philippine Islands, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Japan	June 18

International Mercantile Marine Company

AMERICAN LINE

N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
Philadelphia...12 Noon June 12 July 10 Aug. 7
New York 12 Noon June 21 July 17 Aug. 14
St. Paul...12 Noon June 28 July 24 Aug. 21

NEW YORK—HAMBURG
Manchuria ..1 P. M. June 19 July 31 Sept. 11
Mongolia ..Noon July 3 Aug. 14 Sept. 25

RED STAR LINE

N. Y.—SOUTHAMPTON—ANTWERP
Lapland ....1 P. M. June 12 July 17 Aug. 21
Finland ....Noon June 19 July 24 Aug. 28
Kroonland .....July 10 Aug. 14 Sept. 18
Zeeland .....11 A. M. July 31 Sept. 4

Offices, 9 Broadway, New York. Piers 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, North River

WHITE STAR LINE

N. Y.—CHERBOURG—SOUTHAMPTON
Adriatic ....Noon July 3 Aug. 14 Sept. 15
Olympic ....3 P. M. July 8 Aug. 4 Aug. 28

N. Y.—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL
Celtic ....1 P. M. June 19 July 24 Aug. 28
Baltic ....2 P. M. June 26 July 31 Sept. 4
*Mobile ..11 A. M. July 10 Aug. 14 Sept. 16
*(Formerly Cleveland)

NEW YORK—AZORES—GIBRALTAR NAPLES—GENOA
Canopic .....3 P. M. July 3
Cretic .....3 P. M. July 20

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AMERICAN & AFRICAN LINE
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MEXICO NOT ASKED TO RETURN SLACKERS

Denial at State Department of Any Dealings with the New Regime.

NO REPRESENTATIONS MADE

Question of American Recognition of the Present Mexican Administration to be Settled First.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, June 7.—The United States Government has made no representations to Mexico for the return to this country of American draft evaders who took refuge in that country during the war. It was declared at the State Department today that this Government has had no dealings with the new régime in Mexico nor with any individuals claiming to represent the Mexican Government.

Although Salvador Diego Fernandez, the Chargé d'Affaires of the former Carranza Government, has advised the State Department that he has withdrawn from that office and has turned the Mexican Embassy over to representatives of the new régime, it was stated that the Department had not concerned itself with the matter further than to note the Chargé's retirement from authority.

Neither formal nor informle transactions will be carried on by the State Department with the Mexican Embassy until the matter of American recognition of the new Mexican Government shall have been definitely settled.

MEXICO EXPELS REDS.

New Government Takes Step to Check Bolshevist Propaganda.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, June 7.—Five Bolsheviki have been expelled from Mexico City and taken to Tampico, where they embarked for Havana.

Three Russians, formerly living on the east side in New York, who arrived here during the war to escape military service, were arrested last week. A search of their rooms revealed Bolshevist propaganda. One of them named Stoch was identified as the man who was working with the strikers in Tampico last November. President de la Huerta ordered the expulsion.

Chief of Police Amieva of Mexico City has received orders to arrest all Bolsheviki and extreme radicals, who will be deported. The Government is determined not to permit Mexico to become a centre of propaganda.

General Obregon has left the city for a few days' vacation before starting his political campaign.

TROOPS SENT TO GET VILLA.

De La Huerta to Keep Up Campaign Against Bandit Leader.

EL PASO, June 6. — Colonel Claudio Fox, in command in Juarez, said late today that thirteen trains with between 6,000 and 8,000 troops from Mexico City were due to arrive in Jimines, Chihuahua, tonight.

President De La Huerta is to remain in the field until Villa is either killed or captured, it was said.

Villa was last reported at Pillar de Conchos, sixty miles west of Jimines.

BRITAIN WON'T RETALIATE.

Proposed Embargo on Wheat by Argentina Won't Affect Coal Export.

LONDON, June 7.—W. C. Bridgeman, Parliamentary Secretary of the Board of Trade, replying to a question in the House of Commons today, said it was not proposed to prohibit the export of coal from the rBitish Isles to South America. The quantity expected to be available for export to South America was approximately 80,000 tons monthly, and directions had been given that that amount might be released from the South Wales district.

To various questions as to whether the Argentine Government had prohibited the export of grain, Mr. Bridgeman could not say what the Government intended to do. His information was that the prohibition had not been imposed but that a bill had merely been introduced which had not yet passed.

MRS. SHONTS ALLEGES FRAUD

Says Separation Agreement Was Signed Under Duress.

Mrs. Milla D. Shonts filed a reply yesterday to the answer of Mrs. Amanda C. Thomas in Mrs. Shonts's $1,000,000 suit for alienation of the affections of Theodore P. Shonts. The answer alleged that the suit should be dismissed because, in 1917, when the separation agreement was executed, Mrs. Shonts signed a general release of all claims against Mrs. Thomas.

Mrs. Shonts replies that she signed the document under duress, threats and fraud," and was ignorant of its contents at the time. She alleges that it affected only her and her husband, and he failed to comply with its provisions. She contends that but for the wrongful acts of Mrs. Thomas she and her husband would have lived together again despite the separation agreement and says that it did not justify Mrs. Thomas in enticing Mr. Shonts to desert his wife absolutely and take up his residence in an apartment occupied partly by Mrs. Thomas.

TENANTS WIN DELAY.

Many Obtain Stay Until Nov. 1 to Find Other Quarters.

More than 1,000 men and women tried to crowd into the courthouse at 314 West Fifty-fourth Street yesterday in connection with the landlord and tenant cases. To most of the tenants, who said they sought quarters in vain, Justice Spiegeleberg granted stays until Nov. 1.

Chairman A. J. W. Hilly of the Mayor's Committee told Justice Robitzek in the Second District Court in the Bronx yesterday that an increase of more than 25 per cent. was unjustifiable in the case of Dominick Napalo of 2 West 169th Street, who sought to obtain $45 a month rent for apartments that formerly rented for $17. It was shown that the landlord spent $12,000 for improvements in the building and the Court allowed rent of $35 until June 21, 1921.

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Because of His Retiring from Business
Henry Martin has commissioned us to sell the entire stock and equipment of his BIG TRUCKING ESTABLISHMENT on the premises
84-92 Front Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.
Consisting of

45 Good Young Draft Horses—45

40 sets single and double Harness, 35 single, double and 3-Horse Trucks (most of them built by Sheppard), Oat Crusher, Blankets, Covers, Robes and all stable utensils.

The entire stock is in first-class condition and as good a lot of the kind as was ever before offered at auction. It may be seen at any time prior to sale. It will all be sold absolutely to the highest bidders without reserve.

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all can be profoundly stimulated by industrial medicine properly practiced. Here is the human touch with the men. After 3 years' experience as industrial surgeon in a plant of 4000 men, I am confident that I can give a larger corporation services producing 100 times my salary.

Y 2112 Times Annex.

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16 Inch General Electric Revolving Fan
Direct from factory
Regular Price $42.
OUR PRICE $36

STRAIGHT TYPE.			REVOLVING TYPE.		
Size	Reg. Price	Our Price	Size	Reg. Price	Our Price
8-in.	$11.00	$8.10	8-in.	$26.15	$14.50
12-in.	28.00	18.50	12-in.	37.00	23.70
16-in.	33.00	26.50	16-in.	42.00	36.00

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Hart Schaffner & Marx Summer Suits

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Excepting Dress Clothes; Palm Beach, Mohair, Silk and Dixie Weave Suits

$50 Suits and Topcoats	$35
$60 and $55 Suits and Topcoats	$45
$72.50, $70, $67.50 and $65 Suits and Topcoats	$55
$82.50, $80, $77.50 and $75 Suits and Topcoats	$65
$100, $90, $87.50 and $85 Suits and Topcoats	$75

No Charge for Alterations

MOTHERS

Our Boys' Suits (sizes: 8 to 19) by Hart Schaffner & Marx represent the highest quality for the lowest prices at these reductions:

$33, $30 *and* $25 *Suits now* $18.50
$40, $38 *and* $35 *Suits now* $24.50

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Broadway, below Chambers — 246-248 West 125th
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BELT BUCKLES

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Solid Leather Belt

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The buckles are dome-topped, representing the newest idea in belt-buckle fashioning; strongly made, with ingenious patented slide backs which grip belt securely.

There are thirty-five good-looking designs; come in and pick your own favorite. It's easy with a $3.65 price at hand to assure you that you're getting a great bargain.

Onyx Silk Sox--95c
6 pairs for $5.50

Pure Silk Sox with extra high spliced heels, double soles and reinforced toes. Next to high quality we emphasize the extremely low price—95c.

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NEW BOILERS
4-600 H. P. NEW B. AND W. BOILERS, 200 LBS. PRESSURE, EACH BOILER 6001 SQ. FT. HEATING SURFACE. A. S. M. E. CODE. Dietrich Arches and Detroit Stokers.

Partial and Condensed List of Machinery (Alphabetical List Concluded from Yesterday)

Pumps—Steam

ON 1715—1 Blake-Knowles single horizontal steam pump, 8½x8½x24 in.; bronze fitted.

CG 1234—1 single steam pump, steel rod, 4x8x12 in.

TP 1662-0—1—6x4x6 in. Blake single type, steam driven boiler feed pump.

TP 1801-J—1—6x8½x6 in. bronze lined Blake steam driven boiler feed pump.

ON 1712—5—8x2x3 Worthington hor. bronze fitted steam driven boiler feed pumps.

CG 1238—1—2x2½x3 in. Worthington duplex steam pump.

ON 1714—1—8x2½x8 in. Worthington duplex steam pump.

Pumps—Triplex

TP-1662-T. One Deming triplex power pump, belt driven 6x8 in., 125 gal. per min.

TP-1640-C. Four Aldrich triplex power pumps, 9x13 in., 500 gal. per min., without motors. For 150 ft. head 40 h. p. motor required.

TP-1662-S. One Deming triplex power pump, 5x6 in., 60 gal. per min.

TP-1640-D. Forty-two 1x4 in. Deane triplex hydraulic pumps, belt driven, 8-14 GPM, 2,450 lb. pressure.

TP-1640-E. Three 1¼x8 in. triplex pumps, made by Worthington Deane Pump Company, 8.85 GPM, 4,500 lb. pressure. Belt driven.

TP-1640-C. Four 9x12 in. triplex power pumps, made by the Aldrich Pump Co., 500 GPM water against 150 ft. head, without motor.

ON-1729-B. Two 2½x12 in. vertical Deane hydraulic pulley pumps direct connected to Canadian Westinghouse 150 h. p. induction motor; 580 RPM, 3 phase, 60 cycle, 550 volt, 1,200-2,000 lb. pressure per sq. inch.

Pumps—Vacuum

Two Alberger dry vacuum pumps, 6x14 x10 in.

One Blake-Knowles simplex steam pump, 10x12x12. Pa.

CG-389-C. One Deane vacuum pump, steam driven, 12x16x18 in.

TP-1648-L. One rotary vacuum pump made by Nash Engineering Co., 3 in. inlet and outlet. Belt driven, 850 RPM. 54 to 90 cu. ft.

TP-1648-N. One 2 in. rotary Nash vacuum pump, 2 in. inlet and outlet, 54 to 90 cu. ft. belted, 850 RPM.

CC-1227. One 8x16x16x12. Alberger dry vacuum pump, capacity 295 cu. ft. 100 to 110 RPM.

CC-1228. Two 8x16x12 Blake-Knowles wet vacuum pumps.

Pumps—Volute

ON-1716. One Alberger hor. twin turbine pump, 4 in. suction and discharge, 460 GPM, direct conn. to 150 h. p. Canadian GE induction motor, 3 phase, 60 cycle, 550 volt, 1,800 RPM. Complete with starter, relay fuses, wiring, etc.

One DeLaval steam turbo pump, 2-stage, type 200 TC. 125-175 lbs. steam pressure; 1,300 RPM. Hor. 2-stage impeller, 100 GPM against 320 ft. head. C.

One Terry steam turbo pump, type C. 170 lbs. steam pressure; 1,000 RPM. Worthington hor. single stage impeller pump, 3,500 GPM; 14 in. suction, 12 in. discharge. C.

Refrigerating Machinery

BELT DRIVEN REFRIGERATING (or ICE MAKING) MACHINES.

Mostly new machines, ready for immediate delivery. Those built by Continental Machine & Foundry, Fort Madison, Iowa, have vertical uniflow safety ammonia Compressors with light ring valves, self tightening stuffing box, turned cross-head and closed trunk case. Each Continental machine is equipped with necessary oil trap, double pipe condenser and liquid receiver. Ratings based on 15 lb. suction pressure and 185 lb. condenser pressure.

1—New, ¼ ton, ammonia refrig. machine, vertical, 1x3½ in. single acting compressor, 300 r. p. m., belt con. to ¼ H. P. Westinghouse motor, A. C. 110 V 1725 r. p. m., single phase condenser and coils. N. J.

TP-1661-J. 1—1 ton Brunswick belt driven vertical refrig. machine, with one stand double pipe condenser, liquid receiver, oil and scale separators and ammonia gauges, also ice box.

TP-1660-J. 1½ tons refrig. capacity, 2 Continental machines, each with 1 cyl. 3½x3½ in., up to 400 r. p. m.; d. p. condenser, 4 pipes, 8 ft. Weight, 1400 lbs.

DP-49. 2-Ton Brunswick Refrig. Machine, belt driven, vertical, complete with oil trap, receiver, two stands double pipe condensers, two congealing tanks.

TP-1660-L. 3 tons refrigeration, 2 Continental machines, each with 1 cyl. 4½x4½ in., up to 425 r. p. m.; d. p. condenser, 4 pipes, 12 ft. Weight, 1700 lbs.

TP-1660-K. 3 tons refrigeration, 2 Continental machines, each with 2 cyls. 3½x3½ in., up to 400 r. p. m.; d. p. condenser, 4 pipes, 12 ft. Weight, 1700 lbs.

TP-1659. 4-Ton York Compressor, vertical belt driven, complete with double pipe condenser, oil separator, ammonia receiver, wrenches, leather belting, expansion piping and cork insulation.

TP-1660-E-I. 6 tons refrig., 3 Continental machines, each with 1 cyl. 5x6 in., up to 300 r. p. m.; d. p. condenser, 6 pipes, 16 ft. Weight, 2750 lbs.

TP-1660-M. 6 tons refrig., 1 Continental machine with 2 cyls. 4½x4½, up to 425 r. p. m.; d. p. condenser, 6 pipes, 16 ft. Weight, 3450 lbs.

TP-1662-B. One 6-Ton Creamery Package Refrig. Machine, hor. double acting type.

TP-1636-A. One 7-Ton refrig. Vilter vertical belt-driven machine, 7x8 in. compressor, up to 100 r. p. m. Flywheel 5 ft. diam., 8 in. face. Bare machine only. Never used.

TP-306-A. One 12-Ton Vilter machine, belt driven, hor., with liquid receiver, oil trap, atmos. condenser, brine cooler.

TP-1660-B-D. 12 tons refrig., two Continental machines, each with 3 cyls. 6x8 in., up to 300 r. p. m.; d. p. condenser 10 pipes, 16 ft. Weight, 4000 lbs.

DP-45. One 14-Ton Remington refrig. machine, belt driven, ver. twin cylinder, complete compression side.

TP-1662-D. One 15-Ton Wagner refrig. machine, belt driven, 2 cylinder, ver., complete with oil separator, double pipe condenser, brine tank.

TP-1660-O. One 18-Ton Continental refrig. machine, belt driven, ver. compressor; d. p. condensers, receiver and oil trap.

TP-1655-A. One 20-Ton De La Vergne refrig. machine, hor. steam driven compressor, slide valve engine, condensers, liquid receiver, oil and scale separators, ammonia gauges.

TP-1660-N. One 25-Ton Continental belt driven, ver. compressor, two cylinder, with condensers, receiver, oil trap, foundation bolts and tubes, spare suction and discharge valve, high pressure piping.

One 40-Ton Triumph hor. d. act. am. compressor, 10x24 in., 84 r. p. m., connected to 12x42 in. Greenwald Corliss engine. Overhauled. Oil trap and liquid receiver 14 in., 4 ft. 6 in. high, each. Six atmos. am. condensers, 12-2 in. pipes high, 20 ft. long, with pan. C.

ON-1731. One 25-Ton Canadian-Linde belt driven refrig. machine, hor., double acting.

TP-1662-A. One 40-Ton York 12½x18 ver. machine with Corliss Engine.

TP-1676-A.—One 45-Ton Carbondale absorption machine, with generator, double pipe rectifier, 5 stands d. p. condensers, receiver, accumulator, absorber, ammonia pump, d. p. exchanger, preheater.

TP-1660-P. 45 tons refrig., 2 Continental machines, each with 8 cyls. 8x8 in., up to 320 r. p. m.; 9 d. p. condensers 12 pipes, 20 ft. Weight 15100 lb.

ON-1733. One 50-Ton Canadian-Linde belt driven refrig. machine, hor. double acting, with oil trap.

DP-26-30. Four 58½-Ton Frick steam driven refrig. machines, ver., direct connected to Corliss steam engine, with oil trap and ammonia receiver.

TP-1661-A. Two 65-Ton Great Lakes refrig. machines, hor., steam driven, with Corliss condensing engine.

TP-1652-B. One 70-Ton Arctic machine (40 tons ice making capacity), two ver. single acting compressors 10x30 ins., driven by 32x30 in. Corliss engine, 3 atmos. condensers, 20 pipes, 20 feet long. Accessories.

NR-2002. Three 150-Ton Carbondale Exhaust steam refrig. machines, complete with absorber, condensers and all parts to make up complete refrig. unit; brine cooled aqua pump.

Two 150-Ton Ball refrig. machines, 16¼ x42 in. hor. d. a. compressors, dir. conn. to 24x42 in. Corliss engines. Flywheels 14 ft. diam., 20,000 lb. Tangye frames.

TP-1654-E. Two 200-Ton De La Vergne compound steam driven, hor. refrig. machines, complete with 2 ammonia receivers, oil and scale separators, gauges, fittings and connections. Automatic lubrication system.

FM-1500. 250-Ton York compressor, steam driven, ver. single acting, with hor. Corliss compound engine.

TP-1661-A. 340-Ton Vilter hor. refrig. machine, two compressors, double acting, 19x36 in.; Corliss cross compound engine 24x48x36 in. Flywheel 10 ft. diam., barometric steam condenser, vacuum pumps.

Retorts

ON-1706-A. Twelve Buflovak C. I. Nitric Retorts with covers. Capacity 6000 lb. nitrate of soda charge.

ON-1706-B. Ten New Buflovak C. I. Nitric Retorts with covers. Capacity 6000 lb. nitrate of soda charge.

Smoke Stacks

TP-1662-Q. One Smoke stack, 30 in. dia. x 64 ft. high, 3-16 in. steel, with breeching.

TP-1652-E. One Smoke stack, 40 in. dia., 70 ft. high, 1-16 in. steel, with breeching guys and damper.

Steam Engines

TP-1061-BB. One 5 HP centre crank ver. Steam Engine, with Gardner type governor.

TP-1662-H. One 30 HP Hooven-Owens-Rentschler Corliss Engine, 10 in. x 30 in. flywheel 7 ft. 6 in. diameter, 12 in. face; 6 ft. diameter belt pulley, complete with immediate fittings, including a canvas belt.

TP-1061-AA. One 35 HP Ball centre crank automatic governor Steam Engine, 48 in. flywheels, 36 in. pulley.

TP-1648-M. One 100 HP Steam Engine, Taylor Mfg. Co., simple slide valve, double acting, 12x16 in., 120 RPM., with automatic governor and 36 in. x 18 in. face pulley. Flywheel 5 ft. 8 in. x 13 in.

450 HP Watts-Campbell Corliss Engine, 24 x 56 in., 70 rpm., 100 lb. Tangye frame L.R., single eccentric. Belt wheel 20 ft. diam., 46 in. face. Floor space 15 ft. 9x36 ft. 6 in. 10 in. Bulkely condenser. N. Y.

300 HP Watts-Campbell Corliss engine, 20 x 48 in., 80 rpm., 100 lb. belt wheel 16 ft. diam., 22 in. face. 10 in. Bulkely condenser. N. Y.

Steam Turbines—Marine

One 3000 HP De Laval multi-stage Marine Steam Turbine, impulse type.

Four 3000 HP Marine Kerr Steam Turbines, complete expansion head turbine with reversing element, shaft connected to one double reduction herringbone gear. 3000 RPM; propeller speed, 90 RPM.

Stills, Water and Rectifying Columns

NR-2003. Fifteen alcohol rectifying units, 200 gal. 190 proof spirit from 50% solution. Steel kettles 10 ft.x24 ft. Copper columns 54 in., 16 ft. 6 in., 30 decks. Dephlegmators 37½ in. diam., 9 ft. high, 260 tubes. Condensers 35 in. diam., 9 ft. high, 245 tubes. All connecting piping.

RM-1442. One 1,000 Gal. Copper Still Pot, 6 ft. 4 in. dia., 5 ft. high, plus dished ends. Copper shell 1-16 in., riveted. Flanged charging hole in top 24 in. Various other openings. N. J.

TP-404-A. One 4-effect Hodges Pure Water Co. still, 12,000 gal. per 24 hours; 4 lb. vapor produced per lb. steam consumed. Md.

TP-1673-F. One Type A, 2-effect Hodges Still, 75 gal. distilled water per hour.

TP-351-A. Two 8-effect Griscom-Russell water stills, each for 65 tons of distilled water per 24 hours; 5 lb. water per lb. steam.

CG-1218. One Scotch whisker still, 6 ft. 4 in. dia.x7 ft. high. With 9-section fractionating column 2 ft. dia., 26 ft. 6 in. high; dephlegmator and condenser coils. Cast iron.

CG-1250-B. One 48 in. Badger Rectifying Column, 48 in. dia.x15 ft. 6 in. high, with dephlegmators 36 in.x8 ft., condensers 32 in.x5 ft. 6 in., water feed separators 18 in.x4 in., all necessary piping, thermometers, gauge glasses, &c. Steel.

CG-1250-D. One Badger Oil Column, consisting of 33 sections 6 in.x34 in., one top section 12 in.x34 in., one bottom section 20 in.x24 in. and cover plate. With dephlegmator, condenser, water separator, gauge glasses, valves and fittings.

NR-2003. Fifteen Alcohol Rectifying Units, capacity 200 gal. per hr. from 50% solution to 190 proof. Steel kettles 10 ft. dia.x24 ft. high. Copper columns 54 in. dia.x16 ft. 6 in high, 30 decks. Dephlegmators 37½ in. dia.x9 ft. high, containing 260 tubes. Condensers 35 in. dia.x9 ft. high, containing 245 tubes. With interconnecting piping to make complete units.

Sulphonators

One sulphonating tank 1,286 gal. 6 ft. dia., 6 ft. high, ⅜ in. steel, flat bottom. Full head lined. Gears and paddle; 500 gal. jacket half way up. No outlet. Good condition.

CG-1217-A. One Cast Iron Sulphonator, 7 ft. dia. x 9 ft. deep, 3 in. thickness, with heavy cast iron cover. Sheet steel jacket up to 20 in. from top of kettle. Agitator, gearing and connections.

Sulphur Burners

NT-2004. Twenty-eight Glens Falls Rotary Sulphur Burners, 4 ft. dia. x 16 ft. long. Provided with blunt conical ends carried on rollers and supporting equipment, with gearing to line shaft and chain drive to mechanical feed for hopper charging, equipped with damper and sheet iron hopper, cast iron base and mechanical feed.

Tanks—Steel Weigh

ON-1753—2 weigh tanks, E. & T. Fairbanks Co. scales, capacity about 27,500 lb. or 4,500 gal. water. Tanks 9 ft. 9 in. d. x 7 ft. 11½ in. high; cylindrical; with bottomed and domed head; all of ¼ in. plate; with agitators and pulleys; supported on channels and I-beams.

Tanks—Pfaudler Glass Lined or Enameled Steel

TP-1665-B—1-103 bbl. ver. tank, 8 ft., i. d., 10 ft. high.

TP-1665-C—13-108 bbl. ver. tanks, 9 ft. i. d., 10 ft. 6 in. high over all.

TP-1664-G—12-114 bbl. ver. tanks, 10 ft. dia. x 6 ft. high.

TP-1665-D—10-160 bbl. ver. tanks, 8 ft. i. d., 14 ft. 6 in. high over all.

TP-1664-F—11 122 bbl. ver. tanks, 9 ft. dia., 8 ft. high.

TP-1664-A—10-227 bbl. ver. tanks, 10 ft. dia., 12 ft. high.

TP-1133-M—50-275 bbl. ver. tanks, 9 ft. 8 in. x 16 ft., high inside, 17 ft. 6 in. high overall; ¼ and 5-16 in. steel; guaranteed 15 lbs. pressure. St. L.

TP-1133-G—8-758 bbl. hor. tanks, 7 ft. inside dia., 32 ft. between dished heads; 32-30 in. rings; ¼ and 5-16 in. steel; guaranteed 15 lbs. pressure. St. L.

TP-1133-H—1-780 bbl. hor. tank, 10x42 ft. ¼ and 5-16 in. steel; guaranteed 15 lb. pressure; 10-42 in., 1-36 in., 1-30 in. rings. St. L.

TP-1133-I—36-836 bbl. hor. tanks, 10 ft. inside dia. x 44 ft. long; 17-30 in. rings, ¼ and 5-16 in. steel; guaranteed 15 lbs. pressure. St. L.

TP-1133-J—30-837 bbl. hor. tanks, 10x46 ft., ¼ and 5-16 in. steel; guaranteed 15 lb. pressure; 11-42 in., 1-36 in., 1-30 in. rings; dished heads. St. L.

Tanks—Wood

NT-4071—50-8,000 gal. wood tanks, 8 ft. dia., 16 ft. high.

NT-4077—5-7,100 gal. wood storage tanks, 10 ft. dia., 15 ft. high; open top; 3 tanks used, 2 never assembled.

Lot 1260—120-11,900 gal. pine tanks, staves 2¾ in.; never assembled.

Lot 1261—8-17,800 gal. pine tanks, 15 ft. dia., 18 ft. high, 2¾ in. staves; never assembled.

NT-4081—72-17,800 gal. wood tanks, 13 ft. dia., 18 ft. high.

NT-4061-A—7-17,800 gal. powder washing tanks, 13 ft. dia., 18 ft. high, staves 3 in.; yellow pine; hinged cover, false bottoms, 6 in. water outlets, 10 in. powder outlet, with plug valve and rod.

NT-4085—36-21,144 gal. wood tanks, 15 ft. dia., 16 ft. high.

Tanks—Steel

NT-4040-A. 12-3,000 gal. plain steel tanks, 11 ft. dia. x 5 ft. 6 in. high.

NT-4040. 8 New 3,000 gal. chemical mixing tanks for diphenylamine, ¼ in. steel, 11 ft. dia., 5 ft. 6 in. high; flat cover, 231 ft. of 1½ in. ex. hy. steam coil; belt driven geared agitator.

NT-4041. 4-4,000 gal. steel tanks, 12 ft. dia. x 4 ft. 10 in. high.

NT-4028. 585-4,700 gal. steel tanks, 8 ft. dia. x 12 ft. 6 in. high.

NT-4035. 12-5,000 gal. steel tanks, 9 ft. 6 in. high, 9 ft. 6 in. dia., flat cover, convex bottom; 1¼ in. ex. hy. iron pipe heating coil, 27 turns, 2½ in. pitch; geared agitator; 18 in. manhole and 4 in. outlets.

NT-4035-A. 6-5,000 gal. steel tanks, 9 ft. 6 in. dia. x 9 ft. 6 in. high.

NT-4024. 3-5,250 gal. steel tanks, 9 ft. dia. x 24 ft 10 in. high.

TP-1664-D. 2-5,800 gal. ver. tanks, 10 ft. diam. x 9 ft. high, 3-16 in. shell, ¼ in. flat heads.

NT-4029. 4-7,650 gal. steel tanks, 9 ft. dia. x 20 ft. high.

CG-398. 8-10,000 gal. hor. steel tanks, 9 ft. dia., 27 ft. long. Circular seams; single riveted, ⅝ in. longitudinal seams; double riveted, ⅝ in.

NT-4046. 2-10,028 gal. steel tanks, 12 ft. 9 in. dia., 10 ft. 6 in. high.

NT-4031-J-3. 22-11,280 gal. steel tanks, 8 ft. dia., 30 ft. high.

NT-4034. 10-14,280 gal. steel tanks, 9 ft. dia., 36 ft. high.

TP-1670-A. 11-15,000 gal., new, hor. tanks, 8 ft. dia. x 40 ft. long, 5-16 in. shell, ⅝ in. dished and flanged heads.

TP-1664-B. 1-24,000 gal. ver. 10 ft. dia. x 41 ft. high, 5-16 in. shell. Seams butt strap, double riveted.

CG-241-J. 1-40,000 gal. ver. tank, 21 ft. dia. x 17 ft. high, 3-16 in. shell, 1-5 in. head.

2-45,420 gal. steel tanks, 16 ft. dia., 20 ft. high; bottom and lower 10 ft., ¾ in. steel; next 20 ft., 5-16 in.; cone roof, 3-16 in. steel.

CG-385. 1-84,000 gal. ver. steel tank, 27 ft. dia., 20 ft. high.

CG-351. 1-215,000 gal. steel storage tank, 35 ft. dia., 30 ft. high.

CG-374. 4-372,000 gal. steel tanks, 30 ft. dia., 25 ft. 4½ in. high.

TP-664-C. 4-210,000 gal. or 5,000 barrel steel storage tanks, 42 ft. 6 in. dia., 20 ft. high, ver. seams, single, double and triple riveted.

1-133,304 gal. steel storage tank, 28 ft. dia. x 29 ft. high, 5-16 in. bottom, ¼ in. and 3-16 in. sides; cone roof, 3-16 in. steel. N. Y.

TP-664-B. 1-420,000 gal. or 10,000 barrel steel storage tank, 30 ft. high, ver. seams, single, double and triple riveted.

Tumbling Barrels

CG-403—4 roller drive iron tumbling barrels, mfd. by Whiting Fdry. Equip. Co.; each 3x6 ft. long; cap. 250; 5¼x15 in. carbon electrodes.

Turbo-Generator Sets

Alternating Current, 3 phase, 60 cycles.

TP-1675-C—50 K. W., 3 phase, 60 cycle, 220 volt Allis-Chalmers generator, direct conn. to a hor. Multi-stage Kerr turbine, 125 lb., 2 lb. back pressure. Direct conn. exciter included.

CG-397-B—400 K. W., 9 phase, 60 cycle, 2300 volt, 3600 r. p. m., Westinghouse generator, direct conn. to Parsons turbine, 150 lbs. pressure, condensing. Either surface or jet condenser, with motor driven auxiliaries furnished.

CG-248-C—500 K. W. G. E. generator, 3 phase, 60 cycle, 2300 volt, direct conn. to a vertical type Curtis turbine, operating on 150 lbs., 150 deg. F. superheat, condensing.

CG-322-500 K. W., 3 phase, 60 cycle, 2300 volt, G. E. generator, dir. conn. to a vert. Curtis turbine, complete with Wheeler surface condenser and engine driven auxiliaries.

CG-331-A—500 K. W., 3 phase, 60 cycle, 2300 volt, G. E. generator, dir. conn. to a Curtis vertical type turbine, operating at 150 lbs., condensing, against 5 lbs. press. Can be easily changed to operate non-condensing.

CG-397-A—500 K. W., 3 phase, 60 cycle, 2300 volt, G. E. generator, dir. conn. to a Curtis turbine, operating on 175 lbs., condensing, complete with motor driven auxiliaries and condenser.

CG-400—1,000 K. W., A. C., Turbo-generator set, Westinghouse Parsons multi-stage reaction type, 3 phase, 25 cycles, 4000 volt, 1500 r. p. m., condensing. No auxiliaries.

TP-1608-A—25 K. W., 125 volt D. C. Crocker-Wheeler generator, direct conn. to De Laval non-condensing steam turbine, 100 lbs. press., 1,500 r. p. m.

CG-287—100 K. W., 125 volt Curtis turbine, with Le Blanc jet condenser.

CG-3-E—200 K. W., 250 volt Curtis turbine, gear connected, non-condensing.

TP-887-A—200 K. W. 125-250 volt Terry turbine, direct conn. to 2-100 K. W. Crocker-Wheeler generators, with Worthington surface condenser, pumps and spray pond. No switchboard equipment.

HB-1201—200 K. W. W. E. & Mfg. Co. 500-600 volt, gear connected, with Westinghouse Le Blanc condenser.

CG-84-K—300 K. W. 125 volt Kerr turbine, direct conn. to Allis-Chalmers generator, condensing.

CG-814-2-500 K. W. 500 volt Curtis turbo unit. Operating on 150 lbs., condensing.

Turbine—Water Power

One 26 in. hor. water turbine, 350 h. p. at 350 r. p. m., 44 ft. head, with governor, flume and draft tube. N. Y.

Also Carbonating Towers, Concentrating Units, Drying and Japanning Ovens, Freight elevators, Exhausters, Exhaust fans, Glycerine Refining Plant, Hoists, Kettles, Mills, Pile Drivers, Pipe Threading Machines, Pumps, Refrigeration Accessories, Brine Tank Cooling System, Ice Factory Equipment, 20 Ton Raw Water Freezing System, Ice Plant Steam Condenser, Solvent Recovery Units, Wood Tanks, Ties, Trays, Direct Current Generators, etc.

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